Section 5

The Anger Whirlwind

Helping children to deal with anger positively

The Anger Whirlwind

Aim:

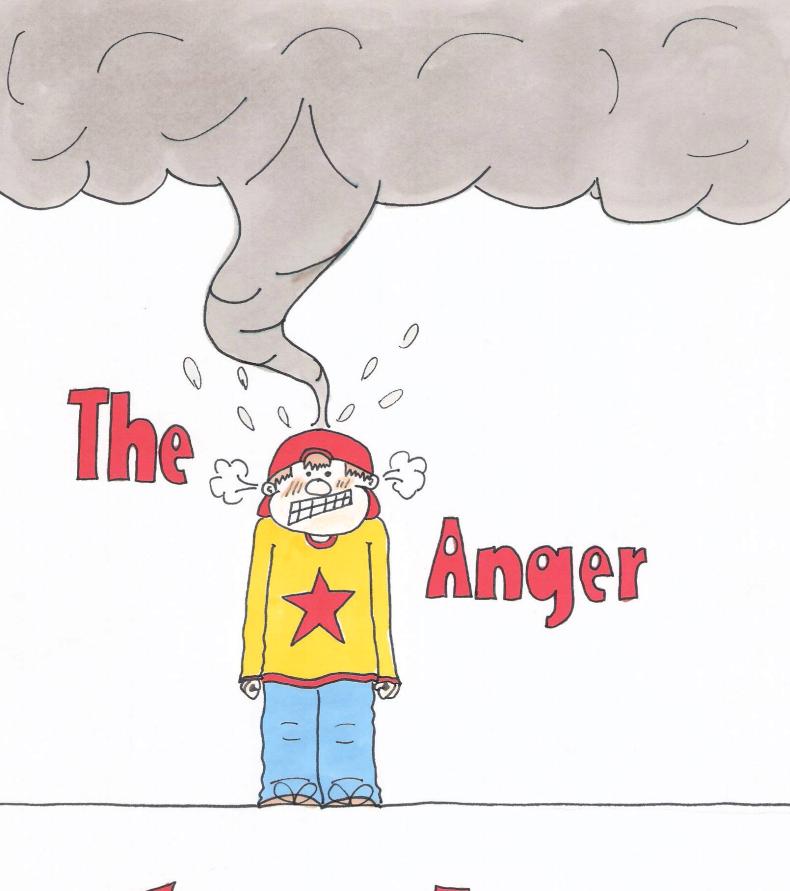
The aim of this section is to help children understand how the emotion of anger affects them as an individual.

It is important for children to understand that it is normal to feel angry if we have suffered an injustice - everyone does.

Therefore, it is not anger that is negative. However, some of the ways we react when we are angry can be.

The final aim of the section is to help children to understand the difference between a state of calm and a state of anger, and to explore the most productive ways for the child to calm down.

Notes:	



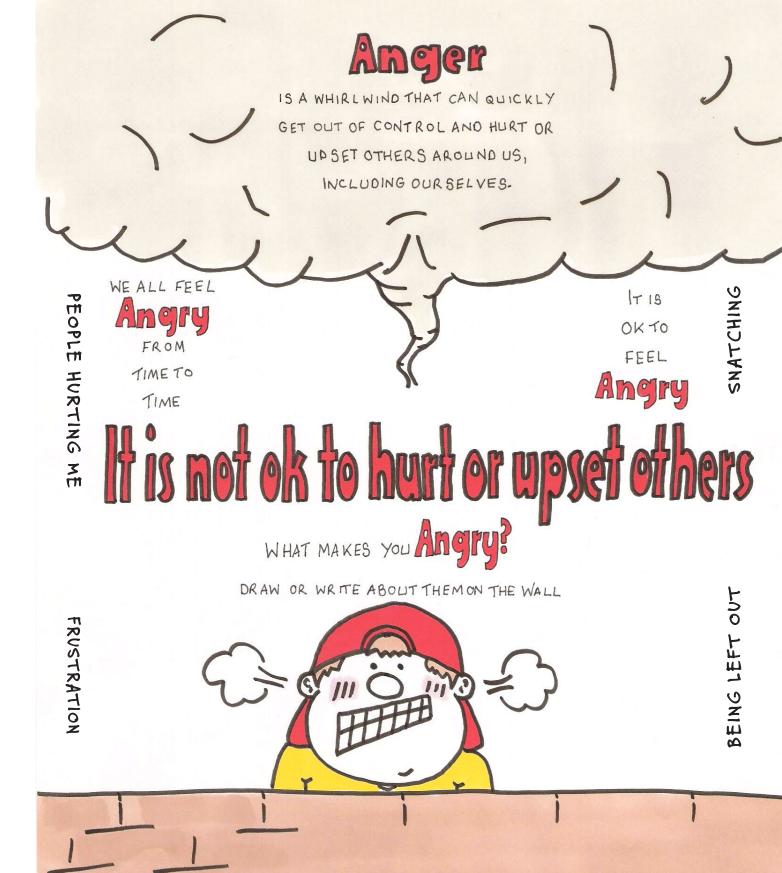
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Guidelines for using 'Anger'

