

Thrunscoe Primary Academy PSHE Policy

(including Relationships and Health Education and our position on Sex Education)



Date of policy	March 2023
Member of staff responsible	Ms K. Holness
Date approved by governors	30 th March 2023
Next review date	March 2025

Introduction

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

At Thrunscoe Primary and Nursery Academy, we teach Personal, Social and Health Education as a whole academy approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through scheme of work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area. The overview of the programme can be seen within this policy.

This also supports the 'personal development' and 'behaviour and attitude' aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework as well as significantly contributing to the academy's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provides for our children.

Pupils are encouraged to take part in a wide range of activities and experiences across and beyond the curriculum, contributing fully to the life of the academy and the wider community. In doing so they learn to recognise their own worth, work well with others and become increasingly responsible for their own learning. They reflect on their own experiences and understand how they are developing personally and socially, tackling many of the spiritual, moral, social and cultural issues that are part of growing up.

They learn to understand and respect our common humanity; diversity and differences so that they can go on to form the effective, fulfilling relationships that are an essential part of life and learning.

Jigsaw will support the development of the skills, attitudes, values and behaviour, which enable pupils to:

- Have a sense of purpose
- Value self and others
- Form relationships
- Make and act on informed decisions
- Communicate effectively
- Work with others
- Respond to challenge
- Be an active partner in their own learning
- Be active citizens within the local community
- Explore issues related to living in a democratic society
- Become healthy and fulfilled individuals

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England)
Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make
Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make

Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education(PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE."

DfE Guidance p.11

Here, at Thrunscoe Primary and Nursery Academy School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to your children's needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE (including RSE) policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)

- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE.

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise

Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At Thrunscoe Primary and Nursery Academy we allocate one lesson (one hour) to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

Assemblies and collective worship, praise and reward system, Learning Charter, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations within the academy community.

Weekly lessons are delivered by Teachers or Higher Level Teaching Assistants.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

A letter will be sent home on an annual basis prior to the delivery of Jigsaw unit 4: Healthy Me to inform parents/carers about lessons which make reference to smoking, alcohol or drugs. Please see the content that that will be covered in the table below:

Jigsaw Drug and Alcohol Education Content

The grid below shows specific Drug and Alcohol Education learning intentions for each year group in the 'Healthy Me' Puzzle.

Year	Piece	Learning Intentions
Group	Number and	'Pupils will be able to…'
	Name	
2	Piece 3 Medicine Safety	understand how medicines work in my body and how important it is to use them safely
		feel positive about caring for my body and keeping it healthy
3	Piece 3 What Do I Know About Drugs?	tell you my knowledge and attitude towards drugs identify how I feel towards drugs
4	Piece 3 Smoking	understand the facts about smoking and its effects on health, and also some of the reasons some people start to smoke
		can relate to feelings of shame and guilt and know how to act assertively to resist pressure from myself and others
	Piece 4	understand the facts about alcohol and its effects on health,
	Alcohol	particularly the liver, and also some of the reasons some people drink alcohol
		can relate to feelings of shame and guilt and know how to act assertively to resist pressure from myself and others
5	Piece 1	know the health risks of smoking and can tell you how tobacco
	Smoking	affects the lungs, liver and heart
		make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to smoke and know how to resist pressure
	Piece 2 Alcohol	know some of the risks with misusing alcohol, including anti-social behaviour, and how it affects the liver and heart
		make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to drink alcohol and know how to resist pressure
6	Piece 2	know about different types of drugs and their uses and their effects
	Drugs	on the body particularly the liver and heart
		be motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs
	Piece 3 Alcohol	evaluate when alcohol is being used responsibly, anti-socially or being misused
		tell you how I feel about using alcohol when I am older and my reasons for this

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g.emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Parents' right to request their child be excused from Sex Education

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

At Thrunscoe Primary and Nursery Academy, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We believe that teaching pupils' the correct scientific terminology for their body is essential to educate them on how to keep themselves safe. We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this except for those parts includes in statutory National Curriculum Science. You will be given an opportunity to view the teaching materials and resources prior to the delivery of this unit.

Those parents/carers wishing to exercise this right are invited in to see the head teacher and/or PSHE/RSE Co-ordinator who will explore any concerns and discuss any impact that withdrawal may have on the child. Once a child has been withdrawn they cannot take part in the SRE programme until the request for withdrawal has been removed. Materials are available to parents/carers who wish to supplement the academy RSE programme or who wish to deliver RSE to their children at home

Summer Term - Changing Me

Pupils in Key Stage 1 will be taught:

- how to use the correct terms to describe penis, testicles, anus, vagina, nipples and vulva
- that boys and girls are physically different
- that some parts of the body are private
- to understand how to protect their own privacy and respect the privacy of others.

