

	KS1 - observing closely Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	KST - Compare and contrast a variety of examples linked to KS1 PoS	KS1 - asking simple questions	KS1 - finding things out using secondary sources of information	using dance, drama or a visual aid to represent science in the real world	interacting effectively as part of a group
Transition	<ul> <li>Talk about and draw pictures of what they have seen</li> </ul> EXPLORING / OBSERVING	<ul> <li>Find things that are similar or different</li> <li>Sort / match things in their own way (objects/living things/events)</li> <li>Use simple equipment to sort things into</li> <li>Use senses to help sort things</li> </ul>	Ask a question     Show that they are curious	Talk to people about what they do  Talk to people about how things work  RESEARCH	With help, follow movements to act out the Science they are learning about  MODELLING	Work with others on a science task  COLLABORATING
1	Begin to use simple scientific language (from yr1 PoS) to talk about or record what they have noticed  Use observations to make suggestions and/or ask questions  Look / observe closely and communicate changes over time  Look / observe closely and communicate the features or properties of things in the real world  Observe closely using their senses	<ul> <li>Name/identify common examples and some common features</li> <li>With help, decide how to sort and group objects, materials or living things</li> <li>Name basic features of objects, materials and living things</li> <li>Say how things are similar or different</li> <li>Compare and contrast simple observable features / characteristics of objects, materials and living things</li> </ul>	Ask simple questions about what they notice about the world around them     Demonstrate curiosity by the questions they ask	Ask people questions (e.g. an expert or hot-seating)      Use simple primary and secondary sources (such as objects, books and photographs) to find things out	With help, follow movements (dance / drama) to act out their Science	<ul> <li>Share ideas in a group and listen to the ideas of others</li> <li>Work with others on a science task</li> </ul>
2	<ul> <li>Use simple scientific language from the year 2 PoS to talk about / record what they have noticed</li> <li>Use observations to make suggestions and/or ask questions</li> <li>Observe and describe simple processes/cycles/changes with several steps (e.g. growth cycle, simple food chain, saying how living things depend on one another)</li> <li>Observe closely and communicate with increasing accuracy the features or properties of things in the real world</li> </ul>	Name / Identify common examples, some common features or different uses  Sort and group objects, materials or living things by observable and/or behavioural features  Compare and contrast a variety of things [objects, materials or living things] - focusing on the similarities as well as the differences	Raise their own logical questions based on or linked to things they have observed With help / scaffolds, begin to ask questions such as 'What will happen if?"	Talk about how useful the information source was and express opinion about findings Make suggestions about who to ask or where to look for information. Ask people questions to help them answer their questions Use simple and appropriate secondary sources (such as books, photographs, videos and other technology) to find things out / find answers	Act out something to represent something else about the world around us (e.g a life cycle)	Share ideas in a group and listen to the ideas of others     Work cooperatively with others on a science task making some choices



(F)	Year 1 Science K	<b>Knowledge</b>				
2	<ul> <li>Carry out simple comparative tests as part of a group, following a method with some independence</li> <li>Make a simple prediction about what might happen and try to give a vague reason (even though it might not be correct)</li> <li>With support, make suggestions on a method for setting up a simple comparative test</li> <li>Talk about a practical way to find answers to their questions</li> </ul>	Measure using non-standard and simple standard measures (e.g. cm, time) with increasing accuracy     Begin to make decisions about which equipment to use     Correctly and safely use equipment provided to make observations and/or take simple measurements	Record and communicate their findings in a range of ways to a variety of audiences  Use simple scientific language with increasing accuracy (from year 2 PoS)  Record simple data with some accuracy to help in answering questions: With support or using frameworks, make decisions about how to complete a variety of tables/charts (e.g. a 2 column table, tally charts, Venn diagram, pictograms, block graphs with 1:1 scale).	With guidance, begin to notice patterns in their data e.g. order their findings, sequence best to worst, say what happened over time, etc. Recognise if results matched predictions. (say if results were what they expected) Use their recordings to talk about and describe what has happened	Begin to use simple scientific language (from year 2 PoS) to explain what they have found out.  Give a simple, logical reason why something happened (e.g. 1 think because)	Begin to discuss if the test was unfair
			<ul> <li>Present findings in a class displays</li> <li>Sequence / annotate photographs of change over time</li> <li>Produced increasingly detailed drawings which are labelled/annotated</li> </ul>			
1	<ul> <li>With help, carry out a simple test/comparative test</li> <li>With help, make a simple prediction or suggestion about what might happen</li> <li>Begin to suggest some ideas e.g. choose which equipment to use, choose which materials to test from a selection</li> <li>Talk about ways of setting up a test</li> </ul>	Measure using non-standard units e.g. how many lolly sticks/cubes/handfuls, etc.      Observe closely, using simple equipment (e.g. hand lenses, egg timers)      use senses to compare different textures, sounds and smells	Communicate their ideas to a range of audiences in a variety of ways Complete a pre-constructed table / chart using picture records or simple words Contribute to a class display Add annotations to drawings or photographs Begin to use some simple scientific language from yr1 PoS Record simple visual representations of observations made	Use recordings to talk about and describe what happened     Sequence photographs of an event/observation	Begin to use simple scientific language (from yr1 PoS) to talk about what they have found out or why something happened	N/A in Y1
Transition	<ul> <li>Come up with new things to try/test</li> <li>Demonstrate some resilience and try different ideas</li> <li>Talk about things they are testing</li> </ul>	Use senses and simple equipment to make observations	Begin to record observations as  Drawings (talk about them / annotated by an adult)  Photographs (talk about them / annotated by an adult)	With prompts, say what they have seen / what has happened	• N/A at this level	• N/A at this level
	PLANNING AND TESTING KS1 - performing simple tests	USING EQUIPMENT AND MEASURES KS1 - Using simple equipment and gathering data to help in answering their questions	COMMUNICATING Reporting findings, recording data, presenting findings Read, spell and pronounce scientific	CONSIDERING THE RESULTS OF AN INVESTIGATION / WRITING A CONCLUSION  DESCRIBING RESULTS / EXPLAINING RESULTS TRUSTING RESULTS		
			vocabulary correctly linked to the relevant Yr Grp	LOOKING FOR PATTERNS KS1 - Talk about what happened / what they noticed	KS1 - talk about what they found out	KS1 – beginning to spot when a method is not fair