Skill taught and		Application of Skills and Knowledge							
Curriculum link		Year 3	Year 4	Year 5					
Project/Aim		 Christmas packaging Smoothie Nightlight 	 Money containers Savoury Muffins Pop-up book 	1. Shelters 2. Biscuits 3. Alarms					
 Design Research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design 	Skill	 Design a package for a purpose aimed at a particular group of their choosing, considering font, colour, size Joining techniques for 3D packages and models e.g. tabs Children to consider the main stages in making and testing before assembling high quality products 	 Design a money collectors and design pattern according to target market. Design a savoury muffin using rationed ingredients. Design a pop-up book. Generate realistic ideas and their own design criteria through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user. Use annotated sketches and prototypes to develop, model and communicate ideas. 	 Use research to develop a design specification for a functional product that responds automatically to chan in the environment. Take account of constraints includint time, resources and cost. Communicate ideas through annota sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams Designing a flapjack for a purpose – who is it for, how will it appeal to its target audience ect. Reviewing and investigating existing products (flapjacks, alarm systems, shelters) to enable them to design to own How to draw cross sections (Bake O Style!) of their flapjacks to show the internal view of their flapjack Creating prototypes 					
	Knowledge & Vocabulary	 Understanding of 2D nets and 3D shapes Measurement and units of measure Know the names and flavours of different fruit Understand of how electricity travels 	 Know what a target market is. Know how to interview. Know how to sample previous products. 	 Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional produ Create and modify a computer control program to enable an electrical product or work automatically in response to changes in the environment. What different audiences look for in product and how can the children m the needs of their audience Why pre-existing products have cert elements/features that the children incorporate Understanding when it is appropriated draw a cross-section (when what is the inside is important) Reflecting on the importance of prototypes for any product 					

	Year 6						
	1. Slippers						
	2. Hot Cross Buns						
	3. Fairground Ride						
ct nges ated of s - s their Dff e	 Investigate manufacture of slippers and methods of construction used (glue, sewing) Generate innovative designs Generate questionnaire to inform design Measuring parts of foot and combining into design Communicate ideas through labelled drawings Investigation of types of slippers, purpose, target audience and materials used. Investigate fairground rides and how movement is produced. Tasting Hot cross buns and investigating yeast 						
uct. trol iduct co n a neet rtain n can	 Creating template for material Creating a design drawing and model of slipper Create a recipe for Hot Cross buns Create a plan for a model fairground driven by a motorised pulley system with a labelled drawing 						
te to on							

 Make Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities 	Skill	 Create a prototype using measured squared paper of their design Building and constructing 3D containers using and connecting tabs to secure their structure made from card Cutting fruit using knives and food shape-cutters into shapes and pieces they have designed Using blenders to blend and liquefy fruits Circuits construction 	 Savoury Muffins – cooking using cookery equipment and specific measures. Money container – make wallet using a variety of materials and practice skill of sewing. Pop-up Book – make a targeted pop-up relevant to their selected story (becoming paper engineers). Plan the main stages of making. Select and use a range of appropriate tools with some accuracy e.g. cutting, joining and finishing. Select fabrics and fastenings according to their functional characteristics e.g. strength, and aesthetic qualities e.g. pattern. Select from and use appropriate tools with some accuracy to cut, shape and join paper and card. Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 	 Using knowledge of our topic in English to think about what cultural and structural existing examples they have seen – how have they considered these What structures are and how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. Know famous inventors who developed ground-breaking electrical systems and components. Research key events and individuals relevant to frame structures. Using appropriate ingredients for a flapjack and understanding how to make flapjacks efficiently and effectively in the classroom environment. Construction materials and how they could find an appropriate alternative to use in the classroom Using equipment which requires a high level of safety – microwave, saw, scissors 	 Construct a pair of slippers that fit Create a detailed list of tools and materials Assemble a working fairground model driven by electric pulley system Bake a tray of Hot Cross buns following a recipe
	Knowledge & Vocabulary	Opaque, translucent, transparent elements of their structure	 Know how to use certain equipment (and safely). Know what ingredients work in a wet dough. Know how to thread a needle. Know how to un-pick thread. Know how to tie a knot. Know which stitch to use. Know how to fold paper to form a desired shape. Know how to lay out pages effectively (writing, pictures and pop-up) 	 Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification. How to use kitchen utensils and equipment safely Most effective and efficient ways of joining materials for their shelters – considering how this would work outside and precautions which would need to take place. Shaped frames – what and why? 	 To select the correct stitch for joining and decorating Selecting appropriate materials for task Create a switch that will stop and possibly change movement Use knowledge of yeast for effective proving Work hygienically to avoid germs
Evaluate	Skill	• Evaluate their packaging- is it fit for purpose? Is it similar to their initial	Evaluate WWW and EBI	Critically evaluate their products against their design specification,	 Evaluate material used in slipper making

