

#### A COMPLETE PHONICS RESOURCE TO SUPPORT CHILDREN

# Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading in Year 1, Phase 5





# A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

**OECD** (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



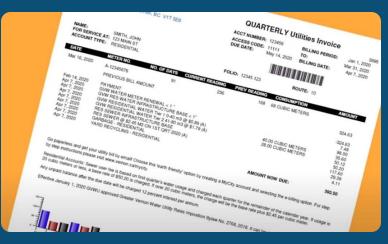
# How many times have you already read today?













# Phonics



### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

Our school has chosen

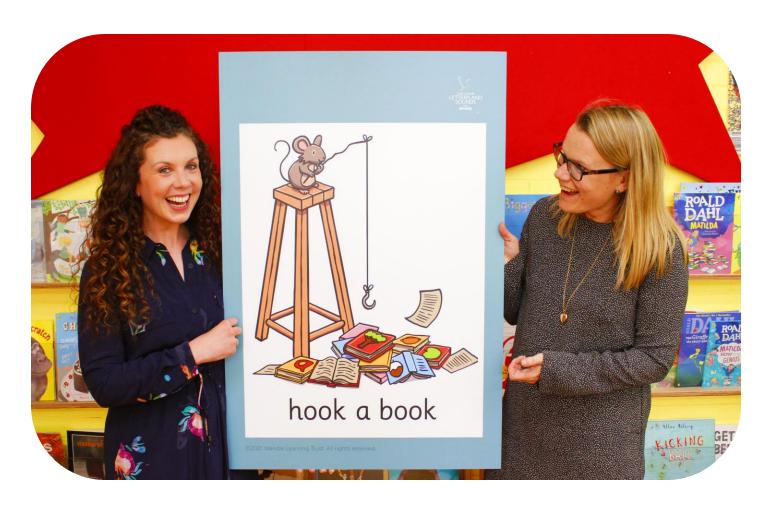
Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

systematic, synthetic phonics

(SSP) programme to teach

early reading and spelling.







### **Phonics is:**

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.







Phoneme

Grapheme

Digraph

Trigraph

**Blend** 

Segment

**Adjacent consonant** 

Split digraph

### The progression

### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

#### Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l	is I the

Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words		
ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with -s /s/ added at the end (hats sits) words ending -s /z/ (his) and with -s /z/ added at the end (bags)	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be		

\*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words
ai ee igh oa oo <b>oo</b> ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters • longer words	was you they my by all are sure pure

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words	
Review Phase 3 Inger words, including those with double letters words with -s /z/ in the middle words with -es /z/ at the end words with -s /s/ and /z/ at the end	Review all taught so far	

Summer 1 Phase 4	New tricky words			
Short vowels with adjacent consonants  CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC  longer words and compound words  words ending in suffixes:  ing, -ed /t/, -ed /id/ /ed/, -est	said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today			



#### Year 1

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2–4
Review Phase 3 and 4  Phase 5  /ai/ ay play  /ow/ ou cloud  /oi/ oy toy  /ea/ ea each	Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
/ur/ ir bird	their people oh your
/igh/ ie pie	Mr Mrs Ms ask*
/oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue	could would should our
/yoo/ u unicorn	house mouse water want
loal o go	
/igh/ i tiger	
/ai/ a paper	
leel e he	
/ai/ a-e shake	
/iqh/ i-e time	
loal o-e home	
/oo/ /yoo/ u-e rude cute	
leel e-e these	
lool lyool ew chew new	
leel ie shield	
/or/ aw claw	

<sup>\*</sup>The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
leel y funny	any many again
lel ea head	who whole where two
/w/ wh wheel	school call different
/oa/ oe ou toe shoulder	thought through friend work
/igh/ y fly	
loal ow snow	

