# St. Michael's Church of England Primary School

Our school values: Respect • Kindness • Challenge • Forgiveness • Perseverance



Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the spiral knowledge and skills progression within all six Puzzles (units of work) including the key vocabulary used in each year group; explicit links to the DfE statutory Relationships and Health Education outcomes have been made in each Puzzle.

	Being Me in My World Puzzle – Autumn 1								
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
DfE Statutory Relationships & Health Education outcomes	PSED – ELG: SELF- REGULATION Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.  Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.  ELG: MANAGING SELF Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.  PSED – ELG: BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.	Caring friendships (R7) how important friendship (R8) the characteristics of frie difficulties (R9) that healthy friendships a (R11) how to recognise who to how to seek help or advice fro  Respectful relationships (R12) the importance of respectified in the conventions of cour (R13) practical steps they can (R14) the conventions of cour (R15) the importance of self-r (R16) that in school and in wir (R19) the importance of perm  Online relationships (R21) that the same principles Being safe (R25) what sorts of boundaries (R32) where to get advice e.g.  Physical Health and Well-Bein Mental well-being (H2) that there is a normal ransituations (H3) how to recognise and tal (H4) how to judge whether wire	end of primary, pupils should know are in making us feel happy and indships, including mutual respectance positive and welcoming toward to trust and who not to trust, how om others, if needed.  Excting others, even when they are fistake in a range of different contents and manners respect and how this links to their der society they can expect to be mission seeking and giving in relations as apply to online relationships as a sea appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners respect and for infinity and manners apply to online relationships as a sea appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family, school and/or other sour and manners are appropriate in friendships we family and manners are appropriate in friendships we family and manners are appropriate in friendships we family appropriate in	d secure, and how people choose t, truthfulness, trustworthiness, le ds others, and do not make othe to judge when a friendship is ma e very different from them (for ex exts to improve or support respect own happiness treated with respect by others, an ionships with friends, peers and a to face-to-face relationships, inclu- with peers and others (including inces.  ould know: sadness, anger, fear, surprise, ner having a varied vocabulary of wo y are behaving is appropriate and	and make friends byalty, kindness, generosity, tru rs feel lonely or excluded liking them feel unhappy or unce ample, physically, in character, tful relationships and that in turn they should show adults.  uding the importance of respect a a digital context)  evousness) and scale of emotion ords to use when talking about to proportionate	omfortable, managing conflict, ho personality or backgrounds), or make their own and others' feelings	ces and support with problems and w to manage these situations and nake different choices or have those in positions of authority		
Puzzle	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		

• .	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the	In this Puzzle (unit), the children
overview	children learn about how	children are introduced to	children discuss their hopes	children learn to recognise	children explore being part	children think and plan for the	discuss their year ahead, they
Being Me in							1
My World	they have similarities and	their Jigsaw Journals and	and fears for the year ahead –	their self-worth and identify	of a team. They talk about	year ahead, goals they could	learnt to set goals and discuss their
,	differences from their	discuss their Jigsaw Charter.	they talk about feeling	positive things about	attitudes and actions and	set for themselves as well as	fears and worries about the future.
	friends and how that is OK.	As part of this, they discuss	worried and recognising when	themselves and their	their effects on the whole	the challenges they may face.	The children learn about the
	They begin working on	rights and responsibilities,	they should ask for help and	achievements. They discuss	class. The children learn	They explore their rights and	United Nations Convention on the
	recognising and managing	and choices and	who to ask. They learn about	new challenges and how to	about their school and its	responsibilities as a member	Rights of the Child and that these
	their feelings, identifying	consequences. The children	rights and responsibilities;	face them with appropriate	community, who all the	of their class, school, wider	are not met for all children
	different ones and the	learn about being special	how to work collaboratively,	positivity. The children learn	different people are and	community and the country	worldwide. They discuss their
	causes these can have. The	and how to make everyone	how to listen to each other	about the need for rules and	what their roles are. They	they live in. The children learn	choices and actions and how these
	children learn about	feel safe in their class as well	and how to make their	how these relate to rights	discuss democracy and link	about their own behaviour	can have far-reaching effects,
	working with others and	as recognising their own	classroom a safe and fair	and responsibilities. They	this to their own School	and its impact on a group as	locally and globally. The children
	why it is good to be kind	safety.	place. The children learn	explore choices and	Council, what its purpose is	well as choices, rewards,	learn about their own behaviour
	and use gentle hands. They		about choices and the	consequences, working	and how it works. The	consequences and the feelings	and how their choices can result in
	discuss children's rights,		consequences of making	collaboratively and seeing	children learn about group	associated with each. They	rewards and consequences and
	especially linked to the right		different choices, set up their	things from other people's	work, the different roles	also learn about democracy,	how they feel about this. They
	to learn and the right to		Jigsaw Journals and make the	points of view. The children	people can have, how to	how it benefits the school and	explore an individual's behaviour
	play. The children learn		Jigsaw Charter.	learn about different feelings	make positive contributions,	how they can contribute	and the impact it can have on a
	what it means to be			and the ability to recognise	how to make collective	towards it. They revisit the	group. They learn talk about
	responsible.			these feelings in themselves	decisions and how to deal	Jigsaw Charter and set up their	democracy, how it benefits the
				and others. They set up their	with conflict. They also learn	Jigsaw Journals.	school and how they can
				Jigsaw Journals and establish	about considering other		contribute towards it. They
				the Jigsaw Charter.	people's feelings. They		establish the Jigsaw Charter and
					refresh their Jigsaw Charter		set up their Jigsaw Journals.
					and set up their Jigsaw		
					Journals.		
Taught	Know they have a	Understand their own	Understand the rights	Know that the school	Know their place in	Understand how	Know about children's
knowledge	right to learn and play,	rights and	and responsibilities of		1		
	andali, and hamili,		una responsibilities of	has a shared set of	the school community	democracy and having a	universal rights (United
/1/ 1 1	safely and happily	responsibilities with	class members	nas a snared set of values	the school community  Know what democracy	democracy and having a voice benefits the	universal rights (United Nations Convention on the
(Key objectives	Know that some	responsibilities with their classroom	· -		-		Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)
are in bold)		<u>-</u>	class members  • Know about rewards and consequences and	values	Know what democracy	voice benefits the	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child) • Know about the lives of
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> </ul>	their classroom	class members  • Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from	values • Know why rules are	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>their classroom</li> <li>Understand that their choices have consequences</li> </ul>	class members  • Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices	values • Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>their classroom</li> <li>Understand that their choices have consequences</li> <li>Understand that their</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>class members</li> <li>Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices</li> <li>Know that it is</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>their classroom</li> <li>Understand that their choices have consequences</li> <li>Understand that their views are important</li> </ul>	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to	<ul> <li>values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights and responsibilities	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people	values  • Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences  • Know that actions can affect others' feelings  • Know that others may	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  • Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their	<ul> <li>values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Know how to set goals for the
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  • Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  • Know how to set goals for the year ahead
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  • Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  • Know how to set goals for the year ahead  • Understand what fears and
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive	values  • Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences  • Know that actions can affect others' feelings  • Know that others may hold different views  • Understand that they are important  • Know what a personal	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  Know how to face new	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Row about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Row that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Row how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child of the Section of Children in other parts of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the World  Nations Convention on the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the World  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child of the World  Nations Convention on the Child of the Child
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  Know how to face new	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Know how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> </ul>	Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)     Know how groups work together to reach a consensus     Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community     Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Know how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class</li> <li>Know about the</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set personal goals	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  • Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  • Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  • Know how to set goals for the year ahead  • Understand what fears and worries are  • Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards  • Understand how democracy
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the learning of others	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)</li> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community</li> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class</li> <li>Know about the different roles in the</li> </ul>	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set personal goals  • Know how an individual's behaviour can affect a group and	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Know how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the learning of others  Identifying hopes and	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)     Know how groups work together to reach a consensus     Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community     Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class     Know about the different roles in the school community	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set personal goals  • Know how an individual's behaviour	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Row about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Row that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Row how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards  Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the learning of others  Identifying hopes and	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)     Know how groups work together to reach a consensus     Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community     Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class     Know about the different roles in the school community     Know that their own	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set personal goals  • Know how an individual's behaviour can affect a group and	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Nations about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Nations Conventions of the world  Nations that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Nations to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards  Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community
	<ul> <li>Know that some people are different from themselves</li> <li>Know that hands can be used kindly and unkindly</li> <li>Know special things about themselves</li> <li>Know how happiness and sadness can be expressed</li> <li>Know that being kind is</li> </ul>	their classroom  Understand that their choices have consequences  Understand that their views are important  Understand the rights and responsibilities of	class members  Know about rewards and consequences and that these stem from choices  Know that it is important to listen to other people  Understand that their own views are valuable  Know that positive choices impact positively on self-learning and the learning of others  Identifying hopes and	<ul> <li>Values</li> <li>Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences</li> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> <li>Understand that they are important</li> <li>Know what a personal goal is</li> <li>Understanding what a</li> </ul>	Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)     Know how groups work together to reach a consensus     Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community     Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class     Know about the different roles in the school community     Know that their own actions affect	voice benefits the school community  • Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process  • Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country  • Know how to face new challenges positively  • Understand how to set personal goals  • Know how an individual's behaviour can affect a group and	Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)  Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world  Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally  Know how to set goals for the year ahead  Understand what fears and worries are  Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards  Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community  Understand how to

