## Progression in Algebra

|  | Equations | Formulae | Sequences |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R |  |  |  |
| Y1 | - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=$ - 0 - 9 (See Addition and Subtraction) <br> - represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 (See Addition and Subtraction) |  | - sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening (See Measurement) |
| Y2 | - recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and missing number problems. (See Addition and Subtraction) <br> - recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 (See Addition and Subtraction) |  | - compare and sequence intervals of time (See Measurement) <br> - order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns (See Geometry: position and direction) |
| Y3 | - solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. (copied from Addition and Subtraction) <br> - solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling (See Multiplication and Division) |  |  |
| Y4 |  | - Perimeter can be expressed algebraically as $2(a+b)$ where $a$ and $b$ are the dimensions in the same unit. (See measurement) |  |
| Y5 | - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles (See Geometry: Properties of Shapes) |  |  |
| Y6 | - express missing number problems algebraically <br> - find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns <br> - enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables | - use simple formulae <br> - recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes (See Measurement) | - generate and describe linear number sequences |

