

# Reading in EYFS and KS1

Rachael Cahill & Laura Frodsham November 2023

### Aims of the Session



- Reading how taught in school
- Reading Framework
- Reading for pleasure
- Reading Pathways
- Knowledge Organisers Y2
- Phonics Scheme primary way pupils taught to read
- Home Reading Scheme and diaries
- Progression grids with key questions

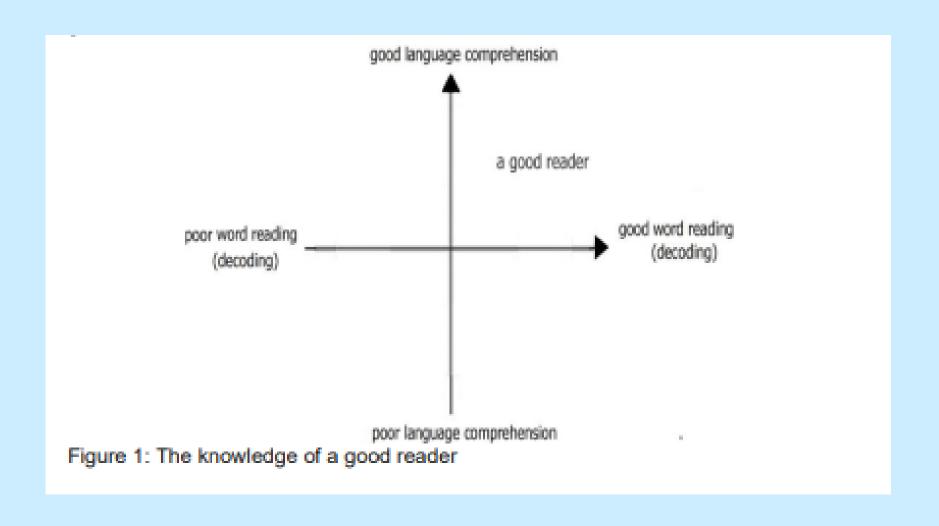
Whole School English Offer



# Reading Framework



### Reading Framework Updated July 23





### Reading Framework Updated July 23

Phonics decoding – reading unfamiliar words, words at a glance, needs to be taught directly

Reading at a glance - free to think about the meaning of what they read. They can then begin to develop their understanding of language through their reading as well as through their listening.

Reading fluency expected levelKS1 – 90 wpm
Reading fluency expected level end of Key Stage 2 – 185 wpm

### Reading Framework Summary EYFS/Year 1

- Early Language opportunities for back and forth talk, Non fiction books, Modelling listening
- Calm environment for reading and writing
- SSP
- Daily rhymes/poems Each year group has a reading spine which the teacher reads for pleasure – see next slide
- SEND extra story session for S&L and communication, daily phonics catch up, new pupils immediately assessed. Those at risk in Reception identified in first 3 weeks.



### Teaching Reading

- Teachers should read to the class for 20 minutes a day, four times a week
- Reading lessons need to create readers, not just pupils who can read
- Texts chosen for reading should include full novels that are read aloud
- Key elements for teaching reading in English lessons are: teacher reading aloud: pupils reading: Teacher modelling and explanations and questioning
- Using 'paired talk' during discussions.

