



	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Word reading	See EYFS skills document	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonics knowledge. Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. Respond speedily with the correct sound to grapheme for the 44 phonemes. Recognise and use the different ways of pronouncing the same grapheme; e.g. ow in snow and cow Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words. Read common exception words noting the tricky parts (see lists below) Read words containing — s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er, -est endings. Split two or three syllables words into separate syllables to support blending for reading.	Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation. Read frequently encountered words quickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending. Read accurately by blending the sounds in words, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain alternative sounds for graphemes e.g. shoulder, roundabout, grouping. Read longer and less familiar texts independently. Apply phonic knowledge and skills to read words	Read books at an age appropriate interest level. Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words. Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. un-, dis-, mis-, re-, pre-, im-, in- Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. —ly, -ous Read and understand words from Year 3 list (selected from the statutory Year 3 /4 word list — see lists below)	Read books at an age appropriate interest level. Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. in -, ir-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti-, auto — Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. —ation, -tion, -ssion, -cian, -sion Read and understand words from the Year 4 list (selected from the statutory Year 3/4 word list — see below)	Read books at an age appropriate interest level Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. —ant, -ance, -ancy- ent, -ence, -ency, -ible, -able, -ibly, -ably. Read and understand words from the Year 5 list (selected from the statutory Year 5/6 word list — see below)	Read books at an appropriate interest level Work out unfamiliar words by focusing on all letters in the word e.g. not reading invitation for imitation Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate hw the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able, dis+respect+ful, re+engage+ment Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. —cious, -tious, -tial, -cial Read and understand words from the Year 6 list (selected from the statutory Year 5/6 word list- see below) Use etymology to help the pronunciations of new words e.g. chef, chalet, machine,





16		ipiis iii becoming ene	cerve and remederive i	ependent redders	·•	
	Read words with contractions e,g, I'm, I'll, we'll and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter. Develop fluency, accuracy and confidence by rereading books. Rad more challenging texts using phonics and common exception and word recognition.	until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent. Work out unfamiliar words by focusing on all letters in the word, e.g. not reading place for palace. Read words containing common suffixes e.g. –ness, –ment, -ful, – less, –ly, –ing, –ed, –er, –est, –y. Read further common exception words noting tricky parts (see list below)				brochure – French in origin.
Comprehension — developing pleasure in reading and motivation to read	Listen to and discuss a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently, including stories, nonfiction and poems. Relate texts to own experiences. Recognise and join in with language patterns and repetition. Use patterns and repetition to support oral retelling e.g. fairy stories, traditional tales and stories by well-known authors. Orally retell familiar stories in a range of contexts e.g.	Listen, discuss and express views about a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently, including stories, non-fiction and contemporary and classic poetry. Orally retell a wider range of stories, fairy tales and traditional tales. Sequence and discuss the main events in stories and recounts. Read a range of non-fiction texts which are structured in different ways, including	Listen to and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction, e.g. fables, fairy tales, classic poetry, shape poetry, non-chronological reports, explanations. Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud by the teacher. Read a range of non-fiction texts, e.g. information, discussion, explanation, biography and persuasion. Read books and texts for a range of purposes e.g	Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms e.g. fairy tales, folk tales, classic poetry, kennings, advertisements, formal speeches, magazines, electronic texts. Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud by the teacher. Read books and texts, which are structured in different ways, for a range of purposes and respond in a variety of ways.	Listen to and discuss a range of fiction, poetry and non-fiction which they might not choose to read themselves. Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors. Recommend books to their peers with reasons and choices. Read books and texts that are structured in different ways for a range of purposes.	Listen to, read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays and nonfiction. Regularly listen to novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors, which they may not choose themselves. Independently read longer texts with sustained stamina and interest. Recommend books to their peers with





