Computing Curriculum

St William's Catholic Academy



Strand	Year	Unit	Overview	Progression
Programming	1	Moving a Robot	Learners will explore using individual commands, both with other learners and as part of a computer program. They will identify what each floor robot command does and use that knowledge to start predicting the outcome of programs. The unit is paced to ensure time is spent on all aspects of programming and builds knowledge in a structured manner. Learners are also introduced to the early stages of program design through the introduction of algorithms.	As this is a Year 1 unit, no prior knowledge is assumed. This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of giving and following instructions. It moves from giving instructions to each other to giving instructions to a robot by programming it.
	2	Robot Algorithms	Pupils will use given commands in different orders to investigate how the order affects the outcome. Pupils will also learn about design in programming. They will develop artwork and test it for use in a program. They will design algorithms and then test those algorithms as programs and debug them.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of algorithms and how they are implemented as programs on digital devices. Pupils will spend time looking at how the order of commands affects outcomes. Pupils will use this knowledge and logical reasoning to trace programs and predict outcomes.
	3	Sequence in Music	This unit explores the concept of sequencing in programming through Scratch. It begins with an introduction to the programming environment, which will be new to most learners. They will be introduced to a selection of motion, sound, and event blocks which they will use to create their own programs, featuring sequences. The final project is to make a representation of a piano. The unit is paced to focus on all aspects of sequences, and make sure that knowledge is built in a structured manner. Learners also apply stages of program design through this unit.	This unit assumes that learners will have some prior experience of programming; the KS1 NCCE units cover floor robots and ScratchJr.
	4	Repetition in Shapes	Learners will create programs by planning, modifying, and testing commands to create shapes and patterns. They will use Logo, a text-based programming language.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of programming. It progresses from the sequence of commands in a program to using count-controlled loops. Pupils will create algorithms and then implement those algorithms as code.

	Repetition in Games	Learners will explore the concept of repetition in programming using the Scratch environment. Learners look at the difference between count-controlled and infinite loops, and use their knowledge to modify existing animations and games using repetition. Their final project is to design and create a game which uses repetition, applying stages of programming design throughout.	This unit assumes that learners will have some prior experience of programming. The KS1 NCCE units cover floor robots and Scratch is introduced in the Year 3 programming units.
5	Selection in Quizzes	In this unit, pupils develop their knowledge of 'selection' by revisiting how 'conditions' can be used in programming, and then learning how the 'if then else' structure can be used to select different outcomes depending on whether a condition is 'true' or 'false'. They represent this understanding in algorithms, and then by constructing programs using the Scratch programming environment. They learn how to write programs that ask questions and use selection to control the outcomes based on the answers given. They use this knowledge to design a quiz in response to a given task and implement it as a program. To conclude the unit, learners evaluate their program by identifying how it meets the requirements of the task, the ways they have improved it, and further ways it could be improved.	This unit assumes that learners will have prior experience of programming using block-based construction (eg Scratch), understand the concepts of 'sequence' and 'repetition', and have some experience of using 'selection'.
	Selection in Physical Computing		
6	Variables in Game	This unit explores the concept of variables in programming through games in Scratch. First, pupils will learn what variables are, and relate them to real-world examples of values that can be set and changed. Pupils will then use variables to create a simulation of a scoreboard. In Lessons 2, 3, and 5, which follow the Use-Modify-Create model, pupils will experiment with variables in an existing project, then modify them, then they will create their own project. In Lesson 4, pupils will focus on design. Finally, in Lesson 6, pupils will apply their knowledge of variables and design to improve their game in Scratch.	This unit assumes that pupils will have some prior experience of programming in Scratch. Specifically, they should be familiar with the programming constructs of sequence, repetition, and selection. These constructs are covered in the Year 3, 4, and 5.

1			
2	Pictograms	Learners will begin to understand what the term data means and how data can be collected in the form of a tally chart. They will learn the term 'attribute' and use this to help them organise data. They will then progress onto presenting data in the form of pictograms and finally block diagrams. Learners will use the data presented to answer questions.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of grouping data. Pupils should be able to label objects and group them based on different properties. Learners will go on to develop their understanding of attributes (properties) using branching databases to structure data according to different object attributes.
3			
4	Data Logging	In this unit, pupils will consider how and why data is collected over time. Pupils will consider the senses that humans use to experience the environment and how computers can use special input devices called sensors to monitor the environment. Pupils will collect data as well as access data captured over long periods of time. They will look at data points, data sets, and logging intervals. Pupils will spend time using a computer to review and analyse data. Towards the end of the unit, pupils will pose questions and then use data loggers to automatically collect the data needed to answer those questions.	This unit progresses pupils' knowledge and understanding of data and how it can be collected over time to answer questions. The unit also introduces the idea of automatic data collection.
5	Flat File Databases	This unit looks at how a flat-file database can be used to organise data in records. Learners will use tools within a database to order and answer questions about data. They will create graphs and charts from their data to help solve problems. They will also use a real-life database to answer a question, and present their work to others.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of why and how information might be stored in a database, and looks at how tools within a database can help us to answer questions about our data. It moves on to demonstrate how a database can help us display data visually, and how real-life databases can be used to help us solve problems. Finally, the learners create a presentation showing understanding and application of all the tools used within the unit.
6	Spreadsheets	This unit introduces the learners to spreadsheets. They will be supported in organising data into columns and rows to create their own data set. Learners will be taught the importance of formatting data to support calculations, while also being introduced to formulas and will begin to understand how they can be used to produce calculated data. Learners will be taught how to apply formulas that include a range of cells, and apply formulas to multiple cells by duplicating them. Learners will use spreadsheets to plan an event and answer questions. Finally, learners will create graphs and charts, and evaluate their results in comparison to questions asked.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of data, and teaches them how to organise and modify data within spreadsheets.

