



	Improvisation	
	Knowledge	Skills
EYFS	 Nursery Create their own songs or begin to improvise a song around one they Begin to move in time with music of well-known songs and rhymes Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and 	
	 Reception Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know Moving to music with instruction to perform actions Participate in performance to a small audience Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and form the power of the province of the province	,
Y1	 Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Everyone can improvise! 	 To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use.
Y2	 Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Everyone can improvise, and you can use one or two notes. 	 To know five songs off by heart. To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part. To know that songs have a musical style.
Y3	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	 To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Its lyrics: what the song is about Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the song
Y4	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about:





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Y5	never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. • To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five • To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake • To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations To know and be able to talk about improvisation: • Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot • When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. • To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five • To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake • To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations • To know three well-known improvising musicians	 Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). The lyrics: what the song is about. Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). Name some of the instruments they heard in the song. To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why? To know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) The lyrics: what the songs are about Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.)
Y6	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt in the Challenges in your improvisations To know three well-known improvising musicians	 o Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs o The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time? To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why? To know the style of the songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about: o The style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) o The lyrics: what the songs are about o Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) o Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) o Name some of the instruments used in the songs o The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically?





		O Know and talk about that fact that we each have a musical
		identity
	Liste	n and Appraise
	Knowledge	Skills
EYFS	 Nursery To know songs/rhymes off by heart. To know what some songs are about. To recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. 	 Nursery To explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups To listen with increased attention to sounds Reception
	 Reception To know songs/rhymes off by heart. To know what many songs are about. To recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. To sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs 	 To listen to and follow a beat using body percussion and instruments To watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses To listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses To listen to sounds and increasingly match high and low pitch when singing in a group or on own To listen to and repeat simple rhythm
Y1	 To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. 	To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars.
Y2	 To know five songs off by heart. To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part. To know that songs have a musical style. 	 To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars. To learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea.
Y3	 To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Its lyrics: what the song is about Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the song 	 To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To think about what the words of a song mean. To take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.





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Y4	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). The lyrics: what the song is about. Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). Name some of the instruments they heard in the song.	 To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs eg if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). Talk about the music and how it makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words. 	
Y5	 Name some of the instruments they heard in the song. To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why? To know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) The lyrics: what the songs are about Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time? 	 To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel. 	
Y6	 To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why? To know the style of the songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about: 	 To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. 	





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	o The style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) o The lyrics: what the songs are about o Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) o Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) o Name some of the instruments used in the songs o The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically? o Know and talk about that fact that we each have a musical identity	 Use musical words when talking about the songs. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music.
		Playing
	Knowledge	Skills
EYFS	 Nursery Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas Reception Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas Explore and engage in music making Begin to listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader Treat instruments carefully and with respect. 	
Y1	 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Learn the names of the instruments they are playing. 	 Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform. Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note part, a simple part, medium part). Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
Y2	 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class. 	 Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Learn to play a tuned instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note, simple or medium part). Play the part in time with the steady pulse. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
Y3	To know and be able to talk about: The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder)	 To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument –





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		 a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. 	
		To lenealise and perform their part within the context of the offit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	
Y4	To know and be able to talk about: The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone). Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends.	 To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To experience leading the playing by making sure everyone plays in the playing section of the song. 	
Y5	To know and be able to talk about: Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends	 Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To lead a rehearsal session. 	
Y6	To know and be able to talk about: • Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols • The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave • The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends	 Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To lead a rehearsal session. 	
	Performance Performance		
	Knowledge	Skills	
EYFS	Nursery ■ To sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs ■ Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know		





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	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas	S	
	 Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person (pitch match) Remember and sing entire songs 		
	Reception		
	 Move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and respons 	es	
	 Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feeling. 	s and responses	
	• Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and follow	ring the melody	
	• Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in grou	ıps	
	 Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs 		
	 Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when approp 	riate) try to move in time with the music	
Y1	A performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience.	 Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it. 	
		 They can add their ideas to the performance. 	
		 Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it. 	
Y2	 A performance is sharing music with an audience. 	 Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it. 	
	 A performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year 	 They can add their ideas to the performance. 	
	group or a whole school.	 Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it. 	
	 An audience can include your parents and friends. 		
Y3	To know and be able to talk about:	 To choose what to perform and create a programme. 	
	 Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience 	 To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. 	
	• A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or	 To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand 	
	to each other	or sit.	
	 You need to know and have planned everything that will be 	 To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they 	
	performed	were pleased with what they would change and why.	
	 You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence 		
	 A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience 		
	including of people you don't know		
	It is planned and different for each occasion		
	 It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the 		
	song/music		
Y4	To know and be able to talk about:	To choose what to perform and create a programme.	
	Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience	 Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience. 	
	• A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or	• To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.	
	to each other	 To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand 	
	You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed	or sit.	
	You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence	 To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they 	





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	 A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music 	were pleased with what they would change and why.
Y5	To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music	 To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"
Y6	To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with an audience with belief A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music	 To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"
	Ga	ames
	Knowledge	Skills
EYFS	 Nursery To begin to know that music has a beat/beats Begin to move in time with music of well-known songs and rhymes To begin to recognise the speed of music (fast/slow) Reception	





