RE Curriculum Overviews including the development of equity, diversity and justice.

At St Mary's, we follow the Diocese of Blackburn Questful RE syllabus. Within each unit, there are substantive knowledge strands to meet alongside key disciplinary

EYFS Substantive Knowledge.

Unit 2 - Harvest

• give pupils an understanding of why Christians say thank you to God at harvest time and talk about him being creator.

Unit 3 - Special People

- give pupils an opportunity to explore Christian values through their own actions and the actions of others.
- highlight the role of significant/special people in pupils' lives.
- emphasise the ways in which Jesus was a special person.

Unit 4 - Christmas

• explore the nativity story in a variety of ways and ensure pupils know that Christmas is the celebration of Jesus' birth.

Unit 5 and 6 - Stories Jesus heard/told

- introduce pupils to stories of the Old Testament and understand that Jesus would have heard these stories as he was growing up.
- explore the stories that Jesus told and know that he told them to teach us about God.

Unit 7 - Easter

- explore the events of Easter through a variety of multi-sensory experiences ensuring that pupils know that for Christians it is a celebration of Jesus' death and resurrection.
- enable pupils to begin to understand that Christians believe that Jesus died because he loves us and that he came back to life to save us and mend the relationship with God that was broken at the Fall. (God's Big Story)

Unit 9 - Special Places

• begin to develop pupils' understanding of a place being considered as a special/holy place where believers go to worship.

KS1.

Year 1 substantive knowledge.

Unit 1.1 - Harvest

- develop further pupils understanding that Harvest festivals are a traditional celebration to give thanks to God for the gifts
 of the harvest.
- increase awareness that the food we eat is harvested and distributed all around the world
- raise awareness that in the UK our harvest is usually plenty but in some other countries around the world the harvest fails.
- discuss what the response of Christians should be to the needs of others.

Unit 1.2 - Creation

- give children the opportunity to develop their perceptions and understanding of God.
- provide an opportunity for reflection on feelings of awe, wonder, delight and mystery in relation to the natural world.
- to explore the creation stories in world faiths.

Unit 1.3 - Christmas

- deepen the children's understanding of the true meaning of Christmas through emphasising that Jesus was a gift from God.
- discuss the thoughts and feelings associated with giving and receiving gifts.

Unit 1.4 - Jesus

- explore Bible stories that reveal Jesus' power and divine nature.
- talk about how and why Jesus was special

Unit 1.5 - Easter

- give children an opportunity to reflect upon the miracles of nature and new life during springtime.
- for pupils to hear and be able to retell the Easter Story.
- make links between the transformation of plants and animals and the Easter story in order to develop an understanding of the resurrection.

Unit 1.7 - Baptism

• deepen children's understanding of what it means to belong through exploring the celebration of baptism and the ways in which people of faith welcome babies.

Unit 1.8 - Joseph

- explore one of the most well-known epic stories of the Old Testament.
- help pupils to talk about the actions and feelings of the characters and relate them to their own experiences.
- consider what we can learn from this story.
- learn more about the nature and characteristics of God

Unit 1.9 - My world, My Jesus

- help children understand that Jesus lived a long time ago and that the world we live in is very different to Jesus' world over 2000 years ago
- talk about the human nature and experience of Jesus as he lived in the world at that time.

Year 2 Substantive Knowledge.

Unit 2.1 - The Bible

- widen the children's understanding of the Bible, its contents, presentation and importance to Christians.
- begin to develop children's understanding of holy books in the lives of people of all world faiths.

Unit 2.2 - Christmas

• explore the story of Christmas from the perspective that it was good news then and now.

Unit 2.3 -Jesus

- to increase the children's awareness that Jesus was an extraordinary person who welcomed everyone as a friend.
- develop knowledge and understanding that Jesus had the power to miraculously heal people.

Unit 2.4 - Easter

- give children an understanding that symbols are pictures or objects with a deeper meaning and a story to tell.
- extend pupils' knowledge of the details of the Easter story.
- develop pupils' understanding of the importance of Easter and the concept of salvation.

Unit 2.5- The Church

- give pupils an understanding of 'church' as a holy place and a body of people.
- begin developing in pupils an understanding of what happens in church and why.
- give pupils an opportunity to begin exploring places of worship across world faiths.

Unit 2.6 - Ascension and Pentecost

- begin to develop the children's knowledge and understanding of these two very significant events.
- give children an opportunity to begin to explore the concept of God as three in one.
- emphasise the importance of these events in the life of Jesus and the Church, then and now.

KS1 Disciplinary Knowledge.

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EYFS.

- asking relevant questions and using different types of enquiries to answer them
- using Chatterboxes to inspire children and spark their interest

Key Stage One.

