

| | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------|---------|
| Autumn 13 weeks | Place Value 13 weeks | | | Addition and Subtraction | | | | Graphs and Statistics | | | | |
| Spring 12 weeks | Multiplication and division | | | Fractions & Decimals | | | | Coordina Angles | tes & | | | |
| Summer 13 weeks | Measure Length & | ment – Perimeter | Time | | | Shape | | | Volume, c | apacity | Consolida applicatio | |



| | Week 1 - 4 | Week 5-10 | Week 11-12 |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| | Place Value | Addition & Subtraction | Statistics |
| Autumn Term 13 weeks | Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place | Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones; a three-digit number and tens; a three digit number and hundreds. Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Add and subtract amounts of money to give change using both £ and p in practical contexts. Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (mm, cm, m); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml). Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve one-step and two-step questions (for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?') using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs |



| | Class I - Culticulum Overview 3, 4 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Week 1 - 5 | Week 6-10 | Week 11-12 | | | | | |
| | Multiplication & Division | Fractions & Decimals | Coordinates & Angles | | | | | |
| Spring Term 12 weeks | write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods. | Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Count up and down in tenths. Count up and down in hundredths. Recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 Recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Find the effect of multiplying and dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. Solve problems that involve all of the above. Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. Recognise and write decimal equivalents to 14, 15, 14 Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down. Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. | | | | | |



| | Week 1 - 2 | Week 3-5 | Week 6-8 | Week 9-10 | Week 11-12 |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Measurement - Length & | Time | Shape | Measurement - Volume & | Consolidation & |
| | Perimeter | | | Capacity | Application |
| Summer Term 13 weeks | Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm). Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes. Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres Continue to measure using the appropriate tools and units, progressing to using a wider range of measures, including comparing and using mixed and simple equivalents of mixed units. Convert between different units of measure e.g km-m | Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. Read, write & convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 14 hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. Convert between different units of measure eg hour to minute. Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. Compare durations of events (for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks). Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. Draw 2-D shapes Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. Make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them | Measure, compare, add and subtract: mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml). Investigate volume and capacity in a practical context. | Follow own fascinations in mathematics using investigative learning. |