The most important thing to convey to children while completing this worksheet is that anger is not a negative emotion. Everyone has the right to feel angry if they have suffered an injustice. It is what you do with your anger that determines whether it becomes a negative force. Indeed, many influential people only hold the position they do because they have got angry about their situation and channelled this anger positively to achieve success. It may be useful to discuss this fact with the child, using well-known people to illustrate this point.

The second part of the worksheet asks children to identify triggers to their own anger. There are examples of such triggers written around the edge of the worksheet. These can be used to stimulate the child's thoughts about their own triggers. In order to illustrate that anger is a 'normal' and natural emotion, it may be useful to let the child know that at least some of these triggers would be a potential trigger for you too.

Notes:			



NAME CALLING

PEOPLE BLAMING ME

Guidelines for using 'Calming the Whirlwind!'

This worksheet helps children to become aware that calming strategies help prevent anger from becoming a negative emotion. They allow the 'whirlwind' to stop getting out of control by giving their mind a chance to calm down and think clearly about positive ways to respond and channel their anger. Again, there are ideas acround the edge of the worksheet to help stimulate the child's thoughts about calming strategies. Some children will have no ideas at this point, so you may have to do a lot of directing.

It may also be useful to practise some of these strategies during the session with the child in order for them to become 'real' and to see how these skills work for them. Finding which skill works best may not occur during the session. It is more likely that children will develop this over time as they gain experience of using the skills in 'real-life' situations. As such it is important that the issues discussed in this worksheet are revisited.

colming the whirlwimes

COUNT BACKWARDS FROM 10



CAN YOU THINK OF WAYS TO



DOWN WHEN YOU GET

Angry?

Write them in the whirlwind.

DIFFERENT
WAYS OF
BOWN WORK
DOWN WORK
OFFERENT
OFFERENT
OFFERENT
OFFIND THE
ONE THAT WORKS
FOR YOU!

SIT IN A QUIET PLACE

TAKE DEEP BREATHS

DRAW A PICTURE

LISTEN TO MUSIC

Guidelines for using 'Calming Strategies'

This worksheet helps children to identify the differences between a state of calm and a state of anger. Children may not be able to identify the differences easily and, if so, it may be useful to try to induce a state of calm in the child.

This can be achieved by asking him or her to sit back in a chair with eyes closed and think about a happy experience while taking deep breaths.

Once the child has done this for a while, ask him or her to try to identify what is happening to the body. You could ask the child how his or her body will feel when angry by contrasting it with this feeling of being calm.

Notes:	



Colming STRATEGIES HELDS GET RID OF

YOU KNOW WHEN YOU ARE

SOUND AGAIN
BECAUSE YOUR BODY TELLS YOU.

WHEN YOU ARE	Salm
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YOU BREATHE SLOWLY

YOUR MUSCLES ARE RELAXED

Your body also tells you when you are getting

Angry



WHEN YOU BECOME AMGITY

YOU GREATHE QUICKLY

YOUR MUSCLES ARE TENSE

Know how to Salm my



Transferring Skills

It is important that all significant adults in the child's life are aware of the skills that are being learnt and the language used. These significant adults will then be able to remind the child of the skills if a 'real-life' situation dictates this.

opportunities to practise the skills learned within this section are essential in order to allow the child to become proficient in these skills and explore which ones work best for them.

Rewards (even for trying to use the skills) will allow the child to feel confident and motivated to use and practice these skills.

Notes:	