	Maps of local area	Compass and Orienteering	Maps
Willow Class year A	 understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human geography of a region of the United Kingdom; human geography, including: types of settlement and land use; use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied; use symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps), to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world; use fieldwork to observe and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and digital technologies; 	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied; use symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps), to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world;	 locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on envi- ronmental regions and key physical and hu- man characteristics; identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Can- cer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Cir- cle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones; use maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied; use symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps), to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world;
	Mountains	Maps of Europe	Rainforests
Willow Class year B	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied; physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes, mountains and the water cycle;	 name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, identifying human and physical characteristics including hills, mountains, rivers and seas, and how a place has changed; use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied; use symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps), to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world; 	explore similarities and differences, comparing the human and physical geography of a region of the UK and a region of South America; use maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied;

Key Vocabulary:

county, country, town, coast, physical features, human features, mountain, hill, river, sea, climate, tropics, tropical, of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle.

Amazon rainforest, Sherwood Forest, Sheffield, city, Yorkshire, physical features, human features, landscape, feature, population, land use, retail, leisure, housing, business, industrial, agricultural.

environmental disaster, settlement, resources, services, goods, electricity, supply, generation, renewable, non-renewable, solar power, wind power, biomass, origin, import, export, trade, efficiency, conservation, carbon footprint, peak, plateau, fold mountain, fault-block mountain, dome mountain, volcanic mountain, plateau mountain, tourism, positive, negative, economic, social, environmental.

sketch map, map, aerial view, feature, annotation, landmark, distance, key, symbol, land use, urban, rural, population, coordinates.