 Investigate and analyse a range of existing products Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape 	•	 design, did they need to make changes? Why? Fruit smoothie testing – self evaluated taste test against their design criteria. Evaluate aesthetics, taste and design. 		 Children to compare and contrast with peers. Taste tests and taste diagram. Colouring in relevant statements, which apply to their product. Evaluate their own products and ideas against criteria and user needs, as they design and make. 		 intended user and purpose, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Reviewing their own products against existing products Giving feedback to others in the class against the criteria to enable children to receive/give instant feedback for improvements and reflections 		Evaluate different Hot Cross buns for taste Evaluate how a pulley system creates a horizontal or vertical motion
the world	Knowledge & Vocabulary		•	Learn how to be critical. Think of positively of constructive criticism. Think of changes that could improve a product for future. Analytical mind-set.	•	Children to self-assess and peer assess on a range of criteria – aesthetic appeal, taste (flapjacks), effectiveness, meeting the needs of its audience Enabling to take on constructive criticism and incorporating this into future work Compared to existing products, is it successful? Research key events and individuals relevant to frame structures.	•	Evaluate product against original design Evaluate functionality and fitness for purpose Ingredients suitable for use in Hot cross buns Create model pulley systems and circuits
 Technical Knowledge Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures. Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products 	Skill	Reinforcing 3D packaging to hold contents Using different chopping/cutting methods to safely cut fruits		Sewing Paper engineers Cooking	•	Use research to develop a design specification for a functional product that responds automatically to changes in the environment. Take account of constraints including time, resources and cost. Communicate ideas through annotated sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams Designing a flapjack for a purpose – who is it for, how will it appeal to its target audience ect. Reviewing and investigating existing products (flapjacks, alarm systems, shelters) to enable them to design their own How to draw cross sections (Bake Off Style!) of their flapjacks to show the internal view of their flapjack Creating prototypes	•	Sewing a range of stitches Gluing – use of glue gun Measuring Cutting Kneading & proving in baking Materials that conduct Electrical circuit construction How to strengthen structures and materials Use of glue gun safely Using copydex glue using correct instructions to maintain strength
	Knowledge & Vocabulary	Circuits and flow of electricity Children know the purpose of the battery-powered products that they will be designing and making and who they will be for. How to create a switch for their nightlight to operate their bulb		Different types of levers. Different types of pop-ups. Different types of ingredients. Difference types of stitching and fastening. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	•	Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product. Create and modify a computer control program to enable an electrical product to work automatically in response to changes in the environment. What different audiences look for in a product and how can the children meet the needs of their audience	•	Working parts of pulley system and their functions Using a variety of materials to create a working switch within a circuit. Use correct glue appropriately and effectively

				 Why pre-existing products have cere elements/features that the children incorporate Understanding when it is appropriate draw a cross-section (when what is the inside is important) Reflecting on the importance of prototypes for any product Using knowledge of our topic in Eng to think about what cultural and structural existing examples they has seen – how have they considered the what structures are and how they constable. Know famous inventors who develop ground-breaking electrical systems components. Research key events and individual relevant to frame structures.
 Cooking and Nutrition Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet; Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques; Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. 	Skill	 Design a package for a purpose aimed at a particular group of their choosing, considering font, colour, size Cutting fruit using knives and food shape-cutters into shapes and pieces they have designed Using blenders to blend and liquefy fruits Fruit salad testing – self evaluated taste test against their design criteria. Evaluate aesthetics, taste and design. Using different chopping/cutting methods to safely cut fruits 	 Design a savoury muffin using rationed ingredients. Savoury Muffins – cooking using cookery equipment and specific measures. Taste tests and taste diagram. 	 Designing a flapjack for a purpose – who is it for, how will it appeal to it target audience ect. Reviewing and investigating existing flapjacks products to enable them to design their own How to draw cross sections of their flapjacks to show the internal view their flapjack Using appropriate ingredients for a flapjack and understanding how to make flapjacks efficiently and effectively in the classroom environment.
	Knowledge & Vocabulary	 name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet 	 name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet 	 ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flow wholemeal, unleavened, baking soc spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrat protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allerg intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, w beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crum

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- s o	 Tasting Hot cross buns and investigating yeast Bake a tray of Hot Cross buns following a recipe Cutting Kneading & proving in baking
ur, ła, e, on, y, rhisk, ıble	 ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy, intolerance, savoury, source, seasonality utensils, combine, fold, knead, stir, pour, mix, rubbing in, whisk, beat, roll out, shape, sprinkle, crumble

