

Tuesday 6<sup>th</sup> October 2020

## How does poverty affect different groups in society.

M: 2000 households participated in Townsend's study.

A: Boys are more likely to be disengaged in school than girls because there is a lack of role models. (male)

R: Dependency culture is depending on benefits to survive

Y: The feast at the end of the month is Halloween.

S: One advantage of using covert observation is the person doesn't know your observing them so it's easier to get information because they act normal.

People in poverty could be due to their...	Explanation
Age	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- has to look after her ownself and house</li> <li><del>- depend on house, whole house will be bad.</del></li> <li><del>- 75 years average</del></li> <li>- Children, many are being brought up by children has become very expensive. Many parents struggle needs, education and socialising with friends.</li> </ul>
Gender	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Female single parent with 3 boy children. All have disabilities.</li> <li>- Waiting to be moved, one of the sons wants a permanent home.</li> <li>- The adult can't work because her children needed her.</li> <li>- borrowed from the neighbours, two sons share a bed.</li> <li>- in refuge, temporary accommodation.</li> <li>- Women live longer so there are more women pensioners than men.</li> <li>- Women are more likely than men to be lone parents (93% of)</li> </ul>
Ethnicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- low income.</li> <li>- lack of qualifications and skills</li> <li>- high rates of unemployment.</li> <li>- low pay when employed.</li> <li>- living in environmental poverty, areas with poor housing, fair.</li> <li>- stereotypes (may be called lazy etc) so aren't giving fair chances.</li> <li>- some members of ethnic minority groups live in greater poverty</li> </ul>
Disabled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- struggle to work, can't work anymore. For example if someone has damage their leg or have a disability, they can't do that anymore.</li> <li>- depends on voluntary jobs.</li> <li>- David was backdated which left them further in debt.</li> <li>- Pay £37.50 a week.</li> <li>- If the car is taken away, "their legs are taken away", have to do</li> </ul>

c/wk.

10th September 2020

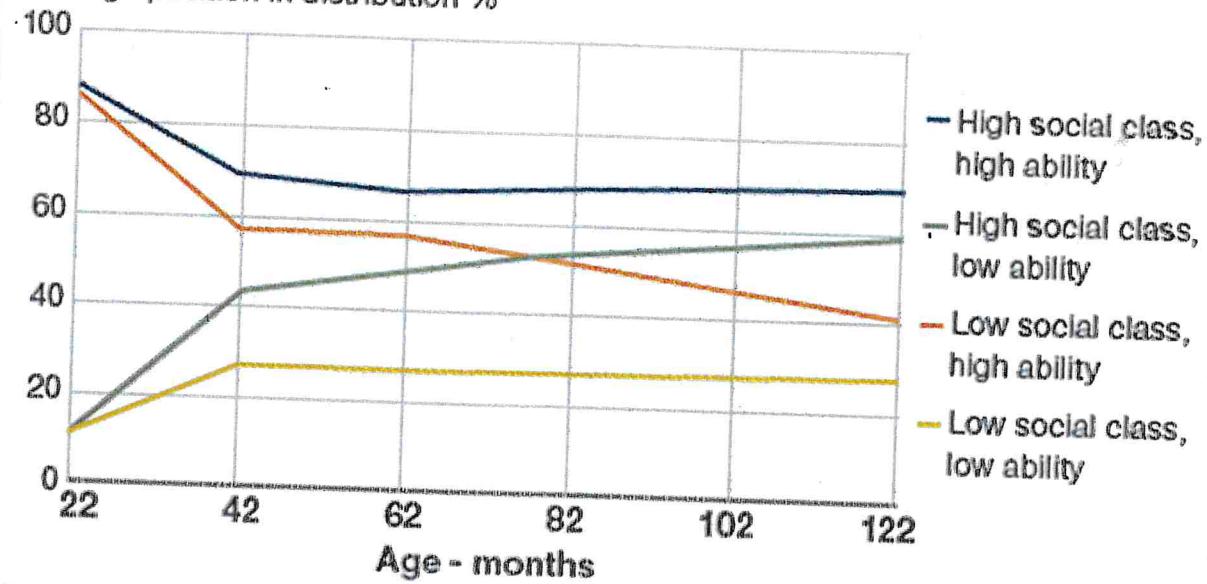
## What is Social Mobility?

### Starter:

- M. It doesn't account for the unemployed. ✓
- A. An empty nest family is when all the children have moved out / left home (no kids) ✓
- R. As many times as necessary ✓
- T. Wearing face masks in the corridors. ✓
- S. Social stratification is a universal necessity. ✓

### Child performance in relation to ability and class

Average position in distribution %



Source: Cabinet Office

High class, low ability students have access to tutors and extra resources meaning that they are more likely to improve. This is because they have more money to spend on education. This is shown on the graph. Low class, low ability students are less likely to have access to extra resources due to lower wages. This slows improvements.

What is the underclass?Mary's connect

M: Name one way disability affects people in poverty?

Their disability might restrict them from working.

A: Name one reason nature is more important than nurture?

Nature is what you're born with.

R: Name one alternative to living in a family?

Household.

Y: How many metres apart is it said to be classed as social distancing?

2 metres.

S: What % of marriages end in divorce and explain 1 reason why.

45%, secularisation.

New right

- Associated with Margaret Thatcher
- Neo-liberal and neo-conservative
- Emphasis on the individual rather than the group
- A strong support for capitalism
- Emphasis on competition and choice as a way of driving up standards in public services such as education
- Traditional moral standards - support heterosexual relationships and oppose same-sex relationships
- Reduced state provision of welfare benefits.

Key study

1. What is a culture of dependency?

A group of people who are long term unemployed and whose sole source of income is benefits from the government to survive.

2. What are the 3 measures of the underclass?

- Rising crime rates
- An increase in the number of illegitimate extra marital births
- Drop out of the labour force among working age men

## Research Techniques

Research Technique (definition)	Sources (examples)	Strengths	Weaknesses
Primary Research methods:	Interviews Observations Questionnaires	Written on paper so you have evidence Specific	too much time ✓
Secondary Research methods:	Newspapers Letters Mass media Types of data collected by other people.	Cheaper	takes too much time not specific ✓
Quantitative Data:	Official statistics Data presented in a numerical form. Presented in graphs, pie charts and tables.	book like a overview on everything to compare	abit to read ✓
Qualitative Data:	Data presented in visual or verbal form e.g. words, quotations or writing up an observation.	easier	no evidence ✓

### Peer review

- Must be carried out in a morally acceptable way e.g. respect, safeguard confidentiality and data protection.
- Sample must represent a large group of people ~~e.g. female~~
- the data is valid if it gives a true picture of social reality.
- assuming the results are valid, reliable and representative you should be able to generalise your findings.
- Data is seen as reliable if other researchers using the same methods get the same results.