## Class Novels that the teacher reads for

pleasure

	Whatever Next by Jill Murphy Home by Carson Ellis Lullabyhullabaloo by Mick Inkpen A range of picture books	The Three Little Pigs from Revolting Rhymes by Roald Dahl The Three Little Wolves and The Big Bad Pig by Eugene Trivizas There's a pig up my nose by John Dougherty Little Red Riding Hood by Mara Alperin  A range of picture books	You can't take an elephant on the Bus by Patricia Cleveland Peck The train ride by June Crebbin Handa's Surprise By Eileen Brown A range of picture books	Mike Brownlow How I became a Pirate by Melinda Long Commotion in the Ocean by Giles Andreae A range of picture books	Crab by Eric Carle Commotion in the Ocean by Giles Andreae A range of picture books	Tullet Through the Magic Mirror By Anthony Browne The Cat in the Hat by Dr.Suess A range of picture books
Year 1	Penguins (Usborne) by Emily Bone Zoo-ology by Joelle Jolivet The Gorilla by Anthony Brown The Highway Rat by Julia Donaldson The Twits by Roald Dahl	Goldilocks and the three bears by Emma Chichester Clark Little Red Riding Hood and Jack and the Beanstalk texts The Gruffalo by Julia Donaldson Where the wild things are by Maurice Sendak	How to be a lion by Ed Vere The tiger who came to tea by Judith Kerr Mog the forgetful cat by Judith Kerr Zoo-ology by Joelle Jolivet The Owl who was Afraid of the Dark By	Lost in the Toy Museum by David Lucas Woolly Mammoth by Mick Manning How to Wash a Woolly Mammoth by Michelle Robinson and Kate Hindley A Great Big Cuddle by Michael Rosen	The Sea Book by Charlotte Milner Mr Majekia by Humphrey Carpenter (chapter book)	The Enchanted Wood by Enid Blyton (chapter book)

Walmsley C.E. Primary School
Where getting better never stops Walmsley C of E Reading For Pleasure Reading Spine The Bear and the Jill Tomlinson Harry The Poisonous Nibbles the Dinosau Piano by David Guide by Emma (chapter book) Centipede By Lynne Litchfield Reid Banks (Chapter You Choose By Pippa book) Flat Stanley by Jeff Goodheart Cinnamon By Neil Brown (Chapter Book - class set in school in Mister Magnolia by Quentin Blake Range of picture books from library and pupils favourite stories Year 2 The Magic Finger By The Sheep Pig By Dick Grandpa was an A Bear Called Fantastic Mr Fox by The Dragonsitter Astronaut by Roald Dahl Paddington by Roald Dahl (class King Smith (Class set Disasters - part of a novel to link) Jonathan Meres (clas Michael Bond (class in school in Year 3) series by Josh Lacey novel to link) (class novel to link)



### Reading for Pleasure

- Schools should develop a reading for pleasure culture
- Adults should read aloud regularly in class. This is done daily in EYFS and KS1
- Children given opportunities to have informal book talks
- The school/class library should be used regularly
- Provide time to read in sociable reading environments
- Pupils should have opportunities to choose books that appeal to them – Free Choice!



### 100 Recommended Reads for .....

HAT FULL SECRETS	The Hat Full of Secrets Karl Newson	Kuty	Kitty and the Twilight Trouble Paula Harrison & Jenny Lovlie
Mol LY Rockes To tal	Molly Rogers to the Rescue Cornelia Funke		Isadora Moon Goes to School Harriet Muncaster
AND TURE HOLD	Adventure Mice: Otter Chaos Philip Reeve & Sarah McIntyre	BEAR BEAR	Rabbit and Bear: Rabbit's Bad Habits Julian Gough & Jim Field
SOLA SHARMA wasai sirib wasai sirib Sharma Sha Sharma Sharma Sharma Sha Sharma Sha Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sharma Sha Sha Sharma Sharma Sharma Sha Sha Sha Sha Sha Sha Sha Sha Sha Sh	Sona Sharman, Looking After Olanet Earth Chitra Soundar	Q.	A First Book of the Sea Nicola Davies
SMILE OUT LOUD	Smile Out Loud Joseph Coelho	PEOPLE NEED PEOPLE	People Need People Benjamin Zephaniah
SHIPS CARE	Chocolate Cake Michael Rosen	AMIOS	Milo's Monster Tom Percival
UEEP-SEA VOYAGE	Professor Astro Cat's Deep Sea Voyage Dr. Dominic Walliman and Ben Newman	Horses	A Day in The Life Of Horses Carly Ann York
BODY	Marvellous Body: A Magic Lens Book Janes Wishaw & Andres Lozano	NATE OF THE PARTY	That's Mathematics Christina DendyTom Lehrer, Chri Smith & Elina Braslina

