St Bartholomew's C of E Primary School History Curriculum Overview

Disciplinary Historical Concepts-

Lens/Focus of Learning
Significance/Impact- KS2
Cause/Consequence
Continuity/Change
Similarity/Difference
Sources and Evidence
Interpretation

Substantive Knowledge- Golden Threads of our Curriculum

1. Civilisation

Students are taught about the development of societies and civilisations from the earliest form (Stone Age) to the development of societies, rules of law and order, which are comparable to today (Victorians).

2. Conflict/Invasion

Students are taught about the changing nature of conflict and invasion from the invasion of small areas, to large scale empires to invasions in World War II into sovereign land.

3. Empire and Power

Students see the rise and fall of large empires, both in Britain and around the world, having the opportunity to see similarities and differences in the meaning of power as the world arguable became 'smaller' and more of the world was up for grabs.

4. Monarchy

Students see how the meaning of monarchy changes depending on the empire or civilisation you're researching. We discuss emperors, pharaohs, caliphates and dynasties, questioning whether hereditary rulers are fair and effective.

5. Migration (immigration/settlement)

Students look at a fact of human life for millions of years- movement and settlement, beginning with the earliest evidence of movement and settlement in the Stone Age, and finishing with migration due to discrimination in World War II and migration of the Windrush generation.

6. Trade

Trade has been a constant in civilisations and societies through history. Children learnt that trade is not only about money, but about objects valued at that time in history, from silk and lapis in the Islamic Empire to coinage and currency in the Roman and Greek Empires.

7. Governance

Students learn about the changing governance and rules of law of civilisations and societies through history. They understand democracies and dictatorships whilst also questioning some of the rules of law at the time.

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EYFS					
Autumn		Spring	Summer		Early Learning Goals
Who am I and where do I belong? Through their learning about religious celebrations, children in EYFS look back at celebrations in their own life. Children learn about their families and how they have changed since being a baby. They talk about how things were different when their parents, grandparents etc were young. Milestones Children can talk about special times, celebrations/ birthdays they remember in their life. Begin to recognize that we celebrate certain events, such as bonfire night because of events that happened many years ago. Children can talk about how they have changed from being a baby Children will talk about how children and adults are different	Children le around the we can trave how the are and learn ab was a long to about hister	arn about different places vorld and the ways in which el. Children will learn about a around us has changed out how different transport me ago. Children will learn orical events such as the moon landing Milestones ments on images of familiar situations in the past hildren will compare and rast characters from stories uding figures from the past	What can I see and he change? Children will learn about the seasons. They will learn things change over time happens as things grow. It talk about the year they he Reception and the key ever shared. Milestones Children will concontrast characters including figures for the change of the change	he changing about how and what Children will have had in nts they have	 Be able to talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Be able to know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Be able to understand the past through settings, characters, and events encountered in books read in class and encountered in storytelling.
		Yea	ar 1		
Autumn		Spr	ring		Summer
What was Armley like in the past and is it the Intrepid Exp			- Who are famous d were they good, fair		Enquiry Question: <u>History Makers:</u> is a history maker and what uence did they have on history?

In this topic, the children will look at how our local area has changed over time. They will compare the similarities and differences between past and present photos of Town Street and Armley as a whole. They will gain an understanding of the different types of homes and name the type of home they live in, e.g. flat,

<u>leaders?</u>

Topic overview

Children will gain an understanding of significant individuals and their contribution to national and world history. Children will find out about the explorer Sir

consequence did they have on history?

Topic overview

Children discuss who a history maker is, and what makes a person a history maker. The children learn about various figures from history and modern-day,