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	Identify feelings associated with belonging     Skills to play cooperatively with others     Be able to consider others' feelings     Identify feelings of happiness and sadness     Be responsible in the setting	<ul> <li>Understand that they are safe in their class</li> <li>Identifying helpful behaviours to make the class a safe place</li> <li>Understand that they have choices</li> <li>Understanding that they are special</li> <li>Identify what it's like to feel proud of an achievement</li> <li>Recognise feelings associated with positive and negative consequences</li> </ul>	Know how to make their class a safe and fair place     Show good listening skills     Be able to work cooperatively     Recognise own feelings and know when and where to get help     Recognise the feeling of being worried	<ul> <li>Make other people feel valued</li> <li>Develop compassion and empathy for others</li> <li>Be able to work collaboratively</li> <li>Recognise self-worth</li> <li>Identify personal strengths</li> <li>Be able to set a personal goal</li> <li>Recognise feelings of happiness, sadness, worry and fear in themselves and others</li> </ul>	Identify the feelings associated with being included or excluded Be able to take on a role in a group discussion / task and contribute to the overall outcome Know how to regulate my emotions Can make others feel cared for and welcome Recognise the feelings of being motivated or unmotivated Can make others feel valued and included Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter Be able to help friends make positive choices	<ul> <li>Empathy for people whose lives are different from their own</li> <li>Consider their own actions and the effect they have on themselves and others</li> <li>Be able to work as part of a group, listening and contributing effectively</li> <li>Be able to identify what they value most about school</li> <li>Identify hopes for the school year</li> <li>Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter</li> <li>Be able to help friends make positive choices</li> <li>Know how to regulate my Emotions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know own wants and needs</li> <li>Be able to compare their life with the lives of those less fortunate</li> <li>Demonstrate empathy and understanding towards others</li> <li>Can demonstrate attributes of a positive role-model</li> <li>Can take positive action to help others</li> <li>Be able to contribute towards a group task</li> <li>Know what effective group work is</li> <li>Know how to regulate my emotions</li> <li>Be able to make others feel welcomed and valued</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	EYFS	<b>Year 1</b> Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
	Kind, Gentle, Friend, Similar(ity), Different, Rights, Responsibilities, Feelings, Angry, Happy, Excited, Nervous, Sharing, Taking Turns	Safe, Special, Calm, Belonging, Special, Learning Charter, Jigsaw Charter, Rewards, Proud, Consequences, Upset, Disappointed, Illustration	Worries, Hopes, Fears, Responsible, Actions, Praise, Positive, Negative, Choices, Co-Operate, Problem-Solving	Welcome, Valued, Achievements, Pleased, Personal Goal, Acknowledge, Affirm, Emotions, Feelings, Nightmare, Solutions, Support, Dream, Behaviour, Fairness, Group Dynamics, Team Work, View Point, Ideal School, Belong	Included, Excluded, Role, Job Description, School Community, Democracy, Democratic, Decisions, Voting, Authority, Contribution, Observer, UN Convention on Rights of Child (UNCRC)	Ghana, West Africa, Cocoa Plantation, Cocoa Pods, Machete, Community, Education, Wants, Needs, Maslow, Empathy, Comparison, Opportunities, Education, Empathise, Obstacles, Co-operation, Collaboration, Legal, Illegal, Lawful, Laws, Participation, Motivation, Decision	Challenge, Goal, Attitude, Citizen, Views, Opinion, Collective

			Celebr	ating Difference Puzzle – Autumn	2		
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DfE Statutory Relationships & Health Education outcomes	PSED – ELG: SELF- REGULATION Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.  Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.  PSED – ELG: BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	Relationships Education – By end  Families and the people who care (R1) that families are important for (R2) the characteristics of healthy sharing each other's lives (R3) that others' families, either in characterised by love and care (R4) that stable, caring relationsh (R5) that marriage represents a for (R6) how to recognise if family related  Caring friendships (R7) how important friendships are (R8) the characteristics of friends (R9) that healthy friendships have (R10) that most friendships have (R11) how to recognise who to tre advice from others, if needed.  Respectful relationships (R12) the importance of respective beliefs (R13) practical steps they can take (R14) the conventions of courtesy (R16) that in school and in wider of (R17) about different types of but (R18) what a stereotype is, and he (R19) the importance of permission  Online relationships (R20) that people sometimes beh (R21) that the same principles ap (R22) the rules and principles for (R23) how to critically consider the  Being safe (R25) what sorts of boundaries ar (R29) how to recognise and repor (R30) how to ask for advice or hele	dof primary, pupils should know:  e for me  or children growing up because the family life, commitment to each of a school or in the wider world, son ips, which may be of different type ormal and legally recognised commitationships are making them feel under the interest of the properties of the pro	ey can give love, security and stabil other, including in times of difficulty netimes look different from their faces, are at the heart of happy families nitment of two people to each other nhappy or unsafe, and how to seel ure, and how people choose and methfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, thers, and do not make others feel to often be worked through so that adde when a friendship is making the different from them (for example, to improve or support respectful related with respect by others, and that impact of bullying, responsibilities at ive or destructive ips with friends, peers and adults.  If pretending to be someone they a ce-to-face relationships, including the inise risks, harmful content and conformation including awareness of the property of the part	ty , protection and care for children mily, but that they should respect s, and are important for children's r which is intended to be lifelong help or advice from others if need ake friends kindness, generosity, trust, sharing onely or excluded he friendship is repaired or even s em feel unhappy or uncomfortabl  physically, in character, personalit ationships in turn they should show due resp of bystanders (primarily reporting e not ne importance of respect for other act, and how to report them of the risks associated with peop	and other family members, the those differences and know to security as they grow up ded.  If the security as they grow up ded.	that other children's families are also  and support with problems and difficulties  ing to violence is never right  manage these situations and how to seek help or  different choices or have different preferences or  e in positions of authority  w to get help

		Mental well-being (H2) that there is a normal range (H3) how to recognise and talk at (H4) how to judge whether what (H7) isolation and loneliness can a (H8) that bullying (including cyber (H9) where and how to seek supprability to control their emotions ( Internet safety and harms (H13) how to consider the effect media, some computer games an (H15) that the internet can also be	cout their emotions, including having they are feeling and how they are be affect children and that it is very improbably has a negative and often la cort (including recognising the trigger including issues arising online).  of their online actions on others and d online gaming, for example, are age a negative place where online abuse.	s, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness a varied vocabulary of words to us thaving is appropriate and proportion ortant for children to discuss their string impact on mental well-being are for seeking support), including where the seeking support is and display the restricted see, trolling, bullying and harassmen	e when talking about their own and onate feelings with an adult and seek sup hom in school they should speak to y respectful behaviour online and the	port  if they are worried about their own or so  ne importance of keeping personal inform	omeone else's mental well-being or
		(H13) how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private (H14) why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted					
		(H15) that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health (H17) where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.					
Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Celebrating	In this Puzzle (unit), children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children	In this Puzzle (unit), the children
Difference	are encouraged to think	explore the similarities and	learn about recognise gender	learn about families, that they	consider the concept of judging	explore culture and cultural	discuss differences and similaritie
	about things that they are	differences between people	stereotypes, that boys and girls	are all different and that	people by their appearance, of	differences. They link this to racism,	and that, for some people, being
	good at whilst understanding	and how these make us unique	can have differences and	sometimes they fall out with	first impressions and of what	debating what it is and how to be	different is difficult. The children
	that everyone is good at	and special. The children learn	similarities and that is OK. They	each other. The children	influences their thinking on	aware of their own feelings towards	learn about bullying and how
	different things.	what bullying is and what it	explore how children can be	practise methods to calm	what is normal. They explore	people from different cultures. They	people can have power over othe
	They discuss being different and how that makes	isn't. They talk about how it might feel to be bullied and	bullied because they are different, that this shouldn't	themselves down and discuss the 'Solve it together'	more about bullying, including online bullying and what to do	revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name-	in a group. They discover strategion for dealing with this as well as
	everyone special but also	when and who to ask for help.	happen and how they can	technique. The children revisit	if they suspect or know that it is	calling. The children learn that there	wider bullying issues. The children
	recognise that we are the	The children discuss friendship,	support a classmate who is being	the topic of bullying and discuss	taking place. They discuss the	are direct and indirect ways of	learn about people with disabilitie
	same in some ways. The	how to make friends and that it	bullied. The children share	being a witness (bystander);	pressures of being a witness	bullying as well as ways to encourage	and look at specific examples of
	children share their	is OK to have differences/be	feelings associated with bullying	they discover how a witness has	and why some people choose	children to not using bullying	disabled people who have amazin
	experiences of their homes	different from their friends. The	and how and where to get help.	choices and how these choices	to join in or choose to not tell	behaviours. The children consider	lives and achievements.
	and are asked to explain why	children also discuss being nice	They explore similarities and	can affect the bullying that is	anyone about what they have	happiness regardless of material	
	it is special to them. They	to and looking after other	differences and that it is OK for	taking place. The children also	seen. The children share their	wealth and respecting other people's	
	learn about friendship and	children who might be being	friends to have differences	talk about using problem-	own uniqueness and what is	cultures.	
	how to be a kind friend and	bullied.	without it affecting their	solving techniques in bullying	special about themselves. They		
	how to stand up for		friendship.	situations. They discuss name-	talk about first impressions and		
	themselves if someone says			calling and practise choosing	when their own first		
	or does something unkind to			not to use hurtful words. They	impressions of someone have		
	them.			also learn about giving and	changed.		
				receiving compliments and the			
				feelings associated with this.			