ICEBERG	Iceburg Clare Saxby & Jess Rack- lyeft	ADA TWIST, SCIENTIST	Ada Twist Scientists Andrea Beaty
	All the Ways to be Smart Davina Bell & Alison Col- poys	Amere Bests	Amara and the Bats Emma Reynolds
	Amazing Grace Mary Hoffman & Caroline Binch	RAMAGERA A	Badgers Parting Gifts Susan Varley
lange	And Tango Makes Three JustinRichardson & Peter Parnell	NUMEZ NOREZ	Ruby's Worry Tom Percival
SADNESS	When a Sadness Comes To Call Eva Eland	Series.	The Wonder Faye Hanson
BORN FREE	We Are All Born Free United Nations	TWILD MIX	Welcome to Our World Moira Butterfield
21.5	What is racism? Katie Daynes & Jordon Ahpajaro	*	What do you see when you look at a Tree? Emma Carlisle
Izzy Gizmo	Izzy Gizmo Pip Jones &	A R E	Here We Are Oliver Jeffers



### Choosing Books

Schools should provide different types of books to support pupils' reading development including:

- Decodable books for learning to read
- Books for pupils to read independently
- Picture books including graphic novels
- Long and short 'page-turners'
- Literature: books for the wider curriculum
- 'Hi-Lo' books
- Texts to support knowledge and vocabulary to be learnt for each subject



### Whole Class Reading

- Reading whole texts without stopping for discussion
- Understanding the difference between questioning in the reading English lessons to drive thinking and discussion or to assess
- Emphasis on promoting discussion rather than teaching limited objectives
- The teaching of reading should not be organised around the eight content domains for reading
- Focus on fluency and developing vocabulary to prepare pupils for reading assessments of unseen texts.



### Reading Pathways Lessons and Planning

#### Year 1

One Whole Class Reading lesson per week starts in Spring term.

#### <u>Year 2 – Year 6</u>

Three 30mins lessons per week

Lesson 1 – Whole Class Reading

Lesson 2/3 – Guided read with 2 groups, 2 groups follow on task

#### Overview of texts: Year 1



1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	No units in autumn to allow for focus on teaching word reading through SSP programme.		The Koala who Could by Rachel Bright	The Friendly mammoth By Anna Terreros-Martin	Meet the Planets by Caryl Hart	Animals National Geographic Kids
			Genre: Fiction: adventure	Genre: Fiction: adventure	Genre information	Genre: information

#### Ongoing skills:

- · Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding
- Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- · Recognise and join in with predictable phrases
- · Check that the text makes sense as they read and correct inaccurate reading
- Participate in discussions about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say

Predict: Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far

Clarify vocabulary: Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known

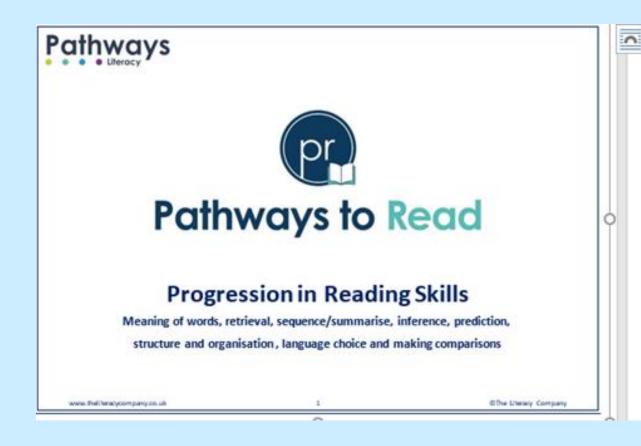
Retrieve: Explain clearly their understanding of what is being read to them

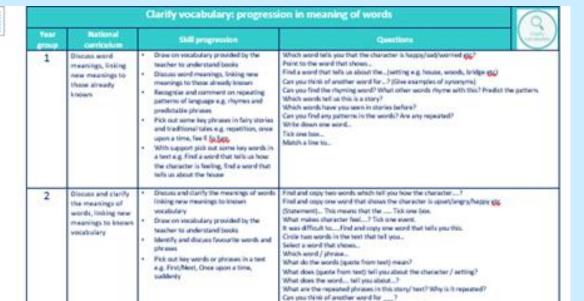
Infer: Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done