terraced house, etc. They will then look at photos and compare the similarities and differences between old and modern homes. We will look at shops in both the past and present and discuss what shops they see in both the past and present photos, as well as shops that we only see in the past/present.	Robert Falcon Scott and his expedition to the South Pole. They will look at various sources and evidence, answering questions using relevant sources. Children will compare and contrast this expedition to another explorer Christopher Columbus and look at how his journey contributed to British/world history. The children will discuss the meaning of migration and trade, also discussing the idea of fairness on indigenous people.	understanding how a history maker has changed over time. The children also discuss fairness and the challenges history makers may have faced.
National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:
Changes within living memory (local history)	the lives of significant individuals in the past	the lives of significant individuals in the past
Significant historical events, people and	who have contributed to national and international achievements	who have contributed to national and international achievements
places in their own locality	international achievements	international achievements
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught
Civilisation	Migration	Civilisation
	Trade	Governance
<u>Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)</u> Continuity/Change	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning) Cause and Consequence
First-hand experience:	Sources and Evidence First-hand experience:	First-hand experience:
Local area walk.	Polar Explorers Workshop	i ii st-iiaiiu experience.
1. Homes	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:
2. Houses	Sir Robert Falcon Scott, avpadition	1. History maker
3. Local area	 expedition, Antarctica, 	2. Activist
4. Past	4. voyage,	3. Monarch
5. Present	5. diary,	4. Explorer
6. Similarities	Europe Christopher Columbus	5. Significant
7. Differences	8. Ship supplies,	6. Discrimination
8. Compare	9. frost bite.	7. Racism
9. Chronological order.	10. Natives	8. Cause
J. Cilionological order.		9. Consequence
Ourminutum links	Considerations links	10. Equality
<u>Curriculum links</u> 'Be Bold Be Brave Be You' topic looking at our families and local area.	Curriculum links Geography – Learning about the 7 continents and Antarctica	Curriculum links English ; Learning about ourselves and others.
	Science – Learning about weather and the seasons.	Re; Friendship
	Colonico Ecaming about weather and the Seasons.	' '

Links to Previous Learning Reception – What can I see and how does it change? Comments on images of familiar situations in the past. Children will compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past.	Links to Previous Learning Reception – Where can I go and how can I get there? Children will compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past. Children learn about different places around the world and the ways in which we can travel. Children will learn about historical events such as the moon landing	<u>Links to Previous Learning</u>
Links to Future Learning Year 4 – Victorians - What was it like to be a Victorian child in Armley?	<u>Links to Future Learning</u> Year 3 – The Romans - How did the arrival of the Romans change Britain?	Links to Future Learning
Year 6 – Windrush - Who were the Windrush generation and what impact did they have on the city of Leeds?	Year 5 – Vikings - What do sources and evidence tell us about The Vikings invasion and settlement in Britain?	

Year 2			
Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Topic: Castles, Kings, Knights and Queens Enquiry Question: What is a castle and what do we know from sources and evidence that it was used for? Topic overview In this topic, the children begin by exploring different types of buildings in our local area, including Kirkstall Abbey. They will become familiar with timelines, ordering events and buildings. They will look at castles and learning about the similarities and differences between them. They then explore different sources to find out about the interior and exterior of a castle. They compare castles in the past to our homes now and learn about the people who lived in a castle and what their roles were. They also visit Skipton Castle to enable them to have first-hand experience of seeing a castle.	Topic: Great Fire of London Enquiry Question: How do we know so much about what happened in the Great Fire of London? Topic overview The children begin this topic by comparing life now to what life was like in 1666. They then learn about the main events of the Great Fire of London and put them in chronological order. They explore different sources from the past and discuss what these sources tell us and how useful they are to learn about the past. The children learn about why the fire spread quickly as well as the changes in London that took place after the fire.	Topic: Pirates Enquiry Question: Can we call Grace O'Malley a pirate? Topic overview This topic encourages pupils to explore the past by examining their ideas about pirates, with particular reference to Grace O'Malley. The key question leads children to consider what are the characteristics of a pirate and to challenge stereotypes in the light of historical enquiry. The key question also leads to an understanding of the complexities of the life and values of a significant woman living in the 16th /17th century.	
National Curriculum Coverage: Significant historical places in their own locality	National Curriculum Coverage: Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.	National Curriculum Coverage: Changes within living memory. The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.	
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Empire and Power Monarchy Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning) Sources and evidence Continuity/Change	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Civilisation Governance Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning) Sources and evidence Cause and consequence	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Migration Conflict and Invasion Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning) Similarity/difference	
First- hand experience: Skipton Castle	First- hand experience: Visitor as Samuel Pepys	First- hand experience:	
Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Timeline 2. Abbey 3. Middle Ages 4. Normans 5. Defend 6. Types of castles (e.g. Motte and Bailey) 7. Features of castles (e.g. drawbridge) 8. Rooms within a castle (e.g. Great Hall) 9. Compare 10. Past 11. Present	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Similarities 2. Differences 3. Chronological order 4. Samuel Pepys 5. King Charles II 6. Types of historical source (writing, pictures, objects) 7. Change 8. Cause 9. Consequence 13. Tudor houses (e.g. materials, wattle and daub)	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Pirate 2. Queen 3. Ireland 4. England 5. Trade 6. Chieftain 7. Century	

