

# The Manor Reading Policy

# **Key Document Details**

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Author: Grace Pepper

Owner: Hannah Gordon

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#### **READING at The Manor School**

At The Manor School we want children to:

- Read accurately and fluently for understanding and enjoyment
- Respond sensitively and critically to the texts they read: orally and written form
- Use reference materials confidently, for a range of purposes
- Select own choice of texts
- Make links between reading and writing

All children need to develop the following strands

- Enjoyment
- Vocabulary
- Phonics
- Comprehension

#### **Opportunities for reading:**

#### **Reading Out loud**

Within the range of reading opportunities, it is an expectation that children will be given regular opportunities to read aloud.

#### **Shared/Modelled**

Shared/modelled reading is a teaching strategy where a teacher teaches a specific reading skill/aspect and is incorporated across the whole curriculum.

The teacher models the process of reading and making sense of a text with a particular focus on aspects that support and relate to the lesson's objectives. This could be whole class or group level. The teacher uses a range of techniques to engage the children actively in the process of reading; helping pupils read for meaning and interrogate a range of text types in a discussion and response activity. It is an opportunity to teach phonics and word-building skills.

Pupils are enabled to read texts that are beyond their independent reading levels because the teacher is leading and supporting the process. Shared reading provides a setting for cooperative learning, developing motivation and enjoyment of reading.

#### **Teaching Reading**

Reading is taught 3-4 times a week, depending on the Phase being taught. The reading lessons involve exploring themes, contexts, background knowledge and reading and discussion of different texts with the chance to practise and improve comprehension skills. Children explore a range of texts and reading material that is presented to the children in a range of ways.

The reading objectives are linked with the writing intentions. This allows the children to see how reading and writing link. The structure of reading is split into 3 Phases and each Phase lasts for a week.

#### Pre-phase 1

The purpose of Pre-phase 1 is to give children background knowledge and context of their termly main text and genre of their final outcome. This phase focuses on engaging and preparing the children, using research, playing games, videos, exploring images and similar texts or extracts. As well as discussing how the text links to themselves, other texts and the world. Pre-phase 1 is taught during the Phase 3 Writing. While children are planning, writing, editing and revising their final outcome, their reading lessons focus on the above. This also allows teachers the opportunity to introduce supplementary texts and animations. Children also explore new and interesting vocabulary from their main text called 'The Word Taboo.' This informs teachers of the future words of the week for the term.

#### Phase 1

The purpose of Phase 1 is to expose children to literature which will support the teaching of Phase 2 Writing. Reading objectives are the focus and these link with the writing skills which will be taught in Phase 2 of Writing. This is using a mix of the main text and extracts from Prephase 1. It also begins to develop the children's understanding of how writing and reading link.

#### Phase 2

The purpose of Phase 2 is to develop comprehension skills and is focused on formal questioning. During both writing units, 'Look, Clue, Think, Word' questions are used to develop comprehension in Guided Reading. Using the concept of 'I do, we do, you do', teachers can model the expectation, support the children's answers which lead onto the children answering a similar set of questions independently. Sentence stems are provided for children to support their explanation/answer. Towards the end of Phase 2, if there is a particular reading skill which needs developing, this is an opportunity to do so.

#### **Key Aspects**

<u>KS1</u>	<u>KS2</u>	
1a draw on knowledge of	2a give / explain the meaning of	
vocabulary to understand texts	words in context	
1b identify / explain key aspects	2b retrieve and record	
of fiction and non-fiction texts,	information / identify key	
such as characters, events, titles	details from fiction and non-	
and information	fiction	
1c identify and explain the	2c summarise main ideas from	
sequence of events in texts	more than one paragraph	
1d make inferences from the	2d make inferences from the	
text	text / explain and justify	
	inferences with evidence from	
	the text	
1e predict what might happen	2e predict what might happen	
on the basis of what has been	from details stated and implied	
read so far		
	2f identify / explain how	
	information / narrative content	
	is related and contributes to	
	meaning as a whole	
	2g identify / explain how	
	meaning is enhanced through	
	choice of words and phrases	
	2h make comparisons within the	
	text	

#### **Progression in Reading**

Teachers will use their discretion to decide whether all children need to complete each of the questions as a whole class. As children develop greater confidence and understanding, some may be able to work independently to answer questions. At The Manor, we would expect the previously highest attaining readers to be given opportunities to explore rich and probing discussions collaboratively and work on multilateral questions that challenge and encourage them to think deeply about what they read.

Texts are chosen carefully and where appropriate a range of texts may be used to support the rapid graspers. Equally, a range of texts may also be utilised to ensure inclusion and access for all children within the class. Where deemed appropriate, children working outside of the expected standard for their age may receive instruction pertinent to their own designated needs.

SEN P levels- Additional Reading time with TA during sessions promotes progress with a particular emphasis on decoding in KS2 so that children may access age related learning in class as swiftly as they are able.

