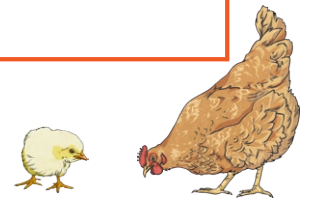


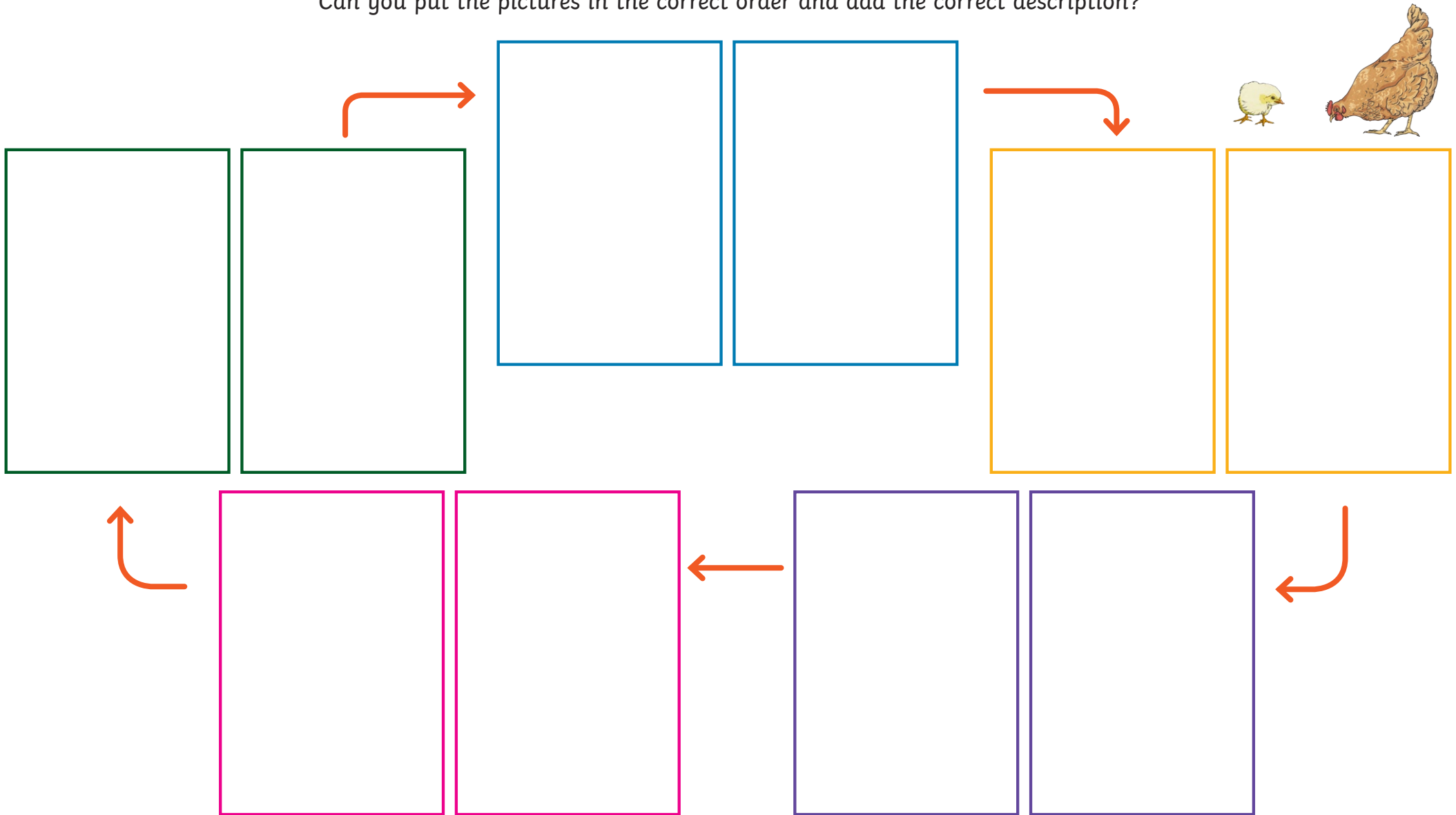
Hen Life Cycle

Can you put the pictures in the correct order and add the correct description underneath?



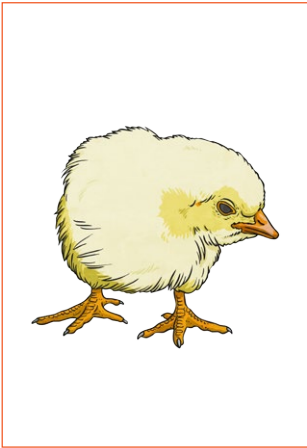
Hen Life Cycle

Can you put the pictures in the correct order and add the correct description?

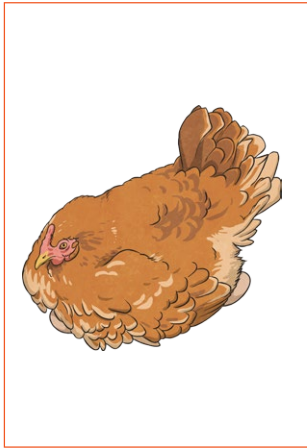


Hen Life Cycle

Cut out the images and descriptions to use with the worksheets.



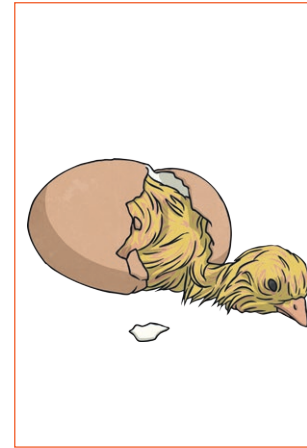
The mother hen lays the egg then sits on it to incubate it. The egg has many tiny holes which lets the air through.



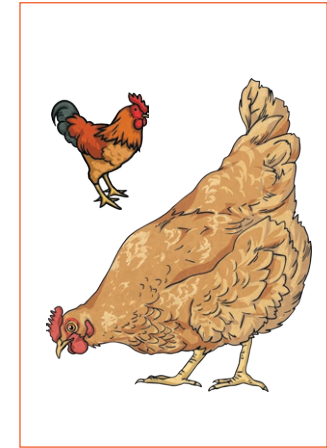
Once hatched, the chick is very tired and wet. As it rests, its feathers dry out and it begins to fluff up.



After 21 days, the chick uses its egg tooth (a small, sharp horn-like bump at the end of its beak) to break through the egg shell. This process is called 'pipping'.



A hen (female) and a cockerel (male) mate and create a fertilised egg.



Soon the chick gets stronger and can stand up and run. The chick then grows up to be either a rooster or a hen.