12. Roles within a castle (e.g. Lord) Curriculum links Writing through theme – diary entry about attending a	Curriculum links Writing through theme – newspaper article about the	Curriculum links Writing through theme – postcard and poster about
pageant English – Rapunzel and non-chronological report about Queen Elizabeth D.T – making a castle Art – pencil drawings in the style of Leonid Afremov Science – making catapults Computing – collecting data on their favourite Disney princes and princesses Geography – using maps to navigate around a castle scene	events of the GFoL English – Toby and the Great Fire of London and poem on fire D.T – making fire engines Art – fire collage in the style of Jesse Treece Computing – creating a GFoL scene by superimposing a photograph of themselves onto a background depicting a Tudor street Science – testing materials to see which would make the best pair of curtains for a house in London Geography – comparing out local area to London	Edwardian seaside holidays English – Lighthouse Keepers Lunch and ocean creature riddles D.T – making a seaside picnic Art – weaving seaside scenes in the style of Lucy Poskitt Computing – PowerPoint about pirates Science – food chains Geography –physical and human features of the seaside
Links to Previous Learning: Links to monarchy - the effect that the religion of the monarchy once had. (Y1 Autumn)	Links to Previous Learning:	Links to Previous Learning: Links to comparing past and present (Y1 Summer)
Links to Future Learning: Prepares children for learning about Henry VIII and the monarchy (Y3 Summer) Prepares children for learning about the monarchy of Egypt (Y4 Summer) Children can use their knowledge of Armley for local history topic (Y3 Autumn, Y4 Autumn)	Links to Future Learning: Prepares children for using sources and evidence to find information about events beyond living memory (Y3 Spring)	Links to Future Learning: Prepares children for learning about the Roman invasion (Y3 Autumn)

Year 3			
Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Topic: The Romans	Topic: Anglo-Saxons	Topic: Tudors	
Enquiry Question: How did the arrival of the Romans	Enquiry Question: Who were the Anglo –Saxons and	Enquiry Question: Did the Tudors change Britain for	
change Britain?	how do we know what was important to them?	better or worse?	
<u>Topic overview</u>	Topic overview The topic starts by teaching the children about why the	Topic overview Children will begin by looking at Henry VIII and his wives to	
The topic starts with the children using their chronology skills	Romans left Britain. The children will then learn about where	give some context to the historical period. The focal point will	
to map their own lives; they then use this skill to map the Roman occupation of Britain. The children will then	the Anglo Saxons came from and why they choose not to live	be the idea that monarchs had more power than now, which	
investigate in depth why the Romans invaded Britain. They	in Roman towns. They will investigate how Anglo Saxons	leads them into the discussion of the dissolution of the	
then look at the story of Boudicca and impact it had on the	lives changed after Ethelbert met Augustine. They will identify	monasteries, and the change of religions in Britain (linking to	
Roman army. The children will take part in a Roman Day,	and describe a number of Anglo Saxon gods. They will	Kirkstall Abbey and The Pilgrimage of Grace). Children then	
where they will find out about Roman soldiers and then use	explain why Britain converted to Christianity.	compare Elizabeth and Mary as monarchs as well as the expansion of the British Empire, debating their positive and	
this information to write letters and label the a Roman soldiers		negative impacts on Britain and the wider world, and	
equipment.		answering the enquiry question explicitly. Local links with	
		Temple Newsam and Martin Frobisher are made.	
National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:	
the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	 Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots 	a study of an aspect or theme in British history	
		that extends pupils' chronological knowledge	
		beyond 1066	
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	
taught	<u>taught</u> Monarchy	taught	
Empire/Power Conflict/Invasion	Migration	Empire/power Monarchy	
Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	
Change and continuity	Sources and evidence		
	Interpretation	Significance and Impact	
First- hand experience:	First- hand experience:	First- hand experience:	
Roman Day	 Anglo Saxon experience day 	Shakespeare backstage tour	
		Kirkstall Abbey trip	
		Temple Newsam Murder Mystery	

Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:
1. AD/BC	1. Agriculture	1. Pilgrimage
2. Ancient civilisations	2. Archaeology	2. Church/Christianity
3. Artefact	3. Church/Christianity	3. Court
4. Century	4. Conquest	4. Empire
5. Invasion	5. Gods	5. Voyage/ Exploration
6. Conquest	6. Invasion	6. Execution
7. Decade	7. Migration	7. Monarchy
8. Emperor/Empire	8. Trade	8. Dissolution
9. Gods	9. Settler	9. Pope
10. International	10. Monastery	10. Revolt
11. Rebellion	11. Lindisfarne	11. Monasteries
TT. TODOMOTI	12. Sutton Hoo	12. Treason
<u>Curriculum links</u>	<u>Curriculum links</u>	<u>Curriculum links</u>
Geography- compare England and Italy	English- Beowulf story	English- Shakespeare
	Geography- Settlements	
Links to Previous Learning:	Links to Previous Learning:	Links to Previous Learning:
 Kings and castles - Power 	The Romans and why the Anglo-Saxons made huge	 Voyages and explorers link back to Year 2- Can you
	changes to the life the Romans left behind.	remember any famous voyages and what did they
		bring back? Is the goods they bring changing i.e
		people?
		Monarchy- what is a monarch and what monarchs
		have you learnt about? What power does a monarch
		have?
Links to Future Learning:	Links to Future Learning:	Links to Future Learning:
 Conflict and Invasion — WWII – Year 6- look at a 	 Year 5 Vikings – recap that Anglo-Saxons were 	 Henry VIII and monarchy- does a man made you a
more modern day conflict and idea of invasion	concurrent with Vikings	good leader? Link to Egyptian monarchy topic in
 Idea of Empire looked at in year 6 when looking at 	 Year 6 Islamic Empire- revisit when comparing to 	Year 4.
ww2 and Islamic Empire.	Anglo-Saxon lifestyles, homes and achievements	 Activism Year 5- We recap Pilgrimage of Grace
	 Migration links to Windrush and Vikings in Year 5 	looking at its causes, consequences and limited
	and year 6	impact.

	Year 4	
Autumn	Spring	Summer
Topic: Victorians Enquiry Question: What was it like to be a Victorian child in Armley? Topic overview This topic is a local history unit that teaches children about what it would have been like to be a Victorian child in Armley. The children learn about Queen Victoria and learn about how her choices affected children. They learn about what schools were like, crimes and housing. Throughout the topic,	Topic: Stone Age to Iron Age Enquiry Question: Why did hunter-gatherers settle in Britain and what were the consequences of this? Topic overview This topic teaches the children about the longest period in human history: The Stone Age. This topic teaches the children about where and how Stone Age people lived. They learn about how they settled and how farming based settlements were created and about the birth of agriculture.	Topic: Ancient Egypt Enquiry Question: How was Ancient Egypt governed and how is that different to what we've already learned? Topic overview This topic allows children to explore what life might have been like in Ancient Egypt. Using this information, they make connections to their own lives. They learn about famous kings and pharaohs and explore different artefacts. The children also learn about Howard Carter and why the afterlife was so
knowledge is relayed back to how that would affect a child at the time. The topic links to aspirations through learning about the social order.	We look at the interpretation of artefacts due to the fact that no written records exist from this time period.	important to Ancient Egyptians.
 National Curriculum Coverage: a local history study a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 	 National Curriculum Coverage: changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age 	 National Curriculum Coverage: the achievements of the earliest civilizations
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Governance	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Migration Trade	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly taught Monarchy Civilisation
<u>Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)</u> <u>Sources and evidence</u> Interpretation	<u>Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)</u> <u>Cause and consequence</u>	<u>Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)</u> <u>Similarity and difference</u>
First- hand experience: Armley Mills	First- hand experience:	First- hand experience: Leeds City Museum
Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Society, 2. social order, 3. era, 4. primary source, 5. industrial, 6. workhouse, 7. census, 8. invention 9. monarchy 10. reign	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Ancient civilisations 2. Archaeology 3. BC 4. Hunter- gatherer 5. Iron Age/ Stone Age 6. Nomadic 7. Prehistory 8. Palaeolithic 9. Neolithic 10. Mammoth	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic: 1. Pharaoh 2. Interpretation 3. Gods 4. Ancient civilisations 5. Artefact 6. Afterlife 7. Tomb 8. Archaeology

