# **Pupil premium strategy statement for WHC Primary Academy**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

This strategy is for 2023-2026.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Waltham Holy Cross
Number of pupils in school	609 (October 2024)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	160/561 (28.5%) (4 x PLAC, 1x service pupil)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2023/2024 2024/2025 2025/2026
Date this statement was published	October 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2024
Statement authorised by	Jo Coton
Pupil premium lead/ Trust Disadvantaged Champion	Sarah Clarke
Governor / Trustee lead	Julie Dixey

### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£230,010
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£0
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£230,010
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

#### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

Pupil premium funding is a national initiative, launched in 2011, designed to raise attainment for all disadvantaged pupils. A pupil is identified as pupil premium if they:

- are eligible for free school meals or have been eligible in the previous six years
- have been looked after, or are covered by a guardianship or residency order
- have been adopted from care
- have a parent serving in the armed forces

'Closing the attainment gap between disadvantaged children and their peers is the greatest challenge facing English schools. The gap is stubborn because its causes are entrenched and complex, and most lie beyond the control of schools and educators. However, it is clear that schools can make a difference. In England, the gap has closed in both primary and secondary schools since the introduction of the Pupil Premium, and in every part of the country schools have demonstrated how great teaching and careful planning can make a huge impact on the outcomes of disadvantaged children.'

Education Endowment Foundation - The EEF Guide to Pupil Premium funding

For further details visit: <a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/public/files/Publications/Pupil">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/public/files/Publications/Pupil</a> Premium Guidance iPDF.pdf

At Waltham Holy Cross Primary Academy, we are committed to addressing disadvantage; within our school, trust, wider community and on a national level. Fundamentally, we want to empower our community and all its stakeholders, to think and act differently when addressing the causes of socioeconomic disadvantage on learning. To this end we have a nominated trust Disadvantages Champion, who is working alongside Marc Rowland (EEF/Unity Schools Research) and Harlow Education Consortium to establish a community wide Disadvantaged Strategy. This work has highlighted five core elements, all of which mirror national research and have assisted Waltham Holy Cross to develop a long-term approach, focussed specifically upon the needs of our pupils.

#### The five core elements are:

- Relationships (primarily based on Trauma Perceptive Practice);
- Metacognition and self-regulated learning;
- Social, emotional and mental health (SEMH);
- Language development and comprehension.
- EYFS

We recognise that the foundation on which all other elements need to be established is *relationships*. Our plan focused specifically on evidence-based practice of the five key elements to champion our Pupil Premium pupils - 'Learners not labels'. Likewise, we have a nominated governor with a specific 'Disadvantaged Strategy' focus, who is also responsible for measuring the strategy's impact upon our pupils and families; our

culture of 'purpose, positivity and regular reflection' (Rowland 2021) for our pupils, drives aspirations and better outcomes for our whole school community.

It is recognised that support from governors needs to be long-term and that there should be an understanding from all parties that our aims are also long-term and that the impact with not be immediate (tiered-approach). In order to ensure all our disadvantaged strategy aims are met, we have established a whole school culture - a collaborative approach with SLT, teachers, pupils and governors - championing the view, that education has a powerful role to play in the improvement of life changes and life choices, irrespective of socioeconomic background. This rationale has been adopted by the whole school, to inform an evidence-informed strategy focussing on our pupils' most pressing issues.

Quality first teaching (including the appointment of specialist teachers and facilitators) is not sufficient alone. As a result, our funding is to be used to develop staff through weekly, **high quality**, professional development; in relationships, metacognition and self-regulation, social, emotional, mental health and well-being and language development and comprehension. Similarly, funding also allows us to provide wider family support – both inside and outside of the classroom; an established family support team, a Family Liaison Officer/Safeguarding Officer, Place2Be and trust Safeguarding Lead.

Moreover, we recognise that early intervention is critical. The earlier we can intervene, and improve our disadvantaged pupils as learners, the better chance they will have of thriving throughout their schooling. Interventions align to our more long-term, wider school development plans (SIP/subject action plans) and partnerships. For example, this year (since July 2021) we have been working with Herts for Learning Early Years team to support our Early Years provision. Research indicates that initiatives such as these address the impact of socioeconomic disadvantage on learning in the long term - the **causes** rather than the **symptoms**.

Finally, our evidence of need is identified through diagnostic assessment (academic and pastoral), pupil voice, teacher voice, classroom observations, open, honest discussions with families and an in-depth understanding of our community in Waltham Abbey and the challenges our pupils face.

'Effective assessment helps support better learning.'

