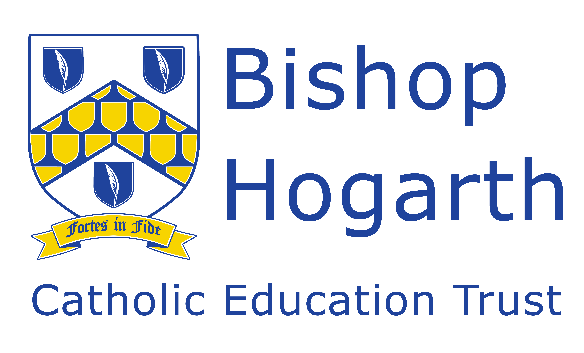
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**Student Behaviour and Discipline Policy**

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| **Document Management:**  Date Policy Approved: September 2022  Date reviewed:  Next Review Date: September 2025  Version: 3  Approving Body: Local Governing Committee |

**Statement of intent**

The schoolbelieves that, in order to facilitate teaching and learning, acceptable behaviour must be demonstrated in all aspects of school life including our own personal behaviours.

# **“Let the peace of Christ rule in your hearts, remembering that as members of the same body you are called to live in harmony, and never forget to be thankful for what God has done for you”.**

(Colossians 3:15-16)

**Our Values:**

• **BEING** just and compassionate

• **DEVELOPNG** confidence and resilience in our students

• **SHOWING** respect for every person

• **CREATING** a community where we accept responsibility for ourselves and for others

• **BEING** honest and developing a culture of self–belief and value

Staff should demonstrate their own adherence to our underlying values by the way they promote good behaviour and in their responses to students. In exercising their professional duties, staff should be honest, fair and just. Setting a good example will result in students feeling happy, secure, wanted and valued. The policy aims to:

* promote good behaviour, self-discipline and respect through a consistent approach
* prevent bullying – see Anti-Harassment and Bullying Policy
* ensure that students complete assigned work
* shape character and promote virtues
* regulate, as appropriate, the conduct of pupils
* keep children safe - see Safeguarding Policy

The school is committed to:

* Children having a right to attend school in safety and to learn without disruption.
* Teachers have a right to work in an environment that allows them to use their skills to the full for the benefit of all their students. The quality of learning, teaching and behaviour are inseparable issues and are the responsibility of all staff.
* Students being disrespectful should never be tolerated; students should show respect to staff at all times and in turn, staff should be sensitive to the needs of students. In keeping with the ethos of the school, it is expected that all **staff and students are courteous and respectful at all times.**
* Recognitions and awards are more effective than punishment in motivating students. Good behaviour and achievement must be recognised – see the Recognising and Rewarding Good Behaviour section.
* Challenging and disciplining misbehaviour.
* Discipline should be constructive in nature and staff attitudes must be consistent.
* Discipline works best when enforced immediately. Standards must be met and appropriate referrals made. A clear and consistent code of conduct is necessary for all students and should ensure that the small minority of disruptors are aware of the rules/expectations and sanctions that can be imposed.
* Parental engagement is crucial and the support of parents essential for the maintenance of good behaviour.
* Students with behavioural issues will be supported through the pastoral system
* The school acknowledges its legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, in respect of safeguarding and in respect of pupils with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities.
* Promoting self-esteem, self-discipline, proper regard for authority, and positive relationships based on mutual respect.
* Ensuring equality and fair treatment for all.
* Praising and rewarding good behaviour.
* Providing a safe environment free from disruption, violence, discrimination, bullying and any form of harassment.

Reasonable and proportionate sanctions will be used where a pupil’s behaviour falls below the standard that is expected, alongside support to prevent recurring misbehaviour.

The school acknowledges that behaviour can sometimes be the result of educational needs, mental health issues, or other needs or vulnerabilities, and will address these needs via an individualised graduated response.

To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to social, emotional or mental health, the school aims to create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient. The school aims to promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:

* **Culture, ethos and environment** – the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
* **Teaching** – the curriculum is used to develop pupils’ knowledge about health and wellbeing
* **Community engagement** – the school proactively engages with parents, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils’ health and wellbeing

**Legal Framework and Guidance:**

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

* Education Act 1996
* Education Act 2002
* Equality Act 2010
* Education and Inspections Act 2006
* Health Act 2006
* Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
* The School Information (England) Regulations 2008
* DfE (2013) Alternative Provision: Statutory guidance for local authorities, headteachers and governing bodies
* DfE (2022) ‘Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff’
* DfE (2022) ‘Keeping children safe in education 2022’
* DfE (2021) ‘Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges’
* DfE (2018) ‘Mental health and behaviour in schools’
* DfE (2015) ‘Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years’
* DfE (2013) ‘Use of reasonable force’
* DfE (2022) ‘Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools’
* DfE (2022) ‘Suspension & Permanent Exclusion Guidance’

**Associated Policies and/or reference documents**

* Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
* Anti-Harassment and Bullying Policy
* SEND Policy
* Uniform Policy
* Acceptable Use Policy
* On-line Safety Policy
* Physical Intervention Policy
* Emotional Heath & Well-being Policy
* Home School Agreement

**Roles and responsibilities**

The Local Governing Committee is responsible for:

* Approving and monitoring this behaviour policy’s effectiveness and holding the Headteacher to account for its implementation.
* Promoting a whole-school culture of good behaviour
* Handling complaints regarding this policy, as outlined in the school’s Complaints Policy.
* Ensuring this policy is published on the school website.

The Headteacher is responsible for:

* Ensuring that the school environment encourages positive behaviour and that staff deal effectively with poor behaviour.
* Monitoring how staff implement this policy to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently.
* Establishing high expectations of pupils’ conduct and behaviour, and implementing measures to achieve this.
* Determining the school rules and any disciplinary sanctions for breaking the rules.
* Communicating this policy to staff, parents and pupils at regular intervals.
* Ensuring that staff have adequate training including at induction.
* Reporting to the Local Governing Committee on the implementation of this policy, including its effectiveness.