<u>Curriculum links</u>	<u>Curriculum links</u>	<u>Curriculum links</u>
English – Oliver Twist and spooky Victorian stories.	English – instructional writing	Geography – River Nile
Geography – The British Empire	Art – Cave paintings	Art – Death Masks
Art – L.S. Lowry and William Morris	3.	English – Newspaper reports
Links to Previous Learning:	Links to Previous Learning:	Links to Previous Learning:
Y3 – Tudors – how were the monarchs and punishments	Y3 – Anglo-Saxons also migrated.	Y3- Monarchy – how is the Egyptian monarchy different to the
different in Victorian times?		Tudor monarchy?
		Y2- Kings and Castles
Links to Future Learning:	Links to Future Learning:	Links to Future Learning:
 Year 6 look at Luddites that were woollen mill 	 Migration links to Windrush in Year 6 who migrated 	 Idea of civilisation repeated when Year 5 do Greeks,
workers who revolted against machinery.	for different, more modern day reasons e.g. work,	similarities and differences between the two e.g.
	and in Year 5, Vikings and their migration to	gods etc.
	England is also discussed.	 Changing ideas of civilisations from ancient to more
	 Trade- trade links with Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and 	modern day, particularly in activism, ww2 and
	Islamic Empire and the Silk Road and other trading	Windrush in year 5 and 6
	routes in Europe.	·
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	Year 5	
Autumn	Spring	Summer
Enquiry Question: Topic: How have activists made change over time and were they always successful?	Enquiry Question: Topic: What do sources and evidence tell us about The Vikings invasion and settlement in Britain?	Enquiry Question: What influence did Ancient Greece have on the wider world?
Topic overview This topic looks at different forms of activism from the Magna Carta to the Suffragettes and asks children to interrogate reasons for activism, who was protesting, against whom and the changes that were a consequence of activism, or not as the case may be. The children compare forms of activism over time, spotting similarities and differences.	Topic overview This topic begins by recapping learning from previous year groups about the state of Britain in the 4 th century, looking at the collapse of Roman Britain and the Anglo-Saxons. The topic then moves to the invasion and settlement of the Vikings, their impact upon Yorkshire and the Danelaw agreement. We use sources and evidence from people of the time and artefacts to answer our enquiry question.	Topic overview Through this topic, the children will look at mny of our golden threads and contributions Greeks have made to our modern world from democracy, to religion, inventions and mathematics. They evaluate the impact of the Greeks on our modern world using consensus, challenge ad building on ideas.
National Curriculum Coverage: a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge	 National Curriculum Coverage: the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the 	 National Curriculum Coverage: Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the
beyond 1066	Confessor	western world
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly
<u>taught</u> Governance	<u>taught</u> Migration	<u>taught</u> Empire and Power
Civilisation	Monarchy	Conflict/invasion
Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)
Continuity and Change	Sources and evidence	Significance and impact
First- hand experience:	First- hand experience: Leeds museum artefacts	First- hand experience:
	Leeds museum zoom with historian	
	Shaking Hands with the Pat- Jorvik' vodcast'	
Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:
1. Feudal	Primary source	1. Democracy
2. Baron/Lord	2. Secondary source	City-states (poleis) Emporia
3. Magna Carta	3. Artefact	4. Trade
4. Dissolution	4. Invasion	5. Mount Olympus
5. Monastery	5. Settlement	6. Romans 7. Mythology
6. Catholic	6. Scandinavia	8. Empire
7. Deeds	7. Lindisfarne	9. Philosophy
8. Suffrage	8. Jorvik (York)	10. Influence
9. Rights	9. Norsemen	

10. Mill	Danelaw	
Curriculum links Art- Activism and Banksy English- newspaper articles PSHE- Human Rights	<u>Curriculum links</u> Explanation Text (How A Viking Longship worked), Adventure Stories (Viking invasion)	Curriculum links English; Myths and Legends (Who Let the Gods Out) Art- Greek sculptures DT- Greek salads
Links to Previous Learning: Governance- idea of kings/queens/pharaoahs,ruling over nations and making decisions for all. Links back to Tudors, dissolution and POG from Year 3 Link back to Normans from Year 2 Civilisation- idea of civilisation changes from being about ancient societies to more modern day societies and how people take on responsibility for human rights in society.	Links to Previous Learning: Links back to learning on Roman Britain and Anglo-Saxons to understand the state of Britain prior to the Viking invasion. Links of invasion, empire and power back to Romans	Links to Previous Learning: Egyptians- Alexander the Great and impact on Pharoahs Romans- Gods and religion, empire and power change with Battle of Corinth Vikings- idea of invasion being violent, Greek's influential areas rather than raid and plunder, Alfred the Great vs Alexander the Great
Links to Future Learning: Idea of governance challenged by looking at dictatorships under WW2 and Adolf Hitler.	Links to Future Learning: Invasion and compromise of deals links to WW2 and Nazi Germany	Links to Future Learning: Islamic Empire- link to trade, idea of Arabic libraries saving philosophy and teachings of the Greeks

