

GMCA GREATER MANCHESTER COMBINED AUTHORITY

Why LGBTQ+ History?

1988 - 2003 Section 28 had given permission for homophobia, making LGBTQ+ people invisible.



Schools "Shall not intentionally promote homosexuality or publish material with the intention of promoting homosexuality"

LGBTQ+ people and issues were invisible in schools.

Pupils could be reading books by LGBTQ+ authors and never be told!

Teachers that were LGBTQ+ were mostly firmly in the closet.



Key terminology

- Lesbian refers to a woman who has a romantic, emotional and/or sexual orientation towards women. Some non-binary people may also identify with this term.
- Gay refers to a man who has a romantic, emotional and/or sexual orientation towards men. Also a generic term for lesbian and gay sexuality. Some women and non-binary people use this term.
- Bi is an umbrella term used to describe a romantic and/or sexual orientation towards more than one gender.
- Trans is an umbrella term to describe people whose gender is not the same as, or does not sit comfortably with, the sex they were assigned at birth.
- Queer is often used as a more fluid term to describe someone's romantic/sexual/emotional attraction to others and/or their gender identity. Queer has been and still can be used as a slur, others view it as a word that has been reclaimed.
- + is used to express the inclusion of the broad range of identities held by people within the community, e.g. asexual

He/Him. She/her. They/Them.

Some people don't feel like traditional gender pronouns (she/her, he/him) fit their gender identities.

Trans, non-binary, gender fluid, and other gender-variant people may choose different pronouns for themselves.

It normalises discussions about gender.

A conversation that benefits everyone.

But first and foremost it welcomes everyone to our service.

Use of Pronouns

Ask. Don't assume.

Normalizing asking for someone's pronouns is important as it helps trans and non-binary people everywhere!



GMCA GREATER MANCHESTER

COMBINED

AUTHORITY

Equal adoption rights for same gender couples **2002**

Equality Act in England Scotland and Wales **2010** Gender Recognition Act 2004 Age of consent for gay and bi men equalised 2001



Equal Marriage England and Wales 2013

Decriminalisation of consensual 'homosexual acts' between men in England and Wales 1967

Education:

In 2021, among LGBTQ+ young people 47% said their experience being LGBT+ at school or college was good. 41% said their experience was neutral.

Higher education students intend to be more open, increasing from 64% at school or college to an expected 82% at university or college.

Feelings of uncertainty account for 13% of students, how open they will be as they take the next step into higher education.

We hope that doing presentations like this one in schools will improve the above figures.





Stepping up as an Ally

This Month I will

Going forward I will



Some Tips

□ Introduce your self with pronouns.

- □ Talk openly about current topics.
- Challenge any derogative comments or banter.
- Listen: If a friends or family want to talk about LGBTQ+ issues, or concerns, be clear you will support them.
- **Explain** why equality and inclusion is important to you.
- Recognise and celebrate diversity, look at ways to be more inclusive.



External Networks

biphoria

bisexual space and voice since 1994



Lesbian Gay Bisexual Trans History Month













Transforum Manchester

Inclusivity in the Fire Service

All employees will:

Create a positive and inclusive working environment where the diversity of our workforce is embraced.

- Create an environment whereby inappropriate behaviour and language is challenged and not accepted.
- Challenge inappropriate behaviour in a respectful manner that fosters good relationships by educating and informing if appropriate.
- Use appropriate and inclusive language.
- Treat everyone with respect and value differences.
- Be a positive role model and ally.
- Raise awareness of and promote Staff Networks: LGBT and Allies, BAME, Women's and Dis-Ability to colleagues.

Rainbow (LGBTQI+) Network

8 stripe rainbow lanyard

The fire service have included the black and brown stripe to our rainbow lanyards.

The additional stripes represent LGBT+ people of colour, who can often be over looked within the LGBT+ community.

So much has happened since then. A lot of good, but there's more we can do. Especially when it comes to recognising people of colour in the LGBT+ community and beyond.

The expansion of the colours to include black and brown may seem like a small step, but together we can make big strides toward a truly inclusive community.



Remember....

Be you, Be Happy, Be Kind

