

USWORTH COLLIERY PRIMARY SCHOOL

YEAR 1

KEY SKILLS, KNOWLEDGE & UNDERSTANDING CURRICULUM COVERAGE 2021-2022

Key Skills, Knowledge and Understanding

SCIENCE

Year 1	Working Scientifically
& 2	 Explore the world around them and raise their own simple questions . Experience different types of science enquiries, including practical activities . (c) Begin to recognise and make suggestions of different ways in which they might answer scientific questions Use their senses and simple equipment to make observations, observing changes over time. Carry out simple tests Use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and decide how to sort and group them Ask people questions and use simple secondary sources to find answers With guidance, they should begin to notice patterns and relationships and use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to further questions Use simple measurements and simple equipment (e.g. hand lenses, egg timers) to gather data Record simple data (using charts, tables, pictures, labels and captions). To explain and talk about what they have found out and how they found it out. Beginning to answer some scientific questions with a simple reason. Begin to say whether things happened as they expected and if not why not. With help, they should record and communicate their findings in a range of ways and begin to use simple scientific vocabulary (written, diagrams, charts, pictures, tables, ICT and verbally

Year 1	Animals and Humans
	 Identify and label parts of the human body Identify and name which part of the body is associated with each sense. Identify and name a variety of common animals (including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds, invertebrates and mammals) Name some common domestic and wild animals and the differences between them Compare bodies of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets). Identify and name a variety of animals based on what they eat (carnivores, herbivores and omnivores). Sort and group animals based on how they are different, (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets).
	 Materials- everyday Name and identify a variety of everyday materials (including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rubber and rock) Identify an object from the material it is made. Describe a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials based on their simple properties
	 Seasonal change Name the four seasons Observe and describe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons Observe and describe how day length varies across the seasons
	 Plants Identify and describe the basic parts of a flowering plant Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants Identify and name the basic structure of trees Identify and sort deciduous and evergreen trees

GEOGRAPHY

WHOLE SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY OVERVIEW

When teaching each geographical area, the five key geographical skills must be taught for each one.

- Map skills
- Fieldwork
- Building a sense of place (physical and human features)
- Enquiry/Using sources
- Environment

For each location children will learn about and compare some or all of the following geographical themes.

- Land use / settlement
- Weather and climate
- Lifestyle and culture
- Sustainability and environment
- Trade/economy (KS2)

THE FIRST LESSON IN ANY TOPIC MUST SET THE CONTEXT BY FOCUSING ON IDENTIFYING WHERE IN THE WORLD THE PLACE IS, WHAT CONTINENT IT IS ON, WHAT SEAS SURROUND IT, WHAT THE CAPITAL AND MAJOR CITIES ARE AND WHAT THE CULTURE IS LIKE IN THAT LOCATION.

Year 1

<u>Autumn</u>

Where I live - Sulgrave/Concord/Washington

Spring

Canada and the Arctic Circle - Is it the same where Miss Brown grew up?

Summer

Spain - Does the rain in Spain really only fall on the plains?

ſ	Year 1	Objectives should be taught and revisited in each topic.
		Sense of Place
		 Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns
		 Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and poles.
		 Understand the difference between human and physical features.
		 Identify human features of a place using vocabulary from the vocab list.
		 Identify physical features using the vocab list
		Understand that land can be used for different things (fields, houses etc.)
		Make simple comparisons of human and physical features in different places with support.
		Identify the differences between towns and cities.
		Map Skills
		 Follow simple directions (up/down, left/right, forwards/backwards)
		Use the vocabulary of North and South
		Have experience of using maps and plan views of locations.
		 Attempt to make own maps of real or imaginary places.
		Use a simple picture map/atlas to locate some places.
		Fieldwork
		 Investigate their surroundings and express what they like/dislike about the area.
		 Make observations about where things are (around school and in local area)
		Draw simple features that they have observed.
		 Use a camera to record and label what they have seen (colours, objects, textures etc.)
		Geographical Enquiry/Using Sources
		 Use information books and pictures as sources of information about a location.
		 Use given resources and own observations to respond to closed questions about a location.
		 With support, ask own questions about a locality.
		Environment
		 Understand that humans can have a negative impact on the environment – litter
		 Suggest simple ways humans can help save the environment – recycling, putting litter in bins
		• With support, give simple examples of how the local environment has been affected by human activity.

