

<u>St Bernard's Catholic Primary School & Nursery (part of Mater Ecclesiae M.A.T.)</u> <u>RE Curriculum Map</u> <u>2024-2025</u>

oundation Stage	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Creation and Covenant	Galilee to Jerusalem	To the Ends of the Earth
	God made our beautiful world and everything in it.	The Wise Men visit Jesus (Matt 2:1-12).	Jesus went back to his Father.
	God made me.	Jesus welcomes the little children (Mk	He sent a special friend, the Holy
	The words and actions of the sign of the cross:	10:v16).	Spirit, to look after us.
	'In the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy	Jesus blesses the little children (story	Story of Pentecost (Simple Telling).
	Spirit. Amen'.	retold).	The early Christian community (Acts
	God created the world and said, 'Indeed it is very good'	The visit of the Magi (Matt 2:1-12).	2:42-47).
	(Genesis 1:31).	Jesus blesses the little children (Mk 10:13-	
	The whole of Creation shows God love for us (Laudato Si	16).	Dialogue and Encounter
	84-88).	Feeding of 5000 (Jn 6:1-14).	Friends of Jesus: Hear a simple life
		Jesus was born for everyone	of St Peter and St Paul, friends of
	Prophecy and Promise		Jesus (linking to their feast day).
	Mary was going to have a baby.	<u>Desert to Garden</u>	Invite someone in from the local
	His name will be Jesus (Lk 1:26-31, 38).	Lent is a time to care for others.	parish to talk about their faith and
	Jesus was born in Bethlehem (Lk 2:4-7).	Jesus died on a cross. It is a sad time.	why it matters to them to be a frie
	Shepherds hurried to see Mary and Joseph and baby Jesus	Jesus was given new life by God his Father.	of Jesus.
	(Lk 2:8-20).	Jesus rose and everyone celebrates.	Explore a range of pictures of Jesu
	The Annunciation (Lk 1:26-31, 38).	Love God and love everyone (great	from a non-European tradition.
	The Nativity (Lk 2: 4-7).	commandment).	
	The Shepherds visit the manger (Lk 2:8-20).	A simplified version of key events of Holy	
		Week, especially Good Friday and Easter	
		Sunday (to enable pupils to recognise key	
		events).	
		The Great Commandment (Lk 10:25-28).	
		Caring for others in Lent.	
		Jesus died on a cross.	
		Jesus rose and we celebrate.	

<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>
eation and Covenant the end of this unit of study, pupils will have studied a following key texts: he Creation story in Genesis 1:1-4, 24-26 as an ancient, yerful, poetic reflection on God's world. he opening of the Nicene Creed 'I believe in one God, the ther almighty, maker of heaven and earth, of all things ible and invisible'. An introduction to the ideas presented in udato Si' 13. phecy and Promise the end of this unit of study, pupils will have studied a following key texts: he Annunciation (Lk 1: 26-38, focusing on 1:26-32,) he Visitation (Lk 1:39-45) he Birth of Jesus (Lk 2:4-8) he Visit of the Shepherds (Lk 2:8-20)	Galilee to JerusalemBy the end of this unit of study, pupils willhave studied the following key texts:• The Presentation (Lk 2:22-38)• Finding in the temple and the hidden life(Lk 2:41-52)• Jesus announces his mission (Lk 4:16-22)• The call of the disciples (Lk 5:1-11)• Little children (Lk 18:15-17)• Zacchaeus (Lk 19:1-9)Desert to GardenBy the end of this unit of study pupils willhave studied the following key texts:• Jesus enters Jerusalem (Lk 19:28-38)• Jesus teaches in the temple (Lk 19:47-48)• The widow's mite (Lk 21:1-6)• The last supper (Lk 22:7-23)• The angel's message (Lk 24:1-8)For Lent:• Jesus is tempted in the desert for 40 days(Lk 4:1-13)	To the Ends of the Earth By the end of this unit of study, pupils will have encountered the following key texts: • The road to Emmaus (Lk 24:13-35) • Promise of the Spirit and the Ascension (Acts 1:1-11) • Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4) Dialogue and Encounter By the end of this unit of study pup will know that the Church teaches: • The Church is the community of al those who belong to Christ. • The church is the community of al those who belong to Christ. • The cross is a symbol of Christianity. • The shortest summary of the Catholic faith is the sign of the cross By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know about Christianity locally through: • Learning about their local parish church. • Experience music, art, or religious objects that reflect Christian communities in a place outside their local parish.