knowledge (Key objectives are in bold)  * Know the names of some emotions such as happy, sad, frightened, angry  * Know why having friends is important  * Know some qualities of a positive friendship  * Know that they don't have to be 'the same as' to be a friend  * Know what being proud means and that people can be proud of different things  * Know that people can be different things  * Know that families can be different to them  * Know that families can be different to them  * Know that families can be different to them  * Know that families can be different to them  * Know that families can be different ways of making friends  * Know different ways to stand up for myself	to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do  Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships  Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences  Know what at everybody's family is different  Know that sometimes failiny is different  Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this  of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying bullying e.g. Childline  Know that soullying and that this can have consequences  Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences  Know that everybody's family is different  Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this  of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying on the direct and indirect  Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable  Know what culture means  Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict  Know that tomor spreading is a form of bullying online and offline  Know that tifference in found where are influences that can affect how we judge a person or situation  Know that tool if they think bullying is or might be taking place  Know that first impressions can change
---	---

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Recognise emotions when they or someone else is upset, frightened or angry</li> <li>Identify and use skills to make a friend</li> <li>Identify some ways they can be different and the same as others</li> <li>Identify and use skills to stand up for themselves</li> <li>Identify feelings associated with being proud</li> <li>Identify things they are good at</li> <li>Be able to vocalise success for themselves and about others successes</li> <li>Recognise similarities and differences between their family and other families</li> </ul>	Identify what is bullying and what isn't     Understand how being bullied might feel     Recognise ways in which they are the same as their friends and ways they are different     Know ways to help a person who is being bullied     Identify emotions associated with making a new friend     Verbalise some of the attributes that make them unique and special	Explain how being bullied can make someone feel     Know how to stand up for themselves when they need to     Understand that everyone's differences make them special and unique     Understand that boys and girls can be similar in lots of ways and that is OK     Understand that boys and girls can be different in lots of ways and that is OK     Can choose to be kind to someone who is being bullied     Recognise that they shouldn't judge people because they are different	Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family Be able to 'problemsolve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers Empathise with people who are bullied Employ skills to support someone who is bullied Employ skills to support someone who is bullied Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment	Be comfortable with the way they look Try to accept people for who they are Be non-judgemental about others who are different Identify influences that have made them think or feel positively/negatively about a situation Identify feelings that a bystander might feel in a bullying situation Identify reasons why a bystander might join in with bullying Revisit the 'Solve it together' technique to practise conflict and bullying scenarios Identify their own uniqueness Identify when a first impression they had was right or wrong	<ul> <li>Appreciate the value of happiness regardless of material wealth</li> <li>Identify their own culture and different cultures within their class community</li> <li>Identify their own attitudes about people from different faith and cultural backgrounds</li> <li>Develop respect for cultures different from their own</li> <li>Identify a range of strategies for managing their own feelings in bullying situations</li> <li>Identify some strategies to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices</li> <li>Be able to support children who are being bullied</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empathise with people who are different and be aware of my own feelings towards them</li> <li>Identify feelings associated with being excluded</li> <li>Be able to recognise when someone is exerting power negatively in a relationship</li> <li>Be able to vocalise their thoughts and feelings about prejudice and discrimination and why it happens</li> <li>Use a range of strategies when involved in a bullying situation or in situations where difference is a source of conflict</li> <li>Identify different feelings of the bully, bullied and bystanders in a bullying scenario</li> <li>Appreciate people for who they are</li> <li>Show empathy</li> </ul>
	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Vocabulary	Different, Special, Proud, Friends, Kind, Same, Similar, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Angry, Family	Similarity, Same as, Different from, Difference, Bullying, Bullying behaviour, Deliberate, On purpose, Unfair, Included, Bully, Bullied, Celebrations, Special, Unique	Boys, Girls, Similarities, Assumptions, Shield, Stereotypes, Special, Differences, Bully, Purpose, Unkind, Feelings, Sad, Lonely, Help, Stand up for, Male, Female, Diversity, Fairness, Kindness, Unique, Value	Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Feelings, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment,	Character, Judgement, Surprised, Different, Appearance, Accept, Influence, Opinion, Attitude, Secret, Deliberate, On purpose, Bystander, Witness, Problem- solve, Cyber bullying, Text message, Website, Troll, Physical features, Impression, Changed	Culture, Conflict, Similarity, Belong, Culture Wheel, Racism, Colour, Race, Discrimination, Ribbon, Rumour, Name-calling, Racist, Homophobic, Cyber bullying, Texting, Problem solving, Indirect, Direct, Happiness, Developing World, Celebration, Artefacts, Display, Presentation	Normal, Ability, Disability, Visual impairment, Empathy, Perception, Medication, Vision, Blind, Diversity, Transgender, Gender Diversity, Courage, Fairness, Rights, Responsibilities, Power, Struggle, Imbalance, Harassment, Direct, Indirect, Argument, Recipient, Para-Olympian, Achievement, Accolade, Perseverance, Sport, Admiration, Stamina, Celebration

			Drear	ms and Goals Puzzle – Spring 1			
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year
DfE Statutory Relationships & Health Education outcomes	PSED ELG – SELF-REGULATION Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.  Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.  PSED ELG: MANAGING SELF Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.  PSED – ELG: BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others.	(R12) the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different pre beliefs (R13) practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships (R14) the conventions of courtesy and manners (R15) the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness (R16) that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority (R17) about types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help (R19) the importance of permission seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.  **Polysical Health and Well-Being — By end of primary, pupils should know:**  **Mental well-being** (H1) that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health (H2) that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situation of the surprise of the surpr					of authority (R17) about different
Durala accemiano	FVEC	Voca 1	Voca 2	Voca 2	Voc. 4	Vacus F	Year C
Puzzle overview Celebrating	EYFS In this Puzzle, the children	Year 1 In this Puzzle, the children talk	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Difference	consider challenges and facing up to them. They discuss not giving up and trying until they have achieved their goal. The children are encouraged to think about jobs that they might like to have when they are older and are taught to associate what they learn now with being able to have the job they want. They also talk about achieving goals and the feelings linked to this.	·	In this Puzzle, the children explore setting realistic goals and how they can achieve them. They discuss perseverance when they find things difficult as well as recognising their strengths as a learner. The children consider group work and reflect on with whom they work well and with whom they don't. They also reflect on sharing success with other people.	In this Puzzle, the children look at examples of people who have overcome challenges to achieve success and discuss what they can learn from these stories. The children identify their own dreams and ambitions and discuss how it will feel when they achieve them. They discuss facing learning challenges and identify their own strategies for overcoming these. The children consider obstacles that might stop them from achieving their goals and how to overcome these. They reflect on their progress and successes and identify what they could do better next time.	In this Puzzle, the children consider their hopes and dreams. They discuss how it feels when dreams don't come true and how to cope with/overcome feelings of disappointment. The children discuss making new plans and setting new goals even if they have been disappointed. The class explore group work and overcoming challenges together. They reflect on their successes and the feelings associated with overcoming a challenge.	In this Puzzle, the children share their dreams and goals and how they might need money to help them achieve them. They consider jobs that people they know do, they look at the fact that some jobs pay more money than others and reflect on what types of jobs they might like to do when they are older. The children look as the similarities and differences between themselves (and their dreams and goals) and someone from a different culture.	In this Puzzle, the children share their own strengths and further stretching themselves by setting challenging and realistic goals. They discuss the learning steps they will need to take as well as talking about how to stay motivated. The children reflect on various global issues and explore places where people may be suffering or living in difficult situations; whilst doing this, they reflect on their own emotions linked to this learning. The children also discover what they think their classmates like and admire about them, as well as working on giving others praise and compliments.