Mastery focus:	Be encouraged to link	Make inferences on the	Explain clearly their	Draw on vocabulary
iviastery focus:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	la contraction of the contractio
	what they read or hear	basis of what is being	understanding of what	provided by the teacher
	read to their own	said and done	is being read to them	Explain clearly their
	experiences	Be encouraged to link		understanding of what
	Explain clearly their	what they read or hear	Draw on vocabulary	is being read to them
	understanding of what	read to their own	provided by the teacher	
	is being read to them	experiences		Discuss the significance
	To be the second of the second	- Portones		of the <b>title</b> and events
	Retell key stories, fairy	Discuss the significance		
	stories and traditional	of the title and events		
	tales, and consider their			
	characteristics			
	Characteristics			



### Progression Grid





Which word on this page means the same as...? What does... mean in this sentence?

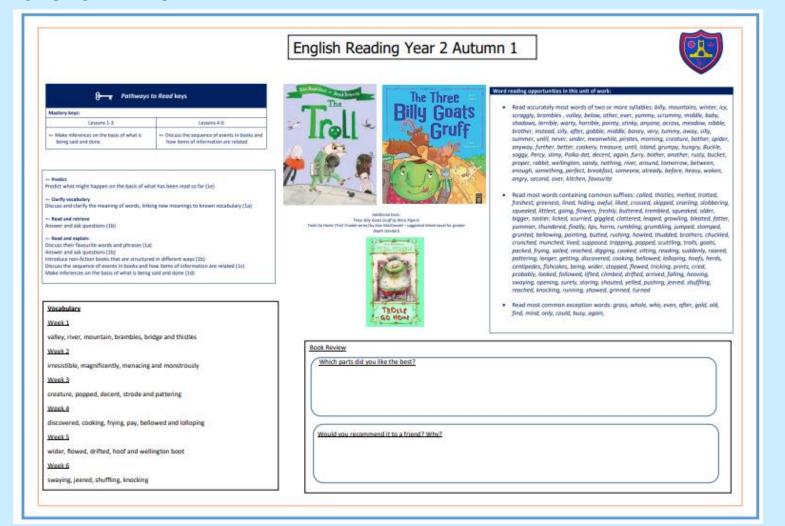
Which keyword(s) tell you about the character and/or setting?

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# Knowledge Organisers – stuck in Reading Journal.





### Working Wall

Pathways reading skills separated as core and mastery (The core skills are taught in every lesson)

Text

Anything relevant as you progress through unit e.g. new vocab



### Home Readers and Reading Scheme

#### **Reception**

- daily as part of Phonics reading in Phonic Groups.
- 1 or 2 books sent home on a Friday in reading diaries for pupils to read to parents over the next week.
- Choose library book to read for pleasure/ read to
- Recommended Reads Sheet to stick in diaries to tick off
- Phonic bursts/boost





### Home Readers and Reading Scheme

#### Year 1

- x 3 guided reading sessions per week with T or TA.
- Choose library book to read for pleasure/ read to
- Recommended Reads Sheet to stick in diaries to tick off
- SEND: May need daily readers
- Phonics burst/boost

### How can I Support my child's reading at home

- Practice phonic sounds and tricky words
- Discuss front cover/title/author/illustrator/blurb
- Make predictions
- Strategies to decode sounds/then blend. Re-read in sentence to check it makes sense.
- Words in blue I can tell you.
- Questions



