

Exclusions Policy

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Policy Created by;	L.Wordsworth
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UNCRC (United Nation Convention of the Rights of a Child) Articles included in this policy;	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 15, 16, 17, 23, 24, 28, 34, 36 and 39

Our Mission Statement

At St Anne's RC Primary School, we work together, learn together, play and care together in God's love to enable each unique person to achieve their full potential.

We aim to meet the needs of every child through a challenging, enriched curriculum, where everyone feels valued and respected. Providing a safe, secure and stimulating learning environment through an inclusive partnership between children, parents, our school, our church and the wider community.

Aims

Our school aims to ensure that:

- The exclusions process is applied fairly and consistently
- The exclusions process is understood by governors, staff, parents and pupils
- Pupils in school are safe and happy
- Pupils do not become NEET (not in education, employment or training)

Legislation and statutory guidance

This policy is based on statutory guidance from the Department for Education: <u>Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement</u>

It is based on the following legislation, which outline schools' powers to exclude pupils:

- Section 52 of the Education Act 2002, as amended by the Education Act 2011
- The School Discipline (Pupil Exclusions and Reviews) (England) Regulations 2012
- Sections 64-68 of the <u>School Standards and Framework Act 1998</u>

In addition, the policy is based on:

- Part 7, chapter 2 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, which looks at parental responsibility for excluded pupils
- Section 579 of the Education Act 1996, which defines 'school day'
- The Education (Provision of Full-Time Education for Excluded Pupils) (England) Regulations 2007, as amended by The Education (Provision of Full-Time Education for Excluded Pupils) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2014

The decision to exclude

Only the headteacher, or acting headteacher, can exclude a pupil from school. A permanent exclusion will be taken as a last resort.

Our school is aware that off-rolling is unlawful. Ofsted defines off-rolling as:

"...the practice of removing a pupil from the school roll without a formal, permanent exclusion or by encouraging a parent to remove their child from the school roll, when the removal is primarily in the interests of the school rather than in the best interests of the pupil."

We are committed to following all statutory exclusions procedures to ensure that every pupil receives an education in a safe and caring environment.

A decision to exclude a pupil will be taken only:

- In response to serious or persistent breaches of the school's behaviour policy, and
- If allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of others

Before deciding whether to exclude a pupil, either permanently or for a fixed period, the headteacher will:

- Consider all the relevant facts and evidence, including whether the incident(s) leading to the exclusion were provoked
- Allow the pupil to give their version of events
- Consider if the pupil has special educational needs and or disability (SEND)
- Ensure that all other avenues of support, intervention or action have been explored and put into place before the decision to exclude is taken.

Definition

For the purposes of exclusions, school day is defined as any day on which there is a school session. Therefore, INSET or staff training days do not count as a school day.

Reasons and Recording an exclusion:

The reasons below are examples of the types of circumstances that may warrant a fixed term suspension or permanent exclusion:

- Physical assault against a pupil
- · Physical assault against an adult
- Verbal abuse or threatening behaviour against a pupil
- · Verbal abuse or threatening behaviour against an adult
- Use, or threat of use, of an offensive weapon or prohibited item that has been prohibited by a school's behaviour policy
- Bullying
- Racist abuse
- · Abuse against sexual orientation or gender reassignment
- Abuse relating to disability

Roles and responsibilities

The headteacher:

Informing parents

The headteacher will immediately provide the following information, in writing, to the parents of an excluded pupil:

- The reason(s) for the suspension or permanent exclusion
- The length of a fixed-term suspension or, for a permanent exclusion, the fact that it is permanent
- Information about parents' right to make representations about the suspension or permanent exclusion to the governing board and how the pupil may be involved in this
- Where there is a legal requirement for the governing board to meet to consider the reinstatement of a pupil, and that parents have a right to attend a meeting, be represented at a meeting (at their own expense) and to bring a friend

The headteacher will also notify parents by the end of the afternoon session on the day their pupil is suspended that for the first 5 school days of an suspension, or until the start date of any alternative provision where this is earlier, parents are legally required to ensure that their pupil is not present in a public place during school hours without a good reason. Parents may be given a fixed penalty notice or prosecuted if they fail to do this.

If alternative provision is being arranged, the following information will be included when notifying parents of an suspension:

- The start date for any provision of full-time education that has been arranged
- The start and finish times of any such provision, including the times for morning and afternoon sessions, where relevant
- The address at which the provision will take place
- Any information required by the pupil to identify the person they should report to on the first day

Where this information on alternative provision is not reasonably ascertainable by the end of the afternoon session, it may be provided in a subsequent notice, but it will be provided no later than 48 hours before the provision is due to start. The only exception to this is where alternative provision is to be provided before the sixth day of an suspension, in which case the information can be provided with less than 48 hours' notice with parents' consent.