(M.Rowland, 2021)

#### **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Language development and comprehension - vocabulary gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged.
2	Attendance gap between pupil premium and non-pupil premium

3	SEMH behaviours (TPP/Zones of regulation/my Happy mind) including pupil well-being
4	Metacognition – developing independent self-regulation and learning behaviours
5	Early Years - school readiness due to low starting points

#### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
1. Language development and comprehension -	Pupils show an understanding of vocabulary in
Vocabulary gap between disadvantaged and non-	lessons, including Tier 2 and 3
disadvantaged.	Pupils use the taught words in speaking and writing
	There is evidence that vocabulary teaching is
<ul> <li>A vocabulary-rich environment</li> </ul>	enabling pupils to articulate ideas with greater clarity
Teacher questioning	Pupils show understanding of the 'gist' of a text
Talk sentence and sentence stems planned	through summary
for and modelled across the curriculum	Teachers engage more pupils in thinking/responding
The implementation and embedding of Trust	when asking questions of the class, e.g. using mini
Oracy Strategy.	whiteboards
Quality Professional Development (weekly	More detailed and academic pupil explanations
INSETs/coaching/triads/Peer observations).	More extended dialogue
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	More questions about vocabulary from both the
	teachers and the pupils
	Examples of 'word consciousness'
	More vocabulary edits in pupils' books
	Written expression in pupils' books more
	sophisticated
	A word rich classroom climate 6
	The removal of scaffolds for all learners, including
	those with SEND, therefore increasing independence
	This then leads to: Pupils meeting national standards
	in reading, writing and spoken language and make
	good progress from their starting points. Confident,
	fluent readers.

Pupils with a love of reading with access to quality texts. EYFS filling the 'word' gap ensuring an easy transition into KS1. Likewise, all KS1 pupils access the KS2 curriculum, and KS2 access KS3 curriculums. Fluent writers with a good grasp of GPS. Confident speakers – proficient with sentence stems/sense of audience/Oracy Framework 2. Attendance The gap between those disadvantaged and nondisadvantaged closes, increasing time at school. Pupil Premium attendance increases so that Access to Wrap Around Care to facilitate attendance. more learning can take place. Pupils access classroom learning daily to support meeting national standard and closing gaps in all subjects. 3. SEMH (Social, Emotional & Mental Health) Positive relationships and readiness for learning across the school. Trauma Perceptive Practice: enabling adults Pupils access learning and have secure attachment to understand behaviour and support the in the school setting. emotional wellbeing of children. Pupils develop strategies for self and coregulation Zones of Regulation: providing children with meaning they can return to learning quicker when the language of their emotions dysregulated. myHappymind programme: providing Parents become skilled in the language of TPP and children with strategies to identify and move manage challenging behaviours at home (SEMH). through their emotions appropriately Higher engagement for families in need of support. Non-judgemental attitudes to encourage early help. An established family support team (FLO/SEND Team/AHT/DSL) providing a cohesive strategy for improved outcomes.. Children understand the science of the brain and the impact on their feelings and emotions. 4. Metacognition and Self-regulation Pupils' behaviours for learning and self-regulation are reflected in daily lessons: Cycles of quality professional development. Pupils using subject-specific sentence/question stems

 Explicit teaching of the metacognitive process, through whole-class teaching and interventions, with a focus on early reading and early maths. Pupils trying out different approaches/identifying the best strategy.

Pupils using strategies other than asking for teacher support when stuck

Explicit teacher modelling which pupils emulate

Pupils regularly looking back over prior learning

Children understand metacognition + cognition +

motivation = self-regulated learners.

Accelerated progress from starting points (up to seven months) through the provision of high-quality, low-cost pedagogy for all staff and pupils. Improved behaviours for learning.

## 5. Early Years – school readiness due to low starting points

- Focus on communication and the linked skills of language, self-regulation, social and emotional development along with the importance of attachment
- Early intervention and targeted support
- Closing the word gap
- Teachers provide a vocabulary rich environment
- Opportunities for parental engagement
- Support and continued professional development from EY consultants

Meaningful and accurate assessment of language through WellComm to ensure targeted support and interventions can be provided

Pupils are expected to speak in full sentences with adults modelling ambitious vocabulary

Pupils' use of language is developed in line with agerelated expectations

Pupils achieving a 'good level of development' by the end of Reception

EYFS Parents feel empowered to support and help children with their learning.

#### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

#### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

'Professional Development programmes must consider both subject knowledge and subjectspecific pedagogy in order to achieve their full potential.'