Staff are responsible for:

* Implementing the behaviour policy consistently.
* Communicating the school expectations, routines, values and standards both explicitly through teaching behaviour and in every interaction with pupils.
* Not tolerating disruption and taking proportionate action to restore acceptable standards of behaviour.
* Modelling positive behaviour and positive relationships, demonstrating good habits.
* Providing a personalised approach to the specific behavioural needs of particular pupils.
* Recording behaviour incidents.
* Keeping the relevant staff including the Headteacher, SENCO and Pastoral Support Lead up-to-date with any changes in behaviour.
* As authorised by the Headteacher, sanctioning pupils who display poor levels of behaviour.
* The Pastoral Team will support staff, monitor behaviour and liaise with parents.
* The Senior Leadership Team will support staff in responding to behaviour incidents.

Pupils are responsible for:

* Adhering to behaviour standards and expectations.
* Their own behaviour both inside school and out in the wider community.
* Reporting any unacceptable behaviour to a member of staff.

Parents are expected to:

* Support their child in adhering to the student conduct and behaviour expectations.
* Inform the school of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child’s behaviour.
* Discuss any behavioural concerns with relevant staff promptly.
* Be aware of the Home School Agreement.
* Support staff to ensure a consistent approach.

**Definitions**

Whilst not an exhaustive list, for the purpose of this policy, the school defines **‘unacceptable behaviour**” as any behaviour which may cause harm to oneself or others, disrupts learning, damages the reputation of the school within the wider community, and/or any illegal behaviour, including, but not limited to, the following:

* Discrimination – not giving equal respect to an individual on the basis of disability, gender, race, religion, age, sexuality and/or marital status
* Harassment – behaviour towards others which is unwanted, offensive and affects the dignity of the individual or group of individuals, including racist, sexist and homophobic behaviour
* Vexatious behaviour – deliberately acting in a manner to cause annoyance or irritation
* Bullying – a type of harassment which involves criticism, personal abuse, an insidious or persistent action which humiliates, intimidates, frightens or demeans the individual being bullied
* Cyberbullying – the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature
* Possession of legal or illegal drugs, alcohol or tobacco
* Possession of banned items (including but not limited to) knives, fireworks, firecrackers)
* Truancy and running away from school
* Defiance e.g. refusing to comply with instructions and/or disciplinary sanctions
* Theft and vandalism
* Swearing, racist remarks or threatening language
* Fighting or aggression
* Persistently poor and/or disruptive /disobedient behaviour
* Smoking/Vaping
* Lateness to registration and class
* Low level disruption and talking in class
* Failure to complete classwork
* Rudeness
* Lack of correct equipment
* Refusing to complete homework, incomplete homework, or arriving at school without homework
* Disruption on public transport
* Use of mobile phones/ear phones without permission
* Graffiti/vandalism/chewing gum or deliberate damage to property
* Failure to comply with the uniform policy (including jewellery/make-up/false nails, trainers etc – see uniform policy)

# **Sexual abuse and discrimination**

The school prohibits all forms of sexual discrimination including sexual harassment, gender-based bullying and sexual violence. The school’s procedures for handling peer-on-peer sexual abuse and discrimination are detailed in the Safeguarding Children / Child Protection Policy.

Types of conduct that are prohibited in the school and may constitute sexual harassment under this policy include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Unwelcome sexual flirtations or propositions, invitations or requests for sexual activity
* Sexual comments, such as making lewd comments or sexual remarks about clothing and appearance, and calling someone sexualised names
* Sexual “jokes” or taunting, threats, verbal abuse, derogatory comments or sexually degrading descriptions
* Unwelcome communication that is sexually suggestive, degrading or implies sexual intentions, including written, verbal, online etc.
* Physical behaviour, such as deliberately brushing against, grabbing, massaging or stroking an individual’s body
* Taking, displaying, or pressuring individuals into taking photos of a sexual nature
* Exposing, or causing exposure of, underclothing, genitalia, or other body parts that are normally covered by an individual, through means including, but not limited to, mooning, streaking, “upskirting”, “down blousing”, or flashing
* Purposefully cornering or hindering an individual’s normal movements
* Engaging in the improper use of school-owned devices and the internet including, but not limited to, the following:
* Accessing, downloading or uploading pornography
* Sharing pornography via the internet, email or mobile phones
* Creating or maintaining websites with sexual content
* Participating in sexual discussions through email, chat rooms, instant messaging, social media, mobile phone or tablet apps, or any other form of electronic communication

Punishments for incidents of sexual harassment will be determined based on the nature of the case, the ages of those involved and any previously related incidents.

The School will address the effects of harassment and will signpost counselling/support services if the harassment has affected performance or well-being.

At St. Bede’s Catholic Academy, we recognise that inappropriate behaviour and bullying will arise. We accept that this is normal when children are learning and testing the boundaries of acceptable behaviour. However, we assert that children have a right to learn and that teachers have a right to teach. No-one should be prevented from learning by the poor behaviour of others.

**Bullying**

At St Bede’s we use the definition:

‘Behaviour by an individual or group, usually repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another

individual or group either physically or emotionally’

**This can take the form of:**

• Fighting, pushing and shoving

• Name calling, teasing, and unacceptable language

• Homophobic language

• Spreading rumours

• Rude gesturing

• Making threats, asking for money

• Damaging, taking, hiding people’s belongings

• Putting people down, sneering,

• Ignoring or excluding people from groups/activities

• Writing notes, graffiti about people

• Picking on people because of their race, sex, appearance

• Invading someone’s personal space

• Making fun of people

• Making unwanted phone calls

• Sending unwanted letters

• Cyber-bullying, e.g. sending nasty or threatening texts or e-mails, phone call bullying via mobile phone, picture/video clip bullying, chat-room bullying, bullying through Instant Messaging (IM) and bullying via websites.

We consider any form of bullying to be unacceptable and support the right of every member of the

school community to feel safe from bullying or harassment.