Taught knowledge  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know what a challenge is</li> <li>Know that it is important to keep trying</li> <li>Know what a goal is</li> <li>Know how to set goals and work towards them</li> <li>Know which words are kind</li> <li>Know some jobs that they might like to do when they are older</li> <li>Know that they must work hard now in order to be able to achieve the job they want when they are older</li> <li>Know when they are older</li> <li>Know when they are older</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how to set simple goals</li> <li>Know how to achieve a goal</li> <li>Know how to identify obstacles which make achieving their goals difficult and work out how to overcome them</li> <li>Know when a goal has been achieved</li> <li>Know how to work well with a partner</li> <li>Know that tackling a challenge can stretch their learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how to choose a realistic goal and think about how to achieve it</li> <li>Know that it is important to persevere</li> <li>Know how to recognise what working together well looks like</li> <li>Know what good groupworking looks like</li> <li>Know how to share success with other people</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that they are responsible for their own learning</li> <li>Know what an obstacle is and how they can hinder achievement</li> <li>Know how to take steps to overcome obstacles</li> <li>Know what dreams and ambitions are important to them</li> <li>Know about specific people who have overcome difficult challenges to achieve success</li> <li>Know how they can best overcome learning challenges</li> <li>Know what their own strengths are as a learner</li> <li>Know how to evaluate their own learning progress and identify how it can be better next time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how to make a new plan and set new goals even if they have been disappointed</li> <li>Know how to work as part of a successful group</li> <li>Know how to share in the success of a group</li> <li>Know what their own hopes and dreams are</li> <li>Know that hopes and dreams don't always come true</li> <li>Know that reflecting on positive and happy experiences can help them to counteract disappointment</li> <li>Know how to work out the steps they need to take to achieve a goal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know about a range of jobs that are carried out by people I know</li> <li>Know the types of job they might like to do when they are older</li> <li>Know that young people from different cultures may have different dreams and goals</li> <li>Know that they will need money to help them to achieve some of their dreams</li> <li>Know that different jobs pay more money than others</li> <li>Know that communicating with someone from a different culture means that they can learn from them and vice versa</li> <li>Know ways that they can support young people in their own culture and abroad</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know their own learning strengths</li> <li>Know what their classmates like and admire about them</li> <li>Know a variety of problems that the world is facing</li> <li>Know some ways in which they could work with others to make the world a better place</li> <li>Know what the learning steps are they need to take to achieve their goal</li> <li>Know how to set realistic and challenging goals</li> </ul>
--	--	--	---	--	--	---	--

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	Understand that challenges can be difficult     Resilience     Recognise some of the feelings linked to perseverance     Recognise how kind words can encourage people     Talk about a time that they kept on trying and achieved a goal     Be ambitious     Feel proud     Celebrate success	<ul> <li>Recognise things that they do well</li> <li>Explain how they learn best</li> <li>Recognise their own feelings when faced with a challenge/obstacle</li> <li>Recognise how they feel when they overcome a challenge/obstacle</li> <li>Celebrate an achievement with a friend</li> <li>Can store feelings of success so that they can be used in the future</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise how working with others can be helpful</li> <li>Be able to work effectively with a partner</li> <li>Be able to choose a partner with whom they work well</li> <li>Be able to work as part of a group</li> <li>Be able to describe their own achievements and the feelings linked to this</li> <li>Recognise their own strengths as a learner</li> <li>Recognise how it feels to be part of a group that succeeds and store this feeling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can break down a goal into small steps</li> <li>Can manage feelings of frustration linked to facing obstacles</li> <li>Imagine how it will feel when they achieve their dream/ambition</li> <li>Recognise other people's achievements in overcoming difficulties</li> <li>Recognise how other people can help them to achieve their goals</li> <li>Can share their success with others</li> <li>Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time</li> </ul>	Have a positive attitude     Can identify the feeling of disappointment     Be able to cope with disappointment     Can identify what resilience is     Can identify a time when they have felt disappointed     Can talk about their hopes and dreams and the feelings associated with these     Help others to cope with disappointment     Enjoy being part of a group challenge     Can share their success with others     Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time	Verbalise what they would like their life to be like when they are grown up     Appreciate the contributions made by people in different jobs     Reflect on the differences between their own learning goals and those of someone from a different culture     Appreciate the differences between themselves and someone from a different culture     Understand why they are motivated to make a positive contribution to supporting others     Appreciate the opportunities learning and education can give them	<ul> <li>Understand why it is important to stretch the boundaries of their current learning</li> <li>Be able to give praise and compliments to other people when they recognise that person's achievements</li> <li>Empathise with people who are suffering or living in difficult situations</li> <li>Set success criteria so that they know when they have achieved their goal</li> <li>Recognise the emotions they experience when they consider people in the world who are suffering or living in difficult circumstances</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	EYFS	<b>Year 1</b> Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	<b>Year 6</b> Consolidate KS1 & KS2
	Dream, Goal, Challenge, Job, Ambition, Perseverance, Achievement, Happy, Kind, Encourage	Proud, Success, Treasure, Coins, Learning, Stepping-stones, Process, Working together, Team work, Celebrate, Learning, Stretchy, Challenge, Feelings, Obstacle, Overcome, Achieve	Realistic, Achievement, Goal, Strength, Persevere, Difficult, Easy, Learning Together, Partner, Product	Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Enterprise, Design, Co- operation, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, 'Solve It Together' Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Evaluate	Hope, Determination, Resilience, Positive attitude, Disappointment, Fears, Hurts, Positive experiences, Plans, Cope, Help, Self-belief, Motivation, Commitment, Enterprise	Feeling, Money, Grown Up, Adult, Lifestyle, Job, Career, Profession, Money, Salary, Contribution, Society, Determination, Motivation, Culture, Country, Sponsorship, Communication, Support, Rallying, Team Work, Co-operation, Difference	Learning, Stretch, Personal, Realistic, Unrealistic, Success, Criteria, Learning steps, Global issue, Suffering, Concern, Hardship, Sponsorship, Empathy, Motivation, Admire, Respect, Praise, Compliment, Contribution, Recognition

Physical health and fitness	
-----------------------------	--

- (H18) the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle
- (H19) the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise
- (H20) the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity)
- (H21) how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

# **Healthy eating**

- (H22) what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content)
- (H23) the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals
- (H24) the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).

# Drugs, alcohol

(H25) the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

### Health and prevention

- (H26) how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body
- (H28) the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn
- (H30) about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing
- (H31) the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.

# Basic first aid

- (H32) how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary
- (H33) concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

Puzzle overview	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Healthy Me	In this Puzzle, children learn	In this Puzzle, the children look	In this Puzzle, the children	In this Puzzle, the children discuss			
	about their bodies: the	about healthy and less healthy	about healthy food; they talk	about the importance of	at the friendship groups that	investigate the risks associated with	taking responsibility for their own
	names of some key parts as	choices and how these choices	about having a healthy	exercise and how it helps your	they are part of, how they are	smoking and how it affects the lungs,	physical and emotional health and
	well as how to stay healthy.	make them feel. They explore	relationship with food and	body to stay healthy. They also	formed, how they have leaders	liver and heart. Likewise, they learn	the choices linked to this. They
	They talk about food and	about hygiene, keeping	making healthy choices. The	learn about their heart and	and followers and what role	about the risks associated with	learn about different types of drugs
	that some foods are	themselves clean and that	children consider what makes	lungs, what they do and how	they play. The children reflect	alcohol misuse. They are taught a	and the effects these can have on
	healthier than others. They	germs can make you unwell.	them feel relaxed and stressed.	they are very important. The	on their friendships, how	range of basic first aid and	people's bodies. The children learn
	discuss the importance of	The children learn about road	They learn about medicines, how	children discover facts about	different people make them	emergency procedures (including the	about exploitation as well as gang
	sleep and what they can do	safety, and about people who	they work and how to use them	calories, fat and sugar; they	feel and which friends they	recovery position) and learn how to	culture and the associated risks
	to help themselves get to	can help them to stay safe.	safely. The children make healthy	discuss what each of these are	value the most. The children	contact the emergency services	therin. They also learn about
	sleep. They talk about hand		snacks and discuss why they are	and how the amount they	also learn about smoking and	when needed. The children	mental health/illness and that
	washing and why it is		good for their bodies.	consume can affect their	its effects on health; they do	investigate how body types are	people have different attitudes
	important. The class also			health. The children learn about	the same with alcohol and then	portrayed in the media, social media	towards this. They learn to
	discuss 'stranger danger' and			different types of drugs, the	look at the reasons why people	and celebrity culture. They also learn	recognise the triggers for and
	what they should do if			ones you take to make you	might drink or smoke. Finally,	about eating disorders and people's	feelings of being stressed and that
	approached by someone			better, as well as other drugs.	they learn about peer pressure	relationships with food and how this	there are strategies they can use
	they don't know.			The children consider things,	and how to deal with it	can be linked to negative body image	when they are feeling stressed.
				places and people that are	successfully.	pressures.	
				dangerous and link this to			
				strategies for keeping			
				themselves safe.			

