



**Relationships and Sex Education Policy (From 2020)** 



# **Contents**

1.	Aims	3
2.	Statutory requirements	3
3	Policy Development	4
4.	Definition	4
5.	Curriculum	4
6.	Delivery of RSE	5
7.	Roles and Responsibilities	6
8.	Parents' right to withdraw	6
9.	Training	6
10.	Monitoring arrangements	7
11.	Appendix 1: Curriculum map	8
12.	Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know	9
13.	Review of this Policy	12

# **Version History**

Date	Author	Version	Comment
Sept. 2020	ELT	1	



#### 1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) in our Trust are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- ➤ Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

## 2. Statutory requirements

As a Trust we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

We do not have to follow the National Curriculum but we are expected to offer all pupils a curriculum that is similar to the National Curriculum including requirements to teach science which would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum. In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to <a href="mailto:guidance">guidance</a> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <a href="mailto:Education Act 1996">Education Act 1996</a>.

At The Enquire Learning Trust we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

# 3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a Director pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

#### 4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.



#### 5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

## 6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions, usually delivered by a trained health professional.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- > Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

## 7. Roles and responsibilities

#### 7.1 The Board of Trustees

The Trustees will approve the RSE policy, and hold the Principal to account for its implementation.



## 7.2 The Principal

The Principal is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the academy, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 8).

#### 7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- ➤ Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/non-science components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Principal.

All teaching staff, including Teaching Assistants, may at times, teach RSE.

### 7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

# 8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

#### 9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Principal will also invite visitors from outside the academy, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

#### 10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Principal through: enquiries and lesson observations.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the Board of Trustees annually.

# 11. Appendix 1: Curriculum map

# Relationships and sex education curriculum map

YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
Foundation Stage	Autumn	Being Me in My World – self-identity, understanding feelings, being in a classroom, being gentle, rights and responsibilities  Celebrating Difference – identifying talents, being special, families, where we live, making friends, standing up for yourself	Jigsaw PSHE – Foundation Stage Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Foundation Stage	Spring	Dreams and Goals – challenges, perseverance, goal-setting, overcoming obstacles, seeking help, jobs, achieving goals  Healthy Me – exercising bodies, physical activity, healthy food, sleep, keeping clean, safety	Jigsaw PSHE – Foundation Stage Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Foundation Stage	Summer	Relationships – family life, friendships, breaking friendships, falling out, dealing with bullying, being a good friend Changing Me – bodies, respecting my body, growing up, growth and change, fun and fears, celebrations	Jigsaw PSHE – Foundation Stage Units 5 and 6
Year 1	Autumn	Being Me in My World – feeling special and safe, being part of a class, rights and responsibilities, rewards and feeling proud, consequences  Celebrating Difference – similarities and differences, understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it, making new friends, celebrating the differences in everyone	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 1 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Year 1	Spring	Dreams and Goals – setting goals, identifying successes and achievements, learning styles, working well and celebrating achievement with a partner, tackling new challenges, identifying and overcoming obstacles  Healthy Me – keeping myself healthy, healthier lifestyle choices, keeping clean, being safe, medicine safety/safety with household items, road safety, linking health and happiness	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 1 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials



YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
Year 1	Summer	Relationships – belonging to a family, making friends/being a good friend, physical contact preferences, people who help us, qualities as a friend and person, self-acknowledgement, being a good friend to myself, celebrating special relationships  Changing Me – changes in me, changes since being a baby, differences between female and male bodies, linking growing and learning, coping with change, transition	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 1 Units 5 and 6
Year 2	Autumn	Being Me in My World – hopes and fears for the year, rights and responsibilities, rewards and consequences, safe and fair learning environment, valuing contributions, choices, recognising feelings  Celebrating Difference – assumptions and stereotypes about gender, understanding bullying, standing up for self and others, making new friends, gender diversity, celebrating difference and remaining friends	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 2 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Year 2	Spring	Dreams and Goals – achieving realistic goals, perseverance, learning strengths, learning with others, group co-operation, contributing to and sharing success  Healthy Me – motivation, healthier choices, relaxation, healthy eating and nutrition, healthier snacks and sharing food	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 2 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Year 2	Summer	Relationships – different types of family, physical contact boundaries, friendship and conflict, secrets, trust and appreciation, expressing appreciation for special relationships  Changing Me – life cycles in nature, growing from young to old, increasing independence, differences in females and male bodies, assertiveness, transition	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 2 Units 5 and 6



YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
Year 3	Autumn	Being Me in My World – setting personal goals, self-identity and worth, positivity in challenges, rules, rights and responsibilities, rewards and consequences, responsible choices, seeing things from others' perspectives Celebrating Difference – families and their differences, family conflict and how to manage it, witnessing bullying and how to solve it, recognising how words can be hurtful, giving and receiving compliments	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 3 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Year 3	Spring	Dreams and Goals – difficult challenges and achieving success, dreams and ambitions, new challenges, motivation and enthusiasm, recognising and trying to overcome obstacles, evaluating learning processes, managing feelings, simple budgeting  Healthy Me – exercise, fitness challenges, food labelling and healthy swaps, attitudes towards drugs, keeping safe and why it's important online and offline scenarios, respect for myself and others, healthy and safe choices	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 3 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Year 3	Summer	Relationships – family roles and responsibilities, friendship and negotiation, keeping safe online and who to go to for help, being a global citizen, being aware of how my choices affect others, awareness of how other children have different lives, expressing appreciation for family and friends  Changing Me – how babies grow, understanding a baby's needs, outside body changes, inside body changes, family stereotypes, challenging my ideas, transition	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 3 Units 5 and 6
Year 4	Autumn	Being Me in My World – being part of a class team, being a school citizen, rights, responsibilities and democracy, rewards and consequences, group decision making, having a voice, what motivates behaviour  Celebrating Difference – challenging assumptions, judging by appearance, accepting self and others, understanding influences, understanding bullying, problem-solving, identifying how special and unique everyone is, first impressions	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 4 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials



YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
Year 4	Spring	Dreams and Goals – hopes and dreams, overcoming disappointment, creating new, realistic dreams, achieving goals, working in a group, celebrating contributions, resilience, positive attitudes  Healthy Me – healthier friendships, group dynamics, smoking, alcohol, assertiveness, peer pressure, celebrating inner strength	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 4 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Year 4	Summer	Relationships – jealousy, love and loss, memories of loved ones, getting on and falling out, girlfriends and boyfriends, showing appreciation to people and animals  Changing Me – being unique, girls and puberty, confidence in change, accepting change, transition, environmental change	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 4 Units 5 and 6
Year 5	Autumn	Being Me in My World – planning the forthcoming year, being a citizen, rights and responsibilities, rewards and consequences, how behaviour affects groups, democracy, having a voice, participating  Celebrating Difference – cultural differences and how they can cause conflict, racism, rumours and name calling, types of bullying, material wealth and happiness, enjoying and respecting other cultures	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 5 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Year 5	Spring	Dreams and Goals – personal learning goals, in and out of school, success criteria, emotions in success, making a difference in the world, motivation, recognising achievements, compliments  Healthy Me – smoking, including vaping, alcohol, alcohol and anti-social behaviour, emergency aid, body image, relationships with food, healthy choices, motivation and behaviour	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 5 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Year 5	Summer	Relationships – self-recognition and self-worth, building self-esteem, safer online communities, rights and responsibilities online, online gaming and gambling, reducing screen time, dangers of online grooming, SMARRT internet safety rules  Changing Me – self- and body image, influence of online and media on body image, puberty for girls, puberty for boys, growing responsibility, coping with change, transition	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 5 Units 5 and 6



YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
Year 6	Autumn	Being Me in My World – identifying goals for the year, global citizenship, children's universal rights, feeling welcome and valued, choices, consequences and rewards, group dynamics, democracy, having a voice, anti-social behaviour, role-modelling  Celebrating Difference – perceptions of normality, understanding a disability, power struggles, understanding bullying, inclusion/exclusion, differences as conflict, difference as celebration, empathy	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 6 Units 1 and 2 Anti-bullying Alliance materials
Year 6	Spring	Dreams and Goals – personal learning goals, in and out of school, success criteria, emotions in success, making a difference in the world, motivation, recognising achievements, compliments  Healthy Me – taking personal responsibility, how substances affect the body, exploitation, including 'county lines' and gang culture, emotional and mental health, managing stress	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 6 Units 3 and 4 Safer Internet Day materials
Year 6	Summer	Relationships – mental health, identifying mental health worries and sources of support, love and loss, managing feelings, power and control, assertiveness, technology safety, take responsibility with technology use Changing Me – self-image, body image, puberty and feelings, physical attraction, reflections about change, respect and consent, boyfriends/girlfriends, sexting, transition  Sex Education – how a baby is conceived and born	Jigsaw PSHE – Year 6 Units 5 and 6



# 12. Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in the academy or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring friendships	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in the academy and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online relationships	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Being safe	<ul> <li>What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)</li> <li>About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe</li> <li>That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact</li> <li>How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know</li> <li>How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult</li> <li>How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard</li> <li>How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so</li> <li>Where to get advice e.g. family, academy and/or other sources</li> </ul>



# 13. Review of this Policy

Trustees to review this policy every 3 years. It may however review this policy earlier than this if the government produces new regulations, or if it receives recommendations on how this policy might be improved