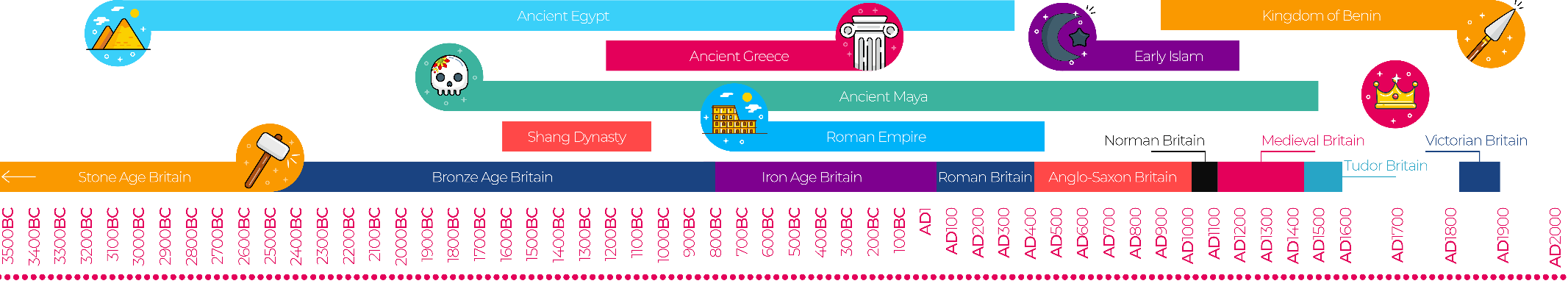
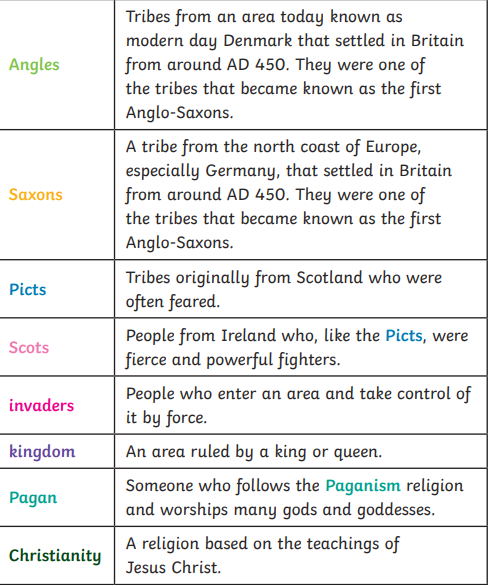
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| Chronological understanding | Cause and consequence | Continuity and change | Similarity and difference | Significance | Interpretations | Evidence and enquiry | Substantive knowledge |



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| Britain’s settlement by Anglo Saxons and Scots Substantive Knowledge | |
| The **Romans** left Britain in **AD410.**  The Scots were a tribe that came from Ireland.  They fought the Romans for many years. | The **Saxons** were from Germany and Scandinavia .They settled in Britain between **410-1066.**  There were 3 main tribes Angles, Saxons and Jutes.  They wanted to come to Britain because their land was flooded and it was difficult to grow crops.  They split Britain into **7** Kingdoms.  •Mercia ,Northumbria, East Anglia, Essex, Sussex, Wessex, Kent |
| The Scots settled in **Dal Raita**  They were good at sailing and traded items like wine, salt and glass. They were farmers and hunters. | Anglo-Saxons became Christians.  People would worship a number of gods and goddesses, each responsible for their own area of expertise. Anglo-Saxon pagans also believed in going to the afterlife  **Sutton Hoo** is a site with lots of Anglo-Saxon artefacts. |