HISTORY

WHOLE SCHOOL HISTORY OVERVIEW

When teaching each historical era, the 7 key history skills must be taught for each one.

- Constructing the Past
- Sequencing the Past/Chronology
- Continuity and Change
- Cause and Effect
- Significance and Interpretation
- Historical Enquiry
- Using Sources as Evidence

In each era children will learn about and compare some or all of the following historical themes

- Achievements (scientific and cultural)
- Housing and architecture
- Society (politics and class)
- Food Farming and Trade
- Entertainment
- Beliefs
- Weapons and warfare

THE FIRST LESSON IN ANY TOPIC MUST SET THE CONTEXT FOR THAT HISTORICAL ERA – HOW DOES IT COMPARE TO PREVIOUS TOPICS LEARNT, WHAT WAS LIFELIKE IN THE PLACE BEFORE THIS ERA BEGAN ETC.

Year 1	Are Playstations more fun than my grandparent's toys?
	Changes within living memory: When my great grandparents were young - toys
Autumn	1. Achievements (scientific and cultural) Changes in technology in last 50 years
	2. Entertainment Toys and technology, recreational activities
	Constructing the Past
	 Identify that events have happened in the past – I was born, I started school, Last Christmas etc.
	• Identify that things from the past might be different to those today – e.g. houses, cars, games etc.
	Sequencing the Past/Chronology
	Identify that events from the past may have occurred over a greater period than their lifetime. How
	long were grandparents at school for? How long have parents/teachers been married (not to each
	other) etc.
	• With support, sequence artefacts in chronological order – toys, technology, fashion etc.
	Continuity and Change
	• Identify that changes have happened in history that have had an impact on our lives - How was life
	different now to when your grandparents were 6?
	• Identify that some things have stayed the same – grandparents all went to school in the past; they
	all had similar lessons.
	Historical Enquiry
	 Ask simple questions about the past on events within or beyond living memory. Guided enquiries using knowledge from topic.
	Begin to identify some ways that we can find out about the past – stories, pictures, objects
	Using Sources as Evidence
	• Understand that items can tell us about a person or an event. – Family photographs, heirlooms etc.
	Begin to make reasoned interpretations about why certain artefacts/objects belong to certain people
	or events - clothing, housing etc. (sorting artefacts/toys into 'what did my teacher play with? what
	did her parents play with and what their grandparents play with?)

Year 1	Why do we remember the 5 th November?
	Significant event: Significant historical event – Gunpowder Plot 1605
Spring	1. Housing and architecture Houses of Parliament cellars basements etc.
	2. Society (politics and class) Parliament: Catholic attempt to remove Protestant monarchy
	3. Beliefs Catholic Protestant
	4. Weapons and warfare Gunpowder fireworks and firework safety
	Constructing the Past
	 Identify that events have happened in the past – attempt to blow up parliament
	 Identify that things from the past might be different to those today – e.g. weapons, houses, fashion, cities etc. Absolute power pf monarch.
	Sequencing the Past/Chronology
	 Identify that events from the past may have occurred over a greater period than their lifetime. – length of monarch's rule etc.
	 Identify that events and changes have happened in order and sequence events in chronological order – order of the gunpowder plot timeline
	 Identify that there have been different periods of time – Tudors, Victorians, 20th C etc.
	Continuity and Change
	 Identify that changes have happened in history that have had an impact on our lives What was different when Guy Fawkes was around? What would happen if someone tried it now? Would they be burned? Could you get under parliament that easily now?
	 Identify that some things have stayed the same - There was a monarch in Guy Fawkes time and we have one now, there was a parliament and there is now etc.
	Cause and Effect
	 Identifying that certain events have had major consequences in history. Guy Fawkes was burned. Effect on religion – Catholics? Dangers of gunpowder realised – firework safety.
	 Identify some people whose actions have had major consequences in history.
	Significance and Interpretation
	Begin to identify why certain people/events are significant in history.
	Recognise that we celebrate significant events that happened a long time ago – Bonfire night
	Historical Enquiry
	 Ask simple questions about the past on events within or beyond living memory. Guided enquiries using knowledge from topic.
	Begin to identify some ways that we can find out about the past – stories, pictures, objects
	Using Sources as Evidence
	• Understand that items can tell us about someone or something. –. Guy Fawkes barrels, clothes etc.
	 Begin to make reasoned interpretations about why certain artefacts/objects belong to certain people or events – clothing, housing etc.