	December End Points	March End Points	ELG
Comprehension	<ul> <li>I can join in with rhymes and stories</li> <li>I can join in with the rhythm of well-known rhymes and songs.</li> <li>I can recognise my own name.</li> <li>I can identify sounds in words, in particular initial sounds.</li> <li>I can segment and blend simple words demonstrating my knowledge of sounds (with support).</li> <li>I can link sounds to letters in the alphabet.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can find my own rhymes.</li> <li>Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.</li> <li>Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter—sound correspondences.</li> <li>Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.</li> <li>Read a few common exception words matched to the</li> </ul>	ELG: Comprehension  Children at the expected level will:  Demonstrate understanding of wha has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;  Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories;  Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems during role-play.
Literacy Word reading	<ul> <li>I can hold a book, turn the pages and indicate an understanding of pictures and print.</li> <li>I can tell a story to friends.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can talk about events and characters in books.</li> <li>I can make suggestions about what might happen next in a story.</li> <li>I can read simple words and simple sentences.</li> <li>I can talk about my favourite book.</li> <li>I can use vocabulary and events from stories in my play.</li> <li>Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.</li> </ul>	Children at the expected level will:  Say a sound for each letters in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;  Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by soundblending;  Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.



Reading skills	Au1	Au2	Sp1	Sp2	Su1	Su2	
Ongoing skills:							
<ul> <li>Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding</li> <li>Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</li> </ul>							
Recognise and join in with predictable phrases							
<ul> <li>Check that the text makes sense as they read and correct inaccurate rea</li> <li>Participate in discussions about what is read to them, taking turns and l</li> </ul>		g to wh	nat oth	ers say	,		
Core skills:							
<ul> <li>Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far (1e)</li> <li>Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known (1a)</li> <li>Explain clearly their understanding of what is being read to them (1b)</li> </ul>			~	1	1	1	
Mastery focus:							
Draw on vocabulary provided by the teacher (1a)					1	✓	
Discuss the significance of the title and events (1b)				✓		1	
Be encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences (1d)			1	1			
Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done (1d)				1			
Explain clearly their understanding of what is being read to them (1b)			1		1	✓	
Retell key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, and consider their characteristics (1c)			1				

This skill is covered through Pathways to Write and Pathways to Write Poetry units:

Learn to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart



Overview of objectives – Year 2									
Reading skills	Au1	Au2	Sp1	Sp2	Su1	Su2			
Ongoing skills:	•								
<ul> <li>Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non- fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</li> </ul>									
Become increasingly familiar with and retell a wider range of stories, fail	iry stor	ies and	l tradit	ional ta	ales				
Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	read to	them	and the	ose tha	t they	can			
<ul> <li>Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other mat and those that they read for themselves</li> </ul>	erial, b	oth th	ose tha	it they	listen	to			
Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry									
Draw on what they already know or on background information and voc	cabular	y							
Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inacc	urate r	eading							
Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry									
Core skills:									
<ul> <li>Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far (1e)</li> <li>Discuss and clarify the meaning of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary (1a)</li> </ul>	~	~	~	~	~	1			
Mastery focus:									
Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related (1c)	✓				1				
Answer and ask questions (1b)		1	1			1			
Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done (1d)	1	1		1	1				
Discuss their favourite words and phrases				1		1			

These skills are covered through Pathways to Write and Pathways to Write Poetry units:

Introduce non-fiction books that are structured in different ways

Recognise simple recurring literary language in poetry

Continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that information in brackets shows where the national curriculum statements link specifically to the end of key stage content domain

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		Clarify vocabulary: progress	ion in meaning of words
Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions
1	Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	<ul> <li>Draw on vocabulary provided by the teacher to understand books</li> <li>Discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known</li> <li>Recognise and comment on repeating patterns of language e.g. rhymes and predictable phrases</li> <li>Pick out some key phrases in fairy stories and traditional tales e.g. repetition, once upon a time, fee fi fo fum</li> <li>With support pick out some key words in a text e.g. Find a word that tells us how the character is feeling, find a word that tells us about the house</li> </ul>	Which word tells you that the character is happy/sad/worried etc?  Point to the word that shows  Find a word that tells us about the(setting e.g. house, woods, bridge etc)  Can you think of another word for? (Give examples of synonyms)  Can you find the rhyming word? What other words rhyme with this? Predict the pattern.  Which words tell us this is a story?  Which words have you seen in stories before?  Can you find any patterns in the words? Are any repeated?  Write down one word  Tick one box  Match a line to
2	Discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary	<ul> <li>Discuss and clarify the meanings of words linking new meanings to known vocabulary</li> <li>Draw on vocabulary provided by the teacher to understand books</li> <li>Identify and discuss favourite words and phrases</li> <li>Pick out key words or phrases in a text e.g. First/Next, Once upon a time, suddenly</li> </ul>	Find and copy two words which tell you how the character?  Find and copy one word that shows the character is upset/angry/happy etc (Statement) This means that the Tick one box.  What makes character feel? Tick one event.  It was difficult toFind and copy one word that tells you this.  Circle two words in the text that tell you  Select a word that shows  Which word / phrase  What do the words (quote from text) mean?  What does (quote from text) tell you about the character / setting?  What does the word tell you about?  What are the repeated phrases in this story/ text? Why is it repeated?  Can you think of another word for?  Which word on this page means the same as?  What does mean in this sentence?  Which keyword(s) tell you about the character and/or setting?

