

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

September 2020

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Please note: italicised font within the model policy indicates where schools/colleges need to insert their own local policy.

### **Key contacts**

#### School

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# **Nominated governor for Child Protection:**

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#### **London Borough of Camden**

#### Child protection lead officer and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO):

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## Safeguarding lead officers:

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Name: Tracey Murphy (Service manager) Tel: 020 7974 4103

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# Children's Contact Service/MASH team:

Manager: Jade Green Tel: 020 7974 1553/3317 Fax: 020 7974 3310

### Online safety contact officer:

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Name: Jane Murphy Tel: 020 7974 1008

## Part A: Core operational policies and procedures

### 1 Purpose of policy

This policy sets out how the school/college will meet its statutory duty under section 175 of the Education Act 2002 to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and help them to achieve good outcomes. The school/college will achieve this by providing a safe learning environment and ensuring school staff have the skills and knowledge to take action where children need extra support from early help services or require a social work service because they are in need or need to be protected from harm. This policy should be read in conjunction with the COVID19 Safeguarding addendum which is reviewed termly during the academic year 20-21 or as directed by guidance from the Camden LA, DFE / National Institute for Health Protection.

### 2 Roles and responsibilities

# 2.1 Camden Supporting People Directorate

The Directorate includes Children's Safeguarding and Social Work (CSSW), Early Intervention and Prevention and Education divisions and these services will support the school/college to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils by:

- co-ordinating the delivery of integrated children's services within the borough, including an early help service
- providing statutory social work services under the Children Act 1989
- providing the school/college with advice, support and guidance, model policies and procedures, training and dedicated lead officers with responsibility for child protection, safeguarding and online safety
- Dealing with allegations against members of staff and volunteers through the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)
- Taking responsibility for those children who missing from or not education, including children who are known to be home educated.

### 2.2 Governing body

The governing body will ensure that the school/college meets its statutory duties with regard to safeguarding and protecting pupils and that the following are in place:

- The school has the following policies in place and that these are regularly monitored, reviewed and updated where necessary;
  - Safeguarding policies and procedures covering early help and child protection that are consistent with Camden Safeguarding Children Board procedures and Camden's internal policies
  - A staff code of conduct policy including policies covering staff/pupil relationships and communications and staff use of social media
  - Procedure for responding to incidents where children go missing from education, particularly where there are repeated incidents that may suggest potential safeguarding risks might be present.
- The school is able to work jointly with other agencies in order to ensure pupils can access help and support from early help services and statutory social work services and that children's plans are implemented and monitored.
- There is a nominated governor with responsibility for liaising with Camden CSF on safeguarding and child protection matters and who links with the LADO in the event of an allegation against the head teacher.

- A senior member of staff is appointed as the designated safeguarding lead with responsibility for carrying out the statutory duties as set out in this policy, the individual is given sufficient time and resources to carry out their responsibilities and that another member of staff is appointed to deputise in their absence.
- The designated teacher nominated to promote the educational achievement of looked after children and previously looked after children is Lucy Hall and that this person has received appropriate training for the role.
- Staff receives a thorough induction on joining and are given copies of all relevant safeguarding and child protection polices and the staff code of conduct policy.
- Staff are confident that they can raise issues with leaders where there are concerns about safeguarding practice at the school and that there are robust whistleblowing procedures in place.
- Steps are taken to ensure parents and pupils are aware of the school's safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures. Regular updates are provided to parents through the newsletter and school website.
- Governors take steps to ensure children are given opportunities within the curriculum to learn how to keep themselves safe, including on-line.
- The school has appropriate written procedures in place to ensure safer recruitment practices and reasonable checks on visitors to the school, to deal with allegations against staff or volunteers and to report matters to the Disclosure and Barring Service as required, and that these policies are consistent with statutory guidance and reviewed on an annual basis.
- At least 4 members of the governing body has undertaken accredited safer recruitment training.
- All staff receives safeguarding and child protection training at every year and receives regular updates from the designated safeguarding lead to ensure they remain up to date with new legislation.
- There is a weekly safeguarding drop-in to support staff discuss any concerns that that have in relation to children and young people or their

families. These sessions can also provide top up training or referral / signposting issues for non-urgent issues.

- The school/college has procedures in place to deal with allegations made against other pupils.
- Children's wishes and feelings are considered when deciding what action
  to take or services to provide to protect individual children and there is a
  robust system in place for gaining feedback from pupils. For some pupils
  at Swiss Cottage, this is not possible due to the complexity of their needs,
  for these children key member of their team will represent their voice.

# 2.3 Schools and head teachers/principals

The Principal will ensure that the school meets its statutory safeguarding duty by ensuring the following:

- Staff are inducted thoroughly and have read all the school safeguarding and child protection policies, staff code of conduct, behaviour policies and the CSCB children missing from education policy so that they are fully aware of their role in safeguarding children and are able to fully implement policies.
- All staff are able to identify those children who need extra help and can make appropriate referrals to early help services.
- All staff are vigilant to harm and abuse, are able to identify those children
  for whom there are child protection concerns and can make appropriate
  referrals to CSSW and the CYPDs 0-25 service for children who live in
  Camden and the equivalent teams for children and young people who
  live out of borough.
- Staff are able to work in partnership with other agencies to safeguard children, including providing early help support, contributing to assessments and the implementation of the child's plan, attending network meetings and case conferences, monitoring children's progress and liaising with social workers. At Swiss Cottage we use an integrated model of care and shared responsibility to safeguard children and young people.
- Safer recruitment practice is followed when recruiting to posts and appropriate action is taken whenever an allegation is made against a member of staff.

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Reseach Centre offer a safe environment for staff and pupils to learn.
- Safeguarding issues are brought to the attention of the governing body. The DSL or one of the Deputies will report to committees on key issues, themes in CP casework and referral data.

# 2.4 Role of the designated safeguarding lead

The role of the designated safeguarding lead and their deputy is to take lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection within the school and to be available during school hours for staff to discuss safeguarding concerns.

# **Additional procedures**

A named duty DSL is on call during holidays if a DLS is not on site. The duty rota is agreed this information is also shared with any staff who might be undertaking home visits or community-based interventions with children and young people.

The designated safeguarding lead (and their deputy) will:

- liaise with and manage referrals to relevant agencies such as CSSW, the LADO, the Channel Panel, the Police and the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS);
- keep the head teacher/principal and the board of governors informed of on-going safeguarding and child protection issues and enquiries;
- provide advice and guidance for staff on safeguarding and child protection issues and making referrals;
- ensure the school's safeguarding and child protection policies are up to date and consistent with Camden's Safeguarding Children Board policies and that policies are reviewed annually;
- ensure all staff, including temporary staff, are aware of and understand policies and procedures and are able to implement them;
- attend regular training, including Prevent awareness training, and the
  designated teachers meetings hosted by Camden in order to keep up to
  date with new policy, emerging issues and local early-help, safeguarding
  and child protection procedures and working practices;

- provide regular updates received from Camden to all staff members and governors on any changes in safeguarding or child protection legislation (updated information will be provided by Camden at the designated teachers meeting and safeguarding trainers via 6 weekly bulletins; designated safeguarding leads will be responsible for communicating this information to staff immediately; they may decide to hold workshops or discuss in staff meetings);
- to ensure that all staff understand the addition vulnerability of the pupils at Swiss Cottage School and to provide specific personalised training for staff working with pre-verbal children and young people, SLD and PMLD.
- To have an awareness of those children who may be more vulnerable to poor educational outcomes due to safeguarding and other issues such as children in need, children with child protection plans, children with mental health issues, young carers and those living in temporary or over-crowed accommodation.
- liaise with the designated teacher for LAC whenever there are safeguarding concerns relating to a looked after child or previously looked after child;
- raise awareness with staff on how children's vulnerabilities and exposure to neglect, abuse and trauma can natively influence their educational attainment and behaviour and how staff can work to meet these needs.
- oversee child protection systems within the school, including the management of records, standards of recording concerns and referral processes;
- provide a link between the school/college and other agencies, particularly CSSW and the Camden Safeguarding Children Board;
- ensure staff, including temporary staff, receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training every year.
- ensure parents and carers are fully aware of the school's policies and procedures and that they are kept informed and involved;
- ensure relevant records are passed on appropriately when children transfer to other schools and where appropriate, share relevant information with schools or colleges to enable continued support the child on transfer.

# 2.5 Working with parents and carers

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre recognise the importance of working in partnership with parents and carers to ensure the welfare and safety of pupils.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will:

- make parents aware of the school/college's statutory role in safeguarding and promoting the welfare of pupils, including the duty to refer pupils on where necessary, by making all school/college policies available on the school/college web-site or on request;
- provide opportunities for parents and carers to discuss any problems with class teachers and other relevant staff;
- consult with and involve parents and carers in the development of school/college policies to ensure their views are considered;
- ensure a robust complaints system is in place to deal with issues raised by parents and carers;
- provide advice and signpost parents and carers to other services and resources where pupils need extra support.

#### **Additional procedures**

Individual schools should record any additional policies and procedures here. Schools should also be aware of the additional guidance available from the DfE on dealing with issues around parental responsibility:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/489901/Parental Responsibility Advice for School January 2016.pdf
Policies 2018-19\Complaints Policy 0917.rtf

## 2.6 Multi-agency working

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will work in partnership with relevant agencies in order to meet its obligations under section 11 of the Children Act 2004 and *Working together to safeguard children* 2018.

As a relevant agency under the new Camden Safeguarding Children Partnership (CSCP) safeguarding arrangements, Swiss Cottage School recognises its vital role in safeguarding school-age children and its statutory duty to co-operate with the CSCP to ensure joint working with partner agencies in order to improve outcomes for children in Camden.

Governors, school managers and the senior leadership team will ensure these safeguarding arrangements are followed and that the school is able to raise any safeguarding issues and emerging trends with the CSCP via the CSCP Head teacher members and/or the Camden Learning representative.