Year 1

<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Sprinq</u>	<u>Summer</u>
<u>Creation and Covenant</u> By the end of this unit of study, pupils will have encountered	<u>Galilee to Jerusalem</u> By the end of this unit of study, pupils will	<u>To the Ends of the Earth</u> By the end of this unit of study, pupi
the following key texts:	have encountered the following key texts:	will have revisited and encountered
• The story of Noah, focusing on God's covenant (promise)	• The preaching of John the Baptist (Lk 3:2-6,	the following key texts:
with Noah and all living beings in	10-17)	• Jesus appears to the apostles and
the sign of the rainbow (Gen 9:7-17).145	 Jesus is baptised (Lk 3:21-22) 	the Ascension (Lk 24:36-53)
• LS 71 'Through Noah, who remained innocent and just, God	 The Temptation in the wilderness & Jesus 	 Pentecost and Peter talks to the
decided to open a path of salvation. In this way he gave	begins to preach (Lk 4: 1-15)	crowd (Acts 2:1-9, 12-13)
humanity the chance of a new beginning. All it takes is one	• Cure of a paralytic (Lk 5:17-26)	Conversion of Saul (Acts 9:1-19)
good person to restore hope!'	 The choice of the twelve (Lk 6:12-16) 	• Fruits of the Holy Spirit (Gal 5:22
• Psalm 139146 in praise of God's Creation of each of us and	 The calming of the storm (Lk 8:22-25) 	23)
his love for us	 Parable of the lost sheep (Lk 15:4-7) 	
	For the Feast of the Epiphany	Dialogue and Encounter
Prophecy and Promise	Matt 2:1-12: The visit of the Magi	By the end of this unit of study, pu
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will have encountered		will have encountered the following
the following key texts:	Desert to Garden	key text:
• The Annunciation of John the Baptist (Lk 1:5-20)	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will	• The parable of the Good Samarita
• The Annunciation of Jesus (Lk 1:26-38)	have revisited and encountered the following	(Lk 10:25-37)
The Visitation (Lk 1:39-50, 53)	key texts:	By the end of this unit of study, pu
• The birth of John the Baptist (Lk 1:57-58)	• Jesus enters Jerusalem (Lk 19:28-38*)	will know that the Church teaches:
• Zechariah's voice is restored (The circumcision of John the	• The last supper (Lk 22:7-23*, 28-34)	• Christians should collaborate in
Baptist) (Lk 1:59-66, 67,76)	• The Crucifixion and death of Jesus (Lk	service of humanity.
• The Birth of Jesus (Lk 2:1-8)	23:33-46*)	
Including, for the season of Advent:	• The angel's message (Lk 24:1-8*)	By the end of this unit of study, pu
• Is 7:14, 9:1-2, 5-7 (Extracts from the book of Immanuel)	 Peter at the tomb (Lk 24:9-12) *Texts studied in Year One 	will know about Christianity locally through:
	Texts studied in year One	 Learning about their local Christic
		community.
		 Learning about ways Christians
		where they live come together to
		support the local community.

