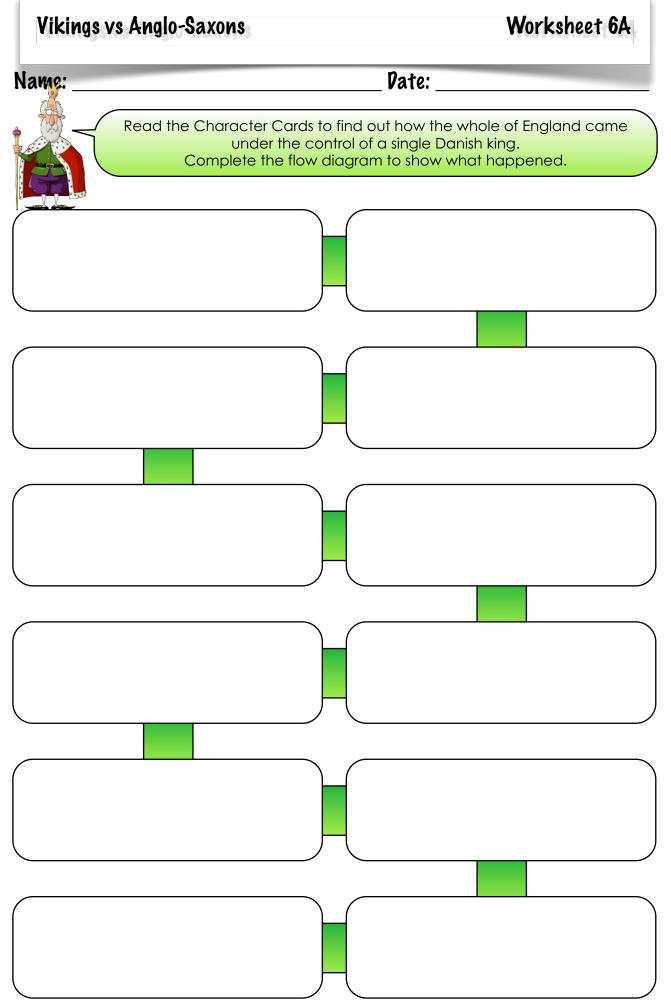
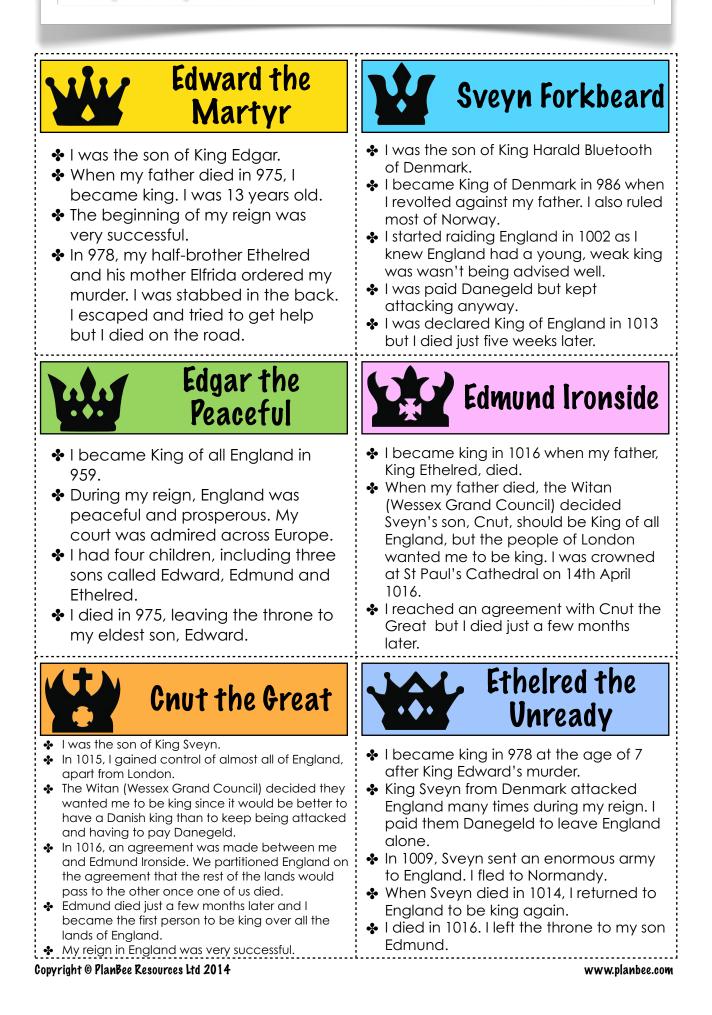
By 1015, Cnut had gained control of most of England but London remained loyal to Edmund who was crowned king at St Paul's Cathedral in 1016.	Cnut and Edmund came to an agreement. At first, a one-on-one combat between the two was agreed. However, Cnut didn't fancy his chances against Edmund who was famously strong (hence the name Ironside).	
Sveyn died in 1013, just five weeks after he was declared king. On hearing the news of his death, Ethelred returned to England and was reinstated as king.	Ethelred died in 1016 and left the throne to his son, Edmund. The Witan decided that Sveyn's son, Cnut, should be king to promote peace and to stop the high Danegeld payments.	
Instead, it was agreed that the lands of England would be split between Cnut and Edmund. When one or other of them died, the remaining lands would pass to the survivor.	In 1009, Sveyn sent a huge army to England. Ethelred fled to Normandy and in 1013, Sveyn was declared king of England.	
Edward was only 13 when he became king. Ethelred, his half-brother, and Ethelred's mother, plotted his murder. He died in 978 at the age of 16.	Sveyn of Denmark began a series of attacks on England in 1002. Ethelred paid him Danegeld to keep him out of England but the attacks continued.	
Cnut did not have to wait long. Edmund died just a few months later in November 1016.	Ethelred became king at the age of 7 in 978. He was not advised well and was a weak king. The Danish king, Sveyn, decided to take advantage of this.	
Cnut became the first king to be ruler of all the kingdoms of England. His reign was very successful. He died in 1035.	King Edgar died in 975 after a strong reign. He had two surviving sons, Edward and Ethelred. The eldest, Edward , became king.	
By 1015, Cnut had gained control of most of England but London remained loyal to Edmund who was crowned king at St Paul's Cathedral in 1016.	Cnut and Edmund came to an agreement. At first, a one-on-one combat between the two was agreed. However, Cnut didn't fancy his chances against Edmund who was famously strong (hence the name Ironside).	
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Vikings vs Anglo-Saxons

