

Year	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
	Theme: International term			Theme: Journeys		Theme: The Great Outdoors	
	Key Question: Which places are special? Why?			Key Question: Where are you going?		Key Question: Where are you going?	
FS	Skills: I can talk about my special places  Knowledge: To begin to recognise the similarities between people around the world and how			Skills: To make simple maps  Knowledge: To use and understand locational language		Skills: To talk about their likes/ dislikes about the local environment  Knowledge: To observe changes and patterns.	
	they live and celebrate					onangee and patterner	
Text							
1	Theme: International term  Key Question: What is it like to live in this place?  Skills: I can recognise simple map features. I can ask questions about my environment and look for answers  Knowledge: To respond to questions about where places are, beginning to offer obs about locations similarities and differences, including, location in the world, weather, people; respond to geographical questions about places.		Theme: Pirates/ Oceans & seas Key Question: What can I see? What can I do to help?  Skills: I can use a map, atlas, globe to find countries, oceans and seas. I can draw a simple map.  Knowledge: Begin to recognise and name and locate the world's continents and oceans		Theme: Extreme weather: continents and maps  Key Question: What is the weather like there? Why?  Skills: I can identify daily and seasonal changes.  Knowledge: To describe a locality using observations. To identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South poles.		
Text							
NC OBJ	Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?).     Identify the key features of a location in order to say whether it is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area.     Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied.     Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of the school and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.     Name and locate the world's continents and oceans.     Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.     Identify land use around the school.						
2	Theme: International term Contrasting localities	Theme: Map Work  Key Questions: Can I use			Theme: Weather around the World	Theme: Katie Morag An Island Home- 4 countries	
	Key Question: What is it like to live in this place? What do I think and why?	map work to locate and describe a location?			Key Question: How do the seasons affect us?	Key Question: How does it compare to where I live?	
	Skills: I can investigate physical	<b>Skills:</b> I can use recognise key features by looking at maps			Skills:I can observe and record indifferent ways eg.	<b>Skills:</b> I can use a map, atlas, globe to find the UK and its 4	



TEXT NC OBJ	and human features of my environment  Knowledge: To compare Chinnor with a contrasting location	and aerial photographs and I can use compass directions and locational language to describe routes and to find features.	m and its countries, as well as the	countries, continents and cooper	sketches, diagrams, ICT I can draw a map and use class agreed symbols to make a simple key.  Knowledge: To identify changes associated with the seasons	countries and other countries, oceans and seas of interest, I can follow directions inc NSEW  Knowledge: To use geographical language and find features on a map o use	
NC OBJ	<ul> <li>Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied.</li> <li>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom and of a contrasting non-European country.</li> <li>Use aerial images and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features.</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: • key physical features, including: beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation and weather; • key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office and shop.</li> <li>Use compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map.</li> <li>Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple grid references (A1, B1).</li> </ul>						
ТЕХТ	Theme: Similarities/differences  Key Question: Where is this location? What do you think about it?  Skills: I can describe route and direction –8 compass points e.g. N, S, E, W, NW, NE, SW, SE. I can interpret charts  Knowledge: To make observations about physical and human features of places	Theme: Coasts  Key Question: What can I find out using a range of resources?  Skills: I can link words to topic I can identify the 7 continents and 5 oceans on a world map. I can use a key. I can use letter/no. co-ordinates to locate features on a map.  Knowledge: To understand that people can influence and change environments				Theme: Investigating our local area  Key Question: How do I make a difference?  Skills: I can ask questions and use simple studies to investigate my school and the grounds  Knowledge: To understand that people can influence and change the environment.	
NC OBJ	Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location.  • Explain own views about locations, giving reasons.  • Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features.  • Name and locate the countries of Europe and identify their main physical and human characteristics  • Describe geographical similarities and differences between countries.  • Describe how the locality of the school has changed over time.  • Describe key aspects of:• physical geography, including: rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle; human geography, including: settlements and land use.  • Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key to communicate knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.						
4	Theme: Locational & place knowledge  Key Question: What is this landscape like? What will		Key Question: What geograph	age settlers ical features encouraged people ettle?	Theme: Improving the environment & Locational and place knowledge  Key Question: What is this	Theme: Compare/ contrast two similar localities Water cycle Key Question: What is	