<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>
Autumn Creation and Covenant By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know: • That the Creation stories in Genesis use symbolism to explain the relationship between God, human beings, and the world. • That in the first account of the Creation one day is 'made holy' (Gen 2:3). • That the Church teaches that 'Creation is the common work of the Holy Trinity'. By the end of this unit of study pupils will have encountered the following key texts: • The first account of the Creation, Genesis 1:1-2:4. • Extracts from either Psalm 8 or 19 in praise of Creation. • In an age-appropriate way, LS 66 and 88. Prophecy and Promise By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know: • Why Christians go to Mass on Sunday. • How Catholics celebrate Mass. For Advent: • Messiah would be born of a virgin and would be called Immanuel (Is 7:14). • The Annunciation to Joseph (Matt 1:18-25). • Revisit Lk 1:26-38.	SpringGalilee to JerusalemBy the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear thefollowing key texts:Miracles, either:• Cure of the centurion's servant (Matt 8:5-13) or• Cure of a paralytic (Matt 9:1-8)Parables, either:• Parable of the Sower (Matt 13:4-9)• Parable of the Sower explained (Matt 13:10-17)or• Parable of the yeast (Matt 13:33) or• Parable of the treasure and of the pearl (Matt 13:44-46)For Epiphany:• The visit of the Magi (Matt 2:1-12)Desert to GardenBy the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear thefollowing key texts:• The miracle of the loaves (Matt 14: 13-21).• The last supper (The institution of theEucharist) (Matt26: 26-29).• Extracts from a Eucharistic Prayer.	SummerSummerTo the Ends of the EarthBy the end of this unit of study, pupils wihear the following key texts:Road to Emmaus (Lk 24:13-35)The mission to the world (Matt 28:16-20)The group of apostles (Mary) (Acts 1:1214)Early Church (Acts 2:42-47)Paul's Letter to the Corinthians (1 Cor11:23-27)Dialogue and EncounterBy the end of this unit of study, pupils wihave encountered the following key text:Exodus 12:1-8,15-20, 13:3Lk 22:14-23By the end of this unit of study, pupils wiknow that the Church teaches:For Christians, the Eucharist is linkedwith the Jewish celebration of Passover.

<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Sprinq</u>	<u>Summer</u>
Creation and Covenant	<u>Galilee to Jerusalem</u>	To the Ends of the Earth
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will
texts:	following key texts:	hear the following key texts:
 The story of Abraham, focusing on the following key texts: 	• Peter's mother-in-law and casting out devils (Matt	• The empty tomb (Jn 20:1-10)
• The call of Abram (Gen 12:1-5)	8:14-17)	• The appearance on the shore of Tiberius
• The Abrahamic covenant (Gen 15:1-6)	ullet Cure of the woman with a haemorrhage. The	(Jn 21:1-19)
 Abraham and Sarah (Gen 18:1-15) 	official's daughter raised to life (Matt 9:18-26)	 The Apostles' Creed
 Abraham and Isaac (Gen 22:1-18) 	or Cure of two blind men and cure of a demoniac	
ullet (Optional) The story of Joseph, focusing on the following key	(Matt 9:27-34)	Dialogue and Encounter
texts:153	• The Baptist's question (Matt 11:1-15)	By the end of this unit of study, pupils wi
• Gen: 37:2-35, 41:1-42, 44:1-17, 33-34, 45:1-5, 16-20	 Jesus walks on the water and, with him, Peter 	hear the following key texts:
	(Matt 14:22-33)	• The road to Damascus (Acts 9:3-9, 17-
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know some facts about:	Peter's profession of faith (Matt 16:13-26)	19)
ullet The historical, cultural, and religious context out of which		• The first letter to the Corinthians (1 C
Abraham was called.	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know	13:1-7,13)
• The importance of understanding historical context to appreciate	some facts about:	Teacher will choose additional texts abo
the literal sense of biblical stories.	 The importance of understanding historical 	the mission of St Paul, for example,:
	context and cultural values at the time of the	 Paul's speech before the Council of the
Prophecy and Promise	gospels.	Areopagus (Acts 17:22-26, 28-29)
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key		• Galatians 1:11-24
texts:	<u>Desert to Garden</u>	• 2 Cor 11:22-23
\cdot The miracle of the flour and the oil (1 Kings 17:7-14)	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the	• Galatians 3:27-28
• Elijah's encounter with God: the journey 1 Kings 19:4-8, The	following key texts:	
meeting: 1 Kings 19:9-15	• The lost son (the prodigal) and the dutiful son (Lk	By the end of this unit of study, pupils w
• The preaching of John the Baptist (Matt 3:1-12 and Mk 1:1-8)	15:11-32)	know:
 Isaiah 40:3 (contained within the gospel accounts) 	\cdot The Judgement of the Nations (sheep and goats)	• There are different traditions in the
• The ancestry of Jesus (Matt 1:1-17)	(Matt 25:31-46)	Liturgy of the Church*
	\cdot The events of Holy Week from the gospel of	• Some simple facts about a different
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know some facts about:	Matthew	liturgical tradition in the Church, for
• The importance of understanding historical context to appreciate	Entry into Jerusalem (Matt 21:1-11), Judas' betrayal	example, some prayers or artistic
the literal sense of biblical stories.	(Matt 26:14), the Passover and Peter's denial	traditions, reflecting a community in th
• What is meant by 'prophecy'.	foretold (Matt 26:17-35) Jesus prays (Matt 26:36-	local area where possible.
	46) the betrayal and arrest of Jesus (Matt	
	26:47-56), Peter's denials (Matt 26:69-75), Pilate	By the end of this unit of study, pupils u
	questions Jesus (Matt 27:11-14), the Crucifixion	know some ways in which Christians wor
	(Matt 27:32-44), the death of Jesus (Matt 27:45-	together for the common good.
	56) and the Burial of Jesus (Matt 27:57-61)	