## Let's say the Phase 5 sounds



Grow the	code	grapheme	mat	Phase	2,	3	and	5
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ce							ch		
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bb	∯ ph	ll	.9	VV	wh			ZZ	
	ph	le	dge	ve				S	
		al	ge					se	
					-	0-	-	ze	
4			O				J.	E LINE	
ch	sh	th	ng	nk	а	е	i	0	u
tch	ch					ea	y	а	о-е
ture	ti								ou
	ssi								
	si								
	ci								

#### Grow the code grapheme mat Phase 2, 3 and 5

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ay	ea	ie	0	ue	ue	u*	a*
а	е	i	о-е	u-e	u	oul	al*
а-е	е-е	i-e	ou	ew	u-e		
eigh	ie	y	90	ou	ew		
aigh	y		ow	ui			
ey	ey						
ea							
THE STATE OF THE S			黄茅菜	No.		zh	
or	ur	ow	oi	ear	air		
aw	er	ou	oy	ere	are	su	
au	ir			eer	ere	si	
aur	or				ear		
oor							
al							
a							
oar							
ore							

<sup>\*</sup>depending on regional accent



**How to say Phase 5 sounds** 

#### How to say the Phase 5 sounds

At Phase 5, children learn alternative graphemes for sounds introduced in Phases 2 and 3.

#### Sounds introduced in Phase 2

Frapheme and nnemonic	Pronunciation phrase	Phase 5 Graphemes
S	Show your teeth and let the <b>s</b> hiss out <b>ssssss ssssss</b>	c se ce st sc
h	Open your lips a bit; put your tongue behind your teeth and make the <b>nnnn</b> sound <b>nnnn</b>	kn gn
m	Put your lips together and make the <b>mmmmm</b> sound <b>mmmmmm</b>	mb
6	Open your mouth into a little smile; make your tongue flat and move it up towards the top of your mouth to say ccc	ch
<b>r</b>	Show me your teeth to make a <b>rrrr</b> sound <b>rrrrr</b>	wr
∳	Open your lips a little; put your teeth on your bottom lip and push the air out to make the sound fffff fffff	ph
•	Open your mouth a little; put your tongue up to the top of your mouth, behind your teeth, and press IIII IIII	le al









#### In Phase 5 children learn:

- new graphemes for the sounds they already know
- that the same grapheme can have alternative pronunciations.

The 'Grow the code' lessons support children with reading and spelling these alternative spellings.



How we teach Phase 5



## Reading words

#### Children will be able to:

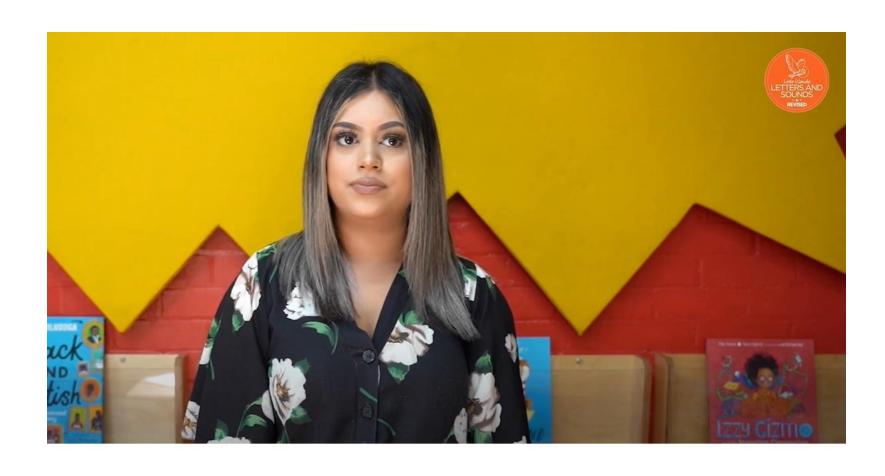
- blend independently
- blend in their heads with increasing fluency and confidence.

They will also begin to distinguish between different phonemes/graphemes.











## Tricky words:

- have unusual spellings e.g. all, people
- are taught in a systematic way.

Children are now learning to read Phase 5 tricky words.



