



Spring 1 Theme – Why does Chorley Have a Canal

This topic looks at the local Chorley area. As geographers, we will find out about the human and physical features of our local area. We will learn the difference between a canal and a river, why Chorley has a canal and the environmental challenges our local area faces. We learn how to build structures in design technology and in science we will focus on materials and their properties.

Learning Challenge Questions:

Computing: How can we use technology to help us sort and organise?

Science: What is the best material for the job?

D.T: How can I build one of those?

Geography: What is the difference between a canal and a river? What are the human and physical features of our local area? What is the purpose of the canal?

Core Subjects		
<u>READING</u>	WRITING	<u>COMPUTING</u>
We will develop a love of reading through the shared reading of quality texts. We will develop our independent reading skills through phonic lessons and one to one reading.	In our second narrative unit we will be looking at 'Traditional Tales with a Twist' We will use 'Talk for Writing' to learn a version off by heart and retell it using a story map. We will then write an independent innovated version of the story and show off the writing skills we	Venn Diagrams Using the DARES approach to computing.
 Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately. Re-read books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading. Read frequently encountered words, including high frequency words linked to phonics phase, quickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending. Read accurately by blending the sounds in words, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes, e.g. ow in clown and willow. Read words containing common suffixes e.ging, -ed, -er, - est, -y. Read further common exception words, noting tricky parts (see Year 2 list below). Sequence the main events in stories using prompts, e.g. pictures, objects or questions. Discuss in a small group. 	 have learnt. Say, write and punctuate simple and compound sentences using the joining words and and but (co-ordination). Use sentences with different forms: questions and exclamations. Secure the use of full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks and question marks. Use subordination for time using when e.g. We went out to play when we had finished our writing. When we had finished our writing. When we had finished our writing because e.g. He wore his coat because it was raining. Because it was raining, he wore his coat. 	 Word processing/typing I can use the space bar only once between words and use touch to navigate to words letter to edit I can copy and paste images and text Use caps locks for capital letters. I can add images alongside text in a word processed document. Data Handling I can sort digital objects into a range of charts such as Venn diagrams, carroll diagrams and bar charts using different apps and software. I can orally record myself explaining what the data shows me

 Orally retell simple stories, fairy tales and traditional tales as part of a group. Recognise the use of repetitive language within a simple story. Learn and recite a poem. Make personal reading choices and provide recommendations to others. Choose favourite words and phrases from a text. Identify unfamiliar words within the context of a text and discuss meanings as a group. Take note of punctuation when reading e.g. pausing at full stops, question marks and exclamation marks. Pose and orally rehearse questions prior to reading nonfiction texts. Recognise when a text does not make sense while reading. Demonstrate understanding of a text and give opinions e.g. I wouldn't like to live next door to those noisy pirates! Develop and demonstrate their understanding of characters through role play and drama, e.g. hot seating, magic mirror, magic microphone. Draw inferences about characters from the text e.g. what is the character thinking, saying and feeling? Make predictions based on what has been read so far and give reasons. Identify how specific information is organised within a nonfiction text e.g. sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams. Make contributions to discussions about texts in different group situations, e.g. pairs, guided groups. In discussions about books, listen to contributions from others and give simple responses, e.g. I agree because, I disagree because 	 Use the subordinating conjunction that in oral sentences using starter prompts, e.g. I hope that; My teacher told me that; He said that Identify, understand and select verbs to complete sentences. Use past tense accurately and consistently for narratives, recounts and historical reports. Identify, understand and select nouns to complete sentences. Generate, select and effectively use adjectives. Discuss and plan what to write about e.g. story mapping, innovating on a known story, generating and developing vocabulary and ideas. Orally rehearse each sentence prior to writing including simple and compound sentences. Identify purpose and audience for writing, e.g. to entertain children in Reception with our traditional tales. Discuss the language needed, e.g. story book language; repeated words and phrases to join in with. Proofread to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. 	Key Vocabulary
Inference, retrieve, deduction, vocabulary, skim, scan, author, non-fiction fiction,	Noun-phrase, noun, verb, adjective, bossy verb, joining word, time word, full stop, comma, exclamation mark, question mark, full sentence, opening, middle, end, introduction, subheading, title, bullet point,	Sort, vote, information, data, venn diagram, carroll diagram, text, cut copy, paste, shift, capital letter, caps lock, image

Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:
Listening to me read every night. Read me a bedtime story.	Encourage me to go on Spelling Shed to learn my spellings. When I write remind me to park my pencil and check what I have written.	Use Purple Mash to practise my typing skills and access the maths section for sorting.
MATHS	SCIENCE	<u>RE</u>
During maths lessons we will look at multiplication and division of the 2,5 and 10 times tables. We will also be learning about collecting and presenting data.	As scientists we will learn about materials, their uses and their properties	<u>Books</u> We will focus our learning on Bible stories from the New and Old Testament, learn about the Baptism of Jesus and the different special books we have in church
 Multiplication and division Recognise equal groups. Make equal groups. Add equal groups. Multiplication sentences using the x symbol. Multiplication sentences from pictures. Use arrays. 2 times-table. 5 times-table. 10 times-table. Make equal groups- sharing Make equal groups-grouping Odd and even numbers Divide by 2 Divide by 5 Divide by 10 	 _Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, water, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching (applying a force) Some materials can be found naturally; others have to be made Pupils might work scientifically by: Comparing the uses of everyday materials in and around the school with materials found in other places (at home, the journey to school, on visits, and in stories, rhymes and songs); Observing closely, Identifying and classifying the uses of different materials, and Recording their observations. Thinking about unusual and creative uses for everyday materials. 	Some children will be able to recognise that the Bible is a special book and name some of the stories in the Bible. Some children will be able to recognise and name some of the special books used in church and the people who use them. Some children will be able to ask and respond to questions about their own and others' experience and feeling of the different books that are used at home and school. Some children will be able to retell the story of the Baptism of Jesus. Some children will be able to describe how the Gospels are used by the parish family. Some children will be able to use religious words and phrases to describe the actions and symbols related to proclaiming the Gospel.
Statistics Make tally charts Draw pictograms Interpret Pictograms Draw pictograms 2,5,10 Interpret Pictograms 2,5,10 Block diagrams		

Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
represents,equal to,repeated addition,array, row, column, lots of, groups of, times,, ones, twos, threes, fives, tens, exchange, digit,place, place value, represents, equal to, repeated addition, array, row, column, lots of,equal groups of, divide, divided by, divided into, share (equally), how many in?, left(over), remainder, halve, sequence, continue, predict, rule	observing, measuring, recording, asking questions, describing,	books, library, text book, reverence, respect, Scripture, lectern, Gospel, Bible, New Testament, Old Testament, genre, thurible, missal
Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:
Encourage me to learn my times tables Spend 10 minutes a day on hit the button- number bonds, doubles, halves, 2, 5 and 10 times tables	Sorting materials in your home. Can you find things made out of wood, metal, plastic, glass, paper etc	Read Bible stories with me from the Old and New Testament.
	Foundation Subjects	
<u>PHSE</u>	HISTORY	<u>GEOGRAPHY</u>
 During PSHE we will be finding out- What helps us to stay safe? how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online) 		During Geography the children will learn about our local area. They will discover its physical and human features and focus in particular on the canal and its surrounding area.
 how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and take steps to avoid or remove themselves from them how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not how to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns the 		 Identify similarities and differences in physical/human geography between an area of the UK Develop geographical vocabulary eg rural, urban, town, countryside, vegetation Use aerial photos and plans to identify features human and physical Use simple compass directions and locational language to describe the location of features and routes on a map Devise simple maps and create a key using symbols

Key Vocabulary Safe, risk, unsafe, secrets, trust, worried, uncomfortable, online, unfamiliar Help me at Home by Remind your child how to keep safe online, crossing roads, stranger danger etc PE / Gymnastics	Key Vocabulary Help me at Home by MUSIC	Key Vocabulary Chorley, North, South, East, West, city, town, village, house, office, shop, motorway, beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, canal. woodland Help me at Home by Go for a walk along the canal. Spot human and physical features around our local area. Design Technology
In Gymnastic we will learn a routine which includes, travel, jump and balance	<u>MOSIC</u> <u>Children will listen to and perform 'I Wanna Play In A Band' a Rock</u> <u>song for children</u>	Children will look at landmarks of Chorley and make a similar structure that is free standing
 Jump and land 2 feet to 2 feet Jump in the air with a straight, star and tuck shape Travel on hands and feet Balance on large body parts Perform an egg and pencil roll Perform a teddy roll Show clear start and finish positions Pick 4 different moves and make a sequence 	 To know five songs off by heart. To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part. To know that songs have a musical style. To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Rhythms are different from the steady pulse. We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments. Learn about voices singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices - you can rap (spoken word with rhythm). Learn to find a comfortable singing position. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. Clap and Improvise - Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words). 2. Sing, Play and Improvise - Use voices and instruments, listen and sing back, then listen and play your own answer using one or two notes. 	 Design products for others and themselves that are purposeful, functional and appealing Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through talking, drawing, templates and ICT Build structures, exploring ways to stiffen, stabilise and strengthen Select from and use a wide range of materials and components according to their characteristics Select from and use a wide range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks Evaluate own ideas and designs against given design criteria Explore and evaluate a range of existing products

	 Help create three simple melodies with the Units using one, three or five different notes. Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary. 	
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
Tuck, balance, pike, travel, start position end position, star shape,	appraising, arrangement, backing, balance, band, chord, chorus, cover, rhythm, pulse, instrument	investigating, planning, design, make, evaluate, user, purpose, ideas, design criteria, product, function cut, fold, join, fix structure, wall, tower, framework, weak, strong, base, top, underneath, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, straight, curved, metal, wood, plastic
Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:	Help me at Home by:
Make up a gymnastic routine: try to include a balance, a jump, a roll and a turn.	Listening to music, discussing favourite music and the instruments they can hear etc.	Use Lego and other materials to build structures. Talk about we can make them stronger.
Visitors, Visits and Outdoor Learning within the theme:		
Take a walk along the canal using a route on a map created by ourselves. Walk round the local area and highlight an environmental issue and how we can solve it.		