Full details of the arrangements can be found at: <a href="https://cscp.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/Camden-Safeguarding-Children-Partnership-Arrangements Final June -2019.pdf">https://cscp.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/Camden-Safeguarding-Children-Partnership-Arrangements Final June -2019.pdf</a>

- 2.7 In the event that a criminal offence takes place in the school premises or police assistance is needed to deal with the incidents the school will follow the guidance set out in the NSPCC guidance. When to call the police. If a child is absconds from school staff should follow the Child Missing Protocol.
- 2.8 The school will ensure that we receive police notifications of children who have been involved in domestic abuse incidents via Operation Emcompass. The DSL will inform the relevant staff of any notification and agree what support ( if any ) the pupil should receive from the school or specialist staff

Operation Encompass is a national initiative that helps to safeguard children and young people who may have been exposed to domestic abuse. In practice, this means that if the police are called to a domestic abuse incident and a child has been present when this happened, then the police will notify the child's school/college's designated safeguarding lead. This will be done as early as possible in the morning and allow the school to silently support the child. This allows for rapid provision of support within the school environment and means that children are better safeguarded against the effects of domestic abuse.

Schools/colleges should share details of the notification with as few staff members as possible in order to keep the information confidential, and schools/colleges will need to decide on the most appropriate staff member to be informed; this may be the class teacher (for primary pupils) or the form teacher, Head of Year or pastoral support for secondary schools.

If schools/colleges in Camden wish to sign up to Operation Encompass, please contact:

Elisabeth Mavin PC 1351CN Islington Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub 222 Upper Street London N1 1XR External: 0207 527 6166

Elisabeth.C.Y.Mavin@met.police.uk

MASH mailbox: NI-PublicProtectionDesk@met.pnn.police.uk

Please note that there is no need for schools/colleges to make a referral to CSSW following a notification as the police will have already referred the case to the MASH.

# 3 Safeguarding children

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will carry out its duty to safeguard pupils which is:

- protecting children from maltreatment
- preventing impairment of children's health or development
- ensuring children are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Undertaking that role, so as to enable children to have optimum life chances in order to enter into adulthood successfully.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will refer Camden's thresholds and eligibility criteria (available at the link below) to help make decisions on the child's level of need and the appropriate service to refer on for services. Staff will consult with the designated safeguarding lead for advice and to discuss the case prior to making any referral for services.

## Safequarding children - Camden Council

All referrals for a children's social care service will be made by way of an e-CAF referral to Camden's Child and Family Contact team. The team is Camden's "front door" for children's social care referrals and accepts referrals for all cases.

Parental consent for referral will be sought but a referral will be made regardless of consent being given in cases where there are safeguarding concerns about the child and making a referral is a proportionate response to those concerns.

Staff will also share information and work in an integrated way to ensure a coordinated response from agencies to support families and meet the child's needs.

# 3.1 Early help cases

Staff will identify children who need extra help at an early stage and provide help and support in order to prevent concerns from escalating. In particular, staff will be aware of the needs of the following groups of children whose circumstances may mean they will require early help:

- children with disabilities and additional needs, including those with special educational needs
- o young carers
- children showing early signs of being drawn into anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gangs and organised crime;
- o children who frequently go missing from home, school or care;
- o children who are misusing drugs or alcohol;
- children at risk of exploitation through modern slavery and trafficking;
- children whose home circumstances are negatively affected by adult substance misuse or mental ill health or domestic abuse;
- o children who have returned home from care;
- o children who show early signs of abuse or neglect;
- o children at risk of radicalisation;
- o Privately fostered children.
- Where the child's extra needs require services, consideration will be given to what early help support can be offered a child by the school/college.
- If the child requires an early help service from another agency, the school/college will make a referral to the Early Help service (via the Child and Family Contact team) for appropriate help and support. Staff will consult with parents prior to making any referral to discuss the matter and gain consent to refer the child.
- Where the child is receiving an Early Help service, the school/college will
  work as part of the Team around the Child and take up the role of lead
  professional where this is appropriate.
- Early help provision should be monitored and reviewed to ensure outcomes for the child are improving. If the school/college believes that this is not the case, consideration should be given making a referral for a statutory social work service.

# 3.2 Referral for a statutory social work service

We recognise that all of the children and young people at Swiss Cottage are more vulnerable to a wide range of risk factors due to their SEND. All staff have a shared responsibility to a raise any concern that they may have, no matter how small. All staff are expected to act immediately by seeking the advice of the designated safeguarding lead or their deputy.

Following consultation, the designated safeguarding lead should decide on whether to make a referral to CSSW or CYPDS via the Contact Service or duty line.

Where the referral raises concerns that the child is at risk of significant harm, the case will be passed on to Camden's MASH team or CYPDS to gather relevant information from other agencies.

The Contact Service will inform the school within 1 working day of the outcome of any referral and what action CSSW will be taking. This may include any of the following:

- Carrying out a child and family assessment to identify the child's needs and establish if the child is a **child in need** under section 17 of the Children Act 1989. These are children (including disabled children) who are unlikely to meet a reasonable standard of health and development unless provided with services.
- Convening a **strategy meeting under child protection** procedures as set out in section 4 for any child where there are concerns about significant harm and/or taking any immediate action in order to protect the child.
- Providing services for the child and their family in the meantime whilst work is on-going (including details of services).
- 4 Child protection procedures

### 4.1 Role of school/college

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will work to the following policy documents in order to support the protection of pupils who are at risk of significant harm.

- Working together to safeguard children (*DFE 2018*)
  <a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/779401/Working\_Together\_to\_Safeguard-Children.pdf">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/779401/Working\_Together\_to\_Safeguard-Children.pdf</a>
- What to do if you're worried a child is being abused (*DfE2015*)

  What to do if you're worried a child is being abused Publications GOV.UK
- The London Safeguarding Children Board child protection procedures <u>London Safeguarding Children Board: Child Protection Procedures</u>
  - Keeping children safe in education (*DFE 2018*)

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/741314/Keeping\_Children\_Safe\_in\_Education\_\_3\_September\_2\_018\_14.09.18.pdf

In line with these policies and procedures, Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will:

- identify those pupils where there are child protection concerns and make a referral to CSSW
- attend child protection case conferences in order to effectively share information about risk and harm
- contribute to the development and monitoring of child protection plans as a member of the core group
- carry out the school's role in implementing the child protection plan and continually monitoring the child's wellbeing, and liaising with the allocated social worker as required.

# 4.2 Recognition

- Staff have a responsibility to identify those children who are suffering from abuse or neglect and to ensure that any concerns about the welfare of a pupil are reported to the designated safeguarding lead.
- Staff should refer to appendix 1 for a full definition of significant harm and the specific indicators that may suggest a pupil may be at risk of suffering significant harm.
- Any concerns held by staff should be discussed in the first instance with
  the designated safeguarding lead or their deputy and advice sought on
  what action should be taken. The decisions made should be recorded on
  the pupils MYCONCERN file. Where required, advice on thresholds and
  indicators of harm can be obtained from the MASH social worker on a nonames basis.
- Concerns may be monitored over time and recorded on the monitoring/incident form shown at appendix 2. Details of any concerning incidents should also be recorded on this form.

# 4.3 Dealing with disclosures

If a pupil discloses to a member of staff that they are being abused, the member of staff should;

- listen to what is said without displaying shock or disbelief and accept what the child is saying;
- allow the child to talk freely;
- reassure the child but not make promises that it may not be possible to keep, or promise confidentiality, as a referral may have to be made to CSSW;
- reassure the child that what has happened is not their fault and that they were right to tell someone;
- not ask direct questions but allow the child to tell their story;
- not criticise the alleged perpetrator;
- explain what will happen next and who has to be told;
- make a formal record and pass this on to the designated safeguarding lead.

#### 4.4 Referral

- Where possible, a decision on whether or not to refer a pupil to CSSW should be made by the designated safeguarding lead or their deputy following a discussion with the member of staff who has raised concerns. However this should not delay any referral and any member of staff may make a referral if this is necessary but staff should discuss the matter with a member of the senior management team and take advice from the Child and Family Contact team social worker. The designated safeguarding lead should be informed as soon as possible.
- Referrals should be in writing using an e-CAF referral completed either by the teacher raising concerns or by the designated safeguarding lead.
   Urgent child protection referrals will be accepted by telephone but must be confirmed in writing via the e-CAF referral within 48 hours.
- Where there is any doubt about whether the concerns raised meet the thresholds for a child protection referral, the designated safeguarding lead may discuss the case on a "no names" basis with the Child and Family Contact team social worker to obtain advice on how to proceed.
- Parental consent should be sought prior to the referral being made but a
  referral can be made if parents refuse consent where there are
  safeguarding concerns about the child and referral is a proportionate
  response to these concerns. Consent should not be sought if this would
  place the child at risk of further harm, interfere with a criminal
  investigation or cause undue delay.

- If the child already has an allocated CSSW / CYPD's social worker, the referral should be made directly to them. If the child is not already known to CSSW, referrals should be made to the Child and Family Contact team or the CYPDs team to check if they are known to their service through MOSIAC. (Integrated service for Disabled Children) If the child lives outside Camden, a referral should be made to their home local authority.
- All referrals will be acknowledged by the Child and Family Contact team manager within 24 hours and the referrer informed of what action will be taken.
- If we remain concerned that the child's situation is improving within a reasonable timescale following referral, this should be taken up with CSSW/Early help services via the designated safeguarding lead.

## 4.5 Attendance at case conferences and core groups

- The designated safeguarding lead will liaise with CSSW/CYPDs to ensure that all relevant information held by the school/college is provided to CSSW during the course of any child protection investigation.
- The designated safeguarding lead will ensure that Swiss Cottage School is represented at child protection case conferences and core group meetings:
  - Where possible, a member of staff who knows the child best, such as a class teacher of head of year will be nominated to attend, this may often be a member of the Family and Inclusion Team or a named adult.
  - If no-one from the school/college can attend, the designated safeguarding lead will ensure that a report is made available to the conference or meeting.

# 4.6 Monitoring

Where a pupil is the subject of a child protection plan and the school has been asked to monitor their attendance and welfare as part of this plan;

 monitoring will be carried out by the relevant staff member in conjunction with the designated safeguarding lead;

- all information will be recorded on the child's my concern profile, any
  member of staff who is not able to access this system my us the protection
  monitoring/incident form shown at appendix 2 prior to each conference
  and core group meeting;
- the completed monitoring form will be kept on the pupil's separate chid protection file and uploaded to their online profile and copies made available to all conferences and core group meetings;
- the designated safeguarding lead will notify the allocated social worker if the child is removed from the school roll, excluded for any period of time or goes missing.