Year 5			
	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>
	Creation and Covenant By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts: The Moses story, focusing on the two key events of the call and the covenant: • The Burning Bush (Ex 3:1-15) • The Sinai covenant and the Ten Commandments (Ex 19:3-8, 20:1- 17) • Jesus' summary of the law (Matt 22:36-40) Prophecy and Promise By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts: • Scripture passages that speak of David's life and importance: • 1 Samuel 16:1-13: anointing of David (a great king) • 1 Samuel 17:1-11, 32-54: David and Goliath • 2 Samuel 5:1-5: David becomes king • 2 Samuel 7: 8-15 God's covenant with David • 1 Kings 2:1-4, 10-12: David's death • Psalm 21:1-7, Psalm 23 Scripture passages that speak of Jesus' as the fulfilment of the promise to David (e.g., Matt 1:1-17; Lk 1:32-33).	Galilee to JerusalemBy the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear thefollowing key texts:• The Beatitudes from the Sermon on the Mount(Matt 5:1-12)• Jesus summarises the law (the greatcommandment) (Matt 22:36-40, Lk 10:27)• A parable about living out Jesus' law (e.g., TheGood Samaritan (Lk 10:25-37))• The Transfiguration (Matt 17:1-13)• Our Father prayer (Matt 6:7-13)Desert to GardenBy the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear thefollowing key texts:• A selection of Ash Wednesday readings e.g., Joel2:12-18, Psalm 50:3-6, 12-14, 17, 2 Cor 5:20-6,Matt 6:1-6, 16-18• Temptation in the Wilderness (Matt 4:1-11)• The Resurrection of the Dead Paul (1 Corinthians15:1-8, 20-25, 54-57)	To the Ends of the Earth By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts: • Scriptural echoes of the Sacrament of Confirmation (Is 11:2, 61:1, Lk 4:16, Mt 3:13-17) • Pentecost (Acts 2:1-8, 14-18) • The gifts of the Spirit Paul (1 Cor 12:4- 11) • Baptism in the Spirit (Acts 8:14-16) Dialogue and Encounter By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know that the Church teaches: • The many different writers of the Bible were inspired by the Holy Spirit. • What Christians call the Old Testament originates in Hebrew scriptures. • The Old Testament is important for Christians because it speaks of God's covenant with Abraham and is the foundation of the faith of the people of the Old and New Testaments: Judaism and Christianity. By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know: • The Bible was originally written in Hebrew, Aramaic, and Greek which were the languages of the writers. • God's covenant with Abraham is the foundation of the faith of the people of the Old and New Testaments: Judaism and Christianity.