We will act to prevent, de-escalate and/or stop any continuation of harmful behaviour.

We will react to bullying incidents in a reasonable, proportionate and consistent way. This will

safeguard the pupil who has experienced bullying and will trigger sources of support for both the

pupil and the perpetrators.

All incidents of alleged bullying must be reported to the Head or deputy and formally recorded in the

bullying incidents book. This includes details of any further action of all incidents and follow-up

action.

We require parents not to encourage retaliation.

We recognise that one size does not fit all and will consider the circumstances and

person(s) involved in determining next steps.

We will counsel children who display bullying behaviour to rebuild relationships.

We will apply disciplinary sanctions to the pupil causing the bullying and ensure they learn from the

experience, possibly through multiagency support.

We will deal firmly with repeat offenders. Consequences may include parent interviews, referral to

other agencies, and suspension from year group for short period of time or fixed or permanent exclusion.

**Student conduct and behaviour expectations**

The school has an established a set of clear, comprehensive and enforceable rules which define what is acceptable behaviour and what the consequences are if rules are not adhered to. Attention is given to how rules are worded, such as the use of positive language rather than negative, e.g. “act respectfully towards your peers and teachers”, rather than “do not act disrespectfully towards your peers and teachers”.

The school also has an established set of classroom routines to help pupils work well, in the understanding that behavioural problems can arise due to the lack of a consistent routine. This includes teachers ensuring that before lessons begin, they have the full attention of all pupils, then explaining the task clearly so all pupils understand what they are supposed to be doing.

The Headteacher ensures all teachers understand classroom rules and routines and how to enforce them, including any sanctions for not following the rules.

Teachers support pupils to understand and follow classroom rules and routines. Teachers inform pupils of classroom rules and routines at the beginning of the academic year and revisit these daily. Where appropriate, teachers explain the rationale behind the rules and routines to help pupils understand why they are needed, and will model rules and routines to ensure pupils understand them. Teachers also explain clearly to pupils what will happen if they breach any classroom rules to ensure pupils are aware of the sanctions that may be imposed.

**At St Bede’s we believe that:**

1. We have the right to be treated with respect by all people irrespective of age, gender,

colour, status, disability or sexual orientation. *We have the responsibility to respect all others*

*within our community.*

2. We have the right to feel safe in and around school. *We have the responsibility to ensure the*

*safety of all people by behaving in a reasonable manner in and around school.*

*3.* We have the right to an education and to learn according to our ability. *We have the*

*responsibility not to ridicule others for the way in which they learn, or disturb the learning of*

*others.*

4. We have the right to express our opinions and to be heard. *We have the responsibility to*

*allow others to express their opinions and to be heard.*

5. We have the right to expect that our possessions will be secure in and around school. *We*

*have the responsibility not to steal or mistreat the possessions of others and school property*

*and to report any theft or mistreatment that we see.*

6. We have the right to choose friends. *We have the responsibility not to force our friendship*

*upon others or to abuse the friendship.*

7. We have the right to learn and play in safety and without interference. *We have the*

*responsibility not to disrupt, or endanger, the play of others.*

*8.* We have the right not to be bullied. *We have the responsibility not to bully and report any*

*bullying we see.*

**St Bede’s code of Behaviour**

**We expect children and adults will:**

* **listen to each other**
* **care for all people and treat them with respect and politeness**
* **disagree without losing their tempers**
* **care for their surroundings and other peoples’ property or belongings**
* **ensure that other people are not harmed or upset by their actions**
* **respect other peoples’ views**

**In the classroom we expect children will:**

* **Follow instructions first time**
* **Move around the classroom purposefully and appropriately**
* **Keep hands, feet, objects and personal comments to themselves**
* **not shout and raise voices in anger**
* **Be polite, truthful and well-mannered**

**In the playground we expect children will:**

* **respect the right of other children to play without interference**
* **resolve differences of opinion without resorting to physical violence**
* **look after property of the school and other children**
* **line up quickly and quietly when requested**
* **Enter and leave the playground in a calm and safe manner**
* **Move around school quietly and calmly**

In the dining room we expect children will:

* Line up quickly and quietly when requested
* To follow the instructions of lunchtime supervisors
* Not put themselves or others at risk by their actions
* Speak to lunch time assistants with respect and courtesy
* Behave politely when eating lunch and show good table manners

**Behaviour out of school premises**

**St Bede’s is committed to ensuring our students act as positive ambassadors. The same behaviour expectations for students on school premises apply to off-site behaviour. Therefore, we expect the following:**

**• Good order on all transport (including public transport) to and from school during educational visits**

**• Positive behaviour which does not threaten the health, safety or welfare of our pupils, staff, volunteers or members of the public.**

**• Reassurance to members of the public about school care and control over pupils in order to protect the reputation of the school.**

**Incidents off-site**

Under the Education and Inspections Act (2006), the school has the right to exercise discipline beyond the school premises. This includes misbehaviour:

* on activities arranged by the school such as work experience, educational and sporting events
* on the way to and from school (including on the buses)
* when wearing the school uniform in a public place or they are in any way identifiable as a student of the school
* which could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
* poses a threat to another student or member of the public
* which could adversely affect the reputation of the school

In response to poor behaviour or bullying which occurs off site, witnessed by a staff member or reported to the school, the school will investigate the incident, communicate with parents and discipline students accordingly.

The school will impose the same sanctions for bullying incidents and non-criminal misbehaviour witnessed or reported outside of the school premises as would be imposed for the same behaviour conducted on school premises. In all cases of unacceptable behaviour outside of the school premises, staff will only impose sanctions once the pupil has returned to the school premises or when under the supervision of a member of staff.