- asking relevant questions and using different types of enquiries to answer them
- using different sources to gather information
- drawing meaning from artefacts, music, works of art, poetry and symbolism
- interpreting meaning from religious texts
- using mental and physical stillness to think with clarity

UC* = Understanding Christianity resources

EYFS & KS1 3 Year RP	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Cycle A	EYFS 2 Harvest UC* S5 Christian Art 2.2 Christmas. Why was the birth of Jesus such good news? UC*	1.4 Jesus was special 1.5 Easter. What do you think is the most important part of the Easter story? UC*	2.5 The Church WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM EYFS 3 Special People WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM
Cycle B	1.1 Harvest. 1.8 Joseph EYFS 4 Christmas UC* WORLD FAITH LINK HINDUISM JUDAISM	2.3 Jesus friend to everyone UC* EYFS 7 Easter UC*	2.1 The Bible. Why is it such a special book? WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 1.9 My world Jesus world
Cycle C	1.2 God and creation UC* WORLD FAITH LINK HINDUISM ISLAM EYFS 9 Special Places WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM 1.3 Christmas UC*	EYFS 5 Stories Jesus Heard EYFS 6 Stories Jesus Told 2.4 Easter. UC*	1.7 Why is baptism special? WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 2.6 Ascension and Pentecost.

KS2.

Year 3 substantive knowledge.

Unit 3.1 - Called by God

- give children an opportunity to consider what it means to be called by God
- give children an opportunity to consider the responses people have made in the past and still do today when they hear a call from God

Unit 3.2 - Christmas

- give children the opportunity to reflect upon Christmas as a celebration of God's presence with us 2000 years ago and now.
- deepen pupils' understanding of the concept of Incarnation

Unit 3-3 - Jesus

• deepen children's insight into the impact Jesus had/has on people's lives.

Unit 3.4 - Easter

- increase pupils' knowledge and understanding of the Easter story, exploring the feelings evoked then and now by different events throughout Holy Week.
- discover how the services held in churches during Holy week reflect the sadness and joy.
- develop further the pupils' understanding of the concept of salvation.

Unit 3.5 - Rules for living

• give pupils an opportunity to consider the value and purpose of rules.

- examine Christian rules for living and the source of these rules.
- encourage pupils to reflect upon their own lifestyle and the influences upon it.
- investigate the rules followed by two/three world faiths and the ways in which these rules influence behaviour and decisions.

Unit 3.6 - Harvest

- build on knowledge gained in Key Stage 1, develop further pupils understanding that Harvest festivals are a traditional celebration to give thanks to God for the Gift of Harvest
- increase pupils knowledge and understanding of the ways in which communities celebrate harvest around the world
- deepen understanding of why harvest is celebrated by people of all faiths and world views
- enable pupils to reflect on their own experiences of harvest festivals

Year 4 substantive knowledge.

Unit 4.1 - David and the Psalms

- explore the Story of David and his strengths and qualities.
- to read the Psalms and use them to discover more about the nature of God.
- to identify the values that the pupils consider to be particularly important.

Unit 4.2 - Christmas

- give pupils an understanding of the Christian belief that Jesus is the 'Light of the World'.
- explore the multi-faceted metaphor of bringing light into people's lives.

Unit 4.3 - Jesus

- deepen the children's understanding of Jesus, who he was, his teaching and behaviour.
- use the events covered in the stories in this unit to illustrate and emphasise the Christian belief that Jesus is the Son of God; that he was God and man, both human and divine.

Unit 4.4 - Easter

- give children the opportunity to reflect upon the importance of power and the effect of betrayal, trust and forgiveness.
- deepen pupil's understanding of the concept of salvation.
- focus on the significance of the incidents of betrayal and trust in the Easter story.

Unit 4.5 - The church

- give children an understanding of the Christian church in its widest sense.
- ensure pupils know that Christianity is a multi-cultural worldwide faith.
- enable pupils to see the similarities and differences between Christian denominations and to develop further their

understanding of symbolism.

• further develop children's knowledge and understanding of sacred places of worship across world faiths.

Year 5 substantive knowledge.

Unit 5.1 - The Bible

- deepen children's understanding of the importance and impact of the contents of the Bible on the lives of Christians.
- to develop further children's understanding of the significance of holy books in the lives of the people of all world faiths.

Unit 5.2 - Christmas

- give children a Biblical perspective on the nativity story.
- deepen children's understanding of what Christians believe to be the true meaning of Christmas.
- increase pupil's knowledge and understanding of the place of the incarnation in God's Big Story

Unit 5.3 - Jesus

- emphasise Jesus' skills as a great teacher.
- consider carefully the messages of the parables and how they impact on the lives of practising Christians.

Unit 5.4 - Easter

- emphasise that Christians believe that Easter is the celebration of Christ's triumph and victory over death. This is at the very heart of Christian belief.
- ensure that pupils have an understanding of the importance of Jesus death and resurrection in Christian belief, as a rescue plan to restore the relationship between God and his people

Unit 5.5 - Old Testament Women

- widen the children's knowledge and understanding of the role and significance of women in the Bible and God's big story.
- to reflect upon the actions of these women and consider what we can learn from their stories.

