

MFL Progression Document

National Curriculum Objectives for KS2

Pupils should be taught to:

- Listen attentively to spoken languages and show understanding by joining in and responding
- Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning
 of words
- Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others, seek clarification and help
- Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
- Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences
- · Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through use of a dictionary
- Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to new structures, to express ideas clearly
- Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
- Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Speaking	Respond to simple questions (with support from a spoken model or visual clue). Ask simple questions (with support from a spoken model or visual clue). Begin to correctly pronounce some simple nouns and	Respond to simple questions with correct intonation. Ask simple questions with correct intonation. Speak in short phrases / sentences related to the topic. Sing a song from memory.	Use short sentences when asking and answering questions. Prepare a short speaking task and present this with reasonable pronunciation. Use spoken language confidently to respond in conversations.	Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations. Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic; present with pronunciation that is clear and can be understood.
	adjectives. Join in with a song or rhyme in a group. Recognise and say key phonic sounds. Recognise and say numbers 1 -31.	Recognise and say numbers 1 - 100. Improvement in pronunciation of key phonic sounds.	Pronounce key vocabulary and short phrases. Develop a wider knowledge of key phonic sounds.	Pronunciation of known vocabulary is accurate. Confidently pronounce known phonic sounds.
Listening	Listen attentively to spoken language and understand key words. Respond to simple spoken questions and instructions. Recognise numbers 1-31 when spoken. Discriminate sounds and identify meaning when items are repeated several times.	Listen attentively to spoken language and understand key words and phrases. Understand instructions, statements and questions, which relate to the topic, from a teacher or a recording (with repetition as needed). Listen to a piece of text and select key words and phrases from it.	Listen attentively and understand short sentences. Understand short dialogues, instructions and questions using familiar language. Pick out the main points from speech. Listen to a recording and understand the gist of the text.	Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences. Listen to and understand familiar language at near normal speed.

	Recognise the letters of the alphabet.	Recognise numbers beyond 31 when spoken.		
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Reading	Recognise some familiar words in written form. Recognise some familiar short phrases in written form. Recognise and read known sounds within words. Read some key words aloud. Match key words to pictures / translations.	Recognise some familiar short phrases and sentences in written form. Read and understand familiar phrases and short sentences. Use context and pictures to work out the meaning of new words relating to the topic. Read some short phrases and sentences aloud, with support.	Read and understand the main points in a short text containing familiar and unfamiliar language. Research additional unknown vocabulary in a text by using a dictionary. Begin to read aloud independently.	Read and understand the main points and some details in a short text. Show more independence in using context to work out the meaning of new words outside of the familiar topic. Read aloud with confidence.
Writing	Copy familiar words. Copy accurately some familiar phrases. Choose the correct words to label items. Fill the gaps in sentences. Write some key words / numbers from memory.	Write some key vocabulary correctly from memory. Copy simple sentences correctly. Write some simple sentences from memory. Write own short sentences with support (e.g. writing frame / model).	Write some longer sentences with support e.g. by using conjunctions or intensifiers. Write some sentences from memory. Begin to write a short paragraph using familiar language about the topic studied.	Write some longer sentences from memory. Begin to write independently from memory. Apply a range of linguistic knowledge to create written pieces that can be understood. Use dictionaries to support writing.

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge about	Begin to identify some	Identify some phonemes that	Confidently identify phonemes	Confidently identify
Languages:	phonemes that are the same	are the same as or different	that are the same as or different	common phonemes in
Grammar /	as or different from English or	from English or another	from English or another language	varied contexts.
•	another language that is	language that is spoken.	that is spoken.	Hada ada ada bish a ada a
Vocabulary /	spoken.	Harden Index of Lanca and Lanca	Basis to idealife and access	Understand which sentence
Phonics	I lood a nata is all a is all at a int to it.	Use knowledge of key sounds to	Begin to identify sentence	structures are the same as
	Understand and start to use	pronounce new words.	structures that are the same as	or different from English or
	some basic core structures	Understand the main core	or different from English or	another spoken language.
	e.g. Use of first person pronoun and articles	structures and begin to use	another spoken language.	Understand and use
	according to the gender of the	some actively e.g. First and	Show a greater understanding of	negatives.
	noun.	third person present tense of	adjective agreement.	negatives.
	noun.	verbs.	adjective agreement.	Use conjunctions
	Begin to use first person	verbs.	Begin to use quantifiers /	(and/but/also/because) to
	present tense of some verbs.	Begin to use third person	intensifiers.	make compound sentences.
	p. 656 16 6 6 6 6 6	present tense verbs.		
	Recognise negative first	'	Begin to use simple conjunctions	Recognise and use
	person verbs.	Use negative first person verbs.	(and/but/also) to make	conditional tense verbs to
	•		compound sentences.	express opinion.
	Understand capitalisation	Begin to understand the		
	rules for days of the week and	structure of questions.	Use negative first and third	Give justifications for
	months of the year.		person verbs.	opinions.
		Begin to use simple adjectives		
	Recognise possessive	with nouns.	Use positive and negative verbs	Use the conventions for
	adjectives.		together in a sentence.	sentence structure studied.
		Begin to comprehend basic		
		adjective agreement.	Remember and use accurate	Recognise and use different
			questions.	spellings for masculine and
		Understand possessive		feminine adjectives.
		adjectives.		
Cultural	How festivals are celebrated	Identify countries where	Knowledge of places of interest	Knowledge of famous
	Lifestyle: food	selected language is spoken	within the country studied.	people /events from the
understanding	•		, ·	country studied.