Year 1	Who was the 'father' of our railways?
	Significant people from history- George Stephenson
Summer	1. Achievements (scientific and cultural) Invention of his Steam Engine (Rocket)
	2. Housing and architecture – Railway stations
	3. Food Farming and Trade – people were now able to travel
	Constructing the Past
	 Identify that events have happened in the past
	 Identify that things from the past might be different to those today – e.g. transport
	Sequencing the Past/Chronology
	 Identify that events and changes have happened in order and attempt to sequence events in chronological order – different modes of transport
	 Identify that there have been different periods of time, which have happened in a specific order – Tudors, Victorians, 20th C etc.
	Sequence 3 or 4 artefacts or events from distinctly different periods of time. (modes of transport)
	Continuity and Change
	 Identify that changes have happened in history that have had an impact on our lives – How was life different before trains were invented? How did it change life for the average person? Identify that some things have stayed the same – People wanted to move around. People needed to sell their goods etc.
	Cause and Effect
	 Identifying that certain events have had major consequences in history – George Stephenson's developments led to national railways etc. Whole country became more accessible.
	 Identify some people whose actions have had major consequences in history. Significance and Interpretation
	 Begin to identify why certain people/events are significant in history – achievements, impact etc. Identify why some individuals are significant both locally and nationally – George Stephenson – growth of the area, growth of railways nationally etc.
	Historical Enquiry
	 Ask simple questions about the past on events within or beyond living memory - Guided enquiries using knowledge from topic.
	 Begin to identify some ways that we can find out about the past – stories, pictures, objects
	Using Sources as Evidence
	• Begin to make reasoned interpretations about why some artefacts belong to certain people or eras.
	 Understand that items can tell us about someone or something. – George Stephenson's suitcase.

ICT

Year 1	Programming
	Give simple instructions one at a time using left, right, forwards and backwards.
	Put two instructions together to control a toy.
	• As part of a group, plan, predict and test an algorithm by giving a sequence of instruction.
	Use a simple on-screen simulations of real life activities.
	Handling Data
	 Enter information into a template to make a graph/ pictogram.
	 Talk about the results shown on a graph to answer simple questions.
	Create a pictogram by entering data in a graphing package.
	Use my pictogram to answer simple questions.
	Sort and classify information on screen by two criteria.
	E-communication
	• Recognise what an email address looks like and can use the @ key to type an email address.
	Join in sending a class email.
	Send my own simple message using the internet.
	Key Skills
	Record my ideas using a keyboard.
	Make simple sentences on screen, using a word bank
	Change the colour, size and/or font.
	Use peripherals to move around my work.
	Copy and paste a picture from the internet using right click.
	Save and load content by using single and double click.
	Multimedia Production
	Combine text & images in simple program.
	Record a sound and play it back.
	Use simple paint tools, brushes, colour-fill and palette.
	Add stamps or clipart to create a scene.
	Using the internet
	Use pre-chosen sites to find information and answer simple questions.
	Use activities on the internet to learn something new.
	Aware that the Internet holds information on web pages.
	E-safety
	Recognise advertising on websites and learn to ignore it.
	• Follow the school rules when being online and using technology.
	• Know that personal information should not be shared online.
	Know how to report something bad that I find online.
	• Understand what cyber bullying is and what to do if it happens.

MUSIC

Year	Performing
1	Use my voice to speak/sing/chant.
	Join in with singing.
	Use instruments to perform.
	Look at my audience when they are performing.
	Clap short rhythmic patterns.
	Copy sounds.
	Follow instructions about when to play and sing.
	Composing
	•Make different sounds with my voice.
	•Make different sounds with instruments.
	•Identify changes in sounds.
	•Repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns.
	•Make a sequence of sounds.
	Appraising
	•Say how a piece of music makes me feel.
	•Say whether they like or dislike a piece of music.
	•Recognise repeated patterns.
	Follow instructions about when to play or sing
	Recognise long and short sounds.