Taught	Know what the word	Know the difference	Know what their body	Know how exercise	Know that there are	Know basic emergency	Know how to take
knowledge	'healthy' means  • Know some things	between being healthy and unhealthy	needs to stay healthy  Mnow what relaxed	<ul><li>affects their bodies</li><li>Know that the amount of</li></ul>	leaders and followers in groups	procedures, including the recovery position	responsibility for their own health
(Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know some things that they need to do to keep healthy</li> <li>Know the names for some parts of their body</li> <li>Know when and how to wash their hands properly</li> <li>Know how to say no to strangers</li> <li>Know that they need to exercise to keep healthy</li> <li>Know how to help themselves go to sleep and that sleep is good for them</li> <li>Know what to do if they get lost</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know some ways to keep healthy</li> <li>Know how to make healthy lifestyle choices</li> <li>Know that all household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly</li> <li>Know that medicines can help them if they feel poorly</li> <li>Know how to keep safe when crossing the road</li> <li>Know how to keep themselves clean and healthy</li> <li>Know that germs cause disease/illness</li> <li>Know about people who can keep them safe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know why healthy snacks are good for their bodies</li> <li>Know which foods given their bodies energy</li> <li>Know that it is important to use medicines safely</li> <li>Know what makes them feel relaxed/stressed</li> <li>Know how medicines work in their bodies</li> <li>Know how to make some healthy snacks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that the amount of calories, fat and sugar that they put into their bodies will affect their health</li> <li>Know that there are different types of drugs</li> <li>Know that there are things, places and people that can be dangerous</li> <li>Know when something feels safe or unsafe</li> <li>Know why their hearts and lungs are such important organs</li> <li>Know a range of strategies to keep themselves safe</li> <li>Know that their bodies are complex and need taking care of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the facts about smoking and its effects on health</li> <li>Know the facts about alcohol and its effects on health, particularly the liver</li> <li>Know ways to resist when people are putting pressure on them</li> <li>Know what they think is right and wrong</li> <li>Know how different friendship groups are formed and how they fit into them</li> <li>Know which friends they value most</li> <li>Know that they can take on different roles according to the situation</li> <li>Know some of the reasons some people start to smoke</li> <li>Know some of the reasons some people drink alcohol</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the health risks of smoking</li> <li>Know how smoking tobacco affects the lungs, liver and heart</li> <li>Know how to get help in emergency situations</li> <li>Know that the media, social media and celebrity culture promotes certain body types</li> <li>Know the different roles food can play in people's lives and know that people can develop eating problems/disorders related to body image pressure</li> <li>Know some of the risks linked to misusing alcohol, including antisocial behaviour</li> <li>Know what makes a healthy lifestyle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what it means to be emotionally well</li> <li>Know how to make choices that benefit their own health and well-being</li> <li>Know about different types of drugs and their uses</li> <li>Know how these different types of drugs can affect people's bodies, especially their liver and heart</li> <li>Know that stress can be triggered by a range of things</li> <li>Know that being stressed can cause drug and alcohol misuse</li> <li>Know that some people can be exploited and made to do things that are against the law</li> <li>Know why some people join gangs and the risk that this can involve</li> </ul>
Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Can explain what they need to do to stay healthy</li> <li>Recognise how exercise makes them feel</li> <li>Can give examples of healthy food</li> <li>Can explain what to do if a stranger approaches them</li> <li>Can explain how they might feel if they don't get enough sleep</li> <li>Recognise how different foods can make them feel</li> </ul>	Keep themselves safe     Recognise how being healthy helps them to feel happy     Recognise ways to look after themselves if they feel poorly     Recognise when they feel frightened and know how to ask for help     Feel good about themselves when they make healthy choices     Realise that they are special	<ul> <li>Feel positive about caring for their bodies and keeping it healthy</li> <li>Have a healthy relationship with food</li> <li>Desire to make healthy lifestyle choices</li> <li>Identify when a feeling is weak and when a feeling is strong</li> <li>Express how it feels to share healthy food with their friends</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respect their own bodies and appreciate what they do</li> <li>Can take responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe</li> <li>Identify how they feel about drugs</li> <li>Can express how being anxious or scared feels</li> <li>Able to set themselves a fitness challenge</li> <li>Recognise what it feels like to make a healthy choice</li> </ul>	Can identify the feelings that they have about their friends and different friendship groups Recognise negative feelings in peer pressure situations Can identify the feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure Can tap into their inner strength and know-how to be assertive Recognise how different people and groups they interact with impact on them Identify which people they most want to be friends with	<ul> <li>Respect and value their own bodies</li> <li>Can reflect on their own body image and know how important it is that this is positive</li> <li>Recognise strategies for resisting pressure</li> <li>Can identify ways to keep themselves calm in an emergency</li> <li>Can make informed decisions about whether or not they choose to smoke when they are older</li> <li>Can make informed decisions about whether they choose to drink alcohol when they are older</li> <li>Accept and respect themselves for who they are</li> <li>Be motivated to keep themselves healthy and happy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are motivated to care for their own physical and emotional health</li> <li>Suggest strategies someone could use to avoid being pressured</li> <li>Can use different strategies to manage stress and pressure</li> <li>Are motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs</li> <li>Identify ways that someone who is being exploited could help themselves</li> <li>Recognise that people have different attitudes towards mental health/illness</li> </ul>

Vocabulary	EYFS	<b>Year 1</b> Consolidate EYFS	<b>Year 2</b> Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
Shoulders	ers, Knees, Toes, Sleep, Clean, Stranger, Scare	Unhealthy, Balanced, Exercise, Sleep, Choices, Clean, Body parts, Keeping clean, Toiletry items (e.g. toothbrush, shampoo, soap), Hygienic, Safe Medicines, Safe, Safety, Green Cross Code, Eyes, Ears, Look, Listen, Wait	Healthy choices, Lifestyle, Motivation, Relax, Relaxation, Tense, Calm, Dangerous, Medicines, Body, Balanced diet, Portion, Proportion, Energy, Fuel, Nutritious	Oxygen, Calories/kilojoules, Heartbeat, Lungs, Heart, Fitness, Labels, Sugar, Fat, Saturated fat, Healthy, Drugs, Attitude, Anxious, Scared, Strategy, Advice, Harmful, Risk, Feelings, Complex, Appreciate, Body, Choice	Friendship, Emotions, Relationships, Friendship groups, Value, Roles, Leader, Follower, Assertive, Agree, Disagree, Smoking, Pressure, Peers, Guilt, Advice, Alcohol, Liver, Disease, Anxiety, Fear, Believe, Assertive, Opinion, Right, Wrong	Choices, Healthy behaviour, Unhealthy behaviour, Informed decision, Pressure, Media, Influence, Emergency, Procedure, Recovery position, Level-headed, Body image, Media, Social media, Celebrity, Altered, Self-respect, Comparison, Eating problem, Eating disorder, Respect, Debate, Opinion, Fact, Motivation	Responsibility, Immunisation, Prevention, Drugs, Effects, Prescribed, Unrestricted, Over-the- counter, Restricted, Illegal, Volatile substances, 'Legal highs', Exploited, Vulnerable, Criminal, Gangs, Pressure, Strategies, Reputation, Anti-social behaviour, Crime, Mental health, Emotional health, Mental illness, Symptoms, Stress, Triggers, Strategies, Managing stress, Pressure