**Incidents involving technology** (e.g. mobile phones/chat rooms/internet sites)

Mobile phones must not be used inside the building by children. If a student is seen using his/her phone inside, without direct permission from a member of staff, the phone will be confiscated and should be collected at the end of the School day. Regarding any suspicions relating to illegal content or sexual imagery, the phone will be confiscated and may be handed over to the police for investigation. Children are asked to hand any, mobile phone into an appropriate adult and they will be stored in a secure place and returned to the child at the end of the day

The use of defamatory or intimidating messages/images inside or outside of St Bede’s Catholic Academy will not be tolerated. Disciplinary sanctions will be applied to perpetrators. As per our Acceptable Use Policy in relation to the use of technology, still pictures or video being taken on site is prohibited unless under the direction of a member of staff.

**Disciplinary action against students found to have made malicious accusations against staff and other adults working in St Bedes Catholic Academy**

In order to fulfil its commitment to the welfare of children, this School has a procedure for dealing with allegations of abuse against members of staff and volunteers.

The procedure aims to ensure that all allegations are dealt with fairly, consistently and quickly and in a way that provides protection for the child, whilst supporting the person who is the subject of the allegation.

If a member of staff does not wish to report an allegation directly, or they have a general concern about malpractice within the school, reference can also be made to the Whistleblowing Policy.

The procedure complies with the framework for managing cases of allegations of abuse against people who work with children, as set out in the Safeguarding/Child Protection Policy.

In the event that an allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the Headteacher will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the pupil who made it, or, if appropriate, the police will be asked to consider whether any action might be appropriate against the person responsible, including situations where the individual concerned was not a pupil. Such cases may be dealt with under the Protection from Harassment Act 1997.

The disciplinary action taken against a pupil might include fixed term or permanent exclusion. Whatever action is taken will be discussed with the parent / carers of the pupil concerned at an early stage and made in consultation and agreement with the Local Governing Committee and Directors of Bishop Hogarth Catholic Education Trust.

Any student found to have made malicious accusations against staff may be considered for a permanent exclusion. Any cases which arise will be investigated thoroughly and will be treated on an individual case basis.

Staff accused of misconduct will receive appropriate pastoral support.

**Recognising and rewarding good behaviour**

The school recognises that praise is key to making pupils feel valued and ensuring that their work and efforts are celebrated. When giving praise, teachers ensure:

* They define the behaviour that is being rewarded.
* The praise is given immediately following the desired behaviour.
* The way in which the praise is given is varied.
* Praise is related to effort, rather than only to work produced.
* Perseverance and independence are encouraged.
* Praise is only given when a pupil’s efforts, work or behaviour need to be recognised, rather than continuously without reason.
* The praise given is always sincere and is not followed with immediate criticism.

Whilst it is important to receive praise from teachers, the school understands that peer praise is also effective for creating a positive, fun and supportive environment. Teachers encourage pupils to praise one another, and praise another pupil to the teacher, if they see them modelling good behaviour.

As with praise, the school understands that providing rewards after certain behaviour means that pupils are more likely to model the same behaviour again. For rewards to be effective, the school recognises that they need to be:

* **Immediate** – immediately rewarded following good behaviour.
* **Consistent** – consistently rewarded to maintain the behaviour.
* **Achievable** – keeping rewards achievable to maintain attention and motivation.
* **Fair** – making sure all pupils are fairly rewarded.

**‘Catching them being good’**

Praise is a much more powerful tool than sanctions and is much more in keeping with the ethos of the school. Therefore, frequent use of encouraging language and gestures, both in lessons and around the school is to be encouraged so that positive behaviour is instantly recognised and positively rewarded.

Our school wide character traits of honesty, respect, resilience, responsibility,

self-belief, confidence, justice and compassion underpin everything we do.

Class teachers develop a good relationship with their pupils and often a word of praise and their teacher’s approval is the best reward for a pupil. However, the following rewards are used to encourage and motivate children.

• Stickers/team points given by the class teacher for good work or effort.

• Raffle tickets for good behaviour which are placed in a weekly class draw.

• Visiting another teacher, or the deputy or Head of School to show good work

• Star of The Week, Star Mathematician or Star Writer selected from each class and

congratulated in Friday assembly.

• Character trait certificate which will lead to a special emblem to wear on their uniform once consistent evidence of each trait is demonstrated in all aspects of school life. This is considered the “ultimate” and most sought-after accolade.

• Children who stay on the green traffic light for half a term will be given an extra playtime.

• Termly assembly to celebrate ‘Good Work’ and ‘Good Behaviour’ with parents.

• Headteachers weekly trophy.

• Breakfast and lunchtime certificates to reward good manners, playground behaviour etc.

• End of year prize giving.

• Class Dojos informing parents instantly of good behaviour and achievements whilst at school.

In addition to this, children on a specific behaviour plans may be given stickers on a chart which records improving behaviour and is shared between home and school. Home school books may be established to ensure regular commination between home and school. These are meant to positive in nature and should not be used a log of naught incident at home or school.

We recognise the effort a child has made to improve his/her behaviour and do our best to support children and their families. However, in planning to meet the needs of an individual child, we also have to consider the effect on the whole school community of continued and serious misbehaviour. Parents of children who display difficulties with their behaviour are expected to support the school

fully, and to make clear to their child what sort of behaviour is expected at school.

**Sanctions and interventions**

**Systems and procedures**

It is important that all staff ensure that standards are maintained and are **consistent**. Instances of misbehaviour must be dealt with by the teacher present at the time of the incident and should take into consideration the context of the incident and the circumstances of the child. Where examples are mentioned, it is important to remember that they are not exhaustive lists.

