Earning a Living	Worksheet 3A
Name:	
	Sheet about industries in the UK, then ese true or false questions.
Nottingham is famous for its lace industry.	2. Belfast is the commercial centre of Wales.
True False	True False
3. Aberdeen is the home of Britain's petroleum industry.	4. Lots of bricks are made out of the clay found in Surrey.
True False	True False
5. Cornwall has a big shipping industry.	6. Lots of people work in banks in London.
True False	True False
7. There are lots of jobs in the forestry industry in Wales.	8. Bristol is the home of the UK's steel industry.
True False	True False
	10. There are lots of jobs in the tourist
9. Cornwall has a large cheese industry.	industry in London.
True False	True False
	12. Stoke-on-Trent has a strong pottery
11. Kent produces lots of apples and hops.	industry.
True False	True False

Earning a Living

Worksheet 3B

tarning a Livi	ny		vvorksneet 30
Name:	ame: Pate:		
	Read the Information S answ	Sheet about industrice ver these questions.	es in the UK, then
1. Which part of the	UK is famous for its lace in	ndustry?	
2. Which part of the	UK employs lots of people	e in car factories?	
3. How many peopl	e does the forestry industr	y in Wales employ?	
4. Which city is the	commercial and educatio	nal centre of Northern	ı Ireland?
5. Where is the UK's	petroleum industry based	?	
6. Why is Kent know	n as the 'Garden of Engla	nd'?	
7. Where is the cent	re of Britain's steel and me	etal industries?	
8. Which part of the	UK has a large construction	on industry?	

9. Where is the financial centre of the UK?

10. Which area is known as 'The Potteries' and why?

Earning a Living	Worksheet 3C
lame:	
and remember as much c	eet about industries in the UK and try is you can. Write some questions to tes ow much they can remember!
Question 1:	
question 2:	
Question 3:	
Question 4:	
Question 5:	
Question 6:	
uestion 7:	
Question 8:	

Industry in the United Kingdom

There are lots of different industries in the United Kingdom and some parts of the country have industries that are particularly strong, depending on the resources available in the area. Large cities tend to have strong retail, tourism and finance industries while rural areas have stronger agricultural industries.

Belfast used to be known for its shipbuilding industry but it has declined over the last century. Today it is the commercial and educational hub of Northern Ireland.

Birmingham is a major centre for the manufacturing and enaineerina industries. These sectors employ around 100,000 people.

Aberdeen is the home of the UK's petroleum industry. Petroleum is a fossil fuel that is refined to make petrol and other fuels.

> Sheffield is the home of the UK's steel and metal industry.

> > **Nottingham** is

famous all around

the world for its

lace industry,

although the industry has

shrunk in the last 100 years.

Coventry was

where the

motor industry

in the UK started

and still employs

lots of people in

car factories.

Stoke-on-Trent is famous all over the world as the home of British ceramics. It is known as 'The Potteries'.

Wales has a large forestry industry which employes nearly 10,000 people. Southern Wales used to have major coal and iron industries but today these have mostly disappeared.

Cornwall relies mainly on the agricultural industry. It produces products such as cheese. It also creates lots of jobs in the tourism industry.

Bristol employs lots of people in the shipping industry. It also has a large aerospace industry, as well as manufacturing defence equipment.

Surrey has a larae construction industry. Around 100 million bricks are made from clay extracted from the south of Surrey every year.

London is the capital city of the UK. London has a strona financial industry with lots of people working in banks and financial institutions. It has many other strong industries, including tourism.

Kent is known as the 'Garden of England' because of its agricultural industry. In particular, it produces apples and hops.

The city of **Belfast** used to be known for its shipbuilding industry but it has declined over the last century. Today it is the commercial and educational hub of Northern Ireland.

The city of **Birmingham** is a major centre for the manufacturing and engineering industries. These sectors employ around 100,000 people.

The city of **Aberdeen** is the home of the UK's petroleum industry. Petroleum is a fossil fuel that is refined to make petrol and other fuels.

The city of **Sheffield** is the home of Britain's steel and metal industry.

The city of **Nottingham** is famous all around the world for its lace industry, although the industry has shrunk in the last 100 years.

The city of **Coventry** was where the motor industry in the UK started and still employs lots of people in car factories.

The county of **Kent** is known as the 'Garden of England' because of its agricultural industry. In particular, it produces apples and hops.

London is the capital city of the UK. London has a strong financial industry with lots of people working in banks and financial institutions. It has many other strong industries, including tourism.

The county of **Surrey** has a large construction industry. Around 100 million bricks are made from clay extracted from the south of Surrey every year.

The city of **Bristol** employs lots of people in the shipping industry. It also has a large aerospace industry, as well as manufacturing defence equipment.

The county of **Cornwall** relies mainly on the agricultural industry. It produces products such as cheese. It also creates lots of jobs in the tourism industry.

The country of **Wales** has a large forestry industry which employes nearly 10,000 people. Southern Wales used to have major coal and iron industries but today these have mostly disappeared.



Earning a Living	Worksheet 3A ANSWERS
Name:	Pate:
	rion Sheet about industries in the UK, then rethese true or false questions.
Nottingham is famous for its lace industry.	2. Belfast is the commercial centre of Wales.
True 🗸 False	True False 🗸
3. Aberdeen is the home of Britain's petroleum industry.	4. Lots of bricks are made out of the clay found in Surrey.
True 🗸 False	True 🗸 False
5. Cornwall has a big shipping industry.	6. Lots of people work in banks in London.
True False 🗸	True 🗸 False
7. There are lots of jobs in the forestry industry in Wales.	8. Bristol is the home of the UK's steel industry.
True 🗸 False	True False 🗸
9. Cornwall has a large cheese industry.	10. There are lots of jobs in the tourist industry in London.
True False	True 🗸 False
11. Kent produces lots of apples and hop	12. Stoke-on-Trent has a strong pottery industry.
True False	True 🗸 False

Earning a Living

Worksheet 3B ANSWERS

Earning a Livi	ny vvorkstieet 30 Aivovveks
Name:	Pate:
	Read the Information Sheet about industries in the UK, then answer these questions.
1. Which part of the	UK is famous for its lace industry?
	Nottingham
2. Which part of the	UK employs lots of people in car factories?
	Coventry
3. How many people	e does the forestry industry in Wales employ?
	Nearly 10,000 people
4. Which city is the o	commercial and educational centre of Northern Ireland?
	Belfast
5. Where is the UK's	petroleum industry based?
	Aberdeen
6. Why is Kent know	n as the 'Garden of England'?
	Because of its agricultural industry
7. Where is the cent	re of Britain's steel and metal industries?
	Sheffield
8. Which part of the	UK has a large construction industry?
	Surrey
9. Where is the finan	cial centre of the UK?
	London

10. Which area is known as 'The Potteries' and why?

Stoke-on-Trent because of its fame as the home of British ceramics.