

## The English Martyrs Catholic School and Sixth Form College

| Geography Year 12                | Module 1&2 Human Geography (Teacher 1)  | Module 1 Physical geography (Coasts) (Teacher 2)   | Module 3 Human (Teacher 1)  | Module 2&3 Physical (Teacher 2)  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| <u>Topic Theme</u><br>and Intent | (core) <b>Contemporary Urban Environments</b> . Students will<br>build geographical concepts as well as learn new ideas<br>concerning urban growth and change and how these<br>processes present significant environmental and social<br>challenges for human populations. There is a key focus<br>on urban sustainability                                    | Students build on prior basic knowledge and understanding of<br>coastal systems and landscapes, environments in which<br>fundamental geomorphological processes and landscapes<br>can be seen. This allows the appreciation of the diversity of<br>coasts and their importance as human habitats.  | At Easter students will move onto<br>their second (optional) human topic<br><b>Changing Places.</b> people's<br>engagement with places, their<br>experience of them and the qualities<br>they ascribe to them, all of which are<br>of fundamental importance in their<br>lives. | Hazards focuses on the lithosphere<br>and the atmosphere, which<br>present natural hazards to people.<br>Students explore the origin and nature<br>of these hazards and the ways in which<br>people respond to them  |
| <u>Knowledge</u>                 | <ul> <li>Urbanisation and urban forms</li> <li>Social and economic issues associated with urbanisation</li> <li>Urban climate/drainage</li> <li>Urban environmental issues and waste and its disposal</li> <li>Sustainable urban development/ LIC/HIC case studies</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Generic physical Systems and processes</li> <li>Coastal landscape development: UK and beyond examples</li> <li>Origin and development of landforms and landscapes of coastal erosion/deposition</li> <li>Eustatic, isostatic and tectonic SL change</li> <li>Coastal management</li> <li>Case study(ies) Odisha/Holderness coast</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The nature and importance of places.</li> <li>Relationships and connections.</li> <li>Meaning and representation.</li> <li>The use of quantitative and qualitative sources.</li> <li>Local and distant place studies.</li> </ul>                                       | <ul> <li>Hazards as a concept</li> <li>The structure of the earth</li> <li>Plate tectonic theory</li> <li>Vulcanism, in LICS/HICS</li> <li>Seismicity</li> <li>The storm hazards HICS/LICS</li> <li>Fires in nature/case studies</li> <li>Multi hazard/local hazard</li> </ul> |
| <u>Skills</u>                    | Observation skills, Measurement and geospatial<br>mapping, Data manipulation and statistical skills,<br>including those associated with and arising from<br>fieldwork at the end of year 12 taster sessions   | The opportunity to exercise and develop<br>qualitative/quantitative observation skills, measurement and<br>geospatial mapping skills, together with data manipulation<br>and statistical skills, including those associated with and arising<br>from fieldwork to support the NEA/personal study.  | Observation skills, Measurement and<br>geospatial mapping, Data<br>manipulation and statistical skills  | Use of different types of geographical<br>information, primary and secondary<br>data, images, factual text and<br>discursive/creative material, digital<br>data, numerical and spatial data  |
| <u>Literacy Links</u>            | <b>Reading</b> - Reading for meaning. Developing knowledge<br>and understanding of places and concepts<br><b>Writing</b> - Students are expected to<br>describe/explain/evaluate/deliver a weighted<br>conclusion/be synoptic. Students keep a reading journal.<br><b>Oracy</b> - Students are encouraged to discuss the<br>judgments they make about content | <b>Reading</b> - Reading for meaning and research of current<br>events<br><b>Writing</b> - Analysis and interpretation of figures/maps/charts -<br><b>Oracy</b> - Students will be encouraged to discuss the judgments<br>they make about concepts/content   | <b>Reading -</b> Reading journal<br>articles/news and current research<br><b>Writing -</b> Hone 20-mark essays<br><b>Oracy</b> - Discuss thinking with<br>peers/teacher   | <b>Reading</b> - Reading journal<br>articles/news and current research<br><b>Writing</b> - Define 20 mark<br>essays/synopticity<br><b>Oracy</b> - Discuss thinking with<br>peers/teacher   |
| <u>Essential</u><br>Vocabulary   | Urbanisation, Suburbanisation, Sustainability,<br>Urban resurgence, Deindustrialisation, Decentralisation<br>Urban regeneration, Economic inequality, Social<br>segregation, Cultural diversity, Gentrification,  | Adaptability, Resilience, Positive/negative feedback loops,<br>Sustainability, Mitigation, Vulnerability, Dynamic equilibrium,<br>isostatic, eustatic, vegetation succession, high and low<br>energy coasts, Halosere, Psammosere  | Locale, Sense of place, Social<br>constructionist, Phenomenological,<br>Localism, Regionalism, Nationalism,<br>Homogenised, clone town,<br>Placelessness, Positionality   | Hazard management cycle, Park<br>model, Fatalism, Vulnerability,<br>Resilience, Lithosphere,<br>Asthenosphere, Lliquefaction, Lahar,<br>Dipole, El Nino  |



