

Safety, Health and Environment (SHE)

GCC COVID-19 RISK ASSESSMENT PROCESS FOR SCHOOLS & EDUCATIONAL SETTINGS

(Revised for full reopening in September 2020)



Review

Check measures are effective; Monitor that measures are being implemented;

Outcome

The risk of Covid-19 infection reduced as far as practicable; Compliance with DfE guidance.

Plan

Prepare building; Plan timetables and lessons; Prepare staff, parents and pupils; Revise policies and procedures.

Do

Control access; Minmise contacts and implement distancing; Implement infection control measures; Plans for cases and outbreaks

FUNDA completed COVID-19 risk assessments when we reopened for our childcare over the summer holidays and implemented protective measures recommended by DfE and PHE. Now that the Government requires schools to plan for all pupils in all year groups to return to school full-time from the beginning of the autumn term and implement a 'system of controls', the GCC COVID-19 Risk Assessment has been updated to support schools to prepare for this. The aim of the risk assessment is to implement protective measures to prevent COVID-19 or reduce the spread of the infection if there is a positive case, both in our childcare or in school and transmission to the wider community.

COVID-19 Risk Assessment for reopening childcare/coaching in schools

ASSESS

Decide appropriate control measures for managers and employees to implement under a 'Plan', 'Do', 'Review' cycle.

*The preventative measures in this risk assessment are not mandatory but are provided as guidance on reducing the risk of transmission and comply with DfE 'system of control' requirements. Each setting must consider their own situation and adapt the assessment by editing the measures where appropriate. Remove any measures that are not relevant or will not be applied in your setting and add any additional local measures that you are implementing.

Who may be at risk: Employees, pupils and young people, families (parents, carers and siblings), visitors, contractors, members of public. Vulnerable groups: Where we apply the full measures in this guidance the risks to all staff will be mitigated significantly, including those who are extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. Some people with particular characteristics may be at comparatively increased risk from COVID-19 (due to age, deprivation, ethnicity, etc.). An individual risk assessment may be appropriate for those who are very anxious about returning to their workplace.

PLAN			REVIEW		
Prepare Building, timetables and lessons, policies and procedures	Prepare Employees, Parents and pupils and other site users	Control Access and Visitors	Minimise contacts and social distancing	Infection Control Measures	Communicate and Review Arrangements
 Buildings Ensure that all health and safety compliance checks have been undertaken before opening (e.g. fire alarm, emergency lighting, water hygiene, lifts, etc.). Reviewing emergency and evacuation procedures (e.g. fire wardens, escape routes, roll-call, assembly areas, etc.). Ventilation and AC systems working optimally; (ventilation system should be kept on continuously, with lower ventilation rates when people are absent). 	 Employees Involve employees in plans to return to school and listen to any suggestions on preventative measures that can be taken. Consider personal risk factors: age, pregnancy, existing health conditions and ethnicity and where necessary conduct 	 Access Floor markings outside school to indicate distancing rules (if queuing during peak times). At our wrap around childcare you will see it is clearly marked where parents are not allowed past. To use our FUNDA QR Scanners to sign children in/out without the need of any other adult to 	 Minimising contacts and mixing between people reduces transmission of COVID-19 and the school will consider how to implement this. 'Bubbles' Small, consistent groups of pupils split into bubbles. Class groups will be kept together in separate 'bubbles' throughout the day and do not mix with other groups. Where pupil numbers are lower, 	 Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell: Refer to PHE guidance and Action Cards for School Managers. Anyone with COVID-19 symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, not to attend school. If anyone becomes unwell at school they will 	 Consultation with employees and trades union Safety Reps on risk assessments. Nominated employees tasked to monitoring protection measures. Members of staff are on duty at breaks to ensure compliance with rules. Staff encouraged to report any non compliance.