#### Developing Great Teaching – Teacher Development Trust

Budgeted cost: £99,240

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Disadvantaged strategy sessions for SLT - to enhance teaching and learning through CPD programme.  Upskilling ALL school staff.	<ul> <li>Quality Assurance of Teachers' Continuing Professional Development – Rapid Evidence Review (Wellcomm; April 2019)</li> <li>Teacher Feedback to Improve Pupil Learning (EEF; Sept 2021)</li> <li>As Beck et al identified in 'Bringing Words to Life'. We deepen knowledge through robust vocabulary instruction, not simple word exposure</li> <li>Addressing Educational Disadvantage in schools and colleges (Marc Rowland; 2021) - A whole Essex approach to 'focus on the causes of disadvantage, not the symptoms.' (Marc Rowland 2021)</li> <li>A 'learning led approach', not a 'label led approach' through the Disadvantaged Strategy - to fully address disadvantage.</li> </ul>	1 2 3 4 5
Identifying Tier 3 vocabulary in all areas and exposing this through direct teaching, texts and modelling via everyday interactions.	<ul> <li>Addressing Educational Disadvantage in schools and colleges (Marc Rowland; 2021)</li> <li>Closing the Vocabulary Gap (Alex Quigley; 2021)</li> <li>Oral Language Interventions (EEF; 2021)         <ul> <li>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1 4 5
Spanish and PE specialist teachers to enhance learning, cultural capital and teacher development.	<ul> <li>Specialist Teachers or Teachers who Specialise? (Research School Network; 4 May, 2020)     <a href="https://researchschool.org.uk/news/specialist-teachers-or-teachers-who-specialise">https://researchschool.org.uk/news/specialist-teachers-or-teachers-who-specialise</a></li> <li>Oracy improves and greater engagement from PP pupils in all aspects of school life.</li> </ul>	1 3 4 5
Establishment of shared TDL (Teaching and Development Lead) role to enhance ECTs and subject leaders.	<ul> <li>What are the characteristics of teacher professional development that increase pupil achievement? Protocol for a systematic review (Sims et al; January 2021)</li> <li>Retain: CPD for Early Career Teachers of KS1 - Pilot report and executive summary (EEF; May 2018)</li> </ul>	1 3 4 5

Strong mentor	
programme to	
support both	
first and second	
year ECTs	

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

'This includes effective questioning and the use of assessment by teachers. Specific practices, like reviewing previous learning, providing model responses for students, giving adequate time for practice to embed skills securely and progressively introducing new learning (scaffolding), are also found to improve attainment.'

#### What makes Great Teaching - Prof. Rob Coe

Budgeted cost: £71,381

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Phonics 1:1 catch up sessions and small group sessions.	<ul> <li>Phonics (EEF; 2021)         https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/phonics)     </li> </ul>	1 4 5
	One to one tuition (EEF; 2021)	
	<ul> <li>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/one-to-one-tuition</li> </ul>	

Development Days from Ruth Miskin to support leadership (EY Lead/Phonics Lead)  Development Days from Herts for Learning (improve EYFS provision/leadership of EYFS)	<ul> <li>Effective Professional Development – Guidance Report (EEF; October 2021)</li> <li>How do school leaders successfully lead learning? (NCSL -2011)</li> <li>Leadership for closing the gap and reducing variation in outcomes: developing a framework for action (NCSL - 2011)</li> <li>Herts for Learning:         <ul> <li>https://www.hertsforlearning.co.uk/teaching-and-learning/early-years-advisory-and-consultancy-services-schools</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1 2 3 4 5
Metacognition and self-regulation training (trust wide)  TPP – Family relationships and Belonging training  myHappymind programme	EEF Metacognition and Self-regulated Learning Guidance Report     Seven recommendations for teaching self-regulated learning and metacognition <a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/metacognition">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/metacognition</a> <a href="https://schools.essex.gov.uk/pupils/SEND/Pages/SEMHTrauma-Perceptive-Practice.aspx">https://schools.essex.gov.uk/pupils/SEND/Pages/SEMHTrauma-Perceptive-Practice.aspx</a>	
Further EPS/CUL/ WellComm/Visual Coding/Breaking Barriers/Smart thinking/ Time to Talk/Talk About Morph mastery/Analytic phonics/RWInc sessions.  Reading and Writing Strategy.  Vocabulary Toolkit	<ul> <li>Machin, S., Murphy, R., Hanushek, E. (2011). Improving the impact of teachers on pupil achievement in the UK – interim findings.</li> <li>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions (EEF: Oral Language Intervention Research)</li> <li>Supporting pupils with SEND – 3 key messages for schools (EEF; 2018)         <ul> <li>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/news/eef-blog-supporting-pupils-with-send-what-weve-learned-so-far</li> <li>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions</li> </ul> </li> <li>INSET training</li> </ul>	4
developing spoken language)  Assessment not assumptions	<ul> <li>Standardised tests (PUMA/PIRA) and Gap Analysis to drive interventions and need.</li> </ul>	

