The Causes of the Japanese Tsunami

Objectives/End Points

Pupils will learn that:

- The earth is broken into different sections
- The earth's crust is broken up into pieces like a jigsaw
- There are differences between types of crust (oceanic and continental)

Section 2:

- Japan is located on a destructive plate boundary with three plates moving towards each other
- Tsunamis are created from mega thrust earthquakes under the ocean
- Tsunami waves can lead to complete devastation where they hit





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Destructive plate boundary:

- Oceanic plate moves towards continental plate
- Oceanic plate sinks (subducted) under the continental plate. This is because the oceanic plate is heavier and dense.
- Both volcanoes and earthquakes occur here due to the pressure building up.



What is a Tsunami?

"A tsunami is a large ocean wave that is caused by an earthquake lifting the ocean floor."



- At a destructive plate boundary, a megathrust earthquake occurs, which lifts the seabed.
- 2. The sea above the earthquake is displaced.
- 3. This creates ripples in the deep ocean which can travel up to 500 miles per hours towards the coastline.
- As the wave approaches the shore, friction with the seabed slows the front of the wave
- 5. The back of the wave catches up to the front and crashes into the coastline causing massive devastation.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zmtc87h



The Japanese Tsunami

- The Japanese Tsunami occurred on the 11th March 2011, when an Earthquake measuring 8.9 on the Richter Scale occurred off the East coast of Japan
- The Mega Trust Earthquake lasted approximately 6 minutes and caused a 10metre high Tsunami wave, which took less than an hour to hit the shore



Your Task

- 1) Draw a labelled diagram of a Destructive Plate Boundary with the labels of:
 - Oceanic Crust
 - Continental Crust
 - Subduction
 - Volcano
 - Earthquake
- 2) Rearrange the sentences below in the order of how a Tsunami forms. Draw an image next to each of them to help you remember what is happening

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