

The Romans

HISTORY KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

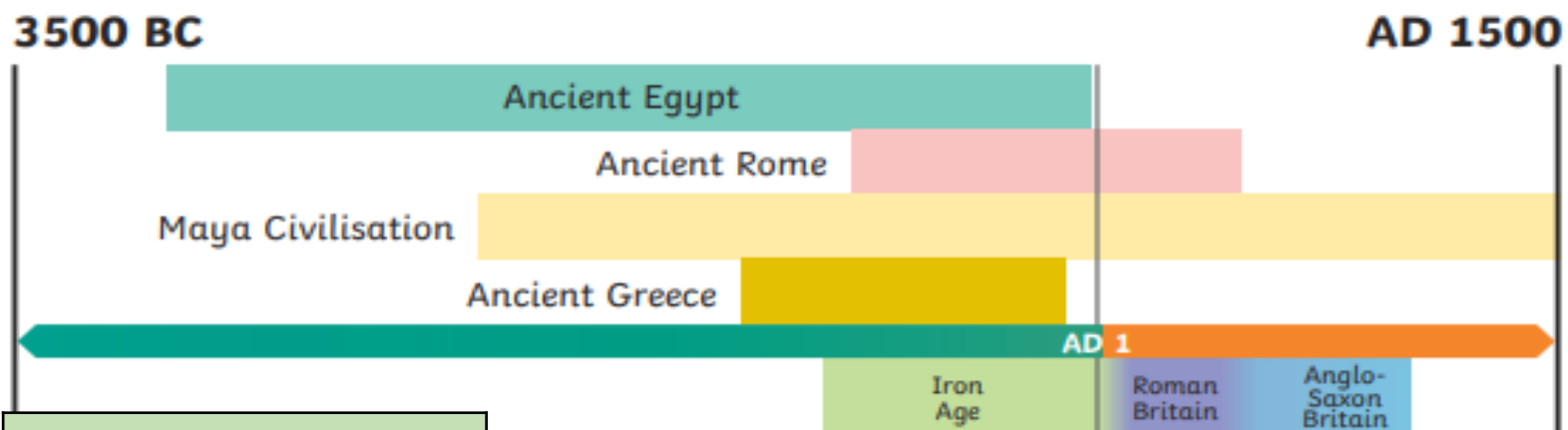


ESSENTIAL VOCABULARY

Celts	People living in Britain in tribes, including the Iceni, Brigantes and Catuvellauni.
Citizen	A person with all the rights and protections of a nation or land. In the Roman Empire, only citizens were able to vote.
Conquest	Taking control of a place by force, often with an army.
Emperor	The ruler of an empire.
Empire	A group of countries controlled by one ruler (emperor or empress) or government.
Legion	A large section of the Roman army, made up of around 5000 soldiers.
Rebellion	An uprising or revolt by people who want to challenge what they believe is unfair treatment by rulers.
Roman Empire	The name used for the land that was controlled by the Romans, including large parts of Europe plus parts of North Africa and West Asia.
Republic	The power of government is held by the people. The people give power to leaders they elect to represent them and serve their interests.
Tribe	A group of people who share the same culture and values.

Time Line

- 735BC**- Rome is built.
- 509BC**- Rome becomes a republic (Rome now ruled by elected officials called senators).
- 55BC**- Julius Caesar's first invasion of Britain.
- 54BC** – Caesar's second invasion of Britain.
- 44BC**- Caesar is assassinated.
- AD 43**- Claudius's invasion.
- AD 60**- Boudicca's rebellion
- AD 80**- Colosseum is built.
- AD 122**- Hadrian's wall is built.
- AD 410-455**- Fall of Roman Empire



Key Places

- Rome
- Scotland
- Wales
- Britain

Key People

- Julius Caesar
- Claudius
- Constantine the Great
- Boudicca