Informing the other professionals

The headteacher will immediately notify the governing board, the social worker (where appropriate), virtual school head, and

the local authority (LA) of:

- A permanent exclusion, including when a fixed-period suspension is made permanent
- Suspension which would result in the pupil being excluded for more than 5 school days (or more than 10 lunchtimes) in a term
- Suspension which would result in the pupil missing a public examination

For a permanent exclusion, if the pupil lives outside the LA in which the school is located, the headteacher will also immediately inform the pupil's 'home authority' of the exclusion and the reason(s) for it without delay.

For all other suspensions, the headteacher will notify the governing board and LA once a term.

The governing board

Responsibilities regarding suspension or permanent exclusion is delegated to a panel of governors consisting of at least 3 governors.

The governing body has a duty to consider the reinstatement of an excluded pupil (see section 6).

Within 14 days of receipt of a request, the governing board will provide the secretary of state *and the LA* with information about any suspension or permanent exclusion in the last 12 months.

For a fixed-period suspension of more than 5 school days, the governing board will arrange suitable full time education for the pupil. This provision will begin no later than the sixth day of the suspension.

The governing body should:

- Analyse data for patterns, e.g. where a large number of pupils with specific characteristics are affected by pupil moves, and when this has happened
- Consider the cost implications of educating pupils off-site
- Review whether the data reflects that the school's behaviour policy is being implemented effectively and consistently
- Monitor interventions in place to support pupils at risk, to prevent suspensions and exclusions
- Analyse any variation in the rolling average of permanent exclusions to understand why it's happening and what can be done to prevent it
- Make sure that pupils that are moved off-site are reviewed at regular intervals

The LA

For permanent exclusions, the LA is responsible for arranging suitable full-time education to begin no later than the sixth day of the exclusion.

Considering the reinstatement of a pupil

The Governing Body will consider the reinstatement of an excluded pupil within 15 school days of receiving the notice of the suspension or permanent exclusion if:

- The exclusion is permanent
- It is a fixed-term suspension which would bring the pupil's total number of school days of suspension to more than 15 in a term
- It would result in a pupil missing a public examination

If requested to do so by parents, the Governing Body will consider the reinstatement of an excluded pupil within 50 school days of receiving notice of the exclusion if the pupil would be excluded from school for more than 5 school days, but less than 15, in a single term.

Where an suspension would result in a pupil missing a public examination, [the governing board/name of committee of

the governing board] will consider the reinstatement of the pupil before the date of the examination. If this is not practicable, the chair of the governing board (or the vice-chair where the chair is unable to make this consideration) will consider the suspension independently and decide whether or not to reinstate the pupil.

The Governing Body can either:

- Decline to reinstate the pupil, or
- Direct the reinstatement of the pupil immediately, or on a particular date

In reaching a decision, the Governing Body will consider whether the suspension or permanent exclusion was lawful, reasonable and procedurally fair and whether the headteacher followed their legal duties. They will decide whether or not a fact is true 'on the balance of probabilities', which differs from the criminal standard of 'beyond reasonable doubt', as well as any evidence that was presented in relation to the decision to exclude.

Minutes will be taken of the meeting, and a record of evidence considered kept. The outcome will also be recorded on the pupil's educational record.

The Governing Body will notify, in writing, the headteacher, parents and the LA of its decision, along with reasons for its decision, without delay.

Where an exclusion is permanent, the Governing Body's decision will also include the following:

- The fact that it is permanent
- Notice of parents' right to ask for the decision to be reviewed by an independent review panel, and:
- The date by which an application for an independent review must be made
- The name and address to whom an application for a review should be submitted
- That any application should set out the grounds on which it is being made and that, where appropriate, reference to how the pupil's SEND are considered to be relevant to the suspension or permanent exclusion
- That, regardless of whether the excluded pupil has recognised SEND, parents have a right to require the Local Authority to appoint an SEND expert to attend the review
- Details of the role of the SEND expert and that there would be no cost to parents for this appointment
- That parents must make clear if they wish for an SEND expert to be appointed in any application for a review
- That parents may, at their own expense, appoint someone to make written and/or oral representations to the panel, and parents may also bring a friend to the review
- That if parents believe that the suspension or permanent exclusion has occurred as a result of discrimination, they may make a claim under the Equality Act 2010 to the first-tier tribunal (special educational needs and disability), in the case of disability discrimination, or the county court, in the case of other forms of discrimination. A claim of discrimination made under these routes should be lodged within 6 months of the date on which the discrimination is alleged to have taken place

An independent review

If parents apply for an independent review, the Local Authority will arrange for an independent panel to review the decision of the governing board not to reinstate a permanently excluded pupil.