#### 4.7 Records

- Child protection records relating to pupils are highly confidential and will be kept in a designated welfare file separate to the pupil's education records. These records will be securely held within the office of the DSL (any specific hard copy files) All pupils have secure online safeguarding files through MYCONCERN.
- The designated safeguarding lead is responsible for ensuring that records are accurate, up to date and that recording is of a high standard.
- All information should be recorded on the child in young person's MYCONCERN file.
- Records should show:
  - what the concerns were;
  - what action was taken to refer on concerns or manage risk within the school;
  - o whether any follow-up action was taken;
  - how and why decisions were made.
- Any incidents, disclosures or signs of neglect or abuse should be fully recorded with dates, times and locations. Records should also include a note of what action was taken.
- The MYCONCERN online referral form must be completed;
  - o whenever concerns arise or there is a serious incident **or**

- where a child is being monitored, prior to a case conference or core group meeting.
- Where a child who is subject to a child protection plan transfers to another school, the designated safeguarding lead is responsible for ensuring that copies of all relevant records are passed to the designated safeguarding lead at the new school.
- Child protection records will only be kept until the pupil leaves the school/college and should be disposed of as confidential waste.

# 4.8 Confidentiality and information sharing

 All information obtained by school/college staff about a pupil will be kept confidential and will only be shared with other professionals and agencies with the family's consent unless there are safeguarding concerns that need to be shared with CSSW and parents refuse consent or seeking consent would place the child at further risk.

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- If the child is under 12, consent to share information about them must be obtained from their parents or carers. Young people aged 12 to 15 may give their own consent to information sharing if they have sufficient understanding of the issues. Young people aged 16 and 17 are able to give their own consent if they are thought to have the capacity to do so under the Mental Capacity Act; otherwise consent should be sought from parents.
- Where a child is at risk of suffering significant harm, schools and colleges have a legal duty to share this information with CSSW and make appropriate referrals. Equally, where a child is subject to a child protection investigation, schools and colleges must share any information about the child requested by CSSW.
- Parental consent to making a child protection referral should be sought but if withheld, the referral must still be made and parents made aware of this. Before taking this step, schools and colleges should consider the proportionality of disclosure against non-disclosure; is the duty of confidentiality overridden by the need to safeguard the child?
- Parental consent to referral can be dispensed with if seeking consent is likely to cause further harm to the child, interfere with a criminal investigation or cause undue delay in taking action to protect the child. However, schools should discuss this with the Child and Family Contact

team social worker on a "no names" basis to gain advice on whether this course of action should be taken.

- Only relevant information should be disclosed, and only to those professionals who need to know. Staff should consider the purpose of the disclosure, and remind recipients that the information is confidential and only to be used for the stated purpose.
- In the event that a child makes a disclosure of neglect or abuse, staff
  cannot guarantee them confidentiality, but must explain why they have to
  pass the information on, to whom and what will happen as a result.
   Parents should also be made aware of the school/college's duty to share
  information.
- Staff should discuss any concerns or difficulties around confidentiality or information sharing with the designated safeguarding lead or seek advice from the Child and Family Contact team social worker.
- 5 Early Years settings within schools

This section relates only to primary schools with nurseries and/or reception classes

# 5.1 Legal and policy framework

As an early year's provider delivering the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS), the school aims to meet the specific safeguarding and child protection duties set out in the Childcare Act 2006 and related statutory guidance: https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/596629/EYFS\_STATUTORY\_FRAMEWORK\_2017.pdf

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure that children taught in nursery and reception classes are able to learn and develop and are kept safe and healthy so that they are ready for school by providing a safe, secure learning environment that safeguards and promotes their welfare, and takes appropriate action where there are child protection concerns.

# 5.2 Safeguarding and child protection

All safeguarding and child protection policies listed in sections 3 and 4 of this policy will apply equally to children in the early years settings, so far as they are relevant to that age group.

In addition, the school has the following child protection policies:

- a policy on the use of mobile phones and cameras within the early years setting; recommended policies are:
  - parents and carers are asked to switch off mobile phones if they are coming into the early years setting and leave the setting if they need to use their mobile;
  - parents are generally prohibited from taking any photographs of children in the early years setting, for special events such as school performances, we will provide photos or video with agreed prior consent.
  - staff seek parental permission to take photographs of the children, which must be linked to teaching the curriculum and that they use school equipment only for this purpose;
  - staff do not bring personal mobile phones into the early years setting and use them only during breaks in the staff room on the 4<sup>th</sup> floor.
- a statement on how notifications will be made to Ofsted in the event of an allegation of serious harm or abuse by any person working in the early years setting.

### 5.3 Suitable people

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will follow the safer recruitment policy set out in section 6 of this policy to ensure that staff and volunteers who are recruited to work in the early years setting are carefully selected and vetted to ensure they are suitable to work with children and have the relevant qualifications.

Staff policies set out in section 6 of this policy will apply equally to staff and volunteers in the early years settings, and the school will ensure that they receive proper training and induction so that they are aware of their role and

Responsibilities, all school policies and the school's expectations regarding conduct and safe teaching practice.

Whenever an allegation is made against a member of staff in the early years setting, the school will follow the Camden policy "Guidance of the management of an allegation against a member of staff" as referred to in section 6 of this document.

Where early years staff are taking medication that may affect their ability to care for young children, this will be notified to the head teacher.

# 5.4 Staff training, skills and supervision

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will ensure that:

- all staff in early years settings have the relevant qualifications and skills for their role and receive the relevant induction, child protection and safeguarding training in line with this policy;
- all policies set out in section 7 of this policy will apply equally to early years staff;
- all early years staff receive supervision that helps them to effectively safeguard children by providing opportunities to discuss issues and concerns and decide on what action to take;
- all early years staff are able to communicate effectively in English both orally and in writing;
- a member of staff who holds a current paediatric first aid certificate is available on the school premises at all times and accompanies children on school trips;
- each child in the early years setting has a designated keyworker who liaises with parents to provide individual support for the child.

#### 5.5 Staff ratios

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will ensure that:

- staff levels within the early years setting comply with statutory guidance and can meet the needs of the children, provide suitable levels of supervision and keep them safe;
- parents are kept informed of staff members and numbers;
- children are kept within staff sight and hearing at all times.

For nursery classes:

- there will be at least one member of staff for every 8 children
- one member of staff will be a qualified teacher

 at least one member of staff will hold a full and relevant level 3 qualification.

For reception classes:

- class sizes will be limited to 10 pupils
- classes will be lead by a qualified teacher supported by suitably qualified support staff.

For after school provision, schools will decide how many staff will be required for adequate supervision based on the age and needs of the children attending.

#### 5.6 Health

The school will:

- promote the health of children attending the early years provision
- take necessary steps to stop the spread of infection
- administer medicines only in line with the school's policy
- take appropriate action where children are ill
- ensure any meals provided are nutritious and prepared in a hygienic manner
- notify Ofsted of any serious accident, illness or death of any child whilst attending the early years setting within 14 days.

#### 5.7 Health and safety and suitability of premises

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure that all indoor and outdoor spaces and facilities used for early years settings are safe and fit for purpose and comply with school policies and standards for site safety and health and safety as set out section 8 of this policy. Additionally, the school will ensure that all potential hazards within the school and during school trips are regularly risk assessed.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre has specific policies for ensuring that records of parents details, and contact numbers for emergencies are kept up to date and that children are released to the care of their parent or other responsible adult with the parent's consent at the end of the day as well as policies and procedures for dealing with uncollected children.

#### **Additional procedures**

All classes have regular reviews of PEPs, Individual and group risk assessments. All staff regularly check the classroom environment, outside spaces and communal areas for health and safety risks. Any identified risks are reported to the BAM helpdesk: bamrefferal@swisscottage.camden.sch.uk

Significant risks of immediate harm are treated as a safeguarding referral and notifiable to a member of the senior leadership team and the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

### 5.8 Managing behaviour

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will take all reasonable steps to ensure that behaviour management techniques are appropriate to meet the developmental needs of the individual. We recognise that each pupil has unique needs that may be affected by their special educational need or disability.

We do not use punishment nor is it threatened, children and young people are taught strategies to self-regulate and manage difficult feelings or emotional appropriately.

At Swiss Cottage School staff are permitted to use appropriate physical intervention in line with Camden's *Physical intervention and restraint* policy. Staff are provided with Team Teach training to support pupils with challenging behaviour safely. Restraint is used as last resort, is used to keep children young people and staff safe and is recorded discussed with parents and carers and the child/ young person's professional network. Children and young people who are regularly held to keep them safe must have a behaviour and positive handling plan that has been shared with parents.

Policies 2019-20\Physical intervention and restraint policy.docx

#### 6 Safer recruitment

### 6.1 General principles

Swiss Cottage School , Development and Resource Centre recognises safer recruitment practices are an essential part of creating a safe environment for children and will ensure that staff working in the school/college are suitable do to so and do not pose any kind of risk to children.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will follow the Keeping children safe in education guidance (DfE 2019).

- Swiss Cottage School will carry out extensive checks and enquiries on applicants for all positions, including voluntary and support roles and governors and those involved in the management of an independent school, in accordance with statutory requirements.
- No staff member, volunteer, governor or anyone involved in the management of an independent school will be allowed to take up posts until all checks and enquiries required for that position have been satisfactorily completed.

- Checks with the Disclosure and Barring Service will be carried out at the level appropriate to the candidate's role in the school (see section 6.4).
- All job advertisements and application forms will clearly state that the role
  is a safeguarding role and that applicants will be expected to agree to
  undergo DBS and other checks as part of safer recruitment practices.
- Staff and governors who normally sit on interview panels will be trained in safeguarding interviewing techniques and no interview should go ahead unless at least one member of the panel has undertaken safer recruitment training. Schools will take up the accredited safer recruitment training offered through the Camden Safeguarding Children Board or any other accredited training provider.
- Although the head teacher/principal will have day-to-day responsibility for the recruitment of staff, the board of governors will ensure that they maintain an overview of recruitment systems in order to scrutinise practise and ensure all statutory checks are carried out.
- School and Human Resources staff with responsibility for carrying out recruitment checks should ensure they have a copy of any relevant
- documents or take relevant issue numbers from documents as proof that the document has been seen.
- Checks will be taken out on existing staff where concerns arise regarding their suitability to work with children or a person moves into a post that is a regulated activity.
- In schools, the head teacher/principal will be responsible for keeping a single central record of all staff and volunteers who work at the school.
- In colleges, the principal will be responsible for keeping a single central record of all staff that provides education to children.
- The single central records should include details of all checks carried out and the outcome of these checks or any certificates obtained in the format shown at appendix 3.
- Where the school/college has salaried trainee teachers, the school/college will ensure that all necessary checks are carried out on the trainees, including DBS checks, and that the outcome of these checks is recorded on the single central record.