	it be like in the future?			to questions and offer my own	landscape like? What will	similar? What is different?	
	Skills: I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale: I can use satellite images.		ideas.  Knowledge: To describe and understand key aspects of different types of settlements, to name and locate counties and cities of		it be like in the future?  Skills: I can collect and record evidence with some aid	Skills: I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. make comparisons between	
	aerial photographs			UK		locations photos/pictures/ map	
	Knowledge: To identify and explain different views of people				Knowledge: To summarise changes and to understand the impact and influence of people	Knowledge: To describe and understand key aspects of	
	including themselves, to name, locate and to describe some of the characteristics of the areas.				mpastana masnos er pespie	climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts.	
TEXT	Characteristics of the areas.						
NC OBJ	Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location.  • Explain own views about locations, giving reasons.  • Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features.						
	<ul><li>Use fieldwork to observe and recor</li><li>Use a range of resources to identify</li></ul>	y the key physical and human featu	ures of a location.			_	
	<ul> <li>Name and locate counties and citie features and land-use patterns; and</li> </ul>	s of the United Kingdom, geograpl	hical regions and their identifying hects have changed over time.	numan and physical characteristics	s, including hills, mountains, cities,	rivers, key topographical	
	<ul> <li>Name and locate the countries of E</li> </ul>	urope and identify their main phys	ical and human characteristics.	Consider Austin and Automatic Cir	rala and data times were December	and of the above stavistics of	
	<ul> <li>Name and locate the Equator, Nort these geographical areas.</li> </ul>	·	·	Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Cir	cie and date time zones. Describe	some of the characteristics of	
	<ul> <li>Describe geographical similarities a</li> <li>Describe key aspects of: physical</li> </ul>			and the water cycle: human geogr	raphy, including; settlements and la	and use.	
	Use the eight points of a compass,	four-figure grid references, symbo	ls and key to communicate knowle	edge of the United Kingdom and th	e wider world.	and doo.	
	Theme: International term		Theme: Digital mapping			Theme: Orienteering	
5	Distribution of natural resources		Key Question: What are the			Map work	
3	Key Question: What is this		geographical features of Chinnor? How do I know?			Key Question: What can I learn from a map?	
	landscape like? How has it					·	
	changed? What made it change? How is it changing?		Skills: I can identify and explain different views of			Skills: I can use 8 compass points; I can use 4 figure	
			people; I can design and use			coordinates to locate features	
	<b>Skills:</b> I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. compare		questionnaires to obtain views of community on subject			on a map.	
	historical maps of varying scales					Knowledge: To recognise and	
	e.g. temperature of various locations - influence on		Knowledge: To give reasons for differences and similarities			use OS map symbols	
	people/everyday life		when using primary and secondary sources of				
	Knowledge: To describe how		evidence.				
	physical and human processes can lead to similarities and						
	difference between places						
TEXT							
NC OBJ	Identify and describe how the phys     Use a range of geographical resour     Use different types of fieldwork san     Analyse and give views on the effe	rces to give detailed descriptions a npling (random and systematic) to ctiveness of different geographical	and opinions of the characteristic for observe, measure and record the representations of a location (suc	human and physical features in the			
	Understand some of the reasons for geographical similarities and differences between countries.  • Describe how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change.  • Describe geographical diversity across the world.						
	Describe how countries and geogra		and interdependent. • Use the eigh	nt points of a compass, four-figure	grid references, symbols and a key	y (that uses standard Ordnance	



	Survey symbols) to communicate knowledge of the United Kingdom and the world.  • Create maps of locations identifying patterns (such as: land use, climate zones, population densities, height of land).						
	Theme: International term	Theme: Map Skills	ate zones, population densities, ne	ignt of land).	Theme: Extreme Earth		
6	Rivers; Mountains  Key Question: What does the data tell me? Is all data the same?	Key Question: How will I interpret the information?			Key Question: What is this land What patterns can you see/ how	has the pattern changed?	
	Skills: I can collect and record evidence record measurement of river width/ depth/ velocity	Skills: I can use maps to research factual information about locations and features.			Skills: I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. from field work data on land use comparing land use/temperature, look at patterns and explain reasons behind it		
	Knowledge: To describe how physical and human processes can lead to similarities and differences and to look at patterns and explain reasons behind it	Knowledge: To use a variety of maps with different scales and to know what 6 figure Grid References mean and how to calculate them.			<b>Knowledge:</b> To describe how physical and human processes can lead to similarities and difference between places and explain the reasons.		
TEXT							
NC OBJ	Collect and analyse statistics and other information in order to draw clear conclusions about locations.  Name and locate some of the countries and cities of the world and their identifying human and physical characteristics, including hills, mountains, rivers, key topographical features and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.  Name and locate the countries of North and South America and identify their main physical and human characteristics.  Identify and describe the geographical significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, and time zones (including day and night).  Describe and understand key aspects of: • physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle. • human geography, including: settlements, land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals, and water supplies.						