Pupils in Year 3 and 4 will be taught:

- to describe the changes that take place inside and outside of the body during the growing up process
- reasons why people choose to have a baby
- explain the process of conception and how puberty is related to this
- terminology such as pubic hair, breasts, penis, testicles, sperm, ovaries, womb, vagina, conception, sexual intercourse, fertilise, menstruation
- about sanitary products

Pupils in Year 5 and 6 will be taught:

- to identify the main stages of development through conception, pregnancy and birth
- physical and emotional changes during puberty
- menstruation and the female reproductive system
- to discuss myths and misconceptions related to puberty
- terminology such conception, menstruation, wet dream, erection, ejaculation, hormones, masturbation, clitoris, age of consent, womb, foetus, embryo, placenta, labour, contractions, cervix.

Please see further clarification on when these aspects will be taught in the table below:

Jigsaw RSE Content

The grid below shows specific SRE learning intentions for each year group in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle.

Year	Piece Number	Learning Intentions
Group	and Name	'Pupils will be able to'
FS1/2	Piece 3 Growing Up	D4 - Seek out others to share experiences. Show affection and concern for people who are special to them D6 - Explain own knowledge and understanding, and ask appropriate questions of others ELG - Show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings
1	Piece 4 Boys' and Girls' Bodies	identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina respect my body and understand which parts are private
2	Piece 4 Boys' and Girls' Bodies	recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, testicles, vagina) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private tell you what I like/don't like about being a boy/girl
3	Piece 1 How Babies Grow	understand that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up, and that usually it is the female who has the baby express how I feel when I see babies or baby animals
	Piece 2 Babies	understand how babies grow and develop in the mother's uterus and understand what a baby needs to live and grow express how I might feel if I had a new baby in my family
	Piece 3 Outside Body Changes	understand that boys' and girls' bodies need to change so that when they grow up their bodies can make babies identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the outside during this growing up process recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and
		know how to cope with those feelings

	Piece 4 Inside Body Changes	identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and how to cope with these feelings
4	Piece 2 Having A Baby	correctly label the internal and external parts of male and female bodies that are necessary for making a baby
		understand that having a baby is a personal choice and express how I feel about having children when I am an adult
	Piece 3 Girls and Puberty	describe how a girl's body changes in order for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation (having periods) is a natural part of this
		know that I have strategies to help me cope with the physical and emotional changes I will experience during puberty
5	Piece 2 Puberty for Girls	explain how a girl's body changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally
		understand that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for me
	Piece 3 Puberty for Boys and Girls	describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty
		express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
	Piece 4 Conception	understand that sexual intercourse can lead to conception and that is how babies are usually made understand that sometimes people need IVF to help them have a baby
		appreciate how amazing it is that human bodies can reproduce in these ways
6	Piece 2 Puberty	explain how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally
		express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
	Piece 3 Girl Talk/Boy Talk	ask the questions. I need answered about changes during puberty reflect on how I feel about asking the questions and about the
		answers I receive
	Piece 4	describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born

Babies –	
Conception to	recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth
Birth	of a baby
Piece 5 Attraction	understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship
	express how I feel about the growing independence of becoming a teenager and am confident that I can cope with this

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Monitoring and Review

The Curriculum Committee of the governing body monitors this policy on an annual basis. This committee reports its findings and recommendations to the full governing body, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Curriculum Committee gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

Equality

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At Thrunscoe Primary and Nursery Academy we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education.

Relationships Education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Families and people who care for me	 R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious). R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference • Being Me in My World
Caring friendships	 R7 how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends R8 the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharinginterests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties R9 that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others and do not make others feel lonely or excluded R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or 	

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	even strengthened, and that resorting to	
	violence is never right	
	R11 how to recognise who to trust and who	
	not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is	
	making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable,	
	managing conflict, how to manage these	
	situations and how to seek help and advice	
	from others, if needed	
Respectful	R12 the importance of respecting others, even	
relationships	when they are very different from them (for	
	example, physically, in character, personality	
	or backgrounds), or make different choices or	
	have different preferences or beliefs	
	R13 practical steps they can take in a range of	
	different contexts to improve or support	
	respectful relationships	
	R14 the conventions of coutesy and manners	
	R15 the importance of self-respect and how	
	this links to their own happiness	
	R16 that in school and in wider societythey can	
	expect to be treated with respect by others,	
	and that in turn they should show due respect	
	to others, including those in positions of	
	authority	
	R17 about different types of bullying (including)	
	cyberbullying), the impact of bullying,	
	responsibilities of bystanders (primarily	
	reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get	
	help	
	R18 what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes	
	can be unfair, negative or destructive	
	R19 the importance of permission-seeking and	
	giving in relationships with friends, peers and	
	adults	
Online	R20 that people sometimes behave differently	All of these aspects are
relationships	online, including by pretending to be someone	covered in lessons within
	they are not.	the Puzzles
	R21 that the same principles apply to online	.
	relationships as to face-to-face relationships,	Relationships Changing Man
	including the importance of respect for others	Changing Me
	online including when we are anonymous.	Celebrating Celebrating
	R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe	Difference
	online, how to recognise risks, harmful content	
	and contact, and how to report them.	
	R23 how to critically consider their online	
	friendships and sources of information	
	including awareness of the risks associated	
	with people they have never met.	
	R24 how information and data is shared and	
	used online.	