		Progression in	n retrieval
Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions
1	Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them Recognise and join in with predictable phrases	<ul> <li>Draw on what they already know or on background information from the teacher to understand books</li> <li>Identify the main character in a story or the subject of a non-fiction text</li> <li>Talk about the themes and characteristics of simple texts becoming familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales</li> <li>Identify main events or key points in texts</li> <li>Answer literal retrieval questions about the text</li> </ul>	Who is/are? Who is the main character? What is? What is this information book about? What happened to at the end? What happened when? Where didgo? Name two places. Which two? Write one List Match Can you tell us about your favourite book / part of the book? Explain why you like it. Are these statements true or false?
2	Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves  Discuss how items of information are related  Answer and ask questions	<ul> <li>Draw on what they already know or on background information from the teacher to understand books</li> <li>Ask questions and find the answers to simple questions in the text</li> <li>Answer literal retrieval questions about the text</li> <li>Use a range of question prompts to generate relevant questions about the text</li> <li>Recall simple points from familiar texts</li> <li>Identify main events or key points in texts</li> </ul>	Which two?  List Match Underline / highlight Choose  Give one reason  Find a description of  Can you tell us about your favourite book / part of the book? Explain why you like it.  Draw four lines to match (statement).  Why did? What did? Where did? When did?  Choose one of the multiple-choice options to complete the sentence.  Who are the characters? Who is telling the story? Who did? Who (drives)?  Where are/do? Where is the story set?  What happened? What did / do / does / are?  Does this story remind you of any others? Have you read any other stories that have similar  to this one? What did the story remind you of?  Are there similar themes? (naughty characters, castles, good characters)  Can you explain what has happened?  Do you think this book is trying to give the reader a message? What is it?  Are these statements True or False? Can you explain what has been read to you?  What are the for?  Match the sub-heading to the section  Where would you find information about?

#### Progression in sequencing/summarising

Summarise

Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions	Summarise				
1	Retell key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, and consider their particular characteristics	<ul> <li>Sequence a simple story or event and use this to re-enact and retell</li> <li>Identify main events or key points in texts</li> </ul>	Order events – beginning, middle end. Sequence pictures from the story. Sequence sentences from the story. Freeze frame main events in order. Use props and prompts to retell the story. Who is the main character? List 3 things that happen to the character. Match pictures to simple summaries. What is the main event? What is the information telling us?					
2	Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related  Retell a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales	<ul> <li>Identify main events or key points in texts</li> <li>Sequence a range of stories or events and use this to re-enact and retell</li> </ul>	Think about the whole story Can you retell the story? Sequence pictures from the story. Retell the events in one sentence per picture. Can you tell the main events from the story in sentences / words? What happened first? Which event happened first? What happens next? What were the main events? Discuss their importance. What is the main event in the story? Can you order the main events? Number the event in order. What are the key points in this information text? What is this paragraph of information telling us? Sum up in one sentence. Highlight the text every time you see the word Ranking activities.	ž.				