 who display COVID-19 symptoms/ become ill during the day to be isolated. Space should be identified in addition to the usual medical room. Ensure school/venue has sufficient supplies of PPE including cleaning materials and hand washing/sanitising liquids that meet DfE/PHE requirements. Provide suitable and sufficient bins to support pupils and staff to follow the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach. Provide sufficient tissues in all rooms. Create a plan of the building to mark out areas where bubbles do not mix (e.g. classrooms) and where mixing is more likely and so where distancing and other measures are required. Consider separate facilities be provided for meals and refreshments in different zones (e.g. pods, kiosks, cafes). Evaluate the capacity of rooms and shared areas. Plan for staggered lunches with more sittings to avoid mixing, allowing time for cleaning, devise seating plans, safe capacity etc. 	 assessments. Employees fully briefed about the plans and protective measures identified in the risk assessment. Regular staff briefings. Regular staff communications that those who have coronavirus symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, are not to attend school. Information shared about testing available for those with symptoms. Identify and plan lessons that could take place outdoors. Consider how online resources can be used to shape remote learning. Plan for remote education for pupils, alongside classroom teaching in case of a lockdown or Sealable provided a entrances is a lockdown or Hand sami provided a entrances entering o wraparour childcare later their hand simmon sprayed with sprayed with sprayed with the provided or the provided or	allgroups are not appropriate look to implement year group sized bubbles.ave hadIf the design of the school means class bubbles cannot be kept apart, split the building/school hall/school yard into 'zones' and implement zonal bubbles.f and emove ngs at wash ediatelyVery small schools or APS unable to prevent mixing to adopt whole school bubbles as part of their system of control.f ace emove ns n oKeep a record of pupils and staff in each bubble, lesson or close contact group.f ace their system of control.School breakfast and after-school clubs to keep to the	 home and provided with information on what to do next. An unwell child awaiting collection, will be isolated in a suitable room with or without adult supervision (depending on age and needs of the child). Staff caring a child awaiting collection to keep a distance of 2 metres. PPE to be worn by staff caring for the child if 2 metres distance cannot be maintained. Staff to wash their hands after caring for a child with symptoms. All areas where a person with symptoms has been to be cleaned after they have left. Should staff have close hands-on contact they should monitor themselves for symptoms of 	of prevention measures will be monitored by FUNDA Management. • This risk assessment will be reviewed if the risk level changes (e.g. following local/national lockdown or cases or an outbreak) and in light of updated guidance.
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Consider door signs	pupils having to	and Infant Bubbles if	possible COVID-
mounted to identify max	isolate.	necessary.	19 over the
number in room / toilets at			following 14 days.
one time.	Others	Minimise mixing	
COVID-19 posters/ signage	Assurances that	Whatever the size of	
displayed.	caterers comply	the bubble, they are	
• Identify 'crunch points' (e.g.	with the guidance	to be kept apart	
entrances/ exits/ corridors/	for food	from other groups	
shared space and consider	businesses on	where possible.	Hand washing
how movement can be	COVID-19.	Groups use the	 Frequent hand
staggered.	Discussion with	same classroom or	washing
Consider one-way system if	caterers to agree	area of a setting	encouraged for
possible for circulation	arrangements for	throughout the day.	adults and pupils
around the building.	staggered	Mixing between	(following
 Put down floor markings 	lunches (e.g.	bubbles kept to a	guidance on hand
along the middle of two-	seating capacity,	minimum during	cleaning).
way corridors/stairs to keep	holding hot food,	arrival, lunchtime,	Sufficient
groups apart and 'keep left'	cleaning between	breaks and	handwashing
signs.	sittings,	departure.	facilities are
 In areas where queues 	distancing and	Pupil movements	available.
may form, put down floor	minimising	around the school	Where there is no
markings to indicate	contacts).	site, either in groups	sink, hand
distancing.	Liaison with	or individuals is	sanitiser provided
	transport	controlled to limit	in classrooms.
Where possible use	providers to cater	contact and mixing.	Skin friendly skin
separate doors be used for	for any changes	The number of	cleaning wipes
in and out of the building	to start and finish		used as an
(to avoid crossing paths).	times and	pupils in shared	alternative to
Identify doors that can be	confirm	spaces (e.g. halls,	
propped open (to limit use	protective	dining areas and	hand washing or sanitiser.
of door handles and aid	measures during	internal and external	
ventilation) taking account	5	sports facilities) for	Pupils to clean
of fire safety and	journeys.	lunch and exercise	their hands when
safeguarding.	Communication	is limited to specific	they arrive at
 Identify rooms that can be 	with other	bubbles/groups	school/childcare,
accessed directly from	building users	where possible.	when they return
outside (to avoid shared	(e.g. lettings,	Separate spaces for	from breaks,
use of corridors).	extended school	each group clearly	when they
Inspect areas of work and	provision, regular	indicated.	change rooms
remove unnecessary items	visitors, etc.)	Multiple groups do	and before and
and furniture to make more	Limit visitors by	not use outdoor	after eating.
space.	exception (e.g.	equipment	Staff help is
	for priority	simultaneously. This	available for

