History Progression

KS1

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

KS2

The children will develop an understanding of key historical periods over time. They will develop a sense of chronology, be able to recall knowledge from key historical periods and develop historical skills.

As the children progress through KS2 they will develop a greater understanding of the history of Britain. They will also learn about major civilisations from across the world. Towards the end of KS2 the children would be able to make links, draw comparison and recognise trends between periods of history. Children will be taught how to remember and retain knowledge by ensuring that all units of work begin by examining where and when a period time fits into the chronology.

Assessment

Each task focuses on one main objective, the one which is core to the topic. The task will be in visual form by way of a stimulus or a piece of evidence to be analysed. The answers are usually written, but this could be just a few sentences, some labels, speech bubbles or captions.

Pupil's should show their understanding of chronology and quality of communication throughout all their work and therefore this does not need assessing separately.

Example questions:

Rec: Toys old and new – drawing, labelling, discussing.

KS1: Why did the Great Fire burn down so many houses?

KS2: Order the pictures to show changes from the Stone Age to the iron Age.

Why was the River Nile so important to the ancient Egyptians?

Local History

Some year groups will complete a unit of work on a person, place or event of local historical significance to Chorley and it's locality, for example,

Y2- Cenotaph visit, Chorley PALS war memorial, soldier's houses, the life and work of Susannah Knight during WW1

Y3 – The significance of Sir Henry Tate and his impact on the community, Myles Standish and Astley Hall, Captain Lightoller (surviving Titanic officer) Blue plaque status.

Victorian tombstones- dates and causes of death (Chorley cemetery) Chorley Mill buildings (Y6)

Astley Hall caters for a range of topics across KS2.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Chronological understanding	 Sequence events in their life Sequence 3 or 4 artefacts from distinctly different periods of time Match objects to people of different ages Sequence photographs etc. from different periods of their life Describe memories of key events in lives 		 Sequence artefacts closer together in time - check with reference book Place the time studied on a time line Use dates and terms related to the unit of study and passing of time Sequence several events or artefacts 		 Place events from period studied on time line Use terms related to the period and begin to date events Understand more complex terms e.g. BC/AD Know and sequence key events of time studied Use relevant terms and period labels Make comparisons between different times in the past Place current study on time line in relation to other studies Use relevant dates and terms Sequence up to 10 events on a time line 	
Range and	EVENTS BEYOND LIVING MEMORY - THE GREAT FIRE OF LONDON -	EVENTS BEYOND LIVING MEMORY-	LOCAL SIGNIFICANT PEOPLE (Linked with Geography)	THE EGYPTIANS	ANGLO SAXONS	VIKING CIVILISATION and the struggle for Britain
depth of historical knowledge Interpretations of history	 I. How can we work out why the Great Fire started? 2. What happened during the Great Fire and how do we know? 3. Why did the Great Fire burn down so many houses? 4. Could more have been done to slow the spread of the fire? 5. How did people manage to live through the Great Fire? 6. How shall we rebuild 	SIGNIFICANT INDIVIDUALS Why should Chorley 'remember' on Poppy Day? 1. Why are people wearing poppies around this time? 2. What are memories? 3. Who do we remember on Remembrance Day? 4. Why do we have Remembrance Day? 5. What happens on Remembrance Day? 5. What happens on Remembrance Day? 6. Why is it important to remember? 7. Who should we remember locally?	 1.What is Chorley, our local area famous for? 2. What is a blue plaque? Are there any blue plaques in Chorley? 3. What was Charles Lightoller famous for? 4.What do you know about Myles Standish. What are his connections with Astley Hall? STONE AGE TO IRON AGE Was the Stone Age man a hunter gather concerned only with survival? How different was life in the Stone Age when man started to farm? What can we learn about the Stone Age from Skara Brae? Why is it so difficult to work out why Stone 	 What can we quickly find out to add to what we already know about Ancient Egypt? How can we discover what Ancient Egypt was like over 5,000 years ago? What sources of evidence have survived and how were they discovered? What secrets of Ancient Egypt did the pyramids reveal? What was life like for men and women in Ancient Egypt? What do we know about the beliefs of the Ancient Egyptians? What did Ancient Egypt have in common with other civilizations from that time? What can we tell about Henry VIII from his portraits? 	 Why did the Anglo Saxons invade and how can we possibly know where they settled? What does the mystery of the empty grave tell us about Anglos Saxon Britain? How did peoples live change when Christianity came to Britain? And how can we be sure? How were the Saxons able to see off the Viking threat? 790- Why did the Anglo have brave Why did the the change How did peoples live change when Christianity came to Britain? And how can we be sure? 	 What image do we have of the Vikings? Why have the Vikings gained such a bad reputation? How did the Vikings try to take over the country and how close did they get? How have recent excavations changed our views of the Vikings? What can we learn about Viking settlements from place names?
	Fire? SIGNIFICANT INDVIDUALS – THE QUEEN/ROYALS CHANGES WITHIN LIVING MEMORY - FAMILY ALBUM. 1. How have we canged in the last 5 years? 2. Who is in my family?	Fire? 8. What helps us to remember in the local area? SNIFICANT INDVIDUALS - THE CHANGES WITHIN LIVING MEMORY - BUCKETS AND SPADES - GOING TO THE SEASIDE 1. How have we canged in the last 5 years? 1. What was going to the			 Just how great was King Alfred really? Just how effective was Saxon justice? How 'dark were the dark ages really? MAYAN CIVILISATIONS Why do you think we study the Mayan 	 6. Raiders or settlers – how should we remember the Vikings? RBITAIN BEYOND 1066 BEYOND PLACE VALUE 1. Would the real Henry VIII please stand up?
	 Are toys? Are toys? people do at the seaside in the past? How do we know what holiday were like in the past? How have toys changed over the years? Are toys from the royal family different to our toys? Do you like the earlier 	 Henge was built? 5. How much did life really change in the Stone Age and how can we possibly know? 6. Can you solve the mystery of the skeleton? 	 Why did Henry really break with Rome: love or religion? How different was life for people at different levels of society living in Tudor times, and how do we know? Why do we have to be so careful when using the portraits of Elizabeth I to find out about her? How was Elizabeth able to defeat the mighty Spanish 	know what it was like 1000 years ago? 5. If the Mayans were so	 Why do Elizabeth 1st portraits mysteriously start showing her looking younger towards the end of her reign? Why is it so difficult to work out what Victorian factory conditions were really like? Why do we need to be careful when using paintings to find out about Victorian life? 	
	HOW HAS RAIL TRANSPORT CHANGED ? 1. 1.How has transport changed? How was it different in the past?	seaside holidays or do you prefer them now?	THE ROMANS 1. Why on earth did the romans leave sunny Italy to come and live on this cold #empire on the edge of the Empire?	Armada? • What can we learn about Elizabethan England by studying how they enjoyed their leisure time?	civilized, why did they believe in human sacrifice? 6. Why did the Mayan empire end so quickly? ANCIENT GREECE 1. How can we possibly know about Ancient	 6. Were the evacuees as happy as they were shown? 7. Did people believe all the propaganda during the Blitz?