- For trainee teachers that are fee-funded, the school will obtain written confirmation from the training provider that the necessary checks have been carried out and that the trainee has been judged to be suitable to work with children.
- Where staff are recruited via third parties such as employment agencies, the Principal and/or the board of governors will:
  - seek written confirmation from the agency that the agency has carried out all necessary checks on the individual
  - o request written confirmation of the outcome of all checks
  - request written confirmation that an enhanced DBS certificate has been received by the agency
  - check the identity of agency staff when they first present for work to ensure they are person against whom the checks were taken out.

#### 6.2 Checks to be taken out

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre, will verify the following information for all new staff:

- The applicant's identity must be verified from their passport or other photographic ID and proof of address must be provided.
- The applicant's right to work in the UK must be evidenced through documentation. Only original documentation should be accepted and its validity checked in the presence of the applicant.
- Where the applicant will be involved in regulated activity, an enhanced DBS check will be taken out, including information from the barred list. If the applicant will begin work before an enhanced DBS check can be completed, a barred list check will be obtained.
- In the case of teaching staff, checks will be made on the applicant's
  academic and vocational qualifications and further checks made on TRA
  Teacher Services system to ensure they are not prohibited from teaching
  under a teacher prohibition order.
- Where the applicant has been living abroad, similar enquiries will be made in the country of origin relating to the applicant's qualifications and suitability to teach via the TRA Teacher Services system.

Schools/colleges should be aware of the following central government guidance: Criminal records checks for overseas applicants - Publications - GOV.UK

Employing overseas-trained teachers from outside the EEA - Publications - GOV.UK

- Enquiries will be made regarding the applicant's state of physical and mental health to the extent that it may affect their capacity to carry out their role.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will keep copies of the following documents on staff personnel files:
  - documents used as proof of identity such as passports or driving licences;
  - a summary of the DBS certificate (but all other documents relating to the DBS check must be destroyed);
  - documents that prove the staff member's right to work in the UK (failure to do so can result in a fine for employing illegal workers).

#### 6.3 References

- Applicants will be asked to provide a full employment history and details
  of at least 2 referees, including previous and recent employers, and who
  should be a senior member of staff with the authority to provide
  references. References from colleagues will not be acceptable.
- All references will be taken up prior to interview and will be requested directly from the referee, including references for internal candidates.
   Referees will be contacted to resolve any issues that emerge from the references provided.
- References will be taken up from current employers only; if the applicant
  is not currently employed, verification of will be sought from their previous
  school/college as to the dates the applicant was employed and the
  reasons for leaving the post.
- Any information provided by applicants as part of an application process will be verified with independent sources and any reference received electronically will be checked to verify the originating source.

#### 6.4 DBS checks

In order to ensure that people who apply to work at Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre are suitable to do so and are not barred from working with children, the school/college will apply to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) for police checks and other barred list information as part of the recruitment process.

Full DBS checks which include barred list checks will only be taken out on individuals who are involved in regulated activity. This is defined as close, unsupervised contact on a regular basis involving activities such as:

- teaching
- training
- supervising
- care
- guidance and advice
- driving a vehicle
- personal or intimate care.

The activity must be carried out regularly as part of the staff member's day to day responsibilities and the checks will be reasonable in order to safeguard children.

Full DBS checks with barred list checks will also be carried out on permanent staff members working at the school/college or unpaid volunteers who regularly work unsupervised at the school/college and whose work means they have an opportunity for regular contact with children.

Other staff, contractors and supervised volunteers who have opportunities for regular contact with children but do not carry out a regulated activity will be subject to an enhanced DBS check but **not** barred list checks.

Decisions on whether a person is carrying out a regulated activity or whether their role provides opportunities for regular contact with children requiring a DBS check will be made by whoever is responsible for recruitment in the school, for example the head teacher or governor, and the following will be taken into consideration when deciding on this.

- the age of the children;
- their level of vulnerability;
- the numbers of children in the group;
- the nature of the role;
- opportunities for contact with the children.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre have robust procedures for day to day staff management and supervision and clear procedures for reporting and acting on concerns. Staff carrying out roles involving regulated activity will be suitably supervised on a regular basis by senior staff carrying out a similar role.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre will ensure that all DBS checks carried out on staff are renewed after 3 years of the original DBS disclosure.

#### 6.5 Volunteers

The principal will ensure that the following are carried out in relation to unpaid volunteers such as parents who accompany pupils on school outings or provide help in the classroom:

- All volunteers will be required to undergo a recruitment process, such as references, DBS and other checks and interviews that is appropriate and proportional to the duties assigned to them.
- Volunteers who are carrying out a regulated activity, for example being left unsupervised with children or providing personal care to children should be subject to an enhanced DBS check, including barred list information.
- New volunteers who are not carrying out regulated activity but who have an opportunity for regular contact with children will be subject to an enhanced DBS check but this may not include a barred list check.
- For other volunteers who are not carrying out regulated activity and do not have regular contact with children, the head teacher/principal will carry out a risk assessment to decide whether an enhanced DBS check should be carried out depending on:
- the nature of the role
- what information is already known about the volunteer
- what references from work or volunteering activity the volunteer has provided regarding suitability
- whether the role is eligible for an enhanced DBS check.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure that all volunteers are competent to carry out the duties assigned to them and are only assigned duties that are suitable to their qualification and experience.
- Volunteers carrying out regulated activity but for whom a DBS check has
  not been carried out will be suitably supervised by teaching staff at all
  times at a level that ensures the safety of pupils.
- All volunteers will be fully inducted in relation to all school policies and procedures.

## 6.6 Governors and independent school management

The school will take out an enhanced DBS check on governors but a barred list check will only be taken out if the individual governor will be carrying out a regulated activity within the school.

The school will also take out a check with the Teaching Regulation Agency Teacher Services system to establish whether any individual seeking to become the governor of a maintained school or take up a position in the management of an independent school has been disqualified and therefore unable to do so.

# 6.7 Alternative education provision

If there is a need to place a pupil with an alternative education provider, Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will obtain written confirmation of the provider's safeguarding and child protection policies and ensure that appropriate safeguarding checks on individuals working at the establishment have been carried out.

7 Staff practice and conduct

# 7.1 Induction and training

- The principal will ensure that all staff are fully inducted, are made aware
  of the following policies of the school/college and that staff are fully
  aware of their role in implementing these:
  - o Safeguarding and child protection policy and procedures
  - Behaviour policy
  - Staff code of conduct
  - o Children missing from education policy.
- Staff will be asked to confirm in writing that they have received and read all relevant staff policies, including "What to do if you are worried a child is being abused" guidance.
- The designated safeguarding lead will ensure that all staff are fully inducted with regard to the school's child protection procedures and that they receive safeguarding and child protection training on a two-yearly basis.
- The data manager will keep a central record of all statutory and other training undertaken by staff members, governors and volunteers.

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre staff and governors will receive multi-agency safeguarding training provided by Camden Safeguarding Children Board at the relevant level.
- As well as basic safeguarding training, the designated safeguarding lead and their deputy will receive specific training on their role in supporting children and young people with SEND and other relevant multi-agency training courses provided by Camden SCB.
- Targeted members of Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research
  Centre staff will also receive training on the use of the Common
  Assessment Framework assessment and referral process as part of their
  safeguarding training. All staff will receive training for MYCONCERN to
  make initial referrals to the school safeguarding team.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre staff will receive regular and timely updates on child protection and safeguarding issues via the designated safeguarding lead in order to ensure they remain up to date with new legislation.

# 7.2 Conduct and safe teaching practice

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre expects staff
  and volunteers to set a good example to pupils through their own conduct
  and behaviour and aims to protect them from the risk of allegations being
  made against them by ensuring they maintain high standards of
  professionalism and appropriate boundaries.
- The principal will ensure that there is a written code of conduct in place and that each member of staff, including volunteers, signs a code of conduct agreement on appointment that sets out the schools expectations with regards to standards of professional behaviour and that all staff receive copies of relevant policies.
- Staff and volunteers should be aware of current guidance on safe teaching practice contained in the DCSF "Guidance for safer working practice for adults working with children & young people" (2009).

http://www.childrenengland.org.uk/upload/Guidance%20.pdf

 Staff will be expected to follow Camden's model social media policy for schools in terms of their use of social media, particularly in relation to professional standards and relationships with pupils. All staff and volunteers will sign an acceptable use agreement before being given access to the school/college computer system.

Camden Essentials: HR model policies for schools

# 7.3 Providing intimate or personal care to pupils

Staff at Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre may need to provide intimate or personal care to children or young people across the school, for some pupils this will be while developing skills for independence for others it is part of their ongoing care needs.

Children and young people should be encouraged to carry out self-care tasks for themselves where appropriate, but where adult intervention is needed, the following should be observed;

- Staff should follow the school policy and agreed practice when providing intimate or personal care.
- When taking pupils to the toilet children should be supported with objects of reference, visual cues and verbal prompts.
- Children and young people should be reminded to close doors and not leave the toilet or changing room unless appropriately covered or dressed.
- Parents should always be notified if intimate care has been provided.
- Children and young people requiring on-going support should have an intimate are plan that is agreed and signed by parents. (See Intimate Care Policy)
- When providing intimate care, staff should carefully and sensitively observe the child's emotional response and report any concerns to the designated teacher.
- When children are changing, levels of supervision should be appropriate to the pupil's age.
- Staff should ensure that changing areas are private and that others are not able to enter whilst children are changing.

### Policies 2019-20\Intimate Care Policy.docx

# 7.4 Behaviour management, physical intervention and restraint

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre has a behaviour management policy that is in line with government guidance and any use of physical intervention and restraint will be linked to the implementation of the school behaviour policy.

The school/college will use physical intervention and restraint only in line with Camden CSF policy "Physical intervention policy for schools and centres".

