



Y5 Geography

Summer 2 Wk 6 & 7 Writing: Greek Travel Guide Geography: Tourism in Greece













Places to Visit



Mainland Greece Greek Islands Historic Sites







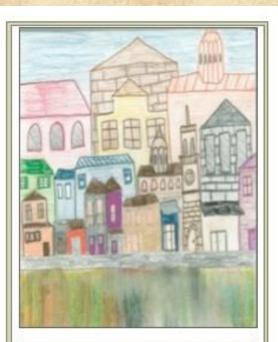






Activity: Create a travel brochure that will persuade people to visit the country of Greece.

Points to consider:
Destination
Where to stay
Things to see and do
Other interesting information



Greece is a wonderful place to go. You can visit the Agora and Acropolis, but also learn about the mysterious legends, myths, and mythology of the interesting country. The climate is great and the people are friendly, so hop on a internet and plan your next visit to Greece!



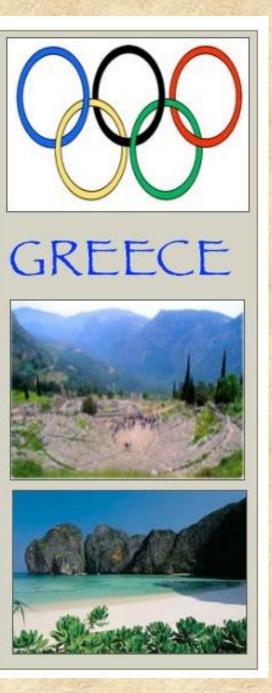
Examples

Present day Greece is located in southeastern Europe on the Balkan Peninsula. It is west to the Ionian and Italian sea while east there is the Aegean Sea. Mountains cover nearly three fourths of Greece's mainland. In between the mountains there are narrow valleys and small plains.

The climate is mild, never too hot, or too cold. During the winter the water causes great winds, but during the summer it is wonderful.







Land mark

The Acropolis of Athens can be seen as a symbol for the Ancient Greek World, the classical period of the Hellenic civilization



Major Cities

The most important of all Greece cities is Athens, the capital of the country, which concentrates more than one third of the population. The second largest city is Thessaloniki on the North and the third is Patra on the south west.

Population: 11,295,002. Languages: Greek 99% Turkish, others. Albanian is spoken by approximately 700,000 Albanian immigrants. English is the predominant second language.

<u>**Religions</u>**: Greek Orthodox, with Muslim, Jewish, Catholic, Protestant.</u>

What about Greece?

Greece is located at the southeast end of Europe and it is the southernmost country of the Balkan Peninsula. Greece is also located between several countries and seas.

Greece was inhabited as early as the Paleolithic period and by 3000 BC had become home, in the Cycladic Islands, to a culture whose art remains among the most evocative in world history.

Greece adopted the euro as its currency in January 2002. The adoption of the euro provided Greece with access to competitive loan rates and also to low rates of the Eurobond market. This led to a dramatic increase in consumer spending, which gave a significant boost to economic growth.

Greece is a parliamentary republic and last amended its constitution in May 2008. There are three branches of government.









Good luck with your Travel Brochures

Please send us some examples



Mrs Wilson, Mrs Ashley & Mr Lambert