**Attention Strategies.**

At St Bede's Catholic Academy, we believe that effective communication is essential for a positive learning environment. To ensure that all pupils are engaged and ready to listen, we implement the following attention strategies during instructions:

1. **Team Stop Signal**: When the teacher raises their hand and says “Team stop,” all pupils are expected to immediately stop what they are doing and focus on the teacher.
2. **Silent Waiting**: The teacher will wait for up to 10 seconds to allow pupils to settle and direct their attention.
3. **Mirroring Action**: Pupils will mirror the teacher’s hand action to reinforce the expectation of attention.
4. **Expectation of Silence**: During this time, pupils are expected to remain silent, with their eyes on the teacher.
5. **Scanning for Attention**: The teacher will scan the room to ensure all pupils have their hands free and are ready to listen.
6. **Folding Arms**: The teacher will fold their arms, and pupils will copy this action while remaining silent.
7. **Active Listening Reminder**: The teacher will then prompt pupils by saying, *“Active listening, please”* followed by a brief reminder of what active listening looks like if needed:
   1. **Eyes on the Speaker**: Pupils should look at the teacher or speaker.
   2. **Still Hands and Feet**: Pupils should keep their hands and feet still.
   3. **Think Before You Speak**: Pupils should take a moment to consider their responses.
   4. **Ask Relevant Questions**: Pupils are encouraged to ask questions that relate to the discussion.

**Outdoors**

At the end of outdoor periods the adult on duty will blow a **loud long whistle**. This is the signal for children to stop what they are doing, pick up any equipment they are using and stand still. When the second **long whistle** is blown, the children are asked to return to their lines class by class. Any children running or misbehaving will be sent back to their original position. Class teachers/TAs will promptly meet their class at the correct time to ensure children are not waiting in line and they are accompanied into school. The adults will remain in the corridors to help children move swiftly and calmly into the classroom at the end of a break.

**Lining up expectations:**

The children will line up one child behind the other, standing still. Children will have low voices. They will not overtake others in line. They do not run to their lines.

**Sanctions** are more likely to promote positive behaviour if the students see them as fair. Staff should be clear, therefore, that they:

* are dealing with the behaviour and not stigmatising the students
* impose sanctions fairly and consistently
* use sanctions to help the student and others to learn from mistakes and recognise how they can improve their behaviour
* attempt to link the concept of sanctions to the concept of choice, so that the students see the connection between their own behaviour and its impact on themselves and others and so increasingly take responsibility for their own behaviour (self-regulation)
* avoid whole group sanctions that punish the innocent as well as the guiltily
* never issue a sanction which is humiliating or degrading or involves corporal punishment

The school will consider the imposing of sanctions on an individual case basis, will always act **lawfully, reasonably and proportionately in relation to the misbehaviour identified, the students’ age and any specific SEND or religious requirements** and, whilst not an exhaustive list, will draw from a range of strategies including:

**The Sanctions Code at St Bede’s Catholic Academy**

1. Verbal Warning

2. Second Verbal Warning

3. Child’s name will be placed on the amber traffic light

4. Further misbehaviour will result in child’s name being moved to the red traffic light. After a follow-up discussion this may result in loss of part/all of play time or golden time (depending on severity of incident). Children lose a minimum of 5 minutes of Golden time every time they are placed on the red traffic light. Where there are repeated occurrences of lost Golden time parents will be informed.

5. All incidents of fighting or rudeness, assault on a child will be treated as in point 4. 6. If appropriate, a pupil will be sent to another class to complete work.

7. In severe cases pupils will be referred to a senior member of staff. A discussion with parents will take place.

8. All children start each school day on a green traffic light

9. If a child is continually place on amber, the class teacher will contact the parents to discuss the low-level disruptive behaviour of their child.

If there is repeated bad behaviour, the child will again be sent to the head or deputy. Parents will be invited into school and a behaviour plan will be written outlining clear expectations and consequences for failing to comply with the plan. A copy of the plan will be sent to the parents.

* + Whether the detention is likely to put the pupil at increased risk.
  + Whether the pupil has known caring responsibilities
  + Whether the detention timing conflicts with a medical appointment
  + Whether the parents ought to be informed of the detention – in most cases it will be necessary to do so, but it may not be if the detention is for a short period after school and the pupil is able to return home safely.
  + Whether suitable travel arrangements can reasonably be made by the parent for the pupil; it does not matter whether these transport arrangements are inconvenient for the parent.
* **Internal exclusion/isolation -** In many instances internal exclusion is more appropriate than a fixed-period exclusion. If a student is on internal exclusion, it will be for a limited period only (as defined by the school) and appropriate work will be set. The School will ensure that students are kept in isolation no longer than is necessary and that their time will be used constructively.Internal exclusion is principally used as a sanction for disruptive, defiant behaviour and truanting.
* **A fixed period exclusion (**note: students excluded from School for more than 5 days will receive full-time education elsewhere from the sixth day)
* **Permanent exclusion –** see also DfE guidance [Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement July 2022](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1089688/Suspension_and_Permanent_Exclusion_guidance_July_2022.pdf)

Permanent exclusions will be considered for:

* Physical assault (against a pupil or adult) including fighting, violent behaviour, wounding, obstruction and jostling)
* Verbal abuse/threatening behaviour (against a pupil or adult) including threatening violence, aggressive behaviour, swearing, homophobic abuse and harassment, verbal intimidation, carrying an offensive weapon
* Serious bullying including verbal, physical, cyber/online, homophobic, racist, peer on peer
* Racist abuse including racist taunting, derogatory racist statements, swearing that can be attributed to racist characteristics, racist bullying, racist graffiti
* Sexual misconduct including sexual abuse, sexual assault, sexual harassment
* Drug and alcohol related incidents including possession of illegal drugs, inappropriate use of prescribed drugs, drug dealing
* Deliberate damage including to school or personal property belonging to any member of the school community, vandalism, arson, graffiti
* Theft including stealing school property, personal property, from local shops or on a school visit, selling and dealing in stolen property
* Carrying an offensive weapon
* Persistent disruptive behaviour including repeated challenging behaviour, defiance, persistent violation of school rules, truancy
* One-off serious incidents not covered by the categories above.

**Preventative measures to school exclusion**

**Off-site direction**

An off-site direction is when the school requires a pupil to attend another education setting to improve their behaviour where previous interventions or targeted support have not been successful in improving a pupil’s behaviour. An off-site direction should be used to arrange time-limited placements at an Alternative Provision (AP) or another mainstream school. During the off-site direction to another school, pupils must be dual registered.

