## St Maria Goretti Catholic Primary School Mathematical Vocabulary Mathematics Vocabulary List Year 6

Maths is its own language. Sometimes that language looks like written word and sometimes it looks like symbols, but it is a language and it must be learned for math fluency and competency. If your child does not have a good understanding of key mathematical vocabulary, it can hinder them in making good progress in maths and in other areas of the curriculum. Listed below are the key mathematical terms your child will learn this year. This is the minimum we expect children to learn; however, we know children are curious and will undoubtedly want to learn more and we encourage this.

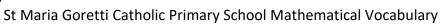
<u>Vocabulary</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>Example</u>
Number and Place Value		
Brackets	The symbols ( ) used to separate parts of a multi-step calculation.	'(10 – 2) × 3 = 24'
Degree of accuracy	A description of how accurately a value is communicated.	The degree of accuracy needed for the answer is one decimal place.  Round off to 1 decimal place.  (a) $0.38 \approx 0.4$
Equivalent expression	An expression, which can be algebraic, which is equal in value to another expression.	'Find an equivalent expression to 17 + 10. 18 + 9 is an equivalent expression to 17 + 10.'
Order of operations	The internationally agreed order to complete operations in a multi-step equation with multiple operations.	'(3 + 4) × 2 =  The <b>order of operations</b> dictates that the operation within the brackets is completed first.'  Ordering Mathematical Operations  BODMAS  Brackets Orders Obvision Multiplication Addition Subtraction $\frac{1}{2}$
Addition and subtraction		





Multiplication and division		
Factorise	To identify factors of a given number. To express a number as factors.	'I can <b>factorise</b> 12 by looking at its factor pairs. 1 × 12 = 12, 2 × 6 = 12, 3 × 4 = 12. So the factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12.'
Prime factor	A factor that is a prime number.  In other words: any of the prime numbers that can be multiplied to give the original number	'The <b>prime factors</b> of 15 are 3 and 5 (because 3×5=15, and 3 and 5 are prime numbers)'.
	Fractions, decimals, perce	ntages
Ratio	A ratio shows the relative sizes of two or more values.	Example: There are 3 triangles and 2 squares.  We can write the ratio as  3:2 or 3 to 2 or $\frac{3}{2}$
Proportion	A comparison between two or more parts of a whole or group. Proportion expresses a partwhole relationship. This may be represented as a fraction, a percentage or a decimal.	'Two thirds of a group of children were boys. The <b>proportion</b> of the group that is girls is one third.'
	Algebra	
Equation	An equation says that two things are equal.  It will have an equals "=" sign	'That <b>equation</b> says: what is on the left $(7 + 2)$ is equal to what is on the right $(10 - 1)$ ' $7 + 2 = 10 - 1$
Formula	An algebraic expression of a rule.	'The area of a rectangle can be found by multiplying the width and height. $a = w \times h$ . This is the <b>formula</b> '.
Unknown	A number we do not know.	'In the equation below, y is <b>unknown</b> but can be calculated.  y + 17 = 100'





Variable	A symbol for a value we don't	Variables
	know yet. It is usually a letter like	/ \
	x or y.	/ \
		y = 7x + 8
		Constant
		coefficient operator
	Length	
Feet/foot	An imperial unit of measure of	'I am approximately five <b>feet</b> tall.'
1.41I -	length.	(Electrical and a second and a state
Mile	An imperial unit of measure of	'Five miles is equivalent to eight
	length.	kilometres.'
Yard	A unit of length (or distance)	'In football, the penalty spot in 12
	equal to 3 feet or 36 inches.	yards from the goal line.'
	Weight	
Ounce	An imperial unit of measure of	'The new born baby had a mass of 6
	mass.	pounds and 3 ounces'.
Tonne	A unit of mass equal to 1000	'A small car weighs about 1 tonne'.
	kilograms.	
	Capacity and volume	•
Centilitre	A metric unit of capacity, equal	'There are 500 centilitres in this
	to one hundredth of a litre	beaker. It is about the same 5 litres'.
Gallon	An imperial unit of measure of	'A gallon is approximately 4.5 litres.'
	volume/capacity.	
	Temperature	
	Time	
British Summer Time	Time as advanced one hour	'During British Summer Time, there
	ahead of Greenwich Mean Time	are more daylight in the evening and
	for daylight saving in the UK	less in the morning'.
	between March and October.	ress in the morning .
	between March and October.	
Greenwich Mean	Greenwich Mean Time is an	
Time	internationally standard time	
	format. It is the main time zone	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
	in several countries, including the	
	United Kingdom.	THE PERSON NAMED IN
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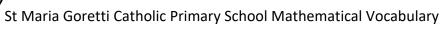
Money		
Loss	If the income is less than the expenses.	'Two days ago. Sam's Bakery received \$480, but expenses were \$520. \$480 - \$520 = -\$40, which is a \$40 loss'.
Profit	Income minus all expenses.	'Sam's Bakery received \$900 yesterday, but expenses such as wages, food and electricity came to \$650. So the <b>profit</b> was \$900 - \$650 = \$250.'
	2d shape	
Arc	A portion of the circumference of a circle	
Circumference	The perimeter/boundary of a circle.	Circumference
Compass	A tool for creating curved lines, arcs and circles.	'I can use a pair of <b>compasses</b> to draw a circle with a radius of 4 cm.'
Intersect	The point at which two (or more) lines meet is where they intersect.	'The x and y axes intersect at (0,0)'
Diameter	A line from one point of the circumference of a circle to another on the opposite side, which must pass through the centre of the circle.	Diameter
Radius	A line from one point of the circumference of a circle to the centre of the circle.	Contervalle





Similar	Similar shapes are those which have the same internal angles and where the side lengths are in the same ratio or proportion. Enlarging a shape by a scale factor (for example by doubling all side lengths) creates a similar shape.	'All squares are similar to one another.'  Squares
	3d shape	
Dodecahedron	A polyhedron (a flat-sided solid object) with 12 Faces.	
Net	A group of 2-D shapes which, when folded and connected, forms a 3-D polyhedron.	'The <b>net</b> of a cube is comprised of six connected squares.'
Position and direction		
Origin	The point at which axes in a coordinates grid cross; the point (0,0).	2 y 1 0 0 1 2 3
Vertically opposite angles	Angles which are positioned opposite to one another when two lines intersect.	The purple angles indicated are vertically opposite angles.





Statistics		
Mean Pie chart	The Arithmetic Mean is the average of the numbers: a calculated "central" value of a set of numbers.  To calculate it:  • add up all the numbers,  • then divide by how many numbers there are.  A representation of a set of data	'What is the <b>mean</b> of 2, 7 and 9?  Add the numbers: $2 + 7 + 9 = 18$ Divide by how many numbers (i.e. we added 3 numbers): $18 \div 3 = 6$ So the <b>mean</b> is 6'.
	where each segment represents one group in proportion to the whole.	Student Grades D: 2 (7.1%) A: 4 (14.3%) B: 12 (42.9%)
Statistics	The study of data: how to collect, analyse, summarise and present it.	Day Height  12