#### Physical Health and Well-Being – By end of primary, pupils should know: Mental well-being (H1) that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health (H2) that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations (H3) how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings (H4) how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate (H5) the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness (H6) simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests (H7) isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support (H8) that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being (H9) where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online) (H10) it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough. Internet safety and harms (H11) that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits (H12) about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical well-being (H13) how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private (H14) why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted (H15) that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health (H16) how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted (H17) where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online. Physical health and fitness (H18) the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle (H21) how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health. **Puzzle Overview EYFS** Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6 Relationships Children are introduced to Children's breadth of Learning about family In this Puzzle, children revisit Children learn about the importance In this Puzzle, the children learn Learning in this year group the key relationships in relationships is widened to relationships widens to include family relationships and identify starts focussing on the of self-esteem and ways this can be more about mental health and how their lives. They learn include people they may find in roles and responsibilities in a the different expectations and emotional aspects of boosted. This is important in an to take care of their own mental about families and the their school community. They family and the importance of coroles that exist within the relationships and friendships. online context as well as offline, as well-being. They explore the grief different roles people can consider their own significant operation, appreciation and trust. family home. They identify why With this in mind, children mental health can be damaged by cycle and its various stages, and have in a family. They relationships (family, friends Friendships are also revisited stereotypes can be unfair and explore jealousy and loss/ excessive comparison with others. discuss the different causes of grief explore the friendships and school community) and with a focus on falling out and may not be accurate, e.g. Mum bereavement. They identify the This leads onto a series of lessons and loss. The children learn about they have and what makes why these are special and mending friendships. This is the carer, Dad goes to work. emotions associated with these that allow the children to investigate people who can try to control them a good friend. They are important. As part of the becomes more formalised and They also look at careers and relationship changes, the and reflect upon a variety of positive or have power over them. They possible reasons for the change introduced to simple lessons on healthy and safe the children learn and practise why stereotypes can be unfair and negative online/social media investigate online safety, learning strategies they can use to relationships, children learn two different strategies for in this context. They learn that and strategies for coping with contexts including gaming and social how to judge if something is safe mend friendships. The that touch can be used in kind conflict resolution (Solve it families should be founded on the change. The children learn networking. They learn about ageand helpful, as well as talking about together and Mending that change is a natural in communicating with friends and children also practise and unkind ways. This supports love, respect, appreciation, limits and also age-appropriateness. Friendships). Children consider trust and co-operation. Children relationships and they will Within these lessons, children are family in a positive and safe way. Jigsaw's Calm Me and how later work on safeguarding. they can use this when Pupils also consider their own the importance of trust in are reminded about the Solve it experience (or may have taught the SMARRT internet safety feeling upset or angry. personal attributes as a friend, relationships and what this feels together technique for already experienced) some of rules and they apply these in negotiating conflict situations family member and as part of a these changes. Children revisit different situations. Risk, pressure like. They also learn about two types of secret, and why 'worry and the concept of a win-win skills of negotiation particularly and influences are revisited with a community, and are encouraged to celebrate these. secrets' should always be shared outcome is introduced. to help manage a change in a focus on the physical and emotional with a trusted adult. Children relationship. They also learn aspects of identifying when Online relationships through something online or in social media reflect upon different types of that sometimes it is better if gaming and apps are explored physical contact in relationships, relationships end, especially if feels uncomfortable or unsafe. and children are introduced to which are acceptable and which they are causing negative Children are taught about grooming some rules for staying safe ones are not. They practise feelings or they are unsafe. and how people online can pretend online. Children also learn that strategies for being assertive Children are taught that to be whoever they want. Rights, they are part of a global when someone is hurting them or relationship endings can be responsibilities and respect are community and they are being unkind. The children also amicable. revisited with an angle on technology connected to others they don't learn about people who can help use. Screen time is also discussed know in many ways, e.g. them if they are worried or and children find ways to reduce through global trade. They scared. their own screen time. This Puzzle investigate the wants and aims to help children to be more needs of other children who are less fortunate and compare

Taught knowledge • Know what a	Know that everyone's     Know that everyone's	these with their own. Children's universal rights are also revisited.  Know that there are lots  • Know that different	discerning when viewing anything online or on social media.  • Know some reasons • Know that there are rights • Know that it is importa
(Key objectives are in bold)  • Know that different responsibilities (jobs)  • Know some of the characteristics of healthy and safe friendships  • Know that friends sometimes fall outone words can never be taken back and they can hurt  • Know how to use Jigsaw's Calm Me to help when feeling angry  • Know some reasons why othe get angry	family is different  • Know that families are founded on belonging, love and care  • Know that physical contact can be used as a greeting  • Know how to make a friend  • Know who to ask for help in the school community  • Know that there are lots of different types of families  • Know the characteristics of healthy and safe friends  • Know about the different people in the school community and how they help	forms of physical contact within a family Know how to stay stop if someone is hurting them  Know there are good secrets and worry secrets and why it is important to share worry secrets  Know what trust is  Know that everyone's family is different  Know that families function well when there is trust, respect, care, love and cooperation  Know some reasons why friends have conflicts  Know that friendships have ups and downs and sometimes change with time  Know how to use the Mending Friendships or Solve it together problem-solving methods  family members carry out different roles or have different responsibilities within the family  Know some of the skills of friendship, e.g. taking turns, being a good listener  Know some strategies for keeping themselves safe online  Know that threat in family members carry out different roles or have different responsibilities within the family  Know some of the skills of friendship, e.g. taking turns, being a good listener  Know some strategies for keeping themselves safe online  Know that they and all children have rights  (UNCRC)  Know that gender stereotypes can be unfair, e.g. Mum is always the carer, Dad always goes to work etc  Know how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life  Know the lives of children around the world can be different from their own	why people feel jealousy online community or social network • Know that loss is a normal part of relationships • Know that negative feelings are a normal part of loss • Know that sometimes it is better for a friendship/relationshi online community or social network • Know that there are rights and responsibilities when playing a game online • Know the stages of grie and that there are different types of loss that cause people to grieve communicate with friends • Know that sometimes

Social and Emotional skills (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Can identify what jobs they do in their family and those carried out by parents/carers and siblings</li> <li>Can suggest ways to make a friend or help someone who is lonely</li> <li>Can use different ways to mend a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can express how it feels to be part of a family and to care for family members</li> <li>Can say what being a good friend means</li> <li>Can identify forms of physical contact they prefer</li> <li>Can say no when they receive a touch they don't like</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify the different roles and responsibilities in their family</li> <li>Can recognise the value that families can bring</li> <li>Can recognise and talk about the types of physical contact that is acceptable or unacceptable</li> <li>Can identify the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify the responsibilities they have within their family</li> <li>Know how to access help if they are concerned about anything on social media or the internet</li> <li>Can empathise with people from other countries who may not</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify feelings and emotions that accompany jealousy</li> <li>Can suggest positive strategies for managing jealousy</li> <li>Can identify people who are special to them and express why</li> <li>Can identify the feelings and emotions that accompany loss</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can suggest strategies for building self-esteem of themselves and others</li> <li>Can identify when an online community/social media group feels risky, uncomfortable, or unsafe</li> <li>Can suggest strategies for staying safe online/ social media</li> <li>Can say how to report unsafe online/social</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise that people can get problems with their mental health and that it is nothing to be ashamed of</li> <li>Can help themselves and others when worried about a mental health problem</li> <li>Recognise when they are feeling grief and have strategies to manage</li> </ul>
	friendship  Can recognise what being angry feels like  Can use Calm Me when angry or upset	<ul> <li>Can show skills of friendship</li> <li>Can praise themselves and others</li> <li>Can recognise some of their personal qualities</li> <li>Can say why they appreciate a special relationship</li> </ul>	negative feelings associated with keeping a worry secret  Can identify who they trust in their own relationships  Can use positive problem-solving techniques (Mending Friendships or Solve it together) to resolve a friendship conflict  Can identify the feelings associated with trust  Can give and receive compliments  Can say who they would go to for help if they were worried or scared	have a fair job or are less fortunate  • Understand that they are connected to the global community in many different ways  • Can use Solve it together in a conflict scenario and find a win-win outcome  • Can identify similarities in children's rights around the world  • Can identify their own wants and needs and how these may be similar or different from other children in school and the global community	Can suggest strategies for managing loss  Can tell you about someone they no longer see  Can suggest ways to manage relationship changes including how to negotiate	network activity  Can identify when an online game is safe or unsafe  Can suggest ways to monitor and reduce screen time  Can suggest strategies for managing unhelpful pressures online or in social networks	<ul> <li>Demonstrate ways they could stand up for themselves and their friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control</li> <li>Can resist pressure to do something online that might hurt themselves or others</li> <li>Can take responsibility for their own safety and wellbeing</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	EYFS	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
	Family, Jobs, Relationship, Friend, Lonely, Argue, Fall- out, Words, Feelings, Angry, Upset, Calm me, Breathing	Belong, Same, Different, Friendship, Qualities, Caring, Sharing, Kind, Greeting, Touch, Feel, Texture, Like, Dislike, Help, Helpful, Community, Confidence, Praise, Skills, Self- belief, Incredible, Proud, Celebrate, Relationships, Special, Appreciate	Similarities, Special, Important, Co-operate, Physical contact, Communication, Hugs, Acceptable, Not acceptable, Conflict, Point of view, Positive problem solving, Secret, Surprise, Good secret, Worry secret, Telling, Adult, Trust, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Trust, Trustworthy, Honesty, Reliability, Compliments, Celebrate,	Men, Women, Unisex, Male, Female, Stereotype, Career, Job, Role, Responsibilities, Respect, Differences, Similarities, Conflict, Win-win, Solution, Solve-it-together, Problem-solve, Internet, Social media, Online, Risky, Gaming, Safe, Unsafe, Private messaging (pm), Direct messaging (dm), Global, Communication, Fair trade, Inequality, Food journey, Climate, Transport, Exploitation, Rights, Needs, Wants, Justice, United Nations, Equality, Deprivation, Hardship, Appreciation, Gratitude	Relationship, Close, Jealousy, Emotions, Positive, Negative, Loss, Shock, Disbelief, Numb, Denial, Guilt, Sadness, Pain, Despair, Hope, Souvenir, Memento, Memorial, Acceptance, Relief, Remember, Negotiate, Compromise, Loyal, Empathy, Betrayal, Amicable, Love.	Personal attributes, Qualities, Characteristics, Self-esteem, Unique, Comparison, Negative self-talk, Social media, Online, Community, Positive, Negative, Safe, Unsafe, Rights, Social network, Violence, Grooming, Troll, Gambling, Betting, Trustworthy, Appropriate, Screen time, Physical health, Mental health, Off-line, Social, Peer pressure, Influences, Personal information, Passwords, Privacy, Settings, Profile, SMARRT rules	Mental health, Ashamed, Stigma, Stress, Anxiety, Support, Worried, Signs, Warning, Self-harm, Emotions, Feelings, Sadness, Loss, Grief, Denial, Despair, Guilt, Shock, Hopelessness, Anger, Bereavement, Coping strategies, Power, Control, Authority, Bullying, Script, Assertive, Risks, Pressure, Influences, Self-control, Real/fake, True/untrue, Assertiveness, Judgement, Communication, Technology, Power, Cyber-bullying, Abuse, Safety