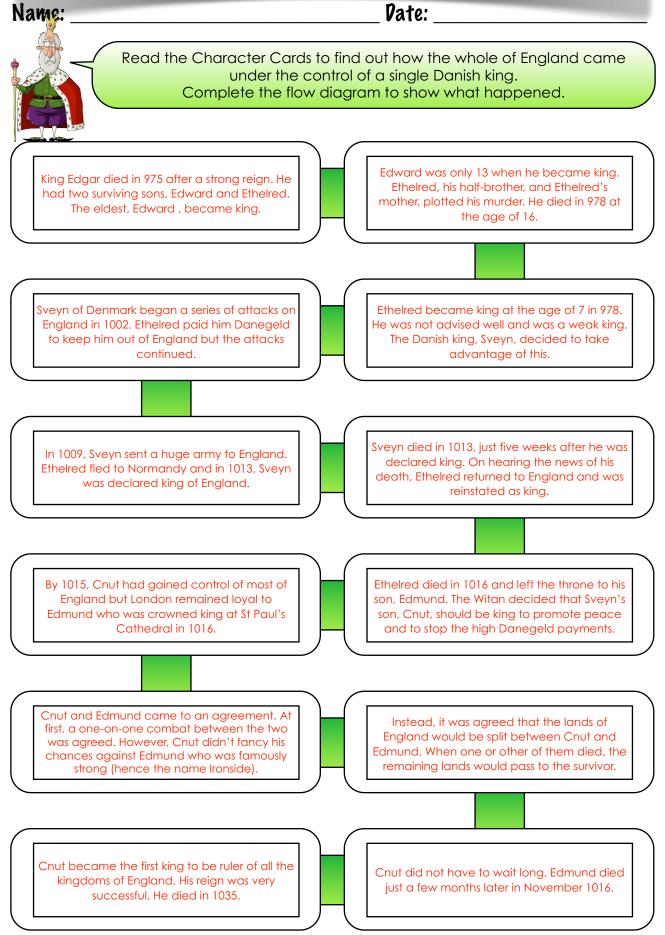
Name:	Date:
Find out about each of these key historical figures to establish what happened between the reign of King Edgar and 1016 when England came under the control of a single Viking king.	
Edgar the Peaceful	Edward the Martyr
Ethelred the Unready	Edmund Ironside
Sveyn Forkbeard	Cnut the Great

Vikings vs Anglo-Saxons



Vikings vs Anglo-Saxons

Worksheet 6A ANSWERS



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