Make arrangements with	contractors,		must be cleaned		pupils who have	
cleaners to put in place an	emergencies		thoroughly/left for 48		trouble cleaning	
enhanced cleaning	etc.).		hours after use.		their hands	
schedule that includes		٠	Limiting the number		independently	
frequent cleaning of rooms,			of pupils who use		(e.g. small	
shared areas that are used			the toilet facilities at		children and	
by different groups and			one time. Children		pupils with	
frequently touched			from mixed bubbles		complex needs).	
surfaces.			can use the same			
			toilets, however this	Re	spiratory hygiene	
Timetabling and lessons			needs to be	•	Adults and pupils	
Consider staggered starts			monitored and		are encouraged	
• Consider staggered starts or adjusting start and finish			hygiene measures		not to touch their	
			implemented/remind		mouth, eyes and	
times to keep groups apart			ed regularly.		nose.	
as they arrive and leave		•	Allow pupils to have	•	Adults and pupils	
childcare.		•	access to toilets at	•	encouraged to	
Stagger break times and			all times during the		use a tissue to	
lunch times to avoid mixing			day to prevent		cough or sneeze	
and time for cleaning					and use bins for	
surfaces in the dining hall			queues developing at social times.			
between groups.					tissue waste	
When timetabling, groups		•	Staff that move		('catch it, bin it,	
should be kept apart and			between classes		kill iť)	
movement around the			and year groups, to	•	Tissues to be	
school/venue kept to a			keep their distance		provided.	
minimum to avoid creating			from pupils and	•	Bins for tissues	
busy corridors, entrances			other staff.		provided and are	
and exits.		٠	To avoid mixing		emptied	
Prepare arrangements to			during breakfast and		throughout the	
allow remote learning to			after-school clubs		day.	
take place should a partial			where possible, a			
or full closure of the school			carousel system to	Cle	eaning	
be required, at any point in			be operated with	•	Sanitising spray	
the next academic year.			children from		and paper towels	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			different		to be provided in	
Policies and procedures			bubbles/groups		classrooms for	
Update policies to reflect			rotating between		use by members	
changes brought about by			activities (e.g.		of staff.	
COVID-19, including:			inside, outside,	•	Thorough	
 Safeguarding/child 			snack time etc.) with		cleaning of rooms	
protection			cleaning surfaces		at the end of the	
			between groups.		day.	
 Behaviour 			3.5.6		~~ <i>j</i> .	

 Curriculum Special educational needs Visitors to childcare Ensure website is compliant with regards to the publishing of policies. Response to any infection Leadership understands the NHS Test and Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health England health protection team. Plan how to inform staff members and parents/ carers that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms; inform the school immediately of the results of a test; provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with; self-isolate if necessary. 	 Distancing Staff to keep 2 metres from other adults as much as possible. Where possible staff to maintain distance from their pupils, staying at the front of the class. Staff to avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. FUNDA Coaches, to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. Use of staff rooms to be minimised. Use a simple 'no touching' approach for young children to understand the need to maintain distance. Older children to be encouraged to keep their distance within bubbles/groups. 	 Shared materials and surfaces to be cleaned frequently (e.g. toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, handrails, etc.). Resources that are shared between bubbles (e.g. sports, art and science equipment) to be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles. Outdoor equipment appropriately cleaned frequently. Toilets to be cleaned regularly. Hand sanitiser provided for the operation of lifts. Staff providing close hands-on contact with pupils need to increase their level of self- protection, such as minimising close contact and 	

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	 Minimising contact Doors propped open, where safe to do so to limit use of door handles. Ensure closed when premises unoccupied. Staff and pupils to have their own individual and very frequently used equipment, such as hi-vis vest, pens and pencils. 	washing and other hygiene measures, and regular cleaning of surfaces. PPE The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is only needed in a very small number of	
	 PE and School Sport Pupils kept in same consistent bubbles where possible during PE and sport. Sports equipment thoroughly cleaned between each use. Contact sports avoided until guidance changes. Outdoor sports should be prioritised where possible. Large indoor spaces used where it is not. Distance between pupils from mixed bubbles will be maximised. 	 where an individual child or young person becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms while at schools, and only then if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained where a child or young person already has routine intimate care needs that involves the use of PPE, in which case the same PPE should continue to be used. First Aid 	

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FUNDA Wraparound	 FUNDA Educators are all qualified in First Aid.
Childcare	Employees
 Pupils kept in same 	providing first aid
consistent bubbles	to pupils will not
where possible	be expected to
during sessions.	maintain 2 metres
 Sports equipment 	distance. The
thoroughly cleaned	following
between each use.	measures will be
 Contact sports avoided until 	adopted:washing hands or
guidance changes.	washing hands or using hand
 Outdoor sports 	sanitiser, before
should be prioritised	and after treating
where possible.	injured person;
Large indoor spaces	wear gloves or
used where it is not.	cover hands
Distance between	when dealing with
pupils from mixed	open wounds;if CPR is required
bubbles will be maximised.	on an adult,
 Doors propped 	attempt
open, where safe to	compression only
do so to limit use of	CPR and early
door handles.	defibrillation until
Ensure closed when	the ambulance
premises	arrives;
unoccupied.	if CPR is required an a child upp a
 Staff and pupils to have their own 	on a child, use a resuscitation face
have their own individual and very	shield if available
frequently used	to perform mouth-
equipment, such as	to-mouth
hi-vis vest, pens and	ventilation in
pencils.	asphyxial arrest.
To avoid mixing	dispose of all
during breakfast and	waste safely.
after-school clubs	
during meal times ,	

	a carousel system to be operated with children from different bubbles/groups rotating between activities (e.g. inside, outside, snack time etc.) with cleaning surfaces between groups.				
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools					
 <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/protective-measures-for-holiday-or-after-school-clubs-and-other-out-of-school-settings-for-children-</u> 					
during-the-coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak/protective-measures-for-out-of-school-settings-during-the-coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak					
 <u>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/maintaining-records-of-staff-customers-and-visitors-to-support-nhs-test-and-trace</u> 					