Autumn	Year 6 Spring	Summer
Topic: WORLD WAR 2	Topic: Early Islamic Civilisation	Topic: Windrush
Enquiry Question: How did Britain achieve victory	Enquiry Question: How was life in Britain different	Enquiry Question: Who were the Windrush
and why was winning the Battle of Britain a	to life in the Islamic Caliphate?	generation and what impact did they have on the
significant turning point in WW2?	Topic overview	city of Leeds?
Topic overview	This topic compares the Golden Age of Islam to that of	Topic overview
This topic covers some of the main battles and issues	Anglo-Saxon England, a direct link to children's previous	Pupils look at the Windrush generation who travelled to
connected to WW2. The topic's main focus, however, is the BoB and why it was a significant turning point in the history of	learning in Year 3. Children will compare the cities and burghs of both	England from commonwealth countries post WW2. They look at local history links with the Jamaican society of Leeds as
WW2. To understand this, children look at the warfare during	civilizations, the trading links of both civilizations and the	well as debate the scandal today of certain Windrush
the 1940s, The Blitz and evacuation of major cities. This	overall lives of their citizens. Furthermore, some direct comparisons are made with the Vikings, a topic studied in	immigrants denied certain rights and points of travel.
allows children to understand the complexity of the war as well as the urgency for victory in 1940. Children write an	Year 5.	The children study high-profile Windrush descendants who have come to Leeds and study their impact and significance
explanation text, explaining the reasons why Britain won the	Children will complete a Venn Diagram comparing the two	for the city in which we live. Direct links to previous learning in
BoB.	civilizations and identifying their similarities and differences.	Autumn term are high-profile when looking at the reasons the Windrush generation travelled to 'the motherland'.
National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:
 a study of an aspect or theme in British history 	 a non-European society that provides 	 a local history study
that extends pupils' chronological knowledge	contrasts with British history	a study of an aspect or theme in British history
beyond 1066		that extends pupils' chronological knowledge
Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly	beyond 1066 Substantive Concepts (Golden Threads) to be explicitly
taught	taught	taught
Conflict/Invasion	Civilization	Migration
 Governance 	 Trade 	Governance
Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)	Disciplinary Focus (lens of learning)
Cause/Consequence	Similarity and difference	Significance and Impact
First- hand experience:	First- hand experience:	First- hand experience:
Eden Camp trip Leeds Museum artefacts		Windrush National Archive Assembly Assembly into school
Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic:	Vocabulary to be taught in this topic
Nazi Dictator	1. Caliph	1. Empire 2. Racist
3. Propaganda	2. Baghdad	3. Opportunities
4. war effort,	3. Al-Mansur	4. Immigration
5. Totalitarian	4. Merchant	5. Discrimination

6. Ideology 7. Blackout 8. Blitzkreig, blitz 9. VE/VJ Day 10. Surrender	5. Anglo-Saxon6. Burgh7. Empire8. Trade9. Mongols10. House of Wisdom	6. Caribbean 7. Racial 8. Nation 9. Change
Curriculum links Anne Frank/Letters From the Lighthouse - English text Art – Sketching and Charcoal evacuee Speaking - War Speech/debate	<u>Curriculum links</u> Art – Islamic repeating patterns	<u>Curriculum Links</u> English- Hello England by Floella Benjamin.
Links to Previous Learning: What other conflicts have we studied at St Bart's-how were these conflicts different to this modernday conflict? Relate invasion of Czechoslovakia and other European nations to the invasion other empires conducted in history e.g. Greeks, Romans, Egyptians. Relate idea of empire to Nazi Germany- what did Hitler want and how is it similar to the empires we have studied?	Links to Previous Learning: How has your idea of monarchy changed throughout St Bart's?- from kings and queens to caliphate. Links to Anglo-Saxon and Viking England studied in year 3 and 5. What do you remember and how is this similar or different to the Islamic Empire?	Links to Previous Learning: WW2 fro Year 6 autumn term- children look at the need to re-build post WW2. Migration- children recall that migration has been a key part of history, from hunter gatherer to modern day.

Links to Future Learning:

- All learning of substantive concepts link to those taught in high school through studies of various eras or periods of time.
- The teaching of disciplinary concepts links to the skills pupils will use through their journey into KS3, KS4 and beyond
- The teaching of disciplinary concepts links to the historiography studies that pupils will do when studying historians and their opinions based on evidence from primary and secondary sources.