## St Teresa's Catholic Primary School Number and Place Value Progression Map

**Respect – Resilience – Read – Retain** 

'Do the little things well'



St Teresa's Catholic Primary Schoo



COUNTING							
Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Children to know number names, initially to five, then	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning			count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and	use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero	
larger numbers, including crossing boundaries 19/20	given number				and negative whole numbers, including through zero		
and 29/30.	count, read and write numbers to 100 in	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and	count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000	count forwards or backwards in steps of		
Counting back	numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives	tens from any number, forward or backward	100;		powers of 10 for any given number up to		
each object with one	given a number, identify		find 10 or 100 more or	find 1000 more or less			
number word. Children count things	one more and one less		less than a given number	than a given number			
in irregular arrangements.							
Counting: tagging each object with one number word.							
Children to count out or 'give' a number of things from a larger							
group, not just to count the number							
that are there.							
more than/one less							
between counting							

numbers								
Pocontion	Voor 1	Voar 2	Voor 2 Voor 4 Voor 5 Voor 6					
More than / loss than	use the language of:	compare and order	compare and order	order and compare	read write, order and	read write order and		
	use the language of.	compare and order	compare and order	order and compare	reau, write, order and	reau, write, order and		
compare conections	equal to, more than, less		numbers up to 1000		compare numbers to at	to approximate numbers up to		
and begin to talk about	than (rewer), most, least	100; use and = signs			least 1 000 000 and	to occorrection the veloce of		
which group has more					determine the value of	determine the value of		
things.					each digit (appears also	each digit (appears also		
I de actificia e en en en estado					In Reading and Writing	In Reading and Writing		
Identifying groups with					Numbers)	Numbers)		
the same number of								
things . Opportunities								
to see that groups								
could consist of equal								
numbers of things.								
Comparing numbers								
and reasoning.								
Opportunities to apply								
their understanding by								
comparing actual								
numbers and								
explaining which is								
more.								
Children can compare								
numbers that are far								
apart, near to and next								
to each other.								
opportunities to see								
and begin to generalise								
the 'one more								

than/one less than'		1				
relationship between						
sequential numbers.						
•						
		IDENTIFYING. RE	PRESENTING AND ESTIM	ATING NUMBERS		
Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Subitising.	identify and represent	identify, represent and	identify, represent and	identify, represent and		
recognising how	numbers using objects	estimate numbers using	estimate numbers using	estimate numbers using		
	and pictorial	different	different	different		
many things are in a						
group without having	representations	representations,	representations	representations		

to count them one	including the number	including the number		
by one.	line	line		
Conservation:				
knowing that the				
number does not				
change if things are				
rearranged (as long				
as none have been				
added or taken				
away)				

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS (inc Roman Numerals)							
Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.	read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.	read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words		read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Comparing Numbers)	read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Understanding Place Value)	
			tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks (copied from Measurement)	read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to includethe concept of zero and place value.	read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Romannumerals.		
	L	UN	IDERSTANDING PLACE VA	LUE			
Explore the composition of numbers to 10. To see small numbers within a larger collection.	Recognise the place value of each digit in a two digit number ( tens and ones) – teens numbers.	recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)	recognise the place value of each digit in a three- digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)	recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)	read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers)	read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers)	
partitioned into different pairs of numbers.				find the effect of dividing a	recognise and use	identify the value of each	

A number can be		one- or two-digit number by	thousandths and relate	digit to three decimal places
partitioned into more		10 and 100, identifying the	them	and multiply and divide
than two numbers		value of the digits in the	to tenths, hundreaths and	numbers by 10, 100 and
		hundredths	(conjed from Fractions)	up to three decimal places
Partition a number of		(copied from Fractions)		(copied from Fractions)
things into two groups,				
and to recognise that				
those groups can be				
recombined to make				
the same total.				
Explore a range of				
ways to partition a				
whole number.				
Identifying the pairs of				
numbers that make a				
total				

ROUNDING								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
			round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000	round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1 000, 10 000 and 100 000	round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy up to 2 decimal places.			
			round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number (copied from Fractions)	round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place (copied from Fractions)	solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy (copied from Fractions)			
		PROBLEN	SOLVING					
	use place value and number facts to solve problems including previous years learning	solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas including previous years learning	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers including previous years learning	solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above including previous years learning	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above including previous years learning			