Being safe

- R25what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).
- R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.
- R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.
- R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,
- R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- R32 where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Relationships
- Changing Me
- Celebrating Difference

Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the
Mental wellbeing	 H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness. H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support. H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being. H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). 	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles • Healthy Me • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference

	H10 it is common for people to	
	experience mental ill health. For many	
	people who do, the problems can be	
	resolved if the right support is made	
	available, especially if accessed early	
	enough.	
Internet safety	H11 that for most people the internet is	All of these aspects are covered
and harms	an integral part of life and has many	in lessons within the Puzzles
	benefits.	
	 H12 about the benefits of rationing 	 Relationships
	time spent online, the risks of excessive	Healthy Me
	time spent on electronic devices and	
	the impact of positive and negative	
	content online on their own and others'	
	mental and physical wellbeing.	
	H13 how to consider the effect of their	
	online actions on others and knowhow	
	to recognise and display respectful	
	behaviour online and the importance of	
	keeping personal information private.	
	H14 why social media, some computer	
	games and online gaming, for example,	
	are age restricted.	
	 H15 that the internet can also be a 	
	negative place where online abuse,	
	trolling, bullying and harassment can	
	take place, which can have a negative	
	impact on mental health.	
	H16 how to be a discerning consumer information online including.	
	of information online including	
	understanding that information,	
	including that from search engines, is	
	ranked, selected and targeted.	
	H17 where and how to report concerns	
	and get support with issues online.	
Physical health	H18 the characteristics and mental and	All of these aspects are covered
and fitness	physical benefits of an active lifestyle.	in lessons within the Puzzles
	H19 the importance of building regular	
	exercise into daily and weekly routines	Healthy Me
	and how to achieve this; for example,	
	walking or cycling to school, a daily	
	active mile or other forms of regular,	
	vigorous exercise.	
	H20 the risks associated with an	
	inactive lifestyle (including obesity).	
	H21 how and when to seek support	
	including which adults to speak to in	
	school if they are worried about their	
	health.	
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Healthy eating	H22 what constitutes a healthy diet	All of these aspects are covered
	(including understanding calories and	in lessons within the Puzzles
	other nutritional content).	
	H23 the principles of planning and	 Healthy Me
	preparing a range of healthy meals.	
	H24 the characteristics of a poor diet	
	and risks associated with unhealthy	
	•	
	eating (including, for example, obesity	
	and tooth decay) and other behaviours	
	(e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or	
	health).	
Drugs, alcohol	H25 the facts about legal and illegal	
and tobacco	harmful substances and associated	
	risks, including smoking, alcohol use	
Hoolth and	and drug-taking	All of those care to are account
Health and	H26 how to recognise early signs of	All of these aspects are covered
prevention	physical illness, such as weight loss, or	in lessons within the Puzzles
	unexplained changes to the body.	
	H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to	 Healthy Me
	the sun, and how to reduce the risk of	
	sun damage, including skin cancer.	
	H28 the importance of sufficient good	
	quality sleep for good health and that a	
	lack of sleep can affect weight, mood	
	and ability to learn.	
	 H29 about dental health and the 	
	benefits of good oral hygiene and	
	dental flossing, including regular check-	
	ups at the dentist.	
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	including bacteria, viruses, how they are	
	spread and treated, and the importance	
	of handwashing.	
	 H31 the facts and science relating to 	
	immunisation and vaccination	
Basic first aid	H32 how to make a clear and efficient	All of these aspects are covered
	call to emergency services if necessary.	in lessons within the Puzzles
	H33 concepts of basic first-aid, for	
	example dealing with common injuries,	Healthy Me
	,	- Healthy IVIC
a l .	including head injuries.	All Col
Changing	H34 key facts about puberty and the	All of these aspects are covered
adolescent	changing adolescent body, particularly	in lessons within the Puzzles
body	from age 9 through to age 11, including	
	physical and emotional changes.	Changing Me
	H35 about menstrual wellbeing	Healthy Me
	including the key facts about the	
	,	
	menstrual cycle.	

Policy Review

This policy is reviewed every two years		
	17	