#### **Progression in inference**

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Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions	Inter
1	Being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	<ul> <li>Give some reasons why things happen or characters change</li> <li>Begin to express a view and use evidence in the text to explain reasons</li> <li>Make simple deductions with prompts and help from the teacher (e.g. what in the text suggests that A is not very happy? What does this tell us about how A is feeling?)</li> </ul>	Match thoughts and feelings to the story event  How did feel? How can you tell that?  How did (character) react when?  Why did (character) do?  In which part of the story did (character) feel happy?  Which is your favourite part of the story/text? Explain why.  Who is your favourite character and why?  What in the text suggests that (character) is not very happy?  What does this tell us about how (character) is feeling?	
2	Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done	<ul> <li>Talk about and infer what characters might be thinking or feeling using clues in the text</li> <li>Discuss the reasons for events in a story; use evidence to make some reasoned conclusions</li> <li>Discuss why certain words or phrases make a story funny, scary, exciting</li> </ul>	How did (character) feel when? What did (character) describe as? Why did? Look at page Why was (character) sad/happy/laughing? How can you tell? How do we know? Why is important? Quote. What does this tell us about how the character is feeling? Quote. What else in the text tell us? What suggests that? Give two things. How does the story show that (character) was clever/ angry/ happy? Which words in this story make it funny?	

	Progression in prediction						
Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions				
1	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	<ul> <li>Make predictions on the basis of what has been read so far</li> <li>Discuss the blurb and title of a book</li> <li>Predict events and endings and how characters will behave</li> <li>Look through a variety of fiction and nonfiction texts with growing independence to predict content, layout and story development</li> </ul>	Predict from the cover/ title/ blurb.  Cover: Who is the main character? What is the setting? What might happen here?  What will happen to (character) in this story?  What places might the character visit?  What events might happen in this story?  What might make the character upset/angry/happy/puzzled?  Will this story have a happy ending? What might happen to the character in the end?  Why did the character change in this story? How might they act at the end?				
2	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	<ul> <li>Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far</li> <li>Predict the events of a story based on the setting described in the opening</li> <li>Predict how characters might behave from what they say and do and from their appearance</li> </ul>	Predict from the cover/ title/ blurb. What has made you think that? What is happening now? What happened before this? What might happen next? Use evidence from the text to support Is it similar to any other stories you have read? What will happen next based on what happened in the story you know? Do you thinkwill happen? Explain reasons. Can you predict what the character might do next (based on action/dialogue/appearance)? What details tell us about the opening? How might the character behave here? What might they do next? Can you predict the events of the story based on the setting described in the opening? Can you predict how characters might behave from what they say and do and from their appearance? Is similar to any other characters you know of? How would they have acted? What would they have done next? Act out what might happen next.				

	Progression in structure and organisation						
Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions Structure & organisation				
1	Discuss the significance of the title and events	Distinguish between fiction and non-fiction texts     Understand the way that information texts are organised and use this when reading simple texts     Understand and use correctly terms referring to conventions of print: book, cover, beginning, end, page, word, letter, line	Find the labels, title, diagram, page, book cover, information on  What is the title for?  Match the sub-heading to the sentence/photographs  Where would you find information about?  Practise using the contents page with support. Which page has information on?  Discuss whether a book is fiction or non-fiction. Use terminology — can you find a photograph? A picture?				
2	Be introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways  • Show awareness of the structure of different text types and begin to understand that they have different purposes (e.g. story, recount, lists, instructions)  • Discuss titles of book and poems  • Pick out features used to organise books  • Compare the layout of different texts /books and discuss why they are set out in different ways  • Read the title, contents page and		Find the labels, title, subheadings, diagram, contents page, information on  How has the author helped us to be able to read this book? (structure and lay-out)  What are the for?  How do the sub-headings make the text easier to read?  Match the sub-heading to the section.  Where would you find information about?  Why is the word in bold print / italics?  Read the information on Tick 3 facts that are true about  Practise using alphabet to use index and glossary.  Read information texts structured in different ways. Apply retrieval questions about the information.				

