Unit – Revision

Which of these is the normal body temperature for a child a. 32* b. 34.5* c. 36.9* d. 38.3*	A child who has asthma has blue lips and is finding it difficult to breathe. The early years worker should FIRST a. Tell the child to sit down b. Call an ambulance c. Put the child in the recovery position d. Rub the child gently on the back
An early years worker in a nursery is concerned about a child with a burn mark on the chest. The child does not want to say what happened. The early years worker should a. Ask the parents how the burn happened b. Tell the manager at the setting c. Phone social services d. Wait and see if the child comes again with another mark	Rubella is the medical term for which disease a. Chicken pox b. Scarlet fever c. Food poisoning d. German Measles
A child is vomiting and complains of a headache and a stiff neck. These are all symptoms of a. Whooping cough b. Meningitis c. Chicken pox d. mumps What is the other name for whooping	List three signs that might suggest the physical abuse of a child Why is it important for early years
cough	workers to follow the child protection procedures of the setting
Suggest two activities that would be suitable for a child who is resting in b ed	Arching of the back in babies is a sign of which disease

Unit – Revision

How might children's behaviour change when they are unwell	Why is it important to make sure that children who have asthma are given the correct inhaler
Explain what an early years worker should do if a child talks to her about being abused	Explain the measures that early years workers should take in order to prevent cross infection when caring for a child who is unwell
Why is it important to keep records when looking after children who are unwell	Now complete one of the posters below.
Poster to show about recognising their role in protecting children from abuse	Recognising the signs of a child feeling unwell
Poster to inform staff what they should do if a child has an asthma attack	How to prevent cross infection