	Changing Me Puzzle – Summer 2								
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
DfE Statutory Relationships & Health Education outcomes	PSED – ELG: SELF-REGULATION Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.  PSED – ELG: BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	sharing each other's lives (R3) that others' families, either is characterised by love and care (R4) that stable, caring relationsh (R6) how to recognise if family re  Caring friendships (R7) how important friendships at (R8) the characteristics of friends (R9) that healthy friendships are possible (R13) practical steps they can tak (R15) the importance of self-resp (R16) that in school and in wider (R18) what a stereotype is, and he (R19) the importance of permission  Being safe (R25) what sorts of boundaries are (R26) about the concept of privace (R27) that each person's body be (R29) how to recognise and report (R30) how to ask for advice or he (R31) how to report concerns or a (R32) where to get advice e.g. fare  Physical Health and Well-Being  H1) that mental well-being is a new (H2) that there is a normal range (H3) how to judge whether what (H5) the benefits of physical exercited (H6) simple self-care techniques, (H7) isolation and loneliness can and (H8) that bullying (including cyber (H9) where and how to seek supposition in the self-care motions (H10) it is common for people to Changing adolescent body	e for me or children growing up because of family life, commitment to each of school or in the wider world, ips, which may be of different to lationships are making them fe ore in making us feel happy and hips, including mutual respect, cositive and welcoming toward e in a range of different context ect and how this links to their of society they can expect to be to ow stereotypes can be unfair, ro on seeking and giving in relation they and the implications of it for longs to them, and the different of feelings of being unsafe or feel p for themselves or others, and abuse, and the vocabulary and only, school and/or other source  By end of primary, pupils sh ormal part of daily life, in the so out their emotions, including he they are feeling and how they a cise, time outdoors, community including the importance of res affect children and that it is ver rebullying) has a negative and of out (including recognising the to including issues arising online) experience mental ill health. For	e they can give love, security and ch other, including in times of dissometimes look different from the types, are at the heart of happy rel unhappy or unsafe, and how the secure, and how people choose truthfulness, trustworthiness, lots others, and do not make other that to improve or support respective many happiness reated with respect by others, and easily earlier and adults; including in both children and adults; including easily between appropriate and in the peers and others (including in both children and adults; including easily between appropriate and in the peers and others (including in both children and adults; including the between appropriate and in the ling bad about any adult do keep trying until they are he confidence needed to do so es.  Thould know:  The way as physical health in the second of the proposition of the p	heir family, but that they should restamilies, and are important for child to seek help or advice from others if and make friends yalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sist feel lonely or excluded.  ful relationships and that in turn they should show durated that it is not always right to keep appropriate or unsafe physical, and ard  vousness) and scale of emotions that ards to use when talking about their proportionate revice-based activity on mental well-amily and the benefits of hobbies are set their feelings with an adult and sell-being uding whom in school they should	dren's security as they grow up fineeded.  Tharing interests and experiences and security as they grow up fineeded.  Tharing interests and experiences and security as they relate to being safe other, contact  That all humans experience in relation to own and others' feelings  The being and happiness and interests seek support  The speak to if they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as they are worried about the support is made available, especially if a security as the support is made available, especially if a security as the support is made available, especially if a security as the support is made available.	support with problems and difficulties  positions of authority  different experiences and situations  eir own or someone else's mental well-being or		

Puzzle	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Changing Me thin char and ther cons nam som the thes lear in lo we g und brin neg; shar also mer	ildren are encouraged to nk about how they have anged from being a baby d what may change for em in the future. They insolidate the mes and functions of me of the main parts of a body and discuss how ese have changed. They in that our bodies change lots of different ways as a get older. Children derstand that change can ing about positive and gative feelings, and that earing these can help. They is consider the role that emories can have in an aging change.	Children are introduced to life cycles, e.g. that of a frog and identify the different stages. They compare this with a human life cycle and look at simple changes from baby to adult, e.g. getting taller, learning to walk, etc. They discuss how they have changed so far and that people grow up at different rates. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are taught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicles, vulva). They are also taught that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body. Change is discussed as a natural and normal part of getting older which can bring about happy and sad feelings. Children practise a range of skills to help manage their feelings and learn how to access help if they are worried about change, or if someone is hurting them.	In this Puzzle, children compare different life cycles in nature, including that of humans. They reflect on the changes that occur (not including puberty) between baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult and old age. Within this, children also discuss how independence, freedoms and responsibility can increase with age. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are retaught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicle, vulva). They are also reminded that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body, including a lesson on inappropriate touch and assertiveness. Children practise a range of strategies for managing feelings and emotions. They are also taught where they can get help if worried or frightened. Change is taught as a natural and normal part of growing up and the range of emotions that can occur with change are explored and discussed.	This Puzzle begins learning about babies and what they need to grow and develop including parenting. Children are taught that it is usually the female that carries the baby in nature. This leads onto lessons where puberty is introduced. Children first look at the outside body changes in males and females. They learn that puberty is a natural part of growing up and that it is a process for getting their bodies ready to make a baby when grown-up. Inside body changes are also taught. Children learn that females have eggs (ova) in their ovaries and these are released monthly. If unfertilised by a male's sperm, it passes out of the body as a period. Sexual intercourse and the birth of the baby are not taught in this year group. Children discuss how they feel about puberty and growing up and there are opportunities for them to seek reassurance if anything is worrying them.	In this Puzzle, bodily changes at puberty are revisited with some additional vocabulary, particularly around menstruation. Sanitary health is taught, including introducing pupils to different sanitary and personal hygiene products. Conception and sexual intercourse are introduced in simple terms so the children understand that a baby is formed by the joining of an ovum and sperm. They also learn that the ovum and sperm carry genetic information that carry personal characteristics. The Puzzle ends by looking at the feelings associated with change and how to manage these. Children are introduced to Jigsaw's Circle of change model as a strategy for managing future changes.	In this Puzzle, the children revisit self-esteem, self-image and body image. They learn that we all have perceptions about ourselves and others, and these may be right or wrong. They also reflect on how social media and the media can promote unhelpful comparison and how to manage this. Puberty is revisited in further detail, explaining bodily changes in males and females. Sexual intercourse is explained in slightly more detail than in the previous year. Children are encouraged to ask questions and seek clarification about anything they don't understand. Further details about pregnancy are introduced including some facts about the development of the foetus and some simple explanation about alternative ways of conception, e.g. IVF. Children learn that having a baby is a personal choice. Details of contraceptive options and methods are not taught as this is not ageappropriate. Reasons why people choose to be in a romantic relationship and choose to have a baby are also explored. Children look at what becoming a teenager means for them with an increase in freedom, rights and responsibilities. They also consider the perceptions that surround teenagers and reflect whether they are always accurate, e.g. teenagers are always moody; all teenagers have a boyfriend/girlfriend, etc.	In this Puzzle, the children learn about puberty in boys and girls and the changes that will happen; they reflect on how they feel about these changes. The children also learn about childbirth and the stages of development of a baby, starting at conception. They explore what it means to be being physically attracted to someone and the effect this can have upon the relationship. They learn about different relationships and the importance of mutual respect and not pressuring/being pressured into doing something that they don't want to. The children also learn about self-esteem, why it is important and ways to develop it. Finally, they look at the transition to secondary school (or next class) and what they are looking forward to/are worried about and how they can prepare themselves mentally.

