## Subtracting a 1-digit number from a 2 -digit number

by jumping back to the ten

Use a number track, or a number line, to subtract by partitioning. Remember to jump back to the ten first.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

14-6=
$12-7=$
$11-3=$
$16-9=$

15-6 =
$13-5=$
$17-9=$
$15-8=$