	 How did people travel in the past? Viking Longboats How have cars changed? Who invented the train? What did the Wright Brothers do to make them famous? How will transport develop in the future? 		 Why did Boudica stand up to the Romans and what image do we have of her today? How could the Romans control such a vast Empire? How did Roman life contrast with Celtic life and how do we know? Why did this great Empire come to an end? 		 Greeks who lived over 2500 years ago? 2. What can we work our about everyday life in Greece from the pottery? 3. Why was Athens able to be so strong at this time? 4. What was is special about life in the 5th Century Greece? 5. What can we tell about the Ancient Greeks from their interest in theatre and ports (Olympics)? 6. In what ways have the Ancient Greeks influenced our lives today? 	
Vocabulary	EVENTS BEYOND LIVING MEMORY - THE GREAT FIRE OF LONDON	EVENTS BEYOND LIVING MEMORY - REMEMBRANCE	STONE AGE TO IRON AGE	THE EGYPTIANS	ANGLO SAXONS	VIKING CIVILIS struggle for Brit
From sticky	Destroyed	MEMORT - REMEMBRANCE	 archaeologists 	 archaeologist 	 Anglo-saxon 	struggle for brit
knowledge	Thatched roofRuined		artefact	 pharaohs 	 Archaeologist 	archae
Kilowieuge	 Ruined Pudding Lane 	MemoriesRemember	NeolithicB.C.	tombspyramid	East AngliaCremation Urn	raidsvicious
	Thomas Farriner	Remembrance	b.C.chronology	 bieroglyphs 	 Settlements 	 Vicious longho
	Bakery	 November 	 hunter-gatherers 	 vizier 	Sutton Hoo	 berserl
	Disaster	Significant	 shelter 	 scribe 	Christianity	 longsh
	Water squirter	• WWI	 settlement 	 sarcophagus 	 Viking invasion 	• Odin
	Fire hook Samuel Benur	World War One	Prey	 mummy 	King Alfred	• Scand
	 Samuel Pepys King Charles II 	Battle	Nomad	 papyrus 	Saxon Justice	Danela
	Christopher Wren	 Soldier Trench 	Skara braeSinews	 scarab 	PaganMissionary	miscorJorvik
	 John Evelyn 	Memorial	SinewsFlint stones		 Missionary Scots 	 JOIVIK
	,	 Cenotaph 	Domesticate		 Picts 	
		 Poppy Wreath 	Domosileare			
	CHANGES WITHIN LIVING MEMORY - FAMILY ALBUM- HOW WE HAVE	• 1914-1918				Beyond Face V
	CHNAGED	 Susannah Knight 			MAYAN CIVILISATIONS	
		Walter Tull		THE TUDORS		Factor
	Before			• Heir	glyphs	 Victori
	After		THE ROMANS	Monarch	codices Chicken Item	Portrai
	Yesterday	CHANGES WITHIN LIVING	centurion	ReignThrone	Chichen ItzaCacoa	evacuBlitz
	Past	MEMORY - BUCKETS AND	emperor	Henty VIII	Ahau or Ahaw	 Propag
	 last year, 	SPADES – GOING TO THE SEASIDE	aqueduct	Elizabeth I	Batab	Govern
	a long time ago		 gladiator 	Spanish Armada	 Itzamna 	
	• old	 seaside 	Londinium	religion	Huipil	
	• new	• sand	conquer		• Kin	
	a long time ago	cliff boggh	invade Bomaniation		KukulcanUinal	
	 adult 	beach shingle	Romanisation		• Uinal	
	• baby	shinglewindbreak	senateRoman baths			
	• young	 picnic 				
	• grown-up	 sun hat 			ANCIENT GREECE	
		• Suncream				
	SIGNIFICANT INDVIDUALS -	Sunglasses			 philosophy 	
	THE QUEEN/ROYALS	flip-flops			Athenians	
	The Queen	souvenirsbucket			Spartans domocracy	
	Buckingham Palace	 bucket spade 			democracyOlympics	
	Union Jack FlagThrone	 spade sandals 			plague	
	Crown	luggage			 plague truce 	
	Corgi	Swimsuit			• Zeus	
	Prince Charles	 sandcastle 			loincloth	
		 steam boat 			Apollo	