Vocabulary (General)	 user, purpose, design, mode evaluate, prototype, annota sketch, functional, innovativ investigate, label, drawing, f planning, design criteria, an sketch, appealing 	 evaluating, design brief design criteria, innovative, prototype, user, purpose, function, prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief, planning, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations 	 design decisions, functionality, authentic, user, purpose, design specification, design brief, innovative, research, evaluate, design criteria, annotate, evaluate, mock-up, prototype 	 function, innovative, design specification, design brief, user, purpose design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional, mock-up, prototype
Vocabulary (Structure)	 shell structure, three-dimen (3-D) shape, net, cube, cubc prism, vertex, edge, face, let width, breadth, capacity, ma out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble accuracy, material, stiff, stro reduce, reuse, recycle, corru ribbing, laminating, font, let text, graphics, decision, 	 shell structure, three-dimensional (3-D) shape, net, cube, cuboid, prism, vertex, edge, face, length, width, breadth, capacity, marking out, scoring, shaping, tabs, adhesives, joining, assemble, accuracy, material, stiff, strong, reduce, reuse, recycle, corrugating, ribbing, laminating, font, lettering, text, graphics, decision, 	 frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent 	 frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent
Vocabulary (Textiles)	 fabric, names of fabrics, fast compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing techniqu strength, weakness, stiffenin templates, stitch, seam, sea allowance 	 ening, fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing technique, strength, weakness, stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam allowance 	 seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces, name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings, 	 seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces, name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings,
Vocabulary (Mechanisms and mechanical systems)	 mechanism, lever, linkage, p slot, bridge, guide system, in process, output linear, rotar oscillating, reciprocating 	 mechanism, lever, linkage, pivot, slot, bridge, guide system, input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating 	 pulley, drive belt, gear, rotation, spindle, driver, follower, ratio, transmit, axle, motor, circuit, switch, circuit diagram, annotated drawings, exploded diagrams, mechanical system, electrical system, input, process, output 	 pulley, drive belt, gear, rotation, spindle, driver, follower, ratio, transmit, axle, motor, circuit, switch, circuit diagram, annotated drawings, exploded diagrams, mechanical system, electrical system, input, process, output
Vocabulary (Electrical systems)	 series circuit, fault, connectitoggle switch, push-to-make push-to-break switch, batter battery holder, bulb, bulb howire, insulator, conductor, conductor, control, program, syster device, output device 	 series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, ry, older, rocodile m, input series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to- break switch, battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip, control, program, system, input device, output device 	 reed switch, toggle switch, push-to- make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch, light emitting diode (LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit 	 reed switch, toggle switch, push-to- make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch, light emitting diode (LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit

KS1 and KS3 D&T Curriculum	 KS1: Design (start point – cultural capital) *Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria *Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology KS1 Make: *select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] *select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics KS1 Evaluate: *explore and evaluate a range of existing products *evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria KS1 Technical knowledge: * build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable * explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products. 	 KS3 Design: *use research and exploration, such as the study of different of *identify and solve their own design problems and understan *develop specifications to inform the design of innovative, fur variety of situations *use a variety of approaches [for example, biomimicry and use stereotypical responses * develop and communicate design ideas using annotated ske and digital presentations and computer-based tools KS3: Make *Select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, e aided manufacture * select from and use a wider, more complex range of materia properties KS3 Evaluate * analyse the work of past and present professionals and other investigate new and emerging technologies * test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a s and other interested groups * understand developments in design and technology, its imparesponsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists
	KS1 Evaluate: *explore and evaluate a range of existing products *evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria KS1 Technical knowledge: * build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable * explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.	 * select from and use a wider, more complex range of material properties KS3 Evaluate * analyse the work of past and present professionals and other * investigate new and emerging technologies * test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a spand other interested groups * understand developments in design and technology, its imparesponsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists KS3 Technical knowledge: * understand and use the properties of materials and the perforsolutions * understand how more advanced mechanical system force * understand how more advanced electrical and electronic systexample, circuits with heat, light, sound and movement as inpi * apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in and control outputs [for example, actuators], using programma

- cultures, to identify and understand user needs nd how to reformulate problems given to them nctional, appealing products that respond to needs in a
- ser-centred design], to generate creative ideas and avoid
- etches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral
- equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-
- als, components and ingredients, taking into account their
- ers to develop and broaden their understanding
- specification, taking into account the views of intended users
- pact on individuals, society and the environment, and the
- formance of structural elements to achieve functioning ms used in their products enable changes in movement and
- vstems can be powered and used in their products [for puts and outputs]
- in products that respond to inputs [for example, sensors], nable components [for example, microcontrollers].