Applications for an independent review must be made within 15 school days of notice being given to the parents by the Governing Body of its decision to not reinstate a pupil.

A panel of 3 or 5 members will be constituted with representatives from each of the categories below. Where a 5-member panel is constituted, 2 members will come from the school governors category and 2 members will come from the headteacher category.

• A lay member to chair the panel who has not worked in any school in a paid capacity, disregarding any experience as a school governor or volunteer

- School governors who have served as a governor for at least 12 consecutive months in the last 5 years, provided they have not been teachers or headteachers during this time
- Headteachers or individuals who have been a headteacher within the last 5 years

A person may not serve as a member of a review panel if they:

- Are a member of the LA or governing board of the excluding school
- Are the headteacher of the excluding school, or have held this position in the last 5 years
- Are an employee of the LA, or the governing board, of the excluding school (unless they are employed as a headteacher at another school)
- Have, or at any time have had, any connection with the LA, school, governing board, parents or pupil, or the incident leading to the suspension or permanent exclusion, which might reasonably be taken to raise doubts about their impartially
- Have not had the required training within the last 2 years (see appendix 1 for what training must cover)

A clerk will be appointed to the panel.

The independent panel will decide one of the following:

- Uphold the governing board's decision
- Recommend that the governing board reconsiders reinstatement
- Quash the governing board's decision and direct that they reconsider reinstatement (only when the decision is judged to be flawed)

The panel's decision can be decided by a majority vote. In the case of a tied decision, the chair has the casting vote

Reintegration

- We have a reintegration strategy that offers the pupil a fresh start and helps them re-engage with their learning
- During the return to school meeting, a Pastoral Support Plan is completed with parents and pupil, alongside staff from school
- Where necessary, we work with multi-agency partners to identify any SEND and/or health needs
- We would only use a transition (part time timetable) where one is appropriate, it will be for the shortest time possible and reviewed regularly
- We consider a range of measures academic, pastoral, internal and external to support the pupil's successful reintegration based on need

School registers

A pupil's name will be removed from the school admissions register if:

- 15 school days have passed since the parents were notified of the exclusion panel's decision to not reinstate the pupil and no application has been made for an independent review panel, or
- The parents have stated in writing that they will not be applying for an independent review panel

Where an application for an independent review has been made, the governing board will wait until that review has concluded before removing a pupil's name from the register.

Where alternative provision has been made for an excluded pupil and they attend it, code B (education off-site) or code D (dual registration) will be used on the attendance register.

Where excluded pupils are not attending alternative provision, code E (absent) will be used 9. Returning

from a fixed-term suspension

Following a fixed-term suspension, a re-integration meeting will be held involving the pupil, parents, a member of senior staff and other staff, where appropriate.

The following measures may be implemented when a pupil returns from a fixed-term suspension:

- Agreeing a behaviour contract
- Putting a pupil 'on report'
- Internal isolation
- Any suitable measures agreed at the re-integration meeting to support the pupil being able to access education

Monitoring arrangements

The Headteacher monitors the number of suspension or permanent exclusion every term and reports back to the Governing Body. They also liaise with the local authority to ensure suitable full-time education for excluded pupils.

This policy will be reviewed by the Headteacher every three years. At every review, the policy will be shared with the governing board.

Links with other policies

Policy	Why	
Anti- Bullying Policy	Types of bullying, strategies to support, reporting	
Safeguarding Policy	Child protection	
Online Safety and Acceptable Use	Cyber bullying and online safety	
Policy	, , ,	
PSHE/RSE	Strategies to support positive behaviours, Acceptance	
Respectful Relationships and	Behaviour systems and processes	
Behaviour Management Policy		
Compleints Believ	Guidelines to make a complaint if families are not happy with the	
Complaints Policy	school's response to negative consequence behaviour, Fixed term suspension, Exclusions	