1	Digital Paintin	g During this unit, learners develop their understanding of a range of tools used for digital painting. They then use these tools to create their own digital paintings, while gaining inspiration from a range of artists' work. The unit concludes with learners considering their preferences when painting with and without the use of digital devices.	 Learners should be familiar with: How to switch their device on Usernames Passwords
2	Digital Photography	Learners will learn to recognise that different devices can be used to capture photographs and will gain experience capturing, editing, and improving photos. Finally, they will use this knowledge to recognise that images they see may not be real.	This unit begins the learners' understanding of how photos are captured and can be manipulated for different purposes. Following this unit, learners will develop their photo editing skills in Year 4.
3	Desktop Publishing	During this unit, learners will become familiar with the terms 'text' and 'images' and understand that they can be used to communicate messages. They will use desktop publishing software and consider careful choices of font size, colour and type to edit and improve premade documents. Learners will be introduced to the terms 'templates', 'orientation', and 'placeholders' and begin to understand how these can support them in making their own template for a magazine front cover. They will start to add text and images to create their own pieces of work using desktop publishing software. Learners will look at a range of page layouts thinking carefully about the purpose of these and evaluate how and why desktop publishing is used in the real world.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to combine text and images building on work from previous units.
	Animation	Learners will use a range of techniques to create a stop-frame animation using tablets. Next, they will apply those skills to create a story-based animation. This unit will conclude with learners adding other types of media to their animation, such as music and text.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to create media, exploring how they can create stop-frame animations.
4	Audio Editing	In this unit, learners will initially examine devices capable of recording digital audio, which will include identifying the input device (microphone) and output devices (speaker or headphones)	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of creating media, by focusing on the recording and editing of sound to produce a podcast.

		if available. Learners will discuss the ownership of digital audio and the copyright implications of duplicating the work of others. In order to record audio themselves, learners will use Audacity to produce a podcast, which will include editing their work, adding multiple tracks, and opening and saving the audio files. Finally, learners will evaluate their work and give feedback to their peers.	
	Photo Editing	In this unit, learners will develop their understanding of how digital images can be changed and edited, and how they can then be resaved and reused. They will consider the impact that editing images can have, and evaluate the effectiveness of their choices.	Learners should have experience of making choices on a tablet/computer. They should be able to navigate within an application. This unit progresses students' skills through editing digital images and considering the impact that editing can have on an image. Learners will also consider how editing can be used appropriately for different scenarios, and create and evaluate 'fake' images, combining all of their new skills.
5	Vector Drawing	In this unit learners will find out that vector images are made up of shapes. They will learn how to use the different drawing tools and how images are created in layers. They will explore the ways in which images can be grouped and duplicated to support them in creating more complex pieces of work.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of digital painting and has some links to desktop publishing in which learners used digital images. They are now creating the images that they could use in desktop publishing documents.
6	Web Page Creation	This unit introduces learners to the creation of websites for a chosen purpose. Learners identify what makes a good web page and use this information to design and evaluate their own website using Google Sites. Throughout the process learners pay specific attention to copyright and fair use of media, the aesthetics of the site, and navigation paths.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of the following: digital writing, digital painting, desktop publishing, digital photography, photo editing, and vector drawing.

1	Technology Around Us	In this unit, learners will develop their understanding of technology and how it can help us. They will start to become familiar with the different components of a computer by developing their keyboard and mouse skills. Learners will also consider how to use technology responsibly.	As this is a Year 1 unit, no prior knowledge is assumed. This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of technology and how they interact with it in school. Learners will build their knowledge of parts of a computer and develop the basic skills needed to effectively use a computer keyboard and mouse.
2			
3	Connecting Computers	During this unit, learners develop their understanding of digital devices, with an initial focus on inputs, processes, and outputs. They also compare digital and non-digital devices. Following this, learners are introduced to computer networks, including devices that make up a network's infrastructure, such as wireless access points and switches. The unit concludes with learners discovering the benefits of connecting devices in a network.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of technology by focussing on digital and non-digital devices, and introducing the concept of computers connected together as a network.
4	The Internet	During this unit learners will apply their knowledge and understanding of networks, to appreciate the internet as a network of networks which need to be kept secure. They will learn that the World Wide Web is part of the internet, and be given opportunities to explore the World Wide Web for themselves to learn about who owns content and what they can access, add, and create. Finally they will evaluate online content to decide how honest, accurate, or reliable it is, and understand the consequences of false information.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of networks in Year 3.
5			
6	Communication	In this unit, the class will learn about the World Wide Web as a communication tool. First, they will learn how we find information on the World Wide Web, through learning how search engines work (including how they select and rank results) and what influences searching, and through comparing different search engines. They will then investigate different methods of communication, before focusing on internet-based communication. Finally, they will evaluate which methods of internet communication to use for particular purposes.	This unit progresses students' knowledge and understanding of computing systems and online collaborative working.