Guidance from the Department of Education provides schools with the powers to intervene in a variety of ways in order to manage behaviour within and outside the school. Details of these may be found at:

### Behaviour and discipline in schools - Publications - GOV.UK

## Camden's policy on physical intervention and restraint

Physical intervention and restraint on pupils should only be used as a last resort, normally when de-escalation strategies have failed, and when there is a clear risk of serious harm to the pupil or others or serious damage to property.

Decisions on when to use physical intervention is a matter of professional judgement, and any intervention or restraint should be proportionate, reasonable and necessary to the perceived risk and should continue only for as long as the risk remains. Should such an intervention be required the school should record the details, including any injury, and contact the parent/carer on the same day to explain the circumstances involved.

Policies 2018-19\Physical intervention and restraint policy.docx

Use of physical intervention and restraint for vulnerable pupils with learning and other disabilities, autism and mental health difficulties should be carefully monitored as these pupils are more susceptible to experience physical intervention and restraint due to their circumstances. Schools, and particularly special schools, should have regard for the Department of Education guidance on reducing use of restraint available at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/reducing-the-need-for-restraint-and-restrictive-intervention

#### 7.5 Music tuition

It is recognised that music tutors are vulnerable to allegations being made against them because they often work with children alone and the activity can involve some physical contact with a child.

Music tutors need to be aware of the possibility of their conduct and behaviour, including physical contact, being misinterpreted by a child or taken out of context by other adults and:

- ensure they behave in an appropriate manner and maintain professional boundaries at all times
- only use physical contact as necessary within the context of the activity, for example as a means of demonstrating technique, and only for a long as needed
- make sure any physical contact cannot be misinterpreted by a child by explaining in advance what contact will be involved and why
- ask the child's permission first and respect their wishes
- report any incidents or issues that arise to the appropriate member of staff and make sure a record is taken
- never travel alone with children in a car

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre should:

- carry out a risk assessment around providing music tuition. This should include:
- providing rooms/spaces that are adequately safe and open locations where the teacher can be easily observed by others, for example a door with glass in it
- passing on any relevant information about children that may have a bearing on how they could react to physical contact so the tutor can adapt their practice accordingly
- let parents known when they arrange tuition what level of physical contact may take place as part of the activity
- record any reported incidents or issues and deal with these within the framework of the school's own policies
- make sure music tutors are aware of the school's safeguarding and staff conduct policies prior to starting.

# 7.5 Allegations against staff

In the event that an allegation is made against a member of staff or volunteer including a member of staff who is not directly employed by the school, but who is working at Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre we will follow Camden's "Guidance for the management of an allegation against a member of staff".

The board of governors should appoint the head teacher as the school representative for the purposes of the allegations procedures and who will link with the Local Authority Designated Officer for all allegations raised. A further staff member will be identified as their deputy to act in their absence or if allegations are made against the responsible staff member.

All allegations in relation to staff members will be referred to the head teacher; allegations against the head teacher will be referred to the board of governors.

# 7.6 Whistleblowing

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre fosters a culture of openness in line with the "Freedom to speak up" review and will put in place strategies and procedures to ensure that staff feel enabled to raise concerns relating to the safeguarding of children or poor practice within the school that may cause a risk to children.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre recognises that there may be circumstances where staff and pupils feel unable to raise concerns or

incidents of malpractice within the school/college environment as there is reasonable doubt that these would be dealt with adequately.

All staff and volunteers have a legal duty to raise concerns where they feel individuals or schools/colleges are failing to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. Where it is not possible to raise concerns within the school/college, staff and volunteers may report concerns to the following;

- Camden's lead officers for child protection or safeguarding where there are issues regarding the welfare of a pupil;
- The following numbers can be used where there are issues regarding the school/college's overall procedures around safeguarding
  - Camden Council's confidential and independent help-line for protected disclosure on 0800 734199
  - o the Ofsted whistle-blowing line on **0300 123 3155**
  - o the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline on **0800 028 0285**.
- The head teacher is responsible for ensuring that these numbers are advertised on the school premises and made available to staff and pupils.

# **Additional policies**

- first aid and administering medicines
- Behaviour policy
- providing intimate or personal care
- photography and videos
- 8 Health and safety and risk assessments

## 8.1 Responsibility for health and safety

The governing body and head teacher/principle will ensure that there is a robust health and safety policy in place in order to meet the statutory responsibility for the safety of pupils and staff within the school environment.

Any health and safety policy adapted by the school/college will be based on the government guidance (link below) and will seek to balance risk avoidance against providing pupils with opportunities to take part in activities that help them learn to manage risk themselves.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/279429/DfE\_Health\_and\_Safety\_Advice\_06\_02\_14.pdf

Day-to-day responsibility for health and safety issues in Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will be delegated to a member of staff who is competent to carry out these duties and who has received the appropriate training. This is:

Name: Rebecca Shaw Designation: Vice Principal

Contact details:Rebecca.shaw@swisscottage.camden.sch.uk

#### 8.2 Risk assessments

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will seek to identify and manage risk through the use of risk assessments. These will be carried out:

- on an annual basis for the school environment as a whole;
- for all school trips;
- for pupils travelling between locations during the school day;
- for all work-based learning or work experience placements;
- when a pupil who has been excluded for risky or violent behaviour is returning to the school;
- whenever there are any changes to the school environment or school practices;
- following any serious incident.

# 8.3 Working with aggressive and violent parents

From time to time there may be concerns about the behaviour of parents or family members towards staff, these concerns needs to be shared with other agencies in order to manage risk safely. Where schools are working with families who are known to CSSW and there are concerns about the behaviour of parents towards members of school staff, this must be discussed with the principal and the designated safeguarding lead and the information shared with CSSW.

If there are high levels of risk involved in contact with parents, CSSW may convene a risk assessment meeting with the network in order to discuss strategies to reduce risk, and it is vital that schools and colleges are part of this process.

# 8.4 Site security and visitors

• The board of governors is responsible for the security of the school premises and will take steps to ensure it is a safe environment and securely protected against trespass and/or criminal damage.

- The principal will decide whether or not contractors should be subject to DBS checks before being allowed access to the building, depending on the level of access they are likely to have to pupils.
- Where the visitor is employed by an organisation where DBS checks are normally required, for example NHS staff, the principal will request written confirmation that relevant checks have been carried out for that individual.
- All visitors and contractors will be:
  - o informed to report to reception on arrival;
  - o expected to provide proof of identity
  - expected to wear a name-badge or carry some form of identification at all times when on the school/college premises;
  - o suitably supervised by school/college staff at all times;
  - o made aware of school/college health and safety procedures.
- The principal and the board of governors will ensure that any contract entered into with contractors' sets out clearly the expectations for worker's behaviour and the responsibility of contractors to monitor and ensure compliance with school/college policies.
- Contracted workers will not be allowed to approach or speak to pupils in any circumstances and must ensure that all equipment and working practices are in line with health and safety standards.
- Visiting organisations such as theatre groups who will be performing for or working directly with pupils will be expected to have adequate child protection procedures in place and must agree with the a member of the senior leadership team in advance what level of supervision or contact they will have regarding pupils.

# 8.5 Use of the school premises by other organisations

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will only allow use of the school premises by other organisations schools outside of school hours for the purposes of providing supplemental schooling if:

- the schools articles of trust or other incorporating document allows this;
- the organisation provides an overview of what it intends to teach so that the board of governors is able to make a judgement on whether this is in line with the promotion of British values;

- the organisation can provide evidence that they have followed safer recruitment practices and that their staff have the requisite DBS checks;
- the following reasonable and due diligence checks are taken out on the organisation by the school;
  - o an internet search on the organisation
  - checks with Camden's Community Groups and Schools Consultant (020 7974 7319)
  - o checks with Camden's Prevent officer (020 7974 1008)
  - checks with Camden Community Safety and the local police (020 7974 2915)
- details of the agreement are recorded on the partnership agreement record available at: <u>Schools and Nurseries Safeguarding Policies |</u> <u>Camden Safeguarding Children Board</u>

# 8.6 Monitoring and review

To enable the school to monitor the safety of the premises and the school environment, as well as the implementation of policies, the head principal and the board of governors will ensure that;

- all school policies are regularly monitored by the designated safeguarding lead and annually reviewed by the head teacher and governing body;
- the school keeps a central record of all accidents and incidents including what action was taken and by whom;
- staff are aware of their responsibility to record accidents and incidents;
- the head teacher/principal has an overview all accidents/incidents;
- serious accidents and incidents are reported to the board of governors;
- the designated safeguarding lead ensures a high standard of recording of all concerns held about children;
- all accidents and incidents are scrutinised on a regular basis by the board of governors to identify any problems or weaknesses around school/college safeguarding policies and procedures or any emerging patterns, and agreeing to any course of action.

#### Additional procedures

The Senior DSL meets with the Safeguarding Governor every half term to update on training, themes or issues in school and to report on key safeguarding concerns or incidents

The Senior DSL is an advisor to the Pupil Wellbeing Subcommittee of the GB.

#### Part B: Additional safeguarding policies and procedures

#### B.1 Non-collection of children from school

Children and young people are only ever handed over to a known adult at the end of the school day. Parents will be asked to provide the details of the person who will normally collect the child and will be informed of the need to notify the school in advance if this changes, giving details of the person authorised to collect the child. The school will also ensure that the details of at least two people who can be contacted in an emergency in the event that the child is uncollected.

Parents will also be asked to inform schools where children are subject to court orders that limit contact with a named individual or when information about the child should not be divulged because it may pose a risk to the child. Court orders and related paperwork are stored on the pupils MYCONCERN profile, referenced on SIMs and all key staff are alerted to changes to the plans.

In the event that anyone who is not authorised to do so attempts to collect the child, the school will not allow the child to leave but contact the parent immediately.

If a child is uncollected at the end of the school day, the school will follow the procedure agreed with CSSW:

- The school will check with the child to see if there are any changes to arrangements for collection and try to make contact with the parent or other family members, and wait with the child until someone comes to collect them.
- Children will not be released into the care of another parent even where they offer to take the child home.
- The school will contact the Children and Families Contact Service to put CSSW on notice at 4.00 pm if there are difficulties in contacting parents or other family members.
- If no contact can be made with the parent by 4.30pm, the school will
  contact the Children and Families Contact Service who will arrange for a
  social worker to collect the child or make arrangements for the child to be
  transported to the CSSW office.
- The school will regularly ask parents to confirm and update contact details and to nominate a family member or friend who can collect the child in the event that they are unable to do so.