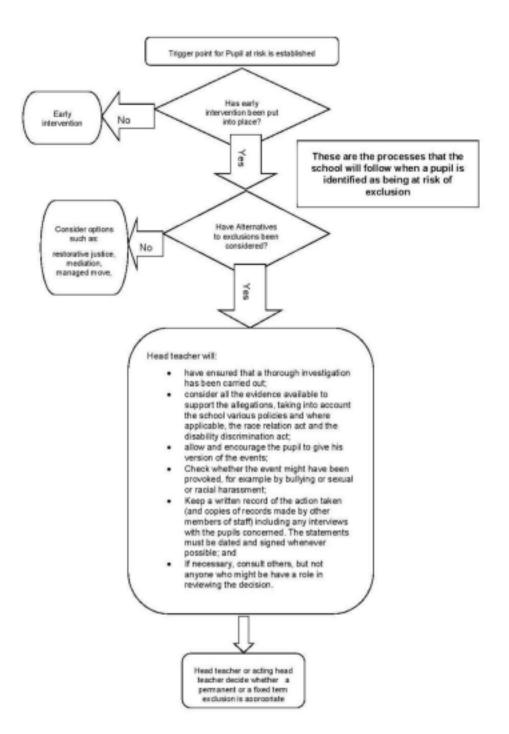
The Local Authority must ensure that all members of an independent review panel and clerks have received training within the 2 years prior to the date of the review.

Training must have covered:

- The requirements of the primary legislation, regulations and statutory guidance governing exclusions, which would include an understanding of how the principles applicable in an application for judicial review relate to the panel's decision making
- The need for the panel to observe procedural fairness and the rules of natural justice
 The role of the

chair and the clerk of a review panel

- The duties of headteachers, governing boards and the panel under the Equality Act 2010
- The effect of section 6 of the Human Rights Act 1998 (acts of public authorities unlawful if not compatible with certain human rights) and the need to act in a manner compatible with human rights protected by that Act Appendix 2: Process to be followed



Decision: Head teacher, acting head teacher, or teacher in charge of a PRU takes the decision to exclude a pupil for a fixed period.

Contact parent: The head teacher should ensure that a parent/carer has been contacted immediately, ideally by telephone and is available, if appropriate, to arrange collection and supervision of the pupil. The child's welfare must always be the prime consideration

Lunchtime exclusion: Pupils who are disruptive during the lunch time may be excluded just for the duration of the lunch time. Lunchtime exclusion will count as half a day for statistical purpose and for parents to make representation but are not counted in the school's 6" day duty to provide full-time education. Exclusion during morning session: the exclusion takes effect from the afternoon session, notice must be given to the parent before the start of the afternoon session.

Exclusion during afternoon session:

- If the exclusion takes effect from the next school day. Notice to th parent must be given before the start of that school day
- If the exclusion takes place from that afternoon, the notice must be given at the end of the afternoon session

Written notice: The head teacher must give a written notice to the parents informing them of:

- the precise period and the reasons of the exclusion;
- the parent's duties during the first five days:
- the parents right to make representation to the Governing body and how the pupil may be involved in this;
- The person the parent should contact if they wish to make such representation;
- The arrangement made by the school to set and mark work for the pupil during the initial 5 days of the exclusion;
- if relevant, the school day on which the pupil will be provided with full-time education; and
- If relevant details of a reintegration interview.

The head must inform the Governing Body if a pupil is being excluded for more than 15 days in any one term. Pupils can excluded for one or more fixed periods, which when aggregated, do not exceed 45 school days in any one school year.

Educational provision during the exclusion

- The school has a duty to arrange suitable full-time educational provision from and including the 6^{th} consecutive day of the exclusion. Where a Looked After Child is excluded provision should be in place from the 1^{st} day of
- exclusion
- Schools in the former BIP still receiving additional funding should make provision from the first day of exclusion.

Reintegration interview:

The head teacher or a senior member of staff should arrange and conduct a reintegration interview with a parent and the pupil at the end of the exclusion at a date and time convenient for the parent on the school premises

The notice for a reintegration interview must be given no later than 6 school days before the date of the interview (it can be combined with the notice of the exclusion).

If the parent falls to attend, the school must keep a record of the failure as well as any explanation given as it can be one factor taken into account in the Magistrates' Court when deciding whether to impose a parenting order

Primary: School must offer a reintegration interview after any exclusion

If the school or the LA considers that parental influence could be better brought to bear in the behaviour of the pupil, a parenting contract may be offered. If the parent fails to engage with the school or LA in attempting to improve the child's behaviour, the school or LA may consider applying to the Magistrate's Court to compel the parent to comply with certain requirements. See related guidance