	arring will support po					
	small world, role play, storytelling. Enjoy and recite poems by heart. Make personal reading choices and explain reasons for choices.	information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports. Recognise the use of repetitive language within a text or poem (e.g. run, run as fast as you can) and across texts (e.g. long, long ago in a land far away) Learn and recite a range of poems using appropriate intonation. Make personal reading choices and explain reading for choices.	enjoyment, research, skills development, reference. Recognise some different forms of poetry e.g. narrative, calligrams, shape poems. Sequence and discuss the main events in stories. Orally retell a range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, fables and folk tales e.g. Grimm's Fairy Tales. Identify and discuss themes e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, mean and generous, rich and poor. Identify and discuss conventions e.g. numbers three and seven in fairy tales, magical sentence	Learn a range of poems by heart and rehearse for performance. Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Orally retell range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, myths and legends.	Express preferences about a wider range of books including modern fiction, traditional stories, myths and legends. Learn a wider range of poems by heart. Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action so the meaning is clear to an audience.	detailed reasons for their opinions. Express preferences about a wider range of books including modern fiction, traditional stories, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures. Learn a wide range of poems by heart. Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and perform using dramatic effects.
Comprehension — understanding the	Introduce and discuss key vocabulary, linking	Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and	generous, rich and poor. Identify and discuss conventions e.g. numbers three and seven in fairy tales, magical sentence repeated several times. Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and	Identify, discuss and collect favourite words	Explain the meaning of words within the context	Explain the meanings of new words within the context of the text
text	meanings and new words to those already known.	phrases.	phrases which capture the	and phrases which capture the reader's	of the text.	the context of the text.





st	tudy. They relate to a	age appropriate readi	ng skills, knowledge	and understanding fo	or each year group. ⁻	These key pieces of	
	lea	arning will support pu	pils in becoming effe	ctive and reflective i	ndependent readers	5.	
			Introduce and discuss	reader's interest and	interest and imagination	Use punctuation to	Demonstrate active
		Activate prior knowledge e.g. what do you already	words within the context of a text, linking new	imagination.	e.g. metaphors, similes.	determine intonation and expression when reading	reading strategies e.g. challenging peers with
		know about minibeasts?	meanings to known	Explain the meaning of unfamiliar words by using	Explain the meaning of unfamiliar words by using	aloud to a range of audiences.	questions, justifying opinions, responding
		Check that texts make sense	vocabulary.	the context.	the context of the text.	audiences.	to different viewpoints
		while reading and self- correct.	Use morphology to work			Check that the book	within a group.
			out the meaning of unfamiliar words e.g.	Use dictionaries to check the meanings of words	Use dictionaries to check the meanings of words in	makes sense to them and demonstrate	Use a reading journal
		Develop and demonstrate their understanding of	terror, terrorised.	they have read.	texts they have read.	understanding e.g.	to record on-going reflections and
		characters and events through role-play and	Use tone and intonation	Use intonation, tone and	Use punctuation to	through discussion, use of reading journals.	responses to personal reading.
		drama, drawing on	when reading aloud.	volume when reading	determine intonation and	redding journals.	reading.
		language from the text.	Activate prior knowledge	aloud.	expression when reading aloud to a range of	Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g.	Explore texts in groups and deepen
		Give opinions and support	and raise questions e.g.	Take note of punctuation	audiences.	generating questions to	comprehension
		with reasons e.g I like the Little Red Hen because she	What do we know? What	when reading aloud.		refine thinking, noting	through discussion.
			do we want to know? What have we learned?	Discuss their understanding	Make predictions based on what is stated and	thoughts in a reading journal.	Provide reasoned
		Explain clearly their		of the text.	implied.		justifications for their views.
		understanding of what is	Check that texts makes sense while reading and	Raise questions during the	Demonstrate active	Infer character's feelings, thoughts and motives	
		being read to them.	self-correct.	reading process to deepen	reading strategies e.g.	from their actions and	Justify opinions and elaborate by referring
		Demonstrate understanding	Demonstrate	understanding e.g. I wonder why the character.	generating questions, finding answers, refining	justify inferences with evidence.	to the text e.g using the PEE.
		of texts by answering questions related to who,	understanding of fiction	wonder willy the character.	thinking, modifying	evidence.	tile PEE.
		what, why, where, when, how.	and non-fiction texts by answering who, what, why,	Draw inferences around character's thoughts,	questions, constructing	Predict what might have happened from	Infer character's feelings, thoughts and
			where, when, how	feelings and actions and	images.	information stated and	motives from their
		Identify and discuss the main events in stories.	questions.	justify with evidence from	Justify responses to the	implied.	actions, justifying inferences with
		main events in stories.	Explain and discuss their	the text.	texts using the PE prompt (Point and Evidence)	Through close reading of	evidence e.g. PEE.
		Identify and discuss the	understanding, giving	Make predictions based on		the text, re-read and read	Predict what might
		main characters in stories.	opinions and supporting reasons with e.g. Hansel	details stated.	Identify, analyse and discuss themes e.g. safe	ahead to locate clues to support understanding.	happen from
			was clever when he put		and dangerous, just and	support understanding.	information stated and implied.
					unjust, origins of the		