ART

Year 1	Drawing
	Communicate something about themselves in my drawing.
	Create moods in my drawings.
	Draw using pencil and crayons.
	 Draw lines of different shapes and thickness, using 2 different grades of pencil.
	Painting
	 Communicate something about themselves in my painting.
	Create moods in my paintings.
	Choose to use thick and thin brushes as appropriate.
	Paint a picture of something I can see.
	Name the primary and secondary colours.
	Printing
	Print with sponges, vegetables and fruit.
	Print onto paper and textile.
	Create a repeating pattern
	Textiles/ 3D
	Sort threads and fabrics.
	Group fabrics and threads by colour and texture.
	Weave with fabric and thread.
	Add texture by using tools.
	Make different kinds of shapes.
	 Cut, roll and coil materials such as clay, dough or plasticine.
	Collage
	Cut and tear paper and card for my collages.
	Gather and sort the materials I will need.
	Use of it
	Use a simple painting program to create a picture.
	 Use tools like fill and brushes in a painting package.
	Go back and change my picture.
	Knowledge
	Describe what I can see and like in the work of another artist/craft maker/designer.
	Ask sensible questions about a piece of art.

DT

Year 1	Developing, planning & communicating ideas
	Think of some ideas of my own.
	Explain what they want to do and how it works.
	Use pictures and words to plan.
	Design a product which moves.
	Evaluating processes & products
	Describe how something works.
	Talk about my own work and things that other people have done
	Working with tools, equipment, materials & components
	Explain what I am making.
	Choose and explain which tools are being used.
	Make their model stronger.
	Textiles
	Describe how different textiles feel.
	Make a product from textiles by gluing.
	Electrical & mechanical components
	• I can make a product which moves.
	Cut materials using scissors.
	Describe the materials using different words.
	Say why I have chosen moving parts.
	Join materials together as part of a moving product.
	Add some kind of design to my product.
	Use of materials
	Make a structure/model using different materials.
	Work is tidy.
	Make my model stronger if it needs to be.
	Construction
	Talk with others about how I want to construct my product.
	Select appropriate resources and tools for my building projects.
	• Make simple plans before making objects, e.g. drawings, arranging pieces of construction before building.

RE

Year 1	Knowledge & Understanding of Religion
	 Recognise and name features of religious life.
	Recall religious stories.
	Recognise religious symbols.
	 Recognise other verbal and visual forms of religious expression.
	Critical Thinking
	 Talk about what they find interesting or puzzling.
	 Talk about what is of value and concern to themselves.
	 Talk about what is of value and concern to others.
	Personal Reflection
	 Reflect on their own feelings, ideas and values.

PSHCE

Me and My Relationships
 Name a variety of different feelings and explain how these might make me behave.
 Think of some different ways of dealing with 'not so good' feelings
• Give a wide range of examples of how to deal with some of the 'not so good' feelings and how to help others to
do this.
 Know when I need help and who to go to for help.
 Know a range of classroom rules and explain why we have them.
Valuing Difference
 Describe ways in which people are similar as well as different.
 Explain why things sometimes seem unfair, even if they are not.
Keeping Myself Safe
 Describe different feelings that I have and how my body behaves when I have them.
• Understand what I can do if I have strong, but not so good feelings, to help me stay safe (e.g. sad - talk to
someone).
 Give examples of how I keep myself healthy.
• Explain when medicines might be harmful (e.g. overdose, if not needed, another person's medicine, etc.)
Rights and Responsibilities
 Give examples of how I look after myself and my environment - at school or at home.
 Describe some ways that we look after money.
Being my Best
 Recognise what I can do if I find something difficult
• Know why certain foods are healthy and why it's important to eat at least five portions of vegetables/fruit a day.
Growing and Changing
 identify an adult I can talk to at both home and school if I need help.
 Describe things I can do now that I couldn't do when I was a baby and a toddler
 Describe things that I can do now that I couldn't do last year and some things that I am still learning to do.
 Name some body parts which are inside my body and some which are outside.
 Know what some of my body parts do