Depending on the individual needs and circumstances of the pupil, off-site direction into AP can be full-time or a combination of part-time support in AP and continued mainstream education. A proposed maximum period of time should be discussed and agreed upon as part of the planning phase for an off-site direction. As part of planning, alternative options should be considered once the time limit has been reached, including a managed move on a permanent basis (if a pupil is in a mainstream school) upon review of the time-limited placement. The school will have regard to the following guidance when making an off-site direction: [Alternative Provision: Statutory guidance for local authorities, headteachers and governing bodies](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/942014/alternative_provision_statutory_guidance_accessible.pdf).

**Managed moves**

A managed move is used to initiate a process which leads to the transfer of a pupil to another mainstream school permanently. Managed moves should be voluntary and agreed with all parties involved, including the parents and the admission authority of the new school If a temporary move needs to occur to improve a pupil’s behaviour, then off-site direction (as described in 35 to 46) should be used. Managed moves should only occur when it is in the pupil’s best interests.

Where a pupil has an EHC plan, the relevant statutory duties on the new school and local authority will apply. If the school is contemplating a managed move, we will contact the authority prior to the managed move. If the local authority, both schools and parents agree that there should be a managed move, the local authority will follow the statutory procedures for amending a plan.

Managed moves will only be offered as part of a planned intervention where appropriate initial intervention had been carried out, including, where relevant, multi-agency support, or any statutory assessments were done or explored prior to a managed move.

The managed move will be preceded by information sharing between with the new school, including data on prior and current attainment, academic potential, a risk assessment and advice on effective risk management strategies. It is also important for the new school to ensure that the pupil is provided with an effective integration strategy.

**Reintegration**

The school will ensure that pupils are appropriately reintegrated following their removal from the classroom, time spent in a pupil support unit, in another setting under off-site direction or following suspension. This may involve reintegration meetings between the school, pupils, parents and, if relevant, other agencies. The school will consider what support is needed to help the pupil return to mainstream education and meet the expected standards of behaviour.

**Searching, Screening and Confiscation**

The School reserves its right to confiscate, retain or dispose of a student’s propertyi.e. an item which poses a threat to others/an item which poses a threat to good order for learning/an item against the College’s uniform rules/an item which poses a health or safety threat/illegal items. It also has the power to search without consent for where it has reasonable grounds for suspecting that the student may have a prohibited item items including (not an exhaustive list):

* Knives and weapons
* Alcohol
* Illegal drugs
* Stolen items
* Tobacco and cigarette papers
* Fireworks
* Pornographic images
* Any article that has been or is likely to be used to commit and offence, caused personal injury or damage to property
* Any item banned by college rules such as chewing gum, aerosol sprays, e-cigarettes, energy drinks.
* Mobile phone or electronic device
* Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used:
  + To commit an offence; or
  + To cause personal injury to any person, including the pupil themselves; or
  + To damage the property of any person, including the pupil themselves.

Any search of a student will comply with DfE advice: [Searching, Screening and Confiscation guidance July 2022.](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1091132/Searching__Screening_and_Confiscation_guidance_July_2022.pdf) This advice provides advice on the use strip searches on school premises by the police.

Records of confiscated items and searches for a prohibited item will be kept. All confiscated items will be stored safely and returned to the student and or parent as appropriate – normally at the end of the school day. However, illegal items will be handed over to the police. Staff cannot be held liable for the loss of confiscated items. Records of searches will include:

* the date, time and location of the search;
* which pupil was searched;
* who conducted the search and any other adults or pupils present;
* what was being searched for;
* the reason for searching;
* what items, if any, were found; and,
* what follow-up action was taken as a consequence of the search

**Interventions**

A range of initial intervention strategies to help pupils manage their behaviour and reduce the likelihood of more severe sanctions will be used. Support will consider the pupil’s specific needs and may be delivered outside of the classroom, in small groups or in one-to-one activities. A system will be in place to ensure relevant members of the SLT and pastoral staff are aware of any pupil that is:

* Persistently misbehaving
* Not improving their behaviour following low-level sanctions
* Displaying a sudden change in behaviour from previous patterns of behaviour

Examples of initial Interventions to help get a student back on track include but are not limited to the following:

* Behaviour plans
* Restorative approaches
* Named member of staff as point of contact
* Home/school book
* Graduated responses (e.g. reduced/personalised timetable)
* One to one mentoring and coaching sessions (e.g. with well-being co-ordinator)
* Engaging with parents
* Nurture groups
* Calming and regulating therapy through children’s occupational health
* Therapeutic counselling sessions.

Where the pupil has SEND, an assessment of whether appropriate provision is in place to support the pupil, and if the pupil has an EHC plan, contact with the LA to consider a review of the plan

A multi-agency assessment, such an early help assessment, that goes beyond a pupil’s education will be considered where serious concerns about a pupil’s behaviour exist.

**Removal from the classroom**

The school may decide to remove pupils from the classroom for a limited period, at the instruction of a member of staff. The pupil will be moved to a room that is:

* In an appropriate area of the school
* Stocked with appropriate resources
* Suitable to learn and refocus
* Supervised by trained members of staff

The school will only remove pupils from the classroom where absolutely necessary and for the following reasons:

* To maintain the safety/welfare and education of all pupils and restore stability following an unreasonably high level of disruption or unacceptable behaviour.
* To enable disruptive pupils to be taken to a place where education can continue in a managed environment
* To allow the pupil to regain calm in a safe space

The school will ensure that pupils’ health and safety is not compromised during their time away from the classroom, and that any additional requirements, such as SEND needs, are met.

The amount of time that a pupil spends removed from the classroom will be up to the school to decide. This could be for more than one school day. The school will ensure that the pupil is not removed from the classroom for any longer than necessary.

The staff member in charge and supervising the pupil will decide what the pupil may and may not do during their time spent removed from the classroom. The Headteacher will request that the pupil’s class teachers set them appropriate work to complete.