le	earning will support pu	upils in becoming effe	ective and reflective i	ndependent readers) .	
	Recall specific information in fiction and non-fiction texts. Locate parts of the text that gives particular information e.g. titles, contents page and labelled diagrams. Discuss the title and how it relates to the events in the whole story e.g. Peace at Last Make basic inferences about what is being said and done. Make predictions based on what has been read so far.	stones in his pocket because Develop and demonstrate their understanding of characters and events through role play and drama, drawing on language from the text. Make inferences about characters and events using evidence from the text e.g. what is the character thinking, saying and feeling? Make predictions based on what has been read so far. Identify how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. sub-headings, contents page, bullet points, glossary, diagrams. Locate information from non-fiction texts using the contents page, index, labelled diagrams and charts.	Justify responses using the PE prompt (Point and Evidence) Discuss the purpose of paragraphs. Identify a key idea in a paragraph. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. persuasive letter, diary, calligrams.	earth, its people and animals. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence. Identify the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summaries these e.g. character is evil because 1/2/3 reasons. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning. Recognise and analyse different forms of poetry e.g. haiku, limericks, kennings.	Explore themes within and across texts e.g. loss, heroism, friendship. Make comparisons within a text e.g. character's viewpoints of same events. Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion within a text. Scan for key words and text mark to locate information. Summarise main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and identify key details which support this. Justify opinions and elaborate by referring to the text e.g. using the PEE prompt — Point, Evidence and Explanation. Analyse the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of first person in autobiographies and diaries. Identify how language, structure and presentation	Through close reading, re-read and read ahead to locate clues to support understanding and justify with evidence from the text. Make comparisons within and across texts e.g. similar events in different books such as being an evacuee in Carrie's War and Goodnight Mr Tom. Compare characters within and across texts. Compare texts written in different periods. Recognise themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival. Distinguish between statements of fact and opinions across a range texts e.g. first-hand account of an event compared with a reported example such as Samuel Pepys' diary and a history text book.





lea	arning will support pu	ipils in becoming effe	ctive and reflective in	ndependent readers	i .	
					contribute to meaning e.g. formal letter, informal diary, persuasive speech.	Scan for key information e.g. identify words and
						phrases which tell you the character is frustrated, or find words /phrases which suggest that a theme park is exciting.
						Use a combination of skimming, scanning and close reading across a text to locate specific detail.
						Retrieve, record, make notes and present information from non- fiction, including texts used in other subjects.
						Analyse the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of dialogue to indicate geographical and/or historical settings for a story.
						Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. persuasive leaflet, balanced argument.





	ied	arning will support pu	ipiis in becoming ene	ective and reflective i	ndependent readers) .	
							Explore, recognise and use the terms personification, analogy, style and effect. Explain the effect on the reader of the authors choice of language and reasons why the author may have selected these words, phrases and techniques.
Participating in discussion		Listen to what others say. Take Turns.	Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say. Make contributions in whole class and group discussions. Consider other points of view. Listen and respond to contributions from others.	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently. Develop and agree on rules for effective discussion. Take turns and listen to what others say. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g whole class, pairs, guided groups, book circles.	Participate in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently., taking turns and listening to what others say. Develop, agree on and evaluate rules for effective discussion. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. wholes class, independent reading groups, book circles.	Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read by themselves, building on their own and others ideas and challenging views courteously. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates. Prepare formal presentations individually or in groups. Use notes to support presentation of information.	Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read by themselves, building on their own and others ideas and challenging views courteously. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates. Prepare formal presentations individually or in groups.