	Progression in language choice					
Year group	National curriculum	Skill progression	Questions	Languag	je	
1	Draw on	Recognise and comment on repeating	Find the rhyme. Join in when it comes up.			
_	vocabulary	patterns of language e.g. rhymes and	Predict the end of the line.			
	provided by the	predictable phrases	How does the story start? Which words are used?			

· Pick out some key phrases in fairy stories

Identify where language is used to create

Comment on the choice of author's

words to make a text funny, scary,

· Pick out key words or phrases in a text

(e.g. First/Next, Once upon a time,

upon a time, fee fi fo fum

mood or build tension

Suddenly, Quickly)

exciting

and traditional tales e.g. repetition, once

Can you find the repeated words?

Can you find the repeated words?

Join in with this phrase (e.g. fee, fi, fo, fum)

How does the story start? Which words are used?

Find the words which move time on in the story.

Find the words which make this seem (e.g.scary).

Which are the words which make this sound like a fairy story?

How does the author make the text funny/sad/scary/exciting?

What is your favourite word in the story, the poem, the information?

Join in with this phrase (e.g. fee, fi, fo, fum)

What is your favourite word in the story, the poem, the information?

provided by the

Recognise and join

in with predictable

Learn to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some

teacher

phrases

by heart

Discuss their

and phrases

favourite words



# Whole School English Offer

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Walmsley Whole School Writing Offer						
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
5 writing lessons a week	5 writing lessons a week  Aut Term  4 writing lessons from  Spring Term	5 writing lessons a week				
		Waln	isley Whole School Spellin	g Offer		
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	4 x 20mins lessons a week	4 x 20mins lessons a week (split over 3 x 30 mins lessons)	3 x 20mins a week (split over 2 x 30 <u>mins</u> lessons)	3 x 20mins a week (split over 2 x 30 mins lessons)	3 x 20mins a week (split over 2 x 30 mins lessons)	3 x 20mins a week (split over 2 x 30 mins lessons)
Phonics x 5 30mins a week HFW flashcards daily after play	Phonics x 5 30mins a week HFW flashcards daily after play					
	Spelling homework	Spelling homework	Spelling homework	Spelling homework	Spelling homework	Spelling homework
	using app	using app	using app	using app	using app	using app
		Walmsle	y Whole School Reading Le	sson Offer		
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Questions through shared/modelled texts as appropriate	1 x LP WCR from Spring Term	3 x LP WCR 30mins lessons a week	3 x LPWCR 30mins lessons a week			
Phonics x 5 30mins a week	Phonics x 5 30mins a week HFW flashcards daily after play	Phonic Interventions where needed If on phonics read Phonic books				
Reading for pleasure daily	Reading for pleasure daily	Reading for pleasure daily	Reading for pleasure x 4 per week			





Walmsley Whole School Handwriting Offer						
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Daily number/letter	3 x per week	2x per week	2x per week			
formation						
		Walmsle	Whole School Home Rea	ding Offer		
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Daily reading with	2 x 15 min read with	1 x 30min read with TA	1 x 30min read with TA	3 x 15min read with TA	3 x 15min read with TA	3 x 15min read with TA
phonics group with T or	T/TA			for those pupils not ARE	for those pupils not ARE	for those pupils not ARE
TA x 4 per week with						
phonics recognition x 1						
per week						
1 or 2 books sent home						
on to practise sounds						
taught						
Take book home from	Homework: 30mins	Homework: 30mins	Homework: 30mins	Homework: 30mins	Homework: 30mins	Homework: 30mins
school Library or library	daily read/read for	daily read/read for	daily read/read for	daily read/read for	daily read/read for	daily read/read for
and record what is read	pleasure	pleasure	pleasure	pleasure	pleasure	pleasure
in home school diary	List of recommended	List of recommended	List of recommended	List of recommended	List of recommended	List of recommended
	books for Year 1.	books for Year 2.	books for Year 3.	books for Year 4.	books for Year 5.	books for Year 6.
	Record in diary	Record in diary	Record in diary	Record in diary	Record in diary	Record in diary
Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross	Visit to Bromley Cross
Library	Library	Library	Library	Library	Library	Library