The Headteacher will establish a clear process for the reintegration of a pupil who has been removed from the classroom when it is deemed appropriate and safe for them to return. Consideration will be given to what support is needed to help the pupil return and meet the expected standards of behaviour. Reintegration meetings will be held between the school, pupil and their parents, and other agencies if relevant, where necessary.

Pupils are permitted to eat during the allocated times of the school day and may use the toilet as required.

**Recording**

Incidents of a serious nature should be recorded in CPOMS with details of the incident and any actions taken or interventions put in place. Details of impact should be attached as/when appropriate – see **Appendix 1.**

**Effective Classroom Management**

Well-managed classrooms are paramount to preventing disruptive and unacceptable behaviour. The school understands that effective classroom management allows staff to:

* Start the year with clear sets of rules and routines that are understood by all pupils.
* Establish agreed rewards and positive reinforcements.
* Establish sanctions for misbehaviour.
* Establish clear responses for handling behavioural problems.
* Encourage respect and development of positive relationships.
* Make effective use of the physical space available.
* Have well-planned lessons with a range of activities to keep pupils stimulated.

Teachers should maintain high standards at all times and should impose sanctions when students fail to adhere to these standards.

Behaviour management will be a regular feature of teacher training especially for new, inexperienced or struggling staff.

**Classroom Environment**

The school understands that a well-structured classroom environment is paramount to preventing poor behaviour. This includes the teacher positioning themselves effectively within the classroom, e.g. wherever possible, teachers avoid standing with their backs to pupils and ensure they have full view of the room at all times.

Teachers employ strategic seating arrangements to prevent poor behaviour and enable it to be noticed early, such as:

* Seating those who frequently model poor behaviour closest to, and facing, the teacher.
* Seating those who frequently model poor behaviour away from each other.
* Ensuring the teacher can see pupils’ faces, that pupils can see one another, and that they can see the board.
* Ensuring the teacher can move around the room so that behaviour can be monitored effectively.

**Behaviour curriculum**

Positive behaviour will be taught to all pupils as part of the behaviour curriculum, in order to enable them to understand what behaviour is expected and encouraged and what is unacceptable. Positive reinforcement will be used by staff where expectations are met to acknowledge good behaviour and encourage repetition. The behaviour curriculum will focus on defining positive behaviour and making it clear what this looks like, including the key habits and routines required by the school, e.g. lining up quietly outside the classroom before a lesson.

Routine will be used to teach and reinforce the expected behaviours of all pupils. Appropriate and reasonable adjustments to routines for pupils with additional needs, e.g. SEND, will be made. Consistent and clear language will be used when acknowledging positive behaviour and addressing misbehaviour.

**Punctuality**

Students who are regularly arrive late for registration should be monitored. If a student continues to arrive late he/she should be referred to the attendance officer or Headteacher who should request a telephone call home/ referral to Early Help/ letter home to parents - see also Attendance Policy.

**Dress code**

Students must be challenged by all members of staff if they fail to comply with uniform regulations (including length of skirts/make-up/appropriate footwear/jewellery) and sanctions imposed on repeated offenders – see also Uniform Policy

**Homework**

Homework is compulsory; failure to hand in work on time without a reasonable explanation must result in a sanction being imposed.

**Staff Training, Induction and Support**

As part of their continuing professional development teaching staff will receive regular updates and/or training on behaviour management and expectations. Newly qualified or newly appointed staff to the School will receive training at the point of induction. In addition, nominated staff will receive specialist training in physical restraint. Support for staff to improve their practice can be requested as and when needed.

**Pupil Support & Dealing with Underlying Issues**

The school recognises its legal duty under the Equality Act 2010 to prevent pupils with a protected characteristic from being at a disadvantage. Consequently, our approach to challenging behaviour may be differentiated to cater to the needs of the pupil.

The school’s Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator will evaluate a pupil who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met.

Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs.

When acute needs are identified in a pupil, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that child. We will work with parents to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

**Preventative measures for pupils with SEND**

Behaviour will always be considered in relation to a pupil’s SEND. Where a pupil is identified as having SEND, the graduated approach will be used to assess, plan, deliver and review the impact of support being provided.

The school will aim to anticipate likely triggers of misbehaviour and put in place support to prevent these, considering the specific circumstances and requirements of the pupil concerned. Measures the school will implement where appropriate include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Short, planned movement breaks for a pupil whose SEND means they find it difficult to sit still for long
* Ensuring a pupil with visual or hearing impairment is seated in sight of the teacher
* Adjusting uniform requirements for a pupil with sensory issues or relevant medical condition
* Training for staff in understanding autism and other conditions

St Bedes has a “non-negotiables” teacher expectation sheet that all teachers will follow as a guide to best supporting SEND pupils.

**De-escalation strategies**

Where negative behaviour is present, staff members will implement de-escalation strategies to diffuse the situation. This includes:

* Appearing calm and using a modulated, low tone of voice
* Using simple, direct language.
* Avoiding being defensive, e.g. if comments or insults are directed at the staff member.
* Providing adequate personal space and not blocking a pupil’s escape route.
* Showing open, accepting body language, e.g. not standing with their arms crossed.
* Reassuring the pupil and creating an outcome goal.
* Identifying any points of agreement to build a rapport.
* Offering the pupil, a face-saving route out of confrontation, e.g. that if they stop the behaviour, then the consequences will be lessened.
* Rephrasing requests made up of negative words with positive phrases, e.g. “if you don’t return to your seat, I won’t help you with your work” becomes “if you return to your seat, I can help you with your work”.

**Use of reasonable force**

Where ‘reasonable force’ is required to prevent a child displaying dangerous behaviour from hurting themselves or others, care will be taken to adhere to DfE ‘Use of Reasonable Force’ (2013) guidance and the Physical Interventions Policy. The school will ensure that staff have safe handling training that complies with this guidance.

Force is usually used either to control or restrain.