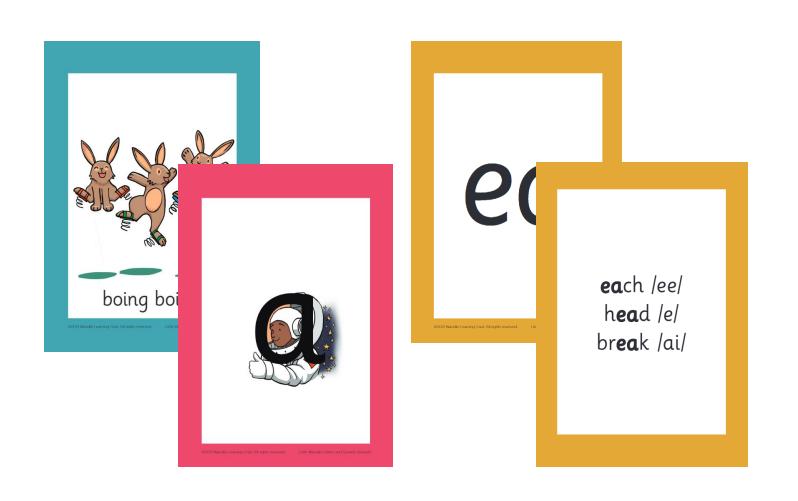




	New tricky words
/ur/ ir bird /igh/ ie pie /oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue /yoo/ u unicorn /oa/ o go /igh/ i tiger /ai/ a paper /ee/ e he /ai/ a-e shake /igh/ i-e time /oa/ o-e home /oo/ /yoo/ u-e rude cute /ee/ e-e these /oo/ /yoo/ ew chew new /ee/ ie shield /or/ aw claw	Meir people oh your Mr Mrs Ms ask* could would should our house mouse water want
	nal pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.









the



# Reading and spelling



## Spelling

 This term, your child will be taught how to spell words every day using the graphemes they have been taught so far.



 Handwriting is referred to but is taught at other times of the day.





## **Spelling**

- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.



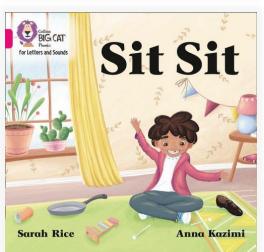




### Reading practice sessions are:

- timetabled three times a week
- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups.







# We use assessment to match your child to the right level of book



Little	Wandle	Letters	and	Sounds	Revised	Reception
Child	assessm	ent				•

#### Autumn 1

m	a	р	С	0
S	g	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	l

sat man hug red pe<u>ck</u>



### Reading a book at the right level



### This means that your child should:

- know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words by the time they bring the book home – but they should be able to do this on their own.





# Reading at home

# The most important thing you can do is read with your child

## Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.





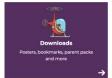






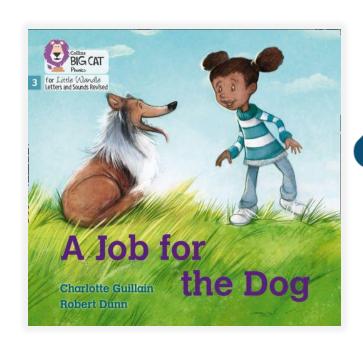




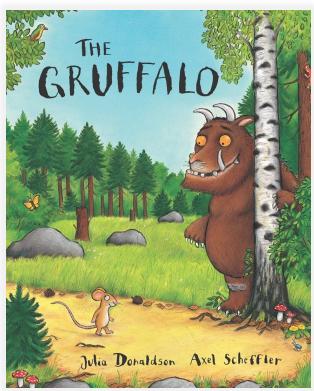


Books going home











## Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- If they can't read a word, read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.







### The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
  - Introduce new and exciting language.
  - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary.
  - Make up sentences together.
  - Find different words to use.
  - Describe things you see.







#### **Videos**



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



Phase 3 sounds taught in Reception Spring 1



**How to say Phase 5 sounds** 





# One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