 Where children are regularly uncollected or collected late, this should be discussed with the designated safeguarding lead and reported to the Pupil Attendance Service. If there are also child protection concerns, a referral should be made to CSSW.

# B2 Children who are missing from education or home educated

Schools need to be aware of those children who are persistently absent or missing from school as this may be an indicator of welfare concerns.

Attendance policies should state clearly who needs to be notified and what action should be taken and any relevant timescales. Parents should be asked to provide contact details for at least 2 or more people who can be contacted in the event that a child does not attend school. Schools should refer to Camden's "Children missing from education" policy and the CSCB missing children protocol for further details available at: Schools and Nurseries Safeguarding Policies | Camden Safeguarding Children Board

Where a parent notifies the school that they are removing the child so they can be educated at home, the following notifications should be made:

- The Pupil Attendance Service must be notified of all decisions.
- If the child is already known to CSSW, their allocated social worker should be notified immediately.
- If the child is not known to CSSW, but the school has concerns about their welfare, the designated safeguarding lead should make a referral to CSSW.

# B3 Peer on peer abuse

The school/college will ensure that all staff are aware of peer on peer abuse and know what action to take when a pupil's behaviour is likely to cause harm to other pupils. This may be through:

- bullying and cyberbullying
- physical violence
- sexual violence and sexual harassment
- upskirting
- sexting
- initiation rites (hazing).

Where appropriate, the school/college will refer the perpetrator and the victim to the Child and Family Contact team under the *Peer on peer abuse* protocol available at: <a href="https://cscp.org.uk/resources/peer-on-peer-abuse/">https://cscp.org.uk/resources/peer-on-peer-abuse/</a>

Where the harm is attributable to sexually abusive behaviour or sexual harassment, the school will follow the CSCP Harmful sexual behaviour protocol; further details can be found in section B4 below.

Upskirting is defined as taking a picture under a person's clothing without them knowing with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress or alarm. It is now a criminal offence under the Sexual Offences Act 2003.

B4 Harmful sexual behaviour, sexual violence and harassment

# **Policy**

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre recognises that sexual violence and sexual harassment between pupils is a serious safeguarding issue and such behaviour will not be tolerated. Swiss Cottage School, Development and Reseach Centre behaviour management and anti-bullying policies will reflect the our holistic approach to behaviour and safety and staff and pupils will be made aware of the standard of expected behaviour, and the likely responses to any incidents of sexual violence and harassment. This is particularly important to ensure the safety of our pupils in the community.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will follow the statutory guidance Sexual violence and sexual harassment between pupils and will work with relevant agencies to safeguard and support victims, take appropriate action against alleged perpetrators and ensure a safe learning environment for all pupils.
   https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/719902/Sexual\_violence\_and\_sexual\_harassment\_between\_children\_in\_schools\_and\_colleges.pdf
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will take all necessary steps to put in place a planned PHSE curriculum to convey the school policy for preventing harmful sexual behaviour and to promote respectful behaviour between pupils with regards to sexual conduct. This includes pupils learning to manage and regulate sexual feelings and behaviour, including those with significant learning difficulties who do not fully understand the risks to themselves or others.
- Swiss Cottage School will promote an environment where children and young people feel empowered to raise concerns and report incidents. Any reports of sexual violence or harassment will be taken seriously and thoroughly investigated by the school and appropriate referrals made to the police and CSSW. This is a very important part of how we safeguard and manage risk in the community.

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure that staff and governors receive relevant training to help them ensure an effective response to incidents that protects individual victims and safeguards the welfare of all pupils and staff.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure staff are able to provide appropriate support to victims and alleged perpetrators that meets their needs and continues to promote their education.

#### **Procedures**

- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will ensure there
  is a robust response to all incidents and will follow the procedures set out
  in Part 5 of the Keeping children safe in education statutory guidance.
- Reported incidents will be investigated by the member of staff to whom
  the young person discloses in partnership with the designated
  safeguarding lead, who will also carry out a risk assessment to look at
  any continued risk to the victim or other pupils and staff from the alleged
  perpetrator within the school/college environment.
- Where the allegation involves material posted online, the school/college
  will request that the electronic device is handed over as part of the
  investigation and will use legal powers to search and confiscate property
  as set out in the statutory guidance Searching, screening and confiscation
  advice for schools.
- https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/674416/Searching\_screening\_and\_confiscation.pdf
- The member of staff and designated safeguarding lead will write up a record of the investigation that will set out how the school/college will respond to the incident.
- Decisions on responses will be based on the harmful sexual behaviour risk assessment and thresholds set out in the CSCB Harmful sexual behaviour protocol. The designated safeguarding lead may take advice from MASH social workers before making a decision. Possible outcomes include referral to Early Help Services, CSSW or the police, or managing the matter internally under school/college behaviour policies.

- Where a referral will be made to CSSW or the police under the protocol, the designated safeguarding lead will discuss the issue with the relevant agency and following this discussion a decision will be made on whether and how to inform the alleged perpetrator and their parents.
- Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will take any
  necessary action to continue to safeguard the victim and other pupils
  within the school/college environment based on the level of risk
  established from the risk assessment, including decisions about the victim
  and alleged perpetrator sharing classrooms. These decisions will be
  reviewed in the light of on-going police and CSSW investigations to take
  account of any changes in the status of investigations and any bail
  conditions placed on the alleged perpetrator.
- Where necessary and appropriate, the school/college will consider the support needs of the alleged perpetrator and will make referrals to relevant agencies for support on their behalf under the *Harmful sexual* behaviour protocol.

# **Additional procedures**

Sexual violence is defined as any act which is an offence under the Sexual Offences Act 2003, including rape, assault by penetration or sexual assault without the consent of the victim.

Sexual harassment is defined as unwanted sexual conduct likely to violate the victim's dignity and/or make them feel intimidated, degraded or humiliated or create a hostile, offensive or sexualised environment. This includes making sexual comments or jokes, physical contact such as touching or interfering with clothing or displaying sexual images. It also includes online harassment.

When dealing with incidents, we will ensure that the written report of the incident contains objective facts and sets out clearly the next steps to be taken, with the views of the victim clearly recorded.

Schools should be aware of their equality duty as victims of sexual violence and harassment are more likely to be female but should follow the same procedures and ensure the same level of response for incidents involving male pupils or incidents where victim and perpetrator are the same sex.

Cases may be managed internally by the school/college under without referral to other agencies where the incident involves low-level concerns and is a "one-off" occurrence where there is no further risk to the victim or other pupils

Schools should give careful thought to the day to day management of risk and support for the victim, taking into account the victim's views when considering practical issues such as separating the victim and perpetrator. However schools/colleges must be able to justify any measures taken and that they do not interfere with the educational opportunities of either party.

Schools may wish to consider developing specific policies around responding to incidents of sexual violence and harassment towards staff members.

Schools need to ensure that staff and governors are able to take up training and support offered by Camden Learning around relationships and peer on peer abuse and how these messages should be delivered within the PSHE curriculum. Sexual violence and harassment will also be addressed in general, whole-school safeguarding training delivered by the CSCB, with designated safeguarding leads receiving more intense training in view of their role.

#### B5 Prevention of radicalisation

The school's safeguarding duty includes the duty to promote British values in order to counter the extremist narrative and prevent young people from being radicalised and drawn into terrorism.

Under Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015, the school/college also has a duty to refer young people on to Camden's Channel Panel under the Prevent strategy where there are concerns that they are being radicalised. <a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/380595/SMSC\_Guidance\_Maintained\_Schools.pdf">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/380595/SMSC\_Guidance\_Maintained\_Schools.pdf</a>

If we have concerns that a young person might be considering extremist ideologies and/or may be radicalised and would benefit from specialist support to challenge extremist ideologies, or that a younger pupil may be at risk due to their parent's radicalisation, we will follow the guidance set out in the CSCB guidance "Safeguarding children and young people from radicalisation and extremism" available at: <a href="http://www.cscb-new.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/CSCB-guidance-on-radicalisation-and-extremism.pdf">http://www.cscb-new.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/CSCB-guidance-on-radicalisation-and-extremism.pdf</a>

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will always be a safe space for young people to explore new ideas and perspectives, and develop their critical thinking skills. Where there are concerns about radicalisation and a referral under the Prevent Duty being considered the school/college should discuss these concerns internally and also consider external advice and guidance where necessary and appropriate.

The designated safeguarding lead should be consulted for internal advice on making a referral. Prior to making a referral the school may also speak to and get advice from their police schools officer (if they have one), the Police Prevent Engagement Officer: Mark.P.Flowler@met.pnn.police.uk or call 0208 733 6014 Prevent co-ordinator (Albert Simango, albert.simango@camden.gov.uk or call 020 7974 2010) or the Prevent Education Officer (Jane Murphy, jane.murphy@camden.gov.uk or call 020 7974 1008).

# B6 Mandatory reporting of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will follow the statutory guidance on FGM in order to safeguard girls who are at risk of FGM:

<a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/512906/Multi\_Agency\_Statutory\_Guidance\_on\_FGM\_-FINAL.pdf">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/512906/Multi\_Agency\_Statutory\_Guidance\_on\_FGM\_-FINAL.pdf</a>

Where a pupil makes a disclosure of FGM, the school/college will follow the mandatory reporting rules and make appropriate referrals to the police as set out in the CSCB guidance available at: <a href="http://www.cscb-new.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/FGM-mandatory-reporting-guide.pdf">http://www.cscb-new.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/FGM-mandatory-reporting-guide.pdf</a>

All concerns around FGM, including any disclosure made by a pupil, will be discussed with the designated safeguarding lead before any action is taken.

# B7 Online safety

As part of its duty to provide a safe learning environment and ensure pupils know how to remain safe online, the school/college will implement the recommendations of Camden's model schools online policy available at:

<u>eSafety | Camden Safeguarding Children Board</u>

# B8 Looked after and previously looked after children and care leavers

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre recognises that looked after and previously looked after children and care leavers are particularly vulnerable due to their status and their pre-care experiences.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Resource Centre designated teacher for LAC and care leavers has specialist knowledge of the issues faced by this cohort and for this reason, the designated safeguarding lead will consult with the designated teacher to seek advice whenever there are concerns about the welfare of a looked after or previously looked after child or care leaver.