**Physical restraint**

In some circumstances, staff may use reasonable force to restrain a pupil to:

* Remove disruptive children from the classroom where they have refused to follow an instruction to do so;
* Prevent a pupil behaving in a way that disrupts a school event or a school trip or visit;
* Prevent a pupil leaving the classroom where allowing the pupil to leave would risk their safety or lead to behaviour that disrupts the behaviour of others;
* Prevent a pupil from attacking a member of staff or another pupil, or to stop a fight in the playground; and
* Restrain a pupil at risk of harming themselves through physical outbursts.

Incidents of physical restraint must:

* Always be used as a last resort
* Be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the minimum amount of time possible
* Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
* Never be used as a form of punishment
* Be recorded and reported to parents

Physical restraint cannot used:

* as a punishment – it is always unlawful to use force as a punishment.
* to enforce the school’s own rules.
* to search for prohibited items, such as weapons and knives, drugs etc unless there is good reason to assume the pupil is carrying such items.
* to prevent a pupil from leaving the classroom if they are not at risk by doing so.

**Control:**

Active physical contact e.g. leading a pupil by the arm out of a classroom

Passive physical contact e.g. standing between pupils or blocking a pupil’s path

**Investigations**

The School will co-operate fully with external agencies such as the Police/Social Services and will liaise with parents as appropriate or within the guidelines of the law and statutory duties outlined by the Government’s Department for Education.

If a serious incident takes place it will be investigated, and statements taken. Such statements can then be viewed and taken into consideration when determining outcomes –

**Managing Behaviour**

Instances of unacceptable behaviour are taken seriously and dealt with immediately. Staff will respond promptly, predictably and with confidence to maintain a calm, safe learning environment. Staff will consider afterwards how to prevent such behaviour from recurring.

The pastoral lead will keep a record of all reported incidents to help identify pupils whose behaviour may indicate potential mental health or safeguarding problems. All staff will be alert to changes in a pupil’s behaviour that could indicate they need help or protection.

Support, such as targeted discussions with pupils, a phone call with parents, and inquiries into circumstances outside of school by the DSL, will be provided alongside the use of sanctions to prevent the misbehaviour recurring. After an initial incident of negative behaviour, the following sanctions will be considered, with staff using their professional judgement and experience to determine what is appropriate and reasonable.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Reason** |  |
| **Physical assault against pupil** *including*   * Fighting * Violent behaviour | * Wounding * Obstruction and jostling |
| **Physical assault against an adult** *including*   * Violent behaviour * Wounding * Obstruction and jostling | |
| **Verbal abuse/threatening behaviour against a pupil** *including*   * Threatening violence * Aggressive behaviour * Swearing * Homophobic abuse and harassment * Verbal intimidation * Carrying an offensive weapon | |
| **Verbal abuse/threatening behaviour against an adult** *including*   * Threatening violence * Aggressive behaviour * Swearing * Homophobic abuse and harassment * Verbal intimidation * Carrying an offensive weapon | |
| **Bullying** including   * Verbal * Physical * Cyber/Online bullying | * Homophobic bullying * Racist bullying * Peer on Peer bullying |
| **Racist abuse** *including*   * Racist taunting and harassment * Derogatory racist statements * Swearing that can be attributed to racist characteristics * Racist bullying * Racist graffiti | |
| **Sexual misconduct** *including*   * Sexual abuse * Sexual assault * Sexual harassment | |
| **Drug and alcohol related** *including*   * Possession of illegal drugs * Inappropriate use of prescribed drugs * Drug dealing | |
| **Damage** *including*   * To school or personal property belonging to any member of school community * Vandalism * Arson * Graffiti | |
| **Theft** *including*   * Stealing school property * Stealing personal property (pupil or adult) * Stealing from local shops on a school outing * Selling and dealing in stolen property | |
| **Persistent disruptive behaviour** *including*   * Challenging behaviour * Disobedience/defiance * Persistent violation of school rules * Repeated truancy | |
| **Other - this category should be used sparingly**   * Serious incidents which are not covered by the categories above | |

**Updated Exclusion Codes:**

* Please note that as of September 1st2020 the DFE have made some changes to the pupil attendance and exclusions regulations in response to COVID-19. Schools should report using the new codes immediately.
* There have been 5 new exclusion categories introduced to describe reasons for exclusion.
* These are as follows:
  + (PH) – to capture the ‘wilful and repeated transgression of protective measures to protect public health’.
  + (MT) to capture the inappropriate use of social media or technology
  + (DS) to capture abuse relating to a disability
  + (LG) – to capture abuse against sexual orientation or gender identity
  + (OW) – to capture the use or threat of use of an offensive weapon or prohibited item
* In addition to the new codes the previous code of (OT) – to capture “other” reasons has now been removed and should not be used.
* All other previous codes remain unchanged.
* Please note, where previously, only one reason per exclusion was recorded (no matter how many a school listed on their return), now, up to 3 reasons can be recorded for each exclusion (where applicable). There is no requirement to order the reasons, which will be presented as unweighted counts in statistical outputs.

|  |
| --- |
| **RANGE OF SANCTIONS AND INTERVENTIONS (NOT AN EXHAUSTIVE LIST)**   * Intervention by Senior member of staff * Meeting with Parents * Detention/Internal exclusion * Monitoring reports * Fixed term exclusion * Permanent exclusion (following formal investigation) * Police involvement |

**Record of Incident**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Type of Incident |  |
| Who was involved | Reported by: |
| Incident with: |
| Date |  |
| Time of reported incident |  |

**Record of Incident**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Incident details:**   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **Action taken:** | **Y/N** | | Statements from all involved |  | | Contact with LH |  | | Parental contact |  | | Reprimand enforced (free time removed/apology note/Emmaus/P4L) |  |   **Details of Actions to move forward:** |

**Role/Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Statement**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Type of Incident |  |
| Who was involved | Reported by: |
| Incident with: |
| Date |  |
| Time of reported incident |  |

**Statement of Incident**

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**