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £59,389

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Raising attendance through using 'nudge theory' and strong communication, targeting those under 96%.	<ul> <li>An evidence informed approach to improving attendance (Research Schools Network; March 2018) <a href="https://researchschool.org.uk/durrington/news/an-evidence-informed-approach-to-improving-attendance">https://researchschool.org.uk/durrington/news/an-evidence-informed-approach-to-improving-attendance</a></li> <li>Nudge theory argues that if we wish to alter people's behaviour in a particular direction, it's more effective to encourage positive choices rather than restricting unwanted behaviour with sanctions.</li> <li>Improving school attendance: support for schools and local authorities (DfE – 27<sup>th</sup> September 2021) <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance/framework-for-securing-full-attendance-actions-for-schools-and-local-authorities">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-attendance/framework-for-securing-full-attendance-actions-for-schools-and-local-authorities</a></li> </ul>	1 2 3
Further establishing Trauma Perceptive Practice with staff training and school systems, coupled with Place2Be services for further support MIND Essex Inclusion Partner (EP)	<ul> <li>Mental health and behaviour in schools (Department for Education; 2018)</li> <li>Whole school approaches to promoting mental health: what does the evidence say? (UBPU: Manchester Institute of Education; 2021</li> <li>Senior Mental Health Lead and Mental Health First Aider training</li> </ul>	3
Family Support Team based at the school to engage with families in need of support. EWO – to discover the needs of families and challenges to attendance.	<ul> <li>Engaging families in learning – A thematic inspection of family learning (Education Scotland; February 2021)</li> <li>Early Intervention is key</li> <li>An evidence informed approach to improving attendance (Research Schools Network; March 2018) <a href="https://researchschool.org.uk/durrington/news/anevidence-informed-approach-to-improving-attendance">https://researchschool.org.uk/durrington/news/anevidence-informed-approach-to-improving-attendance</a></li> </ul>	1 2 3

## Total budgeted cost: £230,010

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

#### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 academic years.

This Pupil Premium Strategy Plan is committed to a 3-year tiered strategy (2023-2026). Pupil evaluations were undertaken throughout the academic year, with the school tailoring outcomes according to our gap analyses to prioritise teaching and learning.

The school uses standardised tests (PIRA, PUMA, GAPS) on a termly basis to oversee achievement. In addition, soft data e.g., pupil behaviours, relationships and provision are also considered to modify and develop further actions.

The first year of this strategy (tiered approach) was reviewed to governors in July 2024 as a first year Strategy Review. This Review was to help inform the strategic direction/evaluation of our strategy and to evidence fidelity to our new 2023-26 Strategy thus far.

### **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Read, Write Inc	Ruth Miskin Training
White Rose Maths	White Rose Hub
TTRS	Maths Circle Ltd
Jigsaw – Mindful Approach to PSHE	Jigsaw Education Group

#### Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	As detailed above - WHC adopts a whole school approach for ALL children
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	As detailed above - WHC adopts a whole school approach for ALL children

### **Further information (optional)**

The school prides itself on being an inclusive school for all pupils. As a result of this, we also ensure that we provide ongoing funds for:

- 4 fully funded after school clubs with a wide variety of sports on offer led by external professionals (Superstar sports)
- Place2Be counselling and Place2Talk sessions
- Adult Community Learning offer
- EWASS (Educational Welfare), including attendance
- Family support worker & Safeguarding officer
- Specialist Teacher for PE
- Trust Safeguarding Officer
- Trust Inclusion/SEND team including ASD, SpLD, Speech and Language specialists
- Curriculum enrichment opportunities educational visits and workshops
- Intervention programmes- support staff
- Professional Development for teaching/support staff –on all 5 core elements of the Disadvantaged Strategy (Relationships, Metacognition and self-regulation, SEMH (through TPP), Language development and communication, EYFS);
- Graduate Pre QTS programme
- Internal ITT programme alongside external training
- Up to date resources for learning
- Regular research-based projects to support best practice/pedagogy.
- Rigorous attendance and punctuality procedures and support in place.
- Interactive Boards and a whole school digital solution (ipads/touch screen chrome books/laptops in every class.)