Taught knowledge  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know the names and functions of some parts of the body (see vocabulary list)</li> <li>Know that we grow from baby to adult</li> <li>Know who to talk to if they are feeling worried</li> <li>Know that sharing how they feel can help solve a worry</li> <li>Know that remembering happy times can help us move on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the names of male and female private body parts</li> <li>Know that there are correct names for private body parts and nicknames, and when to use them</li> <li>Know which parts of the body are private and that they belong to that person and that nobody has the right to hurt these</li> <li>Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened</li> <li>Know that animals including humans have a life cycle</li> <li>Know that changes happen when we grow up</li> <li>Know that people grow up at different rates and that is normal</li> <li>Know that learning brings about change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the physical differences between male and female bodies</li> <li>Know that private body parts are special and that no one has the right to hurt these</li> <li>Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened</li> <li>Know there are different types of touch and that some are acceptable and some are unacceptable</li> <li>Know the correct names for private body parts</li> <li>Know that life cycles exist in nature.</li> <li>Know that aging is a natural process including old age</li> <li>Know that some changes are out of an individual's control</li> <li>Know how their bodies have changed from when they were a baby and that they will continue to change as they age</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that the male and female body needs to change at puberty so their bodies can make babies when they are adults</li> <li>Know some of the outside body changes that happen during puberty</li> <li>Know some of the changes on the inside that happen during puberty</li> <li>Know that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up</li> <li>Know that in nature it is usually the female that carries the baby</li> <li>Know that in humans a mother carries the baby in her uterus (womb) and this is where it develops</li> <li>Know that babies need love and care from their parents/carers</li> <li>Know some of the changes that happen between being a baby and a child</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that personal characteristics are inherited from birth parents and this is brought about by an ovum joining with a sperm</li> <li>Know that babies are made by a sperm joining with an ovum</li> <li>Know the names of the different internal and external body parts that are needed to make a baby</li> <li>Know how the female and male body change at puberty</li> <li>Know that change can bring about a range of different emotions</li> <li>Know that personal hygiene is important during puberty and as an adult</li> <li>Know that change is a normal part of life and that some cannot be controlled and have to be accepted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally</li> <li>Know that sexual intercourse can lead to conception</li> <li>Know that some people need help to conceive and might use IVF</li> <li>Know that becoming a teenager involves various changes and also brings growing responsibility</li> <li>Know what perception means and that perceptions can be right or wrong</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally</li> <li>Know how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy and how it is born</li> <li>Know how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship</li> <li>Know the importance of self-esteem and what they can do to develop it</li> <li>Know what they are looking forward to and what they are worried about when thinking about transition to secondary school/moving to their next class</li> </ul>
Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Recognise that changing class can elicit happy and/or sad emotions</li> <li>Can say how they feel about changing class/ growing up</li> <li>Can identify how they have changed from a baby</li> <li>Can say what might change for them they get older</li> <li>Can identify positive memories from the past year in school/home</li> </ul>	Understand and accept that change is a natural part of getting older     Can suggest ways to manage change, e.g. moving to a new class     Can identify some things that have changed and some things that have stayed the same since being a baby (including the body)      Can express why they enjoy learning	<ul> <li>Can say who they would go to for help if worried or scared</li> <li>Can say what types of touch they find comfortable/uncomfort able</li> <li>Be able to confidently ask someone to stop if they are being hurt or frightened</li> <li>Can appreciate that changes will happen and that some can be controlled and others not</li> <li>Be able to express how they feel about changes</li> <li>Show appreciation for people who are older</li> <li>Can recognise the independence and responsibilities they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can express how they feel about puberty</li> <li>Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they have any worries</li> <li>Can suggest ways to help them manage feelings during changes they are more anxious about</li> <li>Can identify stereotypical family roles and challenge these ideas, e.g. it may not always be Mum who does the laundry</li> <li>Can express how they feel about babies</li> <li>Can describe the emotions that a new baby can bring to a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can appreciate their own uniqueness and that of others</li> <li>Can express any concerns they have about puberty</li> <li>Have strategies for managing the emotions relating to change</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having children when they are grown up</li> <li>Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they are worried</li> <li>Can apply the circle of change model to themselves to have strategies for managing change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self-image and body image</li> <li>Can suggest ways to boost self-esteem of self and others</li> <li>Recognise that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for them</li> <li>Can ask questions about puberty to seek clarification</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having a romantic relationship when they are an adult</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having children when they are an adult</li> <li>Can express how they feel about becoming a teenager</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise ways they can develop their own selfesteem</li> <li>Can express how they feel about the changes that will happen to them during puberty</li> <li>Understand that mutual respect is essential in a boyfriend/girlfriend relationship and that they shouldn't feel pressured into doing something that they don't want to</li> <li>Recognise how they feel when they reflect on the development and birth of a baby</li> </ul>

			have now compared to being a baby or toddler  Can say what greater responsibilities and freedoms they may have in the future  Can say what they are looking forward to in the next year	family  Can identify changes they are looking forward to in the next year		Can say who they can talk to if concerned about puberty or becoming a teenager/adult	<ul> <li>Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self-image and body image</li> <li>Use strategies to prepare themselves emotionally for the transition (changes) to secondary school</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Eye, Foot, Eyebrow, Forehead, Ear, Mouth, Arm, Leg, Chest, Knee, Nose, Tongue, Finger, Toe, Stomach, Hand, Baby, Grown-up, Adult, Change, Worry, Excited, Memories	Year 1 Consolidate EYFS  Changes, Life cycles, Adulthood, Mature, Male, Female, Vagina, Penis, Testicles, Vulva, Anus, Learn, New, Grow, Feelings, Anxious, Worried, Excited, Coping	Year 2 Consolidate EYFS & Yr 1  Change, Grow, Control, Fully grown, Growing up, Old, Young, Change, Respect, Appearance, Physical, Baby, Toddler, Child, Teenager, Independent, Timeline, Freedom, Responsibilities, Vagina, Public, Private, Touch, Texture, Cuddle, Hug, Squeeze, Like, Dislike, Acceptable, Unacceptable, Comfortable, Uncomfortable, Looking forward, Nervous, Happy	Year 3 Consolidate KS1  Birth, Animals, Babies, Mother, Grow, Uterus, Womb, Nutrients, Survive, Love, Affection, Care, Puberty, Sperm, Ovaries, Egg, Ovum/ova, Womb/uterus, Stereotypes, Task, Roles, Challenge	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3  Personal, Unique, Characteristics, Parents, Making love, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Fertilise, Conception, Menstruation, Periods, Circle, Seasons, Change, Control, Emotions, Acceptance	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4  Body image, Self-image, Looks, Personality, Perception, Self-esteem, Affirmation, Comparison, Oestrogen, Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops, Breasts, Hips, Adam's Apple, Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader, Wider, Semen, Erection, Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream, Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair, Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum, Testosterone, Circumcised, Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis, Fertilised, Unfertilised, Conception, Sexual intercourse, Embryo, Umbilical cord, IVF, Foetus, Contraception, Pregnancy, Sanitary products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner, Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal, Laws, Responsible, Teenager, Responsibilities, Rights	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2  Negative body-talk, mental health, midwife, labour, opportunities, freedoms, attraction, relationship, love, sexting, transition, secondary, journey, worries, anxiety, excitement

SMSC Links: Every Jigsaw lesson from Early Years to upper primary offers opportunities for children's spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development, and this is clearly mapped and balanced across each year group. Likewise, Jigsaw is designed to provide structured opportunities in every lesson to practise and enhance the five skills associated with the emotional literacy (self-awareness, social skills, empathy, motivation and managing feelings). At Jigsaw, we believe that these opportunities are vital for children's development, their understanding of themselves and others and in increasing their capacity to learn.

**British Values**: Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 supports the **British Values** of Democracy, Rule of Law, Individual Liberty, Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs. It has been mapped lesson by lesson against the British Values agenda.