

Year 2 Overview – Autumn Term

Autumn 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus
1	Common exception words (Y1)	Common exception words
2	Words ending -y (/i:/ or /ɪ/)	The /aɪ/ sound spelt -y at the end of words
3	 Adding s and es to words (plural of nouns and the third person singular verbs) 	Adding -es to nouns and verbs ending in -y
4	 Adding the endings -ing -ed to verbs where no change is needed to the root word 	Adding -ing -ed to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter
5	Adding -ing -ed to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	Adding -ing -ed to words ending in e with a consonant before it
6	• Adding -ing, -ed, to words ending in e	Adding -ing -ed to a root word ending in y with a consonant before it

Autumn 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words
2	 Adding the endings -er and -est to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word 	Adding -er, -est, -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter
3	Adding -er, -est, -y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	Adding -er, -est and -y to words ending in e with a consonant before it
4	 Adding -ing, -ed, -er, -est to words ending in e 	Adding -er, -est to a root word ending in y
5	Revision: the process of segmenting spoken words into sounds before choosing the graphemes to represent them	 The /i:/ sound spelt -ey The /n/ sound spelt o
6	 Previously taught vowel digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	Homophones and near-homophones



Year 2 Overview – Spring Term

Spring 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words
2	Compound words	Contractions
3	Adding the prefix -un	Contractions
4	 Adding the endings -ing, -ed, -er and -est to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word 	The suffix -ly
5	 Revision: the process of segmenting spoken words into sounds before choosing the graphemes to represent them 	The suffix -ful
6	Division of words into syllables	Words ending in -tion

Spring 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words
2	Words with adjacent consonants	The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -el and -le at the end of words The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -el and -le at the end of words
3	 The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -el and -le at the end of words 	The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -al and -il at the end of words The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -al and -il at the end of words
4	• The sound /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt -al and -il at the end of words	• The /ɔ:/ sound spelt <i>a</i> before <i>l</i> and <i>ll</i>
5	 Previously taught vowel digraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	 The /ɔ:/ sound spelt ar after w The /ɜ:/ sound spelt or after w The /ɒ/ sound spelt a after w and qu
6	Previously taught homophones	Homophones and near-homophones



Year 2 Overview – Summer Term

Sum	Summer 1		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus	
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words	
2	Contractions	Possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)	
3	 Adding the endings -ing, -ed, -er and -est to words of one syllable ending where no change is needed to the root word 	The suffixes -ment, -ness	
4	The suffixes -ly, ful	The suffix -less	
5	 The /v/ sound at the end of words The /n/ sound spelt n before k -tch 	The /ʒ/ sound spelt s	
6	Split digraphs	The /s/ sound spelt c before e, i and y	

Summer 2		
Wk	Review	Mastery focus
1	Previously taught common exception words	Common exception words
2	 Previously taught digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge and at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before -e, -i, -y The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge and at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before -e, -i, -y
3	 Previously taught digraphs/trigraphs (including alternative spellings of the same phoneme) 	The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before -e, -i, -y The /dʒ/ sound spelt as -ge and -dge at the end of words and sometimes spelt as g
4	Previously taught consonant digraphs	The /n/ sound spelt kn and (less often) gn at the beginning of words
5	Split digraphs	The /r/ sound spelt wr at the beginning of words
6	Previously taught homophones	Homophones and near-homophones