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	• To recognise the speed of music (fast/slow)		
	• To know that music has a beat/beats		
	 Moving to music with instruction to perform actions 		
	• To understand that we can match our body movements to the speed (temp	po) or pulse (beat) of the music	
Y1	To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat.	There are progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges within each Unit	
-	• To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite	that	
	food, colours and animals.	embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in	
		relation to the main song :	
		Game 1 – Have Fun Finding The Pulse!	
		Find the pulse. Choose an animal and find the pulse	
		• Game 2 – Rhythm Copy Back	
		Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases	
		based on words, with one and two syllables whilst marching to the	
		steady beat.	
		• Game 3 – Rhythm Copy Back, Your Turn	
		Create rhythms for others to copy	
		• Game 4 – Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1	
		Listen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whist	
		marching to the steady beat	
		● Game 4a — Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 2	
		Listen and sing back, and some different vocal warm-ups. Use your	
		voices to copy back using 'la'.	
Y2	 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. 	There are progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges within each Unit	
	• To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite	that	
	food, colours and animals.	embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in	
	Rhythms are different from the steady pulse.	relation to the main song :	
	 We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our 	• Game 1 – Have Fun Finding the Pulse!	
	instruments.	Find the pulse. Choose an animal and find the pulse.	
		Game 2 – Rhythm Copy Back	
		Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases	
		based on words, with one and two syllables whilst marching the	
		steady beat.	
		• Game 3 – Rhythm Copy Back, Your Turn	
		Create rhythms for others to copy.	
		• Game 4 – Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1	
		Listen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whilst	





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		marching the steady beat. ● Game 4a — Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 2
		Listen and sing back, and some different vocal warm-ups. Use your
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		voices to copy back using 'la'.
Y3	Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse.	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver
	Know the difference between pulse and rhythm.	and
	• K now how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.	Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the
	Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat.	main
	Know the difference between a musical question and an answer.	song, using two notes:
		1. Find the Pulse
		2. Rhythm Copy Back:
		a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms
		b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns
		c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms
		3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes
		a. Bronze: Copy back – 'Listen and sing back' (no notation)
		b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation
		c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with
		notation
		4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-ups
Y4	Know and be able to talk about:	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver
• •	How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together	and
	Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music	Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the
	Rhythm: the long and short patterns over the pulse	main
	Know the difference between pulse and rhythm	song, using two notes:
	Pitch: High and low sounds that create melodies	1. Find the Pulse
	How to keep the internal pulse	2. Rhythm Copy Back:
	Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or	a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms
	respond to	b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns
		c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms
		3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes
		a. Bronze: Copy back – 'Listen and sing back' (no notation)
		b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation
		c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with
		notation
		4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-ups





	Music Progression of Kn	owledge and Skills
Y5	 Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together and how they connect in a song How to keep the internal pulse 	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main
	Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to	song, using three notes: Bronze Challenge Find the pulse Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns Silver Challenge Find the pulse Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back Copy back two-note riffs by ear and with notation Question and answer using two different notes Gold Challenge Find the pulse Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back Copy back three-note riffs by ear and with notation Question and answer using three different notes
Y6	Know and be able to talk about: • How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or music • How to keep the internal pulse • Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes: • Bronze Challenge • Find the pulse • Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat • Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns • Silver Challenge • Find the pulse • Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back • Copy back two-note riffs by ear and with notation





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		 Question and answer using two different notes Gold Challenge Find the pulse Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back Copy back three-note riffs by ear and with notation Question and answer using three different notes
	Sin	ging
	Knowledge	Skills
EYFS	 Nursery To sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person (pitch match) Remember and sing entire songs Reception Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and followin Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in group Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropri 	ng the melody os
Y1	To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison.	 Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader.
Y2	 To confidently know and sing five songs from memory. To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time. Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). To know why we need to warm up our voices. 	 Learn about voices singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap (spoken word with rhythm). Learn to find a comfortable singing position. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader.
Y3	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other To know why you must warm up your voice	 To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing.





Y4	To know and be able to talk about:	To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture.
	Singing in a group can be called a choir	• To demonstrate a good singing posture.
	• Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow	• To follow a leader when singing.
	• Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad	• To enjoy exploring singing solo.
	• Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must	 To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
	listen to each other	 To rejoin the song if lost.
	• Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group	 To listen to the group when singing.
	 To know why you must warm up your voice 	
Y5	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, 	 To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.
	and to sing them with a strong internal pulse.	 To enjoy exploring singing solo.
	 To choose a song and be able to talk about: 	To listen to the group when singing.
	o Its main features	 To demonstrate a good singing posture.
	o Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or	To follow a leader when singing.
	rapping	 To experience rapping and solo singing.
	 To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics 	• To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.
	 To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice 	 To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
Y6	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, 	To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.
	and to sing them with a strong internal pulse.	 To demonstrate a good singing posture.
	 To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling 	To follow a leader when singing.
	and context to your audience	To experience rapping and solo singing.
	 To choose a song and be able to talk about: 	 To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.
	O Its main features	 To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
	O Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or	
	rapping	
	O To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics	
	o To know what the song is about and the meaning of the tyrics o To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	
	10 To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	