Year 6 substantive knowledge.

Unit 6.1 - Life as a journey

- give children an opportunity to think about the idea that that life is a journey and what it means to make that journey as a Christian.
- enable pupils to begin to understand the concept of undertaking a religious pilgrimage.

Unit 6.2 - Advent

- delve deeper into the themes of the season of Advent.
- introduce pupils to the Christian belief that Jesus will return (the second coming).

Unit 6.3 - the Eucharist

- identify the links between the Passover meal, Last Supper and Eucharist.
- develop pupils' understanding of the Eucharist and the symbolism connected with it.
- develop pupils' understanding of the importance of the Eucharist and why it is celebrated.

Unit 6.4 - Jesus

• allow children the opportunity to stand back and consider 'Who was Jesus?' and 'Who is Jesus?' from their own point of view and the views of others in the past and today.

Unit 6.7 - People of Faith (build on 5.9)

- explore what it means for a person to have faith and how having faith affects people's lives, values and decisions.
- discuss that Christian people are called to build God's kingdom here on earth.

Disciplinary Knowledge.

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Key Stage Two.

- ask increasingly deep and complex questions about religion and what it means to be human
- use a widening range of resources to pursue answers
- articulate own reactions and ideas about religious practices
- interpret and draw meaning from artefacts such as music, works of art, poetry and symbolism
- read and interpret a range of texts from various religions
- see links and connections between aspects of religions and cultures
- apply learning from one religious contexts to new contexts with growing awareness and clarity
- join in discussions using reasons, facts, opinions and experiences to justify or question religious issues.

UC* = Understanding Christianity resources

KS2 - 4 year RP	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Cycle A	3.1 Called by God UC*	3.3 Jesus UC*	4.5 The Church WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM
	6.2 Advent UC*	5.4 Easter UC*	S4 Christian Worship
Cycle B	3.6 Harvest WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 4.1 God David and the Psalms	6.3A The Exodus WORLD FAITH LINK JUDAISM 6.3 Why do Christians celebrate the Eucharist?	6.6 Ideas about God UC* WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM S2 The Lord's Prayer
	5.2 Christmas.	3.4 Exploring the sadness and Joy of Easter. UC*	
Cycle C	5.1The Bible WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 4.2 Christmas.	4.3 Jesus WORLD FAITH LINK JUDAISM 6.4 Jesus UC*	5.5 Old Testament Women WORLD FAITH LINK JUDAISM S7 Change the world WORLD FAITH LINK
	WORLD FAITH LINK JUDAISM		ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM
Cycle D	6.1 Life as a journey and pilgrimage. WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 3.2 Christmas.	5.3 Jesus UC* 4.4 Easter UC* WORLD FAITH LINK	3.5 Which rules should we follow? UC* WORLD FAITH LINK ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM 6.7 People of faith (build on 5.9) WORLD FAITH LINK
	J.Z Cili istilias.	ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM	ISLAM HINDUISM JUDAISM SIKHISM BUDDHISM

Diversity Dexterity - developing understanding of equity, diversity and justice.

It is vital that religious education encourages pupils to develop positive attitudes to their learning, and to the beliefs and values of others. Continually throughout our lives we encounter things that are unusual, strange and sometimes puzzling. We meet people who are different from ourselves. In order to be able to make sense of these experiences and build an understanding of equity, diversity and justice across the world community, we all need, as human beings, to develop the following four attitudes.

Self-awareness in religious education includes pupils

- feeling confident about their own beliefs and identity and sharing them without fear of embarrassment or ridicule.
- developing a realistic and positive sense of their own religious, moral and spiritual ideas.
- recognising their own uniqueness as human beings and affirming their self-worth.
- becoming increasingly sensitive to the impact of their ideas and behaviour on other people.

Respect for all in religious education includes pupils

- developing skills of listening and a willingness to learn from others, even when others' views are different from their own.
- being ready to value difference and diversity for the common good.
- appreciating that some beliefs are not inclusive and considering the issues that this raises for individuals and society.
- being prepared to recognise and acknowledge their own bias.
- being sensitive to the feelings and ideas of others.

Open-mindedness in religious education includes pupils

- being willing to learn and gain new understanding.
- engaging in argument or disagreeing reasonably and respectfully (without belittling or abusing others) about religious, moral and spiritual questions.
- being willing to go beyond surface impressions

• distinguishing between opinions, viewpoints and beliefs in connection with issues of conviction and faith.

Appreciation and wonder in religious education includes pupils

- developing their imagination and curiosity.
- recognising that knowledge is bounded by mystery.
- appreciating the sense of wonder at the world in which they live.
- developing their capacity to respond to questions of meaning and purpose.