Vocabulary

Ancient — belonging to the very distant past and no longer in existence.

Architecture — The art of designing and construcing buildings.

Athenians — People from Athens

Democracy- a system of government by the whole population or all the eligible members.

Governance — The act or manner of governing a state, organisation etc.

Government — The group of people with the authority to govern a country or state

Hoplites — A Spartan warrior or soldier

Immortal — living forevver, nothing dying or decaying

 $\label{eq:matter} \begin{tabular}{ll} Myths-a traditiona; story, especially one concering the early history of people or explaining a social phenomenon. Typically involves supernatutral beings or events \\ \end{tabular}$

Olympics — relating to the ancient Olympia or the Olympic games.

Parthenon - A temple in Greece

Sculpture — the art of making two or three dimensial representatives or abstract forms, especially bu carving stone or woord.

Spartans — the residents of Sparta

St Matthew's C.E. Primary School

Knowledge Organiser

What should I already know?

The achievements of the earliest civilisations — an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of the Ancient Equpt, Year +

Where some periods studied fit into a chronological framework by noting connections, trends and contrasts over time.

The meaning of specialist dates and terms, and by placing topics studied into different periods (century, decade, Roman, Equptian, BC, AD...).







Year 5 - Faster Higher Stronger

Key Questions

- Where is Greece and what do we know about it?
- What was life like in Ancient Greece?
- How do we know about the Ancient Greeks?
- How did Ancient
 Greeks govern their
 cities?
- What are the Olympics?
- How have the Ancient Greeks influenced our lives today?
- How has Ancient
 Greece in fluenced the rest of the world?