

The English Martyrs Catholic School and Sixth Form College

Year 8 Maths	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3
<u>Topic Theme and</u> <u>Intent</u>	Within this first Module, Year 8 students will cover 4 main areas of the curriculum which are: Number, Shape, Data, Ratio.	Within Module 2, Year 8 students will cover 4 main areas of the curriculum which are: Shape, Data, Number, Algebra.	Within Module 3, Year 8 students will cover 3 main areas of the curriculum, which are: Shape, Algebra, Probability.
<u>Knowledge</u> <u>and</u> <u>Skills</u>	Number: Significant figures, estimation, fractions, mixed numbers, square/cube roots, factors, multiples, BIDMAS, laws of indices, negative indices, reciprocals, standard form. Shape: Area of compound shapes, area problem solving, circumference, surface area, volume, converting area units. Data: Discrete and continuous data, stem and leaf diagrams, hypotheses, pie charts, scatter graphs, line of best fit. Ratio: Simplifying ratios, proportion, unitary ratio, ratio as fractions, sharing amounts in a given ratio.	Shape: Nets of shapes, plans and elevations, volume of compound prisms, converting volume units, constructing triangles, scale drawings, bearings, constructing bisectors, loci, Pythagoras' Theorem. Data: Averages and the range from a list of data and from a table of values/grouped table of values, comparing datasets. <u>Number:</u> negative numbers, substution, money calculations. Algebra: nth term, simplifying expressions, expanding brackets, solving equations and inequalities, rearranging formulage, iteration	Shape: Reflective and rotational symmetry, transformations, angle rules, interior/exterior angles in polygons, similar shapes, congruent triangles. <u>Algebra:</u> y = mx + c, calculating gradient and y- intercept, parallel and perpendicular lines, solving simultaneous equations graphically. <u>Probability:</u> Calculating expected probability, relative frequency, sample space diagrams, independent vs. mutually exclusive events, tree diagrams, probability from a table, probability of events not happening.
<u>Literacy Links</u>	Reading: Reading estimates from a scatter graph using a line of best fit. Writing: Use the correct notation when writing a number in standard form. Oracy: Explain the difference between discrete and continuous data.	Reading: Reading angles carefully when calculating bearings. Writing: Writing a key when constructing stem and leaf diagrams. Oracy: Explain how to calculate averages and range from grouped frequency tables.	Reading: Reading the solutions from a graph to solve simultaneous equations. Writing: Writing the equation of a straight-line in the form $y = mx + c$. Oracy: Explain how to construct a tree diagram for independent events.
Essential Vocabulary	Standard form, indices, hypothesis, discrete, continuous, circumference, significant figure, simplify, convert, prism, interpret.	Elevation, bisector, construct, bearing, scale, loci, average, range, negative, substitute, rearrange, iteration, inequality, expand, simplify, nth term, sequence, compare.	Symmetry, gradient, parallel, perpendicular, frequency, probability, independent, mutually exclusive, simultaneous, y-intercept, congruent, interior, exterior, enlarge, reflect, rotate, translate.
<u>Catholic Social</u> <u>Teaching</u>	Option for the poor – In learning about ratios, students will discuss concepts of fairness and equity, including sharing resources.	HUMAN DIONITY HUMAN DIONITY HUMAN DIONITY HUMAN DIONITY	Solidarity - Students will learn about the importance of a systematic structure in algebra, which mirrors the importance of order and structure in life.
Disciplinary Reading	Reading for Pleasure		
Reserved to the second	Mortin Gardiner EXTERNING MORTIN Gardiner MORTIN GARDI	MY BEST MATHEMATICAL PUZZLES Martin Gardner	UNCLE ALBERT

The Number Devil By Hans Magnus Enzensberger



Entertaining Mathematical Puzzles By Martin Gardner

My Best Mathematical and Logic Puzzles By Martin Gardner

The Time and Space of Uncle Albert By Russell Stannard