<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>
Creation and Covenant	<u>Galilee to Jerusalem</u>	To the Ends of the Earth
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear	By the end of this unit of study
texts:	the following key texts:	will hear the following key texts
• The second account of Creation (Genesis 2:5-10, 15-23, 3:1-7,9-	• The Wedding at Cana (Jn 2:1-12)	• The empty tomb and the appe
13, 17-19)	 Healing the official's son (Jn 4:46-54) 	Mary Magdala (Jn 20:1-18)
• Jn 1:1-5, 16-18	• Healing the man at Bethesda (Jn 5:1-47)	 Appearances to the disciples J
The Nicene Creed	• Feeding the 5000 (Jn 6:1-4)	31
• Laudato Si' 66-67	• Walking on water (Jn 6:15-21)	• Conclusion (Jn 20: 30-31)
	• Healing the Blind Man (Jn 9:1-41)	 Christians believe in the Resur
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:	• Raising of Lazarus (Jn 11:1-57)	Cor 15:14)
 The literary forms employed in the Genesis account. 	• 'I am the bread of life' (Jn 6:35) or 'I am the	• Jesus as the last Adam (1 Cor
 The Genesis account of Creation and Fall is not a literal 	Resurrection and the life' (Jn 11:25)	• The story of Stephen (Acts 6
scientific description, but expresses beliefs about God, the world,		7:51-60)
and human beings (see CCC 159).	Desert to Garden	
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear	Dialogue and Encounter
Prophecy and Promise	the following key texts:	By the end of this unit of study
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key	 The anointing at Bethany (Jn 12:1-11) 	will know that the Church teach
texts:	 Jesus washes his disciples' feet (Jn 13:1-17) 	 That Catholics should work to
ullet Old Testament passages that show the importance of women in	 First farewell discourse (Jn 13:33-38) 	'unity and love' (Nostra Aetate
salvation history, e.g.:	• The arrest of Jesus (Jn 18:1:11)	all people.
• Genesis 18:1-15; 21:1-7: Sarah	• Jesus before Pilate (Jn 18:28-40, 19:4-6)	 That the Church is called to 'e
• Exodus 1:8-22; 2:1-10: Miriam	 The Crucifixion (Jn 19:17-22) 	dialogue with the world in which
• Judges 4:4-11; 5:7-15: Deborah	 Jesus and his mother (Jn 19:25-27) 	It has something to say, a mess
• 1 Samuel 1:5, 9-11, 26-28: Hannah	 The death of Jesus (Jn 19:28-37) 	give' (Ecclesiam Suam 65).
• Esther 2:4, 15-17; 3:1-6, 12-13; 4:1-4, 8a-17; 5:1-8; 7:1-6, 9-10;		• That Christians are responsib
8:3-12 (Purim): Esther		promoting the common good.
• Lk 1: 26-56: Mary as the fulfilment of Old Testament promises		
By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:		By the end of this unit of study
ullet The difference between the Lucan and Matthean infancy		will know:
narratives, emphasising their respective intentions, narrative		 Some practical ways in which
approach, and Luke's emphasis on the role of women in the story		work together towards common
of salvation.		 The term 'worldview' and its m

Implementation

As directed by the Bishop's Conference, our Religious Education scheme is called 'To know you more clearly'. This curriculum is gradually being rolled out across the primary and secondary sector but we have chosen to begin this now across our school, well in advance of the 2026 statutory deadline for implementation. This gives us time to fully understand the new expected outcomes and ensure that our curriculum is ???? (something about it being ready to go an the best it can be) sequential and progressive form, rooted in the liturgical year. The framework has four structural elements:

- Knowledge lenses which indicate what should be known by the end of each age phase. These are split into hear, believe, live and celebrate.
- The '*ways of knowing*' are the skills which develop as the children progress through their curriculum journey. These are split into understand, discern and respond.
- Expected outcomes are set for each age phase and indicate what pupils are expected to know, remember and be able to do.
- Curriculum branches are the way the programme of study presents its model curriculum. There are six half term branches which are the same in each year group:

Autumn 1 - Creation and Covenant - Encounter the God who creates and calls all people with a focus on the accounts of Creation.

Autumn 2- Prophecy and Promise - Explore the expectant waiting for the Messiah through the Advent season.

Spring 1- Galilee to Jerusalem - Experience the ministry of Jesus and the Word of God. They will learn through parables, encounters, miracles and teachings.

Spring 2- Desert to Garden - Study the season of Lent and its culmination in the events of Holy Week.

<u>Summer 1- To the ends of the Earth-</u> Study the events that flowed from the Resurrection and Ascension in the coming of the Holy Spirit and the work of the apostles and early Church.

<u>Summer 2- Dialogue and Encounter</u> - Learn how Christians work together with people of different religious backgrounds, building an understand that all people work towards a common good and should respect all humanity.

<u>Impact</u>

We assess children's learning and attainment through the expected end of age-phase outcomes, on a termly basis. These are reported to parents through reports and at parent's evening. Internal moderation of their work, as well as moderation alongside other Diocesan schools, serves as a benchmark to support teacher assessment throughout the year.