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| **Year 4 National Curriculum coverage** | **Year 5 National Curriculum coverage** |
| E2: develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning  E1/S5: listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks  E2: reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes  V4: using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read  E1/E5: increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally  E1: identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action  V2: discussing words and phrases that capture the reader’s interest and imagination  E1/E5: recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]  V3/S2: understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and V1: explaining the meaning of words in context  I3: asking questions to improve their understanding of a text  I2/3: drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might happen from details stated and implied  S1: identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these  R5: retrieve and record information from non-fiction  E1/2/3: participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say | **maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:**  R3: continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks  S2: reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes  R3: increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices  S3: identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing  S2: learning a wider range of poetry by heart  E3: making comparisons within and across books  S2: preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience  V1: understand what they read by: checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context  I1/2: asking questions to improve their understanding  I1/2: drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might happen from details stated and implied  S1: summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas  E6: identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning  V5/I3: discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader  E5: distinguish between statements of fact and opinion  E8: retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction  S3/4: participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others’ |

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| **Year 4** | **Key Skills** | **Question stems** |
| **Vocabulary** | using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read  • use a thesaurus to find synonyms  • discuss why words have been chosen and the effect these have on the reader  • explain how words can capture the interest of the reader  • discuss new and unusual vocabulary and clarify the meaning of these  • find the meaning of new words using the context of the sentence. | Can you find the meaning or a word with a similar meaning in a dictionary or thesaurus?  • What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood?  • By writing..., what effect has the author created?  • Do you think they intended to?  • What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author…?  • Which word is closest in meaning to…? |
| **Inference** | ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives (I know this because questions)  • infer characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their stated actions.  • consolidate the skill of justifying them using a specific reference point in the text  • use more than one piece of evidence to justify their answer | What do you think.... means?  • Why do you think that? Could it be anything else?  • I think....; do you agree? Why / why not?  • How do you think....?  • Can you explain why....?  • Can you explain why based on two different pieces of evidence?  • What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them?  • Find and copy a group of words which show that…  • What impression of …do you get from this paragraph? |
| **Prediction** | justify predictions using evidence from the text.  • use relevant prior knowledge as well as details from the text to form predictions and to justify them.  • monitor these predictions and compare them with the text as they read on | Can you think of another text with a similar theme? How do their plots differ?  • Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way?  • Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?  • What does this paragraph suggest what will happen next?  • Do you think … will happen? Explain your answers with evidence from the text. |
| **Explanation** | discussing words and phrases that capture the reader’s interest and imagination  • identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning  • recognise authorial choices and the purpose of these | What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that?  • Explain why... did that.  • Describe different characters’ reactions to the same event.  • Is this as good as...?  • Which is better and why?  • What can you tell me about how this text is organised?  • Why is the text arranged in this way?  • What is the purpose of this text and who is the audience?  • How does the author engage the reader here?  • Which section was the most …? Why? |
| **Retrieval** | confidently skim and scan texts to record details,  • using relevant quotes to support their answers to questions.  • retrieve and record information from a fiction or non-fiction text. | Find the... in this text. Is it anywhere else?  • When/where is this story set? How do you know?  • Find the part of the story that best describes the setting.  • What do you think is happening here? Why?  • What might this mean?  • Whose perspective is the story told by and how do you know?  • How can you use the subheading to help you here? |
| **Summarise** | use skills developed in year 3 in order to write a brief summary of main points, identifying and using important information.  • identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph.  • identify themes from a wide range of books  • summarise whole paragraphs, chapters or texts  • highlight key information and record it in bullet points, diagrams, maps etc | What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else?  • Sum up what has happened so far in X words/seconds or less.  • Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why?  • Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?  • How might I record this to ensure the best possible outcome? |

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| **Year 5** | **Key Skills** | **Question stems** |
| **Vocabulary** | explore the meaning of words in context, confidently using a dictionary  • discuss how the author’s choice of language impacts the reader  • evaluate the authors use of language  • investigate alternative word choices that could be made  • begin to look at the use of figurative language  • use a thesaurus to find synonyms for a larger variety of words  • re-write passages using alternative word choices  • read around the word’ and \*explore its meaning in the broader context of a section or paragraph. | Can you quickly find…in the dictionary and thesaurus?  • What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood?  • By writing..., what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to?  • What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why?  • How has the author made you/this character feel by writing...? Why?  • Find and highlight the word which is closest in meaning to …  • Find a word which demonstrates…  • Can you rewrite this in the style of the author using your own words?  • How have simile and metaphor been used here to enhance the text? |
| **Inference** | drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.  • make inferences about actions, feelings, events or states  • use figurative language to infer meaning  • give one or two pieces of evidence to support the point they are making.  • begin to draw evidence from more than one place across a text. | What do you think… means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else?  • I think....; do you agree? Why/why not?  • Why do you think the author? decided to...?  • Can you explain why...? Can you give me evidence from somewhere else in the text?  • What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them?  • How does the author make you feel?  • What impression do you get from these paragraphs? |
| **Prediction** | predicting what might happen from details stated and implied  • support predictions with relevant evidence from the text.  • confirm and modify predictions as they read on. | Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ?  • Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way?  • Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story? |
| **Explanation** | provide increasingly reasoned justification for my views  • recommend books for peers in detail  • give reasons for authorial choices  • begin to challenge points of view  • begin to distinguish between fact and opinion  • identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning  • discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader  • explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates. | What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that?  • Explain why... did that.  • Describe different characters’ reactions to the same event.  • Does this story have a moral?  • Which is better and why?  • How is the text organised and what impact does this have on you as a reader?  • Why has the text been written this way?  • How can you tell whether it is fact and opinion?  • How is this text similar to the writing we have been doing?  • How does the author engage the audience? |
| **Retrieval** | confidently skim and scan, and also use the skill of reading before and after to retrieve information.  • use evidence from across larger sections of text  • read a broader range of texts including myths, legends, stories from other cultures, modern fiction and archaic texts.  • retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts.  • ask my own questions and follow a line of enquiry. | Find the... in this text. Is it anywhere else?  • When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text.  • Find the part of the story that best describes the setting.  • What do you think is happening here? Why?  • Who is telling this story?  • Can you skim/scan quickly to find the answer? |
| **Summarise** | summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, page, chapter or the entire text identifying key details to support the main ideas.  • make connections between information across the text and include this is an answer.  • discuss the themes or conventions from a chapter or text  • identify themes across a wide range of writing | What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else?  • Sum up what has happened so far in… words/seconds or less.  • Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why?  • Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?  • Can you find a text with a similar theme? |