# **The Manor School reading progress chart**

Book Band/ Colour	Words	Phonics Phase	NC level	Normal Range of Achievement during the year <i>and</i> for year group at end of year
0 Lilac	0			
1 Pink	Under 25	Phase 2	Working towards L1	EYFs
2 Red	25-45/ 45-80	Phase 3	Working towards L1	EYFS, Y1
3 Yellow	80-120	Phase 3/4	1c	EYFS, Y1
4 Blue	100-200	Phase 4/5	1c/1b	EYFs Y1
5 Green	200-300	Phase 5	1b	Y1, Y2
6 Orange	300-450	Phase 5/6	1b/1a	Y1, Y2
7 Turquoise	450-600	Phase 5/6	1a	Y1, Y2, Y3
8 Purple	600-850	Phase 6	2c	Y2, Y3
9 Gold	850-1100	Phase 6	2b	Y2, Y3, Y4
10 White	1100-1500		2a	Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5
11 Lime	1500-2000		3c	Y2, <mark>Y3</mark> , Y4, Y5, Y6
12 Brown	Over 2000	Year 3	3b	Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6
13 Grey		Year 4	3b	Y4, Y5, Y6
14 Dark Blue		Year 5	3a	<mark>Y5</mark> , Y6
15 Dark Red		Year 6	3a	Y6
16 Black		Year 6 +	4c	Y6
			4b-5	

<sup>\*</sup> Older titles, e.g. Biff, Chip and Kipper stories, may not always fall into the correct book band.

Note: When pupils reach the end of the lime book band they should be free readers. After that, each band from brown to black, is a guide to the band for each year group.

#### **Risky Reading**

Throughout The Manor School, teachers include Risky Reading opportunities. These opportunities encourage children to take a risk when access a text. In most cases, texts will be chosen because the vocabulary they include is complex and challenging for the children to make meaning from. This is particularly important for Year 5 and 6 to build resilience. Other examples of Risky Reading include discussion-based inference activities where a range of illustrations are used. Children use evidence to draw inference, conclusions, make predictions and summaries what they see; making meaning and using their inference skills.

Risky Reading may also place constraints upon children, such as setting time challenges to focus on fluency and stamina. The aim of Risky Reading is to challenge children and encourage them to tackle texts they may perceive as challenging when reading independently.

#### 1 to 1 reading:

Across the school, SENd, PP and children not reaching age-related expectations (as identified in progress review and 100 Day Plan meetings) read 1 to 1 with an adult. Teachers regularly listen to, assess, teach, conference to check preferences and attitudes, check progress and book knowledge.

#### **Independent**:

Children are given opportunities to access a range of age appropriate texts from class libraries, the whole school library and online reading material. In addition, independent reading is promoted through, World Book Day, National Story Telling Week and the Summer Reading Challenge. Drop Everything and Read sessions take place throughout the school which offer children time dedicated to reading for pleasure independently with a focus chosen by the teacher.

#### **Class Reader:**

A class reader is an opportunity for the teacher to read aloud to the class, modelling reading aloud, developing listening skills, concentration and enjoyment. It is expected that teachers read a range of texts to their classes and this list supports teachers in their choices. Class Readers may also be chosen based on writing outcomes so that skills are transferred across the English Curriculum to promote breadth and depth of the application of knowledge.

# **Performance Reading:**

This will come from reading a performance poem, a play script or text which provides a stimulus for drama activities e.g. reading a performance poem and acting it out. Children will have opportunities to give and receive feedback about the performance.

#### **Vocabulary enrichment:**

We recognise that children at The Manor often come to us with underdeveloped vocabulary. Providing an enriched vocabulary environment will be a focus for every teacher so that by the end of the year ambitious vocabulary is being used by pupils at an appropriate level. This can be achieved through:

- Rewards for using ambitious vocabulary
- Teachers modelling word choices
- Linear and shades of meaning word lists eg. Sad/unhappy, gloomy, miserable, dejected, desolate/devastated
- Exploring synonyms and antonyms
- Word chains passed around a group
- Word mats/banks including topical and technical vocabulary
- Regular use of thesauri at appropriate stages
- Word Taboos (Pre-phase 1 activity)
- Word of the Week

#### **Assessment:**

Whenever possible assessments will be carried out by the class teacher to ensure that future planning can effectively address misconceptions and next steps.

'Head Start' assessment is carried out 3 times a year to support teachers with data point judgements.

#### **Reading Incentives**

#### **Extreme Read:**

Extreme Read is an annual competition which challenges children to read in an unfamiliar and unusual setting, promoting the attitude that reading can happen in any location in any circumstance. Winners are chosen from year groups throughout the school and all entries are displayed once the competition entry date has closed. Winners receive a prize to recognise their creative and positive attitudes which serve as an incentive.

#### **Home Liaison**

### **Reading Records**

Every child at The Manor Primary school receives a Reading Record when the school year commences in Term 1. These records enable parents and teachers to maintain a regular dialogue with each child.

Parents are provided with a **comprehension key aspect** focus sticker for the term, they are encouraged and expected to make entries using modelled responses created by the class teacher and TA which are shown in green pen. The Reading Record promotes discussion and engagement with texts that children bring home from school.

It is our aspiration that Reading Records serve as a diary of each child's learning journey, enabling them to show evidence of their interactions with what they read. They are primarily measures or engagement and attitudes and not focused on recording reading frequency or decoding errors.

## Appendix A

# Range of Reading

Y1/2

Key Stories as identified in the reading lists. **Fairy Stories Traditional Stories** Non- Fiction books

Y3/4

Poetry

**Fairy Stories** Myths and Legends Poems and play scripts (read aloud and performed) Different forms of poetry (classic, free verse and narrative)

Y5/6

Wide range of books including Myths, legends and traditional tales Modern fiction Classics Other cultures and traditions Poetry

The above text types are taken from the NC 2014 but additional texts, such as stories from other cultures and traditions that reflect our ethnic population are also introduced across the school.

Appendix B

Key aspect questions linked to the National curriculum KS1 and KS2