Key Learning in Music: Years 3 and 4



Sing songs, speak chants and rhymes in unison Listen with attention to a range of high quali		Knowledge and Understanding
and two parts, with clear diction, control of pitch, a sense of phrase and musical expression. Play tuned and untuned instruments with control and rhythmic accuracy. Practise, rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience. Practise of pitch, duration, dynamics, temporatimore, texture and silence can be organised within musical structures (for example, ostinato) and used to communicate different moods and effects. Experience how music is produced in different ways (for example, through the use of different resources, including ICT) and described through relevant established and invented notations. Know how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard (example, the effect of occasion and venue).	material when performing. Explore, choose, combine and organise musical ideas within musical structures.	 Analyse and compare sounds. Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary. Improve their own and others' work in relation to its intended effect. Use and understand staff and other musical notations. Develop an understanding of the history of music.

**Potermine upwards and downwards direction in listening, performing and moving. **Recognise differences in downwards direction in listening, performing and moving. **Recognise and imitate melody patterns in echoes. **Show the overall contour of melodies as moving upwards, downwards or staying the same. **Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats. **Perform simple melody patterns. **Determine moley and patterns in echoes. **Determine upwards and downwards adding a silence. **Describe and aurally identify the tone colours of instruments. **Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats. **Perform simple melody patterns. **Determine moley and the same time). **Perform simple melody patterns. **Determine upwards and downwards adding downwards or staying the same. **Perform simple melody patterns. **Determine upwards and defirences in dynamic levels. **Recognise differences between fist and slow tempos. **Recognise roll tone colour. **Recognise call and response te difference between thick (many sounds) and tin (few sounds) textures. **Recognise call and response form. **Compare instruments. **Compare instruments. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise chained slow tempos. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise form. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise form. **Recognise form. **Recognise form. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise form. **Recognise call and response of instruments. **Recognise form. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise in texture. **Recognise chainges in texture. **Recognise chain	Musical Elements									
downwards direction in listening, performing and moving. *Recognise and imitate melody patterns in echoes. *Show the overall contour of melodies as moving upwards, downwards or staying the same. *Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats. *Perform simple melody patterns. *Determine melody patterns. by movement, including during a silence. *Bespond to changes in the speed of the beat. *Respond to the strong beats whilst singing. *Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats. *Perform simple melody patterns. by movement, including during a silence. *Respond to changes in the same. between fast and slow tempos. *Identify the tempo of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or getting slower. *Compare instruments. *Compare instruments. *Recognise changes in texture. *Recognise the difference between the verse and refrain of a song. *Recognise the difference between unison (one same pitched sound) and harmony (various pitched sounds at the same time). *Recognise the difference between unison (one same pitched sound) and harmony (various pitched sounds at the same time). *Alentify the tone colours of instruments. *Compare instruments. *Compare instruments. *Respond to the strong beats whilst singing. *Recognise the difference between the verse and refrain of a song. *Recognise the difference between unison (one same pitched sound) and harmony (various pitched sounds at the same time). *Recognise the difference between unison (one same pitched sound) and harmony (various pitched sounds at the same time). *Gompare instruments. *Recognise thanges in texture. *Recognise the difference between the contrasting sections of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or getting slower. *Recognise the difference between the contrasting to a song. *Recognise the difference between the contrasting to a song. *Recognise the difference between the contrasting to a song. *Recognise the difference between the contrasting to a song. *Recognise the difference between the contr	Pitch	Duration	Dynamics	Tempo	Timbre	Texture	Structure			
torm.	downwards direction in listening, performing and moving. Recognise and imitate melody patterns in echoes. Show the overall contour of melodies as moving upwards, downwards or staying the same. Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats. Perform simple melody	by movement, including during a silence. Respond to changes in the speed of the beat. Respond to the strong beats whilst singing. Use instruments to keep a steady beat. Hold a beat against		between fast and slow tempos. Identify the tempo of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or	identify the tone colours of instruments. • Compare instrumental	between thick (many sounds) and thin (few sounds) textures. Recognise changes in texture. Identify the melodic line in a texture. Recognise rhythm on rhythm in music. Recognise the difference between unison (one same pitched sound) and harmony (various pitched	response form. Differentiate between the contrasting sections of a song. Recognise the difference between the verse and refrain of a song. Recognise binary (one melody labeled 'A' is followed by a new melody labeled 'B' = AB melody form) and ternary (one melody labeled 'A' is followed by a new melody labeled 'A' is followed by a new melody labeled 'B' which then goes back to melody			

Using Technology Appropriately

© Lancashire County Council (2014)