

# Year 2 Knowledge Organiser

## Unit: Everyday Materials

### Lessons

- Review: distinguish an object from it's material. Identify and name a variety of different materials.
- Explain why we use certain materials
- Compare the uses of everyday materials
- Investigate squashing, bending, twisting and stretching
- Identify and describe the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for particular uses.

### Did you know?

To change the shape of an object, you must always apply a force to it.

Tarmac was named after road-builder John Macadam and a raincoat (mac) was named after inventor Charles Macintosh!



**durable**

**absorbent**



**stretchy**

**flexible**



**waterproof**

**strong**



Rubber – used in car tyres, elastic bands and much more, is originally grown on trees in the rainforest!

Most of the materials we use every day can be recycled and made into new items. Make sure you recycle!

## GR8! – 8 words and meanings to learn

Key Word	Meaning
1. force	A strength or power placed upon an object.
2. absorbent	Able to soak up another substance or liquid.
3. waterproof	Able to resist water.
4. stretch	Making something longer or wider without it tearing or breaking
5. repel	To move something back by force.
6. squash	To squeeze something with such force that it becomes flatter or changes shape.
7. properties	The qualities of an object or material; what it can do.
8. invention	To make or design something new.