eks who lived over) years ago? at can we work our but everyday life in ece from the tery? / was Athens able ie so strong at this ? at was is special but life in the 5 th at can we tell about Ancient Greeks in their interest in atre and ports impics)? that ways have the cient Greeks enced our lives ay?	
<u>ONS</u>	VIKING CIVILISATION and the struggle for Britain
ylo-saxon naeologist Anglia mation Urn lements on Hoo istianity ng invasion g Alfred on Justice an ionary ts	 archaeologist raids vicious longhouse berserkers longship Odin Scandinavia Danelaw misconception Jorvik
	Beyond Face Value
ILISATIONS bhs lices chen Itza coa uu or Ahaw ab mna bil	 Factory reform Victorians Portrait evacuees Blitz Propaganda Government
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	 Duchess of Cornwall Prince William Prince Harry Prince Phillip Windsor Castle Heir Catherine, Duchess of Cambridge 	 Punch and Judy show amusement arcade steam train pier 		 Sacred truce temple
Person, place or event of historical significance in the local area	How has our school changed over the years? King James and Hoghton Tower He loved beef so much that he knighted a jointat Hoghton Tower. When did this happen, where did it happen and why was King James so close by?	Chorley – local study Cenotaph – Astley Park Pals Commemorative Memorial – town centre Susannah Knight	Captain Lightoller Sir Henry Tate Oliver Cromwell - Who was he, what did he do and why are his boots at Astley Hall? How did Rivington Pike warn the locals of the coming Spanish invasion?	
Historical enquiry	 Find answers to simple questions about the past from sources of information e.g. artefacts, (see 4a) 		 Use a source – observe or handle sources to answer questions about the past on the basis of simple observations. Use a range of sources to find out about a period Observe small details – artefacts, pictures/photographs Select and record information relevant to the study Begin to use the library and internet for research independently 	 Use evidence to build up a Choose relevant material to of life in time past Ask a variety of questions Use the library and internet Begin to identify primary an Use evidence to build up a Select relevant sections of in Use the library and internet confidence
Organisation and communication	Communicate their knowled	ge through: Discussion Drawing	l pictures Making models Drama/role play Writing Using ICT	 Recall, select and organise Communicate their knowle

	icture of a past event oresent a picture of one aspect
and a pi f inf et fo	or research secondary sources icture of a past event ormation or research with increasing
	istorical information ge and understanding.