			Respond to questions generated by a presentation.	Use notes to support presentation of information.
			Participate in debates on an issue related to reading (fiction or non-fiction)	Respond to questions generated by a presentation.
				Participate in debates on an issue related to reading (fiction or non- fiction)





The key learning statements (KLIPS) have been identified primarily from the National Curriculum 2014 programmes of study. They relate to age appropriate reading skills, knowledge and understanding for each year group. These key pieces of learning will support pupils in becoming effective and reflective independent readers.

English Key Learning Indicators of Performance in Reading: Word Lists

Year 1 Common Exception Words								
the	a	do	to	today	of			
said	says	are	were	was	is			
his	i	you	your	they	be			
he	me	she	we	no	go			
SO	by	my	here	there	where			
love	come	some	one	once	ask			
friend	school	put	push	pull	full			
house	our	and/or others according t	o the programme used					

Year 2 Common Exce	ption Words				
door	floor	poor	because	find	kind
mind	behind	child	children	wild	climb
most	only	both	old	cold	gold
hold	told	every	everybody	even	great
break	steak	pretty	beautiful	after	fast
last	past	father	class	grass	pass
plant	path	bath	hour	move	prove
improve	sure	sugar	eye	could	should
would	who	whole	any	many	clothes
busy	people	water	again	half	money
Mr	Mrs	parents	Christmas	- and/or others according	to the programme used





The key learning statements (KLIPS) have been identified primarily from the National Curriculum 2014 programmes of study. They relate to age appropriate reading skills, knowledge and understanding for each year group. These key pieces of learning will support pupils in becoming effective and reflective independent readers.

English Key Learning Indicators of Performance in Reading: Word Lists

Year 3								
accident(ally)	century	February	length	popular	strange			
actual(ly)	circle	forward(s)	library	potatoes	thought			
address	decide	fruit	minute	promise	through			
answer	describe	heard	naughty	purpose	weight			
arrive	early	heart	notice	quarter	woman/women			
believe	earth	height	occasion(ally)	question				
bicycle	eight/eighth	history	often	reign				
centre	enough	learn	perhaps	sentence				

Year 4								
appear	continue	grammar	material	possible	suppose			
breadth	different	group	medicine	pressure	surprise			
breathe	difficult	guard	mention	probably	therefore			
build	disappear	guide	natural	recent	though/although			
busy/business	exercise	imagine	opposite	regular				
calendar	experience	important	ordinary	remember				
caught	experiment	increase	particular	separate				
certain	extreme	interest	peculiar	special				
complete	famous	island	position	straight				
consider	favourite	knowledge	possess(ion)	strength				





The key learning statements (KLIPS) have been identified primarily from the National Curriculum 2014 programmes of study. They relate to age appropriate reading skills, knowledge and understanding for each year group. These key pieces of learning will support pupils in becoming effective and reflective independent readers.

English

Key Learning Indicators of Performance in Reading: Word Lists

Year 5							
apparent	cemetery	determined	explanation	interfere	occupy		
rhythm	amateur	communicate	develop	familiar	language		
occur	secretary	ancient	community	dictionary	foreign		
leisure	persuade	shoulder	available	conscience*	environment		
forty	lightning	physical	soldier	average	convenience		
equip (-ped, -ment)	government	muscle	programme	stomach	bargain		
curiosity	excellent	hindrance	neighbour	queue	temperature		
bruise	desperate	existence	individual	nuisance	recognise		
twelfth	rhyme	vegetable					

Year 6							
accommodate	category	disastrous	immediate(ly)	privilege	sincere(ly)		
accompany	committee	embarrass	interrupt	profession	sufficient		
according	competition	especially	marvellous	pronunciation	suggest		
achieve	conscious*	exaggerate	mischievous	recommend	symbol		
aggressive	controversy	frequently	necessary	relevant	system		
appreciate	correspond	guarantee	opportunity	restaurant	thorough		
attached	criticise (critic + ise)	harass	parliament	sacrifice	variety		
awkward	definite	identity	prejudice	signature	vehicle		
yacht							