Additional procedures. We offer support to those children and young people who have been in care after they leave school – we do this by ensuring that pupils understand they are able to contact school after they have left school for guidance and support. We actively support the Staying Put programme, Care Lavers Pathway and associated projects for young people in care.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/683556/Promoting\_the\_education\_of\_looked-after\_children\_and\_previously\_looked-after\_children.pdf

As a special school we are aware all of our children and young people are be more vulnerable to harm and abuse and may be more likely to experience bullying. They may also have difficulty in reporting harm and abuse due to communications difficulties and professionals may miss vital indicators.

School policies reflect these issues and recognise that staff need to be able to help this group to overcome barriers to seeking help. The school/college will follow the CSCB guidance *Safeguarding children with disabilities* available at: link to be put in

#### **Additional procedures**

We provide initial training on induction for all staff on the additional safeguarding needs of children with disabilities.

We provide specialist training for teaching teams working with pupils with complex communication needs or those who are non-verbal

We work with the Multi-Agency Support Team to review the additional risks that pupils at Swiss Cottage may have to ensure that their health and well-being needs are met

We work with CAHMS staff to support the SEMH needs of children and young people are met including the needs mental health needs of pupils with PMLD We provide a wide range of support for families and encourage open and honest communication if we are worried about a child or young person, or about a parent or carers capacity to meet their needs.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/269469/health\_needs\_guidance\_revised\_may\_2013\_final.pdf

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/638267/supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions.pdf

# B10 Safequarding vulnerable groups

We are aware that some children and young people may be living in circumstances that may make them more vulnerable to abuse, neglect or poor outcomes and who may need help or intervention from Early Help Services, CSSW or other agencies in order to overcome problems or keep them safe.

Swiss Cottage School, Development and Research Centre will adhere to the following policies in order to respond to the needs of these vulnerable groups.

#### Children who have a social worker

Swiss Cottage School recognises that children who are receiving a social work service from CSSW and who are subject to child in need or child protection plans

are likely to have experienced abuse, neglect and trauma and that this could have a negative effect on their behaviour and learning.

CSSW social workers will inform schools whenever a child is receiving a service and the designated safeguarding lead will keep a record of all pupils who have an allocated social worker.

The school/college and will work in partnership with social workers to implement the child's plan in order to support their education and safeguard and promote their welfare. A representative of the school who knows the pupil well will become part of the professional network and will share information about safeguarding risks and attend planning meetings. In their absence, a suitable colleague will deputise for the member of staff or a written report will be provided for meetings.

#### Children at risk of forced marriage

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage

# Domestic abuse and/or sexual violence

https://www.cscb-new.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/CSCB-domestic-abuse-guidance.pdf

Schools can refer young people affected by domestic or sexual violence to the specialist worker based in the Camden Safety Net on **020 7974 1864** for advice and support. Schools and colleges should also be aware that the definition of domestic abuse now includes victims aged 16 and 17 years old and that these victims should be referred to Camden Safety Net for a service in their own right.

#### Privately fostered children

https://cscb-new.co.uk/?page\_id=8261

Schools have a legal duty to notify Camden of any pupil they know to be privately fostered. Schools should contact the Fostering team on **020 7974 6783** to notify Camden of any private fostering arrangements that come to their notice.

#### Young carers

https://cscb-new.co.uk/?page\_id=8264

If schools have concerns about a pupil they believe to be a young carer, they can contact Family Action on **020 7272 6933** for advice and can refer the pupil on for services and support. Further details can be found on the website.

https://www.family-action.org.uk/
https://www.kids.org.uk/young-carers

https://www.sibs.org.uk/

#### B11 Extra-familial harm and exploitation

Swiss Cottage School is aware of the risk to children and young people from extra-familial harm and staff will be vigilant to the indicators of extra-familial harm in relation to pupils at all times.

Whenever staff are made aware of any safeguarding incident or concerning behaviour that has taken place out of the home and that has put a pupil at risk, staff will discuss the matter with the designated safeguarding lead and consider the level and nature of the risk before making decisions on referrals.

Young people experience physical, cognitive and emotional changes during adolescence and will grow more independent, spending more time away from home. They may pursue risky behaviours and as a result, they may face heightened risk from safeguarding threats outside of the home.

These threats may be from within the community, from other pupils at school/college or from their own peer group rather than from within the family and there may be no concerns about parenting other than concerns about supervision. Sources of harm and exploitation can include:

- child sexual exploitation
- child criminal exploitation including county lines
- modern slavery and trafficking
- gang activity and youth violence
- radicalisation.

Exploitation is a form of abuse involving an imbalance of power within a relationship that allows one party to use this power to manipulate another to carry out an act. The victim may believe that they are acting on their own accord but in fact their consent has been obtained through deception, duress or force and threats of violence.

Factors such as substance misuse and periods of going missing from home or school can also add to young people's vulnerability to extra-familial harm and are often indications that exploitation may be taking place.

# Children at risk of sexual exploitation

https://cscp.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/CSCB-multi-agency-guidance-on-child-sexual-exploitation.pdf

# **County lines and criminal exploitation**

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/criminal-exploitation-of-children-and-vulnerable-adults-county-lines

Criminal exploitation occurs where a person or a group of people takes advantage of their contact with and influence over a young person to coerce or manipulate them into carrying out a criminal act. Examples of criminal exploitation are:

- county lines
- benefit fraud
- forced theft
- forced begging
- cannabis cultivation
- money mule (where the young person's bank account is used by others for money laundering).

County lines is the most common form of criminal exploitation in Camden and describes when gangs and organised crime groups exploit young people to transport and sell drugs, sometimes across county boundaries but also locally and within the borough. The young people have dedicated mobile phone 'lines' for taking orders for drugs and are used as they are less likely to be stopped by police, allowing adult dealers to avoid the risk of arrest.

Indicators include unexplained money, having several mobile phones, frequent calls, being in trouble with the police for possession of drugs, being found in an area to which they have no connection.

#### Children at risk of sexual exploitation

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/child-sexual-exploitation-definition-and-quide-for-practitioners

# Young people at risk from gang activity or serious youth violence

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/criminal-exploitation-of-children-and-vulnerable-adults-county-lines

Camden has a comprehensive strategy for reducing the risks posed by gang activity, and schools can refer young people to the Young Person's Advocate based in the Youth Offending Service on **020 7974 6174** for advice.

Modern slavery and trafficked children

https://cscb-new.co.uk/?page\_id=7271

The CSCB protocol provides guidance for agencies where it is thought children have been trafficked into or within the UK or where they are vulnerable to modern slavery/forced labour. This includes young people who are criminally exploited under the county lines model.

# Children who run away/go missing

https://cscp.org.uk/resources/missing-children-from-home-and-care/

Schools/colleges should also be aware that many of these forms of exploitation are linked and that going missing from home or from education can be an indicator that young people are involved in child sexual exploitation, gang activity, modern slavery, criminal exploitation and trafficking.

# B12 Other relevant safeguarding policies

Schools can access guidance on the following policies at <a href="https://www.nspcc.org.uk">www.nspcc.org.uk</a> and Department for Education - GOV.UK

Alternative provision

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/alternative-provision

Anti-discrimination & harassment

**Attendance** 

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/parental-responsibility-measures-for-behaviour-and-attendance

Behaviour and discipline

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/behaviour-and-discipline-in-schools-guidance-for-governing-bodies

Bullying (including cyberbullying)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/2 88444/preventing\_and\_tackling\_bullying\_march14.pdf

Children missing from school

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/2 68987/cme\_guidance.pdf

**Complaints** 

Drugs/substance misuse

Drugs: advice for schools - Publications - GOV.UK

**Educational visits** 

Equality and diversity

Exclusion of pupils

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-exclusion

Fabricated or induced illness

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/2 77314/Safeguarding\_Children\_in\_whom\_illness\_is\_fabricated\_or\_induced.pdf

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-action-plan-to-tackle-child-abuse-linked-to-faith-or-belief

First aid and administration of medicines

Supporting children with medical conditions

Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions - Publications - GOV.UK

No smoking (EYFS)

Mental health

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/5 08847/Mental Health and Behaviour - advice for Schools 160316.pdf Physical intervention

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/2 68771/use\_of\_reasonable\_force\_-

<u>advice for headteachers staff and governing bodies</u> - final july 2013 001.pdf

Private fostering

Promoting British values/Radicalisation and violent extremism

Promoting fundamental British values through SMSC. Publication

Promoting fundamental British values through SMSC - Publications - GOV.UK

SRE

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education Sexting

# Sexting

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/5 45997/Sexting\_in\_schools\_and\_colleges\_UKCCIS\_\_4\_.pdf

Gender-based violence/teenage relationship abuse

Trafficking

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/177033/DFE-00084-2011.pdf

# CHILD PROTECTION; DEFINITIONS AND INDICATORS

#### **Definitions**

Child protection is part of the safeguarding agenda that focuses on preventing maltreatment and protecting children at risk of neglect or abuse. Under the Children Act 1989, CSSW have a legal duty to investigate and take any action to protect children where there are concerns that they are at risk of suffering **significant harm**, which is defined as:

**Neglect**: failure to provide basic care to meet the child's physical needs, such as not providing adequate food, clothing or shelter; failure to protect the child from harm or ensure access to medical care and treatment.

**Physical abuse:** causing physical harm or injury to a child.

**Sexual abuse:** involving children in sexual activity, or forcing them to witness sexual activity, which includes involving children in looking at or the production of pornography.

**Emotional abuse:** failure to provide love and warmth that affects the child's emotional development; psychological ill treatment of a child through bullying, intimidation or threats.

# Possible indicators of abuse and neglect

Neglect	Inadequate or inappropriate clothing				
	<ul> <li>Appears underweight and unwell and seems constantly hungry</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Failure to thrive physically and appears tired and listless</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Dirty or unhygienic appearance</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Frequent unexplained absences from school</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Lack of parental supervision</li> </ul>				
Physical abuse	<ul> <li>Any injury such as bruising, bite marks, burns or fractures where the explanation given is inconsistent with the injury</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Injuries in unexpected places or that are not typical of normal childhood injuries or accidents</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>High frequency of injuries</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Parents seem unconcerned or fail to seek adequate medical treatment</li> </ul>				
Sexual abuse	<ul> <li>Sexual knowledge or behaviour that is unusually explicit or inappropriate for the child's age/stage of development</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Sexual risk taking behaviour including involvement in sexual exploitation/older boyfriend</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Continual, inappropriate or excessive</li> </ul>				

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	masturbation				
	<ul> <li>Physical symptoms such as injuries to genital or</li> </ul>				
	anal area or bruising, sexually transmitted				
	infections, pregnancy				
	Unwillingness to undress for sports				
Emotional abuse	Developmental delay				
	<ul> <li>Attachment difficulties with parents and others</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Withdrawal and low self-esteem</li> </ul>				
Indirect indicators of	Sudden changes in behaviour				
abuse and neglect	<ul> <li>Withdrawal and low self-esteem</li> </ul>				
	Eating disorders				
	Aggressive behaviour towards others				
	<ul> <li>Sudden unexplained absences from school</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Drug/alcohol misuse</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Running away/going missing</li> </ul>				
Parental attributes	Misusing drugs and/or alcohol				
	Physical/mental health or learning difficulties				
	Domestic violence				
	<ul> <li>Avoiding contact with school and other professionals</li> </ul>				

# Appendix 2:

Date

# Safeguarding children monitoring/incident form

Name of school:
Name of child:  OOB:  Status:   monitoring due to concerns   subject to child protection plan
Concerns/risks
Attendance and punctuality
Periods of exclusion (including dates)
Contact with parents/family
Health and physical appearance
Behaviour and emotional presentation (including any sexualised behaviour)
Concerning incidents
Peer relationships
Academic performance and achievement
liews of child and parents
Outcomes of monitoring
☐ continue monitoring ☐ carry out CAF ☐ referral to CSSW☐ referral to health services ☐ referral for education support services☐ referral for behavioural support ☐ referral on behalf of parent/carer
Action taken
Name of staff member:

# Appendix 3:

#### School central record

# Important notes

This record should indicate what checks have been taken out for the following:

- For schools, all staff, including supply staff and teacher trainees on salaried routes, who work in school and others who work in regular contact children in school, including volunteers
- For independent schools, including academies and free schools as above plus all members of the proprietorial body and involved in the management of the school
- For colleges, all staff providing education and/or whose positions involve a relevant activity

# **Agency staff**

Please give details of confirmation of checks that have been carried out by the supplying agency.

#### **Volunteers**

- •Unsupervised volunteers should not be left alone or allowed to work in regulated activity.
- For new volunteers in regulated activity who regularly teach children unsupervised an enhanced DBS is needed with a barred list check.
- For new volunteers not in regulated activity, schools should obtain an enhanced DBS certificate.
- Existing volunteers who provide personal care, the school should consider obtaining an enhanced DBS.
- Existing volunteers who are unsupervised do not need to have a DBS check with a barred list check because the volunteer should have been checked originally.
- For existing volunteers not in regulated activity there is no requirement for an enhanced DBS check (a school can request one but may not request a check of the barred list).
- For a volunteer not engaging in regulated activity a risk assessment should be made and a professional judgement made about the need for an enhanced DBS check.

• Supervision of volunteers – there must be supervision by a person in regulated activity, where supervision occurs, this must be regular and day to day and the supervision must be reasonable in all the circumstances to ensure the protection of children.

# **Regulated activity**

Regulated activity (see p20 for definition) – the period condition is at any time on more than three days in any period of 30 days. 'Frequently' is doing something once a week or more. Work of the nature defined is considered regulated activity if done regularly; where this is the case an enhanced DBS check is needed with a barred list check.

#### **Contractors**

Contractors or employees of contractors working at the school should have the appropriate level of DBS check if a check is required, eg if the contractor is carrying out teaching or providing a level of care or supervision of children regularly.

#### **Documents and certificates**

Please give details of any documentary evidence obtained as part of each check. Please note that there is no requirement to list DBS numbers. Also, to comply with the Data Protection, DBS certificates should not be retailed any longer than six months. Other documents to verify identity, right to work in the UK etc, should be kept in personnel files.

Record of checks taken out and/or certificates obtained

Nam e	Dat e of serv ice	Addres s	DO B	Position held/ regulate d activity?	Evidence of identity: (name of person carrying out check and date of check)	Barred list check (date and name of person carrying out check)	Enhanced DBS check (date and name of person carrying out check)	Prohibition from teaching check (date and name of person carrying out check)	Prohibition from management of schools under section 128 check (independent and free schools and academies only)	Checks on persons from overseas (date and name of person carrying out check)	Checks on professional qualifications/ Certificates obtained (date and name of person carrying out check)	Checks on right to work in the UK/document s obtained (date and name of person carrying out check)	For supply staff, evidence from the employment agency that relevant checks have been carried out (date of confirmation and name of school staff checking)

# Appendix 4:

# Schools safeguarding checklist

To be used by the head teacher and governors to carry out an assessment of the school's safeguarding framework

Name of school:

Address:

Head teacher:

Contact details:

Date of safeguarding assessment:

Requirement	Yes	No	Comments/action
Leadership and the safeguarding and child protection framework			
The school has comprehensive safeguarding policies covering early help and child protection			
and a staff conduct policy covering use of technology, relationships with pupils, communications			
and use of social media			
The school has agreed procedures for dealing with incidents of sexual violence and sexual			
harassment that are linked to the school's behaviour and bullying policies			
There are agreed local procedures in place for making referrals to CSSW where there are			
concerns about the safety and welfare of a child			
There is a designated governor with responsibility for safeguarding and child protection			
A senior member of the leadership team has been appointed as the designated safeguarding			
lead and a nominated deputy to carry out the role in their absence and they have the time and			
resources allocated to carry out their responsibilities			
The safeguarding lead and their deputy have received safeguarding and child protection			
training at the appropriate level on appointment and this training is updated every 2 years.			
Arrangements are in place to ensure staff can liaise with the safeguarding lead or their deputy			
at all times during school hours			
The school promotes a multi-agency approach to safeguarding and child protection in line with			

Working together and staff are able to attend child protection conferences and other multi-	
agency meetings as appropriate	
The curriculum offers opportunities for pupils to learn how to keep themselves safe, including	
online, and offers pupils guidance on healthy relationships	
The school promotes positive behaviour and this is reflected in behaviour management	
strategies used; reasonable force and restraint is used only in line with legislation; use of any	
behaviour management strategy is tailored to the needs of the pupil and carefully monitored	
for effectiveness	
The school has effective policies for dealing with bullying and discrimination, including	
cyberbullying, sexting and inappropriate language	
cyberbonying, sexting and mappropriate language	
There is a policy around dealing with allegations against staff and all staff are aware of the	
policy and know what action to take if they have concerns about another member of staff	
The school has a policy of openness and challenge and staff and pupils feel safe to raise	
concerns; there is a whistleblowing policy in place and all staff and pupils know who to contact	
if they are concerned that safeguarding issues are not being adequately dealt with by the	
school	
The school has an internet safety policy setting out how pupils will be kept safe online and the	
standards for use of technologies expected from pupils and staff including mobile devices; all	
pupils and staff have signed an acceptable use agreement	
The school have taken steps to implement the Prevent duty and staff are aware of how to make	
appropriate referrals to Channel Panel	
The school has a policy on dealing with children who harm other children and all staff are	
aware of what action to take under this policy	
The school seeks the views of pupils and parents with regard to safeguarding issues and all	
safeguarding and child protection policies are available on the school website	
Staff knowledge and e safeguarding practice	
All staff are inducted in safeguarding arrangements in the school and have received and read	
all relevant policies	
All staff have received safeguarding and child protection training at the appropriate level on	

	1
appointment and this training is updated every 3 years.	
All staff receive regular updates to safeguarding and child protection legislation via the	
designated safeguarding lead as required	
All staff are able to identify those children who may benefit from early help and are able to	
provide support within the school or make appropriate referrals to Camden's Early help service	
All staff are able to recognise the indicators of abuse and harm, can identify children who may	
be at risk of harm	
All staff know what action to take to refer children appropriately to CSSW where there are	
concerns and make timely referrals and follow up referrals where it is thought the child's	
situation is not improving	
All staff are aware of their legal duty under the mandatory reporting rules for FGM and can	
make appropriate notifications to the police and CSSW in known cases of FGM	
All staff are aware of what actions to take when a child goes missing from education or does	
not attend and that missing episodes are monitored; all staff are aware of the link between	
going missing and safeguarding issues such as sexual exploitation, criminal behaviour,	
substance misuse and trafficking; there are procedures in place to notify Camden where a child	
is removed from the school roll in line with the local Children missing from school policy	
All staff are able to share information lawfully and appropriately and work jointly with partner	
agencies; parents are informed of concerns and actions taken unless this puts the pupil at	
further risk	
Records of concerns and referrals are up to date and timely and kept securely	
All staff receive regular supervision that enables them to raise safeguarding issues	
Risk assessments are routinely carried out to ensure the health and safety of pupils on site, on	
school trips and during work experience	
Pupils feel safe and are aware of how to raise concerns and complaints with a trusted adult	
Safer recruitment	
The school has a safer recruitment procedure that is in line with statutory requirements	
The school has a single central record providing details of when and by whom the following	
checks on candidates were taken out:	
Identity checks	

DBS/barred list checks	
<ul> <li>Prohibition from teaching/section 128 checks</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Appropriate checks with oversees organisations where the candidate is from abroad</li> </ul>	
Checks to establish right to work in the UK	
Professional qualifications check	
The school has a clear system in place in line with statutory requirements for volunteers or	
contractors coming into the school, .Enhanced DBS checks are taken out on all staff members,	
volunteers and governors; barred list checks are also taken out on staff, volunteers and	
governors who are involved in regulated activity	
The head teacher or other member of the senior leadership team decides on whether or not	
volunteers, visitors or contractors require a DBS check and this decision is informed by a risk	
assessment; arrangements are put in place to supervise and oversee volunteers, visitors and	
contractors where a DBS check is not carried out and children are not left unsupervised with	
any individual who has not undergone a DBS check	
The school seeks written confirmation from agencies that these checks have been taken out on	
all agency and supply staff prior to appointment; all agency and supply staff are required to	
present proof of identity prior to beginning work	
A member of the governing board or senior leadership team involved in interviewing has	
completed an accredited safer recruitment training course	
Dealing with allegations against staff	
There is a named staff member with responsibility for liaising with the police and LADO	
Appropriate referrals are made to the DBS where staff cease to work at the school following	
investigation into allegations	