



Walton Hall Academy Relationships and sex education (RSE) Policy

THIS POLICY TAKES FULL ACCOUNT OF AND REFLECTS CURRENT GUIDANCE FOUND IN:

Walton Hall Academy SET Data Protection Policy. Walton Hall Academy Child Protection Policy Walton Hall Academy Positive Behaviour Policy Walton Hall Academy Anti-bullying Policy

Student, staff and parent privacy notices

Academy Council Link:

APPROVED	September 2021		
REVIEW CYCLE	Annually – Sept 2022		
SIGNED BY PRINCIPAL	MeDood	PRINT NAME	Julie Wood
SIGNED BY CHAIR OR ACADEMY COUNCILLORS	Mtchell and	PRINT NAME	Mitchell Gosling

Introduction

Walton Hall is aware that children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, students and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.

Aims

The aim of RSE is to give young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, not just intimate relationships. It should enable them to know what a healthy relationship looks like and what makes a good friend, a good colleague and a successful marriage, civil partnership or other type of committed relationship. It should also cover contraception, developing intimate relationships and resisting pressure to have sex (and not applying pressure). It should teach what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour in relationships. This will help students understand the positive effects that good relationships have on their mental wellbeing, identify when relationships are not right and understand how such situations can be managed.

Teaching of RSE at Walton Hall will enable students:

- To distinguish between content and experiences that exemplify healthy relationships and those that are distorted or harmful:
- To understand the benefits of healthy relationships to their mental wellbeing and self-respect
 and to understand that unhealthy relationships can have a lasting, negative impact on mental
 wellbeing;
- To believe they can achieve goals and that in order to achieve those goals they must stick at the tasks despite the challenges they may face;
- To be taught the facts and the law about sex, sexuality, sexual health and gender identity in an age-appropriate and inclusive way;
- To recognise when relationships (including family relationships) are unhealthy or abusive (including the unacceptability of neglect, emotional, sexual and physical abuse and violence including honour-based violence and forced marriage) and strategies to manage this or access support for themselves or others at risk;
- To recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how and when to report issues to keep them safe online:
- To, within the law, be well equipped to make decisions for themselves about how to live their own lives in the future, whilst respecting the right of others to make their own decisions and hold their own beliefs.

The school will monitor the impact of the policy using:

- Feedback from staff, students, parents/carers and academy councillors
- Logs of reported incidents

Statutory Guidance

The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019 made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017 make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) compulsory for all pupils receiving secondary education. The regulations also make Health Education compulsory in Academies.

This policy was developed in response to:

Statutory guidance on RSE and health education:

- Keeping children safe in education: for schools and colleges
- Behaviour and discipline in schools: guidance for head teachers and staff
- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools
- Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years
- Alternative provision
- Mental health and behaviour in schools
- Preventing and tackling bullying
- Cyber bullying: advice for head teachers and school staff
- Advice for parents and carers on cyber bullying
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges
- Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in schools
- National Citizen Service: guidance for schools and colleges

Delivery of the programme for RSE (secondary)

Walton Hall acknowledges that high-quality, evidence-based and age-appropriate teaching can help pupils prepare for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life as well as promoting the spiritual, moral, social, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils both at school and in society. RSE will be set in the context of a wider whole-school approach to supporting pupils to be safe, happy and prepared for life beyond school.

The curriculum on relationships and sex will complement and be supported by wider policies on behaviour, inclusion, respect for equality and diversity, anti-bullying and safeguarding. Effective teaching will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons.

Teaching will include enough well-chosen opportunities and contexts for pupils to practise applying and embedding new knowledge so that it can be used skilfully and confidently in real life situations. The lead

teacher in each lesson will work closely with colleagues in related curriculum areas to ensure Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education programmes complement each other and do not duplicate, content covered in national curriculum subjects such as citizenship, science, computing and PE.

Roles and Responsibilities

Academy Council

Academy Councillors are responsible for the approval of the RSE Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy.

Principal and Senior Leadership Team

- The Principal is responsible for ensuring the members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for RSE will be delegated to the wider range of the staff team.
- The Principal is responsible for the implementation and effectiveness of this policy.
 They are also responsible for reporting to the Academy Council, the effectiveness of
 the policy and, if necessary, make any recommendations re further improvement.
 Will monitor the implementation of the policy across Walton Hall Academy and will
 monitor pupil progress to ensure that pupils achieve expected outcomes;
- The Principal/ Vice Principal are responsible for ensuring that the relevant staff receive suitable CPD to enable them to carry out their RSE teaching.
- The Principal / Vice Principal will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the monitoring role for the RSE curriculum. This is to provide support to those colleagues who take on important monitoring roles.

The Principal and Vice Principal will ensure that:

All staff are informed of the policy and the responsibilities included within the policy;

Teaching and Support Staff

All staff will ensure that:

- Ground rules are negotiated with the group before embarking on lessons of a sensitive nature so that both the staff and pupils can work together in a supportive atmosphere in which all members can speak with confidence and without fear of embarrassment, anxiety or breach of confidentiality;
- All students are offered the opportunity to explore ideas, situations and feelings in an atmosphere of confidence and support;
- At all times teaching will take place in the context of an explicit moral framework;

- All points of view they may express during teaching RSE are unbiased;
- The teaching of RSE is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND;
- The emphasis of teaching RSE will always be the importance and understanding of personal relationships and the right of the individual to make informed choices;
- Issues of stereotyping, sexual equality, harassment, rights and legislation underpin the teaching of RSE;
- Where appropriate they direct pupils to seek advice and support from an appropriate agency or individual. It is inappropriate for staff to give students personal advice on matters such as contraception;
- Where a student has embarked on a course of action likely to place them at risk, the
 member of staff will ensure that the student is aware of the implications of their
 behaviour. The member of staff should refer any potential concerns to the Designated
 Safeguarding Lead.

All Parents/Carers will be:

- Given every opportunity to understand the purpose and content of Relationships Education and RSE:
- Encouraged to participate in the development of Relationships Education and RSE;
- Able to discuss any concerns directly with the Academy.

All parents will be consulted when developing our RSE policy

Right to be excused from sex education

Parents **will not** be able to withdraw their child from relationships education in secondary school. At secondary school level parents can request to withdraw their child from sex education (other than the sex education which sits in the curriculum as part of science).

Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory RSE. Before granting any such request the teacher will discuss the request with the parent and, as appropriate, with the child to ensure that their wishes are understood and to clarify the nature and purpose of the curriculum.

Following the discussions, except in exceptional circumstances, Walton Hall will respect the parents' request to withdraw their child, up to and until three terms before the student turns 16. After that point, if the student wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, the school should decide to provide the student with sex education during one of those terms.

The Principal and Vice Principal will ensure that where a pupil is excused from sex education, the pupil will receive appropriate, purposeful education during the period of withdrawal. There is no right to withdraw from the national curriculum.

Working with external agencies and the community

Walton Hall are aware that working with external partners will enhance the delivery of RSE and will support Walton Hall to bring in specialist knowledge and implement different ways of engaging with young people.

Where Walton Hall uses external agencies, they will check the credentials of the visiting organisation and any visitors linked to the agency. Walton Hall will also ensure that the teaching delivered by the visitor fits with the planned programme ant the published policy.

Walton Hall will work with external agencies to ensure that the content delivered is age-appropriate and accessible for all pupils. Any materials that are used as part of the delivery must be approved by the PSD Lead in advance of the session.

Walton Hall will ensure that the visitor is aware of aspects of confidentiality and understands how safeguarding reports should be dealt with in line with the RSE Policy.

Safeguarding, reports of abuse and confidentiality

Walton Hall recognises that at the heart of RSE, the focus is on keeping students safe, and acknowledges the significant role teachers have in preventative education.

At Walton Hall, we will allow students an open forum to discuss potentially sensitive issues. Such discussions can lead to increased safeguarding reports. Students will be made aware of the processes to enable them to raise their concerns or make a report and how any report will be handled. This will also include processes when they have a concern about a peer or friend.

In line with the document Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE), all staff are aware of what to do if a student tells them that they are being abused or neglected. Staff are also aware of need to manage the requirement to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality. This means only involving those that need to be involved, such as the Designated Safeguarding Lead and children's social care. A member of staff will never promise a student that they will not tell anyone about a report of abuse, as this is not in the best interests of the student.

The involvement of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead) will ensure that trusted, high quality local resources are engaged, links to the police and other agencies are utilised and the knowledge of the any local issues it may be appropriate to address in lessons.

Relationships and Sex Education Content (Secondary)

Walton Hall will continue to develop the students' knowledge on topics specified and cover the following content by the end of secondary:

Families

Pupils should know:

- that there are different types of committed, stable relationships.
- How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children.
- what marriage and civil partnerships are, including their legal status e.g. that marriage and civil partnerships carry legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony.
- Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered in.
- The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships.
- The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to the raising of students.
- how to: determine whether peers, adults or sources of information are trustworthy, judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationships is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help

Respectful relationships, including friendships

Pupils should know:

- The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (both on and offline) including trust, respect, honesty, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship.
- How stereotypes, stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise nonconsensual behaviour or encourage prejudice).
- that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due tolerance and respect to others and others' beliefs, including people in positions of authority.
- About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help.
- That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control.

- What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable?
- the legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal.

Online and Media

Pupils should know:

- Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply online and offline.
- about online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online.
- Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them.
- What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.
- the impact of viewing harmful content.
- that specifically sexually explicit material often presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners.
- That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is against the law.
- How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.

Being safe

Pupils should know:

- the concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment and domestic abuse and how these can affect current and future relationships.
- How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (on and offline).

Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

Pupils should know:

• how to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.

- That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.
- The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women.
- That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.
- That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.
- The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices and options available.
- The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.
- that there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help).

How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing.

- How prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.
- How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.
- How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.