M1.		(i)	conduction, convection answer can be in either order1		
	(ii)	tra	ps (lots of) air do not accept heat is trapped in the fibre	1	
		air	is a (good) insulator or poor conductor	1	
M2.		(a)	any three from: ignore reference to skewer		
		•	(air) particles / molecules / atoms gain energy		
		•	(air) particles / molecules / atoms move faster		
			do not accept move more do not accept move with a bigger amplitude / vibrate more		
		•	(air) particles / molecules / atoms move apart		
		•	air expands		
			do not accept particles expand air becomes less dense		
		•	warm / hot air rises do not accept heat rises		
			if credit is to be given for answers in terms of particles it must be clear they are air particles not gas particles	3	
	/ b.\	conduction			
	(b)	COI	accept conductor	1	
	(c) any one from:				
		•	temperature of the potato do not accept heat for temperature		
		•	temperature of the surroundings / room / surface / atmosphere accept how hot the potato / room is		
		•	size / mass / weight / volume of the potato		
		•	shape of the potato		
		•	surface area of the potato potato cut open insufficient		
		•	nature of the surface of the notato		

[3]

		in a draught		
		type of potato		
		whether the skewers are left in or taken out	1	
	(d)	(foil) reflects heat (back towards potato) reduces heat loss is insufficient do not accept reflects hot air		
		or (foil) is a poor emitter (of heat radiation) accept reduces / stops heat loss by radiation do not accept heat is trapped	1	[6]
М3.		(a) ions / electrons gain (kinetic) energy accept atom / particles / molecules for ion accept ions vibrate faster accept ions vibrate with a bigger amplitude accept ions vibrate more do not accept ions move faster	1	
		(free) electrons transfer energy by collision with ions or energy transferred by collisions between vibrating ions	1	
	(b)	move faster or take up more space do not accept start to move / vibrate	1	
		(warmer) water expands or becomes less dense (than cooler water) do not accept answers in terms of particles expanding	1	
		warm water rises (through colder water) or colder water falls to take its place	1	
	(c)	transfer of energy by waves / infrared (radiation) accept rays for waves do not accept transfer of energy by electromagnetic waves ignore reference to heat	1	
			-	[6]

type of surface it is placed on