The LA must constitute the appeal panel and appoint a clerk. The panel must have three or five members. Las Any appeal made The LA's must ensure that the panel members receive suitable after the latest date Democratic regular training for logging an Services department should liaise rejected with the Children Department If parent appeals within the time limit, an appeal panel should aim to meet no later than 15th school day after the day on which the appeal was lodged. The LA should inform the Council of Tribunal of the date of the hearing drops below three, the The LA must try to arrange a suitable time for all to attend and must provide a suitable venue outside of the appeal needs to be adjourned until a new excluding school namel is created The clerk should circulate all written evidence to all parties at least 5 school days before the hearing, including the statement of decision by the governing body and the notice of appeal and any disability discrimination claim but there is no statutory time limit to present evidence The following are entitled to make written representations, appear and make oral representations, and to be represented the parent, the head teacher, the governing body, the LA Sufficient time must be allowed for each party to put its case. Care must be taken to ensure that no party attending the hearing is present alone with the appeal panel in the absence of any other party After examining witness statements or hearing witnesses, the panel should consider the basis of the head teacher decision and the procedures followed in regards of: the compliance with the law (from the head teacher and the governing body); the school's published policies (on behaviour, equal opportunities, anti-bullying, Special Educational Needs, race and disability); the fairness of the exclusion in relation to the treatment of any other pupils involved in the same incident. The panel must also consider whether the response to the initial offence is proportionate Once satisfied on all these points, it would be unusual for the panel to vary the governing body's decision. In particular, the panel should not reinstate the pupil without good reasons. While the law states that the panel must not reinstate a pupil solely on the basis of technical defects in procedure prior to the appeal, procedural issues would be relevant if there were evidence that the process was so flawed that important factors were not considered. When a parent appeals against a permanent exclusion on the basis of discrimination, the appeal panel must consider wheth there has been discrimination in relation to: the race relation act 1976 as amended or to the Disability discrimination act 1995 as amended The clerk should ensure that the minutes of proceedings are taken, including details of the attendance, the voting and the decision. The minutes are not public and should be retained by the LA for at least 5 years. The panel must let all parties know its decision by the end of the second day after the hearing Exceptional cases: The panel considers that Exclusion is upheld: The deri-Reinstatement The clerk should immediately report this to the LA. The LA must make hould immediately inform the head teacher of its the permanent exclusion should not have taken place but reinstatement in the excluding school arrangements for the pupil to is not in the best interest of all concerned. The decision and specify the continue suitable full-time date on which the publis panel must indicate all circumstance in a letter. education. The head can take the This letter should be added to the pupil school must be reinstated pupil out of the school roll. record

Appendix 3: Template suspension or permanent exclusion letter

Dear.

I am writing to inform you of my decision to exclude ??? for a fixed period of ??? **day**. This means that he will not be allowed in school for this period of time. The suspension begins today, ??? at ??? and ends ??? at ???

I realise that this suspension may well be upsetting for you and your family, but the decision to exclude ??? has not been taken lightly. ??? has been excluded for this fixed period because ???

You have a duty to ensure that your pupil is not present in a public place in school hours during this suspension from the dates outlined above- unless there is reasonable justification for this. I must warn you that you may be prosecuted or receive a penalty notice from the Local Authority if your child is present in a public place during school hours on the specified dates. If so, it will be for you to show reasonable justification.

We will set work for ??? to be completed on the days specified in the previous paragraph. Please ensure that work set by the school is completed and returned to us promptly for marking on his return.

You have the right to make written representations about this decision to the governing body. If you wish to make representations please contact Mrs P. Ganley, Chair of Governors, c\o St Anne's RC Primary School, Moss Bank, Crumpsall, Manchester M8 5AB as soon as possible. Whilst the governing body has no power to direct reinstatement, they must consider any representations you make and may place a copy of their findings on your child's school record.

Excluded pupils should be enabled and encouraged to participate at all stages of the suspension process, taking in to account their age and understanding. You should also be aware that if you think the suspension relates to a disability your child has, and you think disability discrimination has occurred, you have the right to make a claim to the First-tier Tribunal -

http://www.justice.gov.uk/tribunals/send/appeals

You and your child are requested to attend a reintegration interview with me on ??? at ???. The purpose of the reintegration interview is to discuss how best your child's return to school can be managed. You also have the right to see a copy of your child's school record. Due to confidentiality restrictions, you will need to notify me in writing if you wish to be supplied with a copy of this school record. I will be happy to supply you with a copy if you request it. There may be a charge for photocopying.

You may wish to contact **the Manchester Local Authority**, who can provide advice. You may also find it useful to contact the local parent partnership, the Advisory Centre for Education (ACE), www.ace-ed.org.uk and the Children's Legal Centre, 08088 020 008, http://www.childrenslegalcentre.com

Statutory guidance on suspension from school can be found at https://consumption.education.gov.uk/publications

Your child's suspension expires on ??? and we expect him to be back in school on this day at